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POOR DOCUMENT

THE EVENING GAZETTE

is published every evening (Sundays excepted) at No. 21 Canterbury Street.

JOHN A. BOWES, Editor and Publisher

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

THE EVENING GAZETTE will be delivered to any part of the City of St. John by Carriers on the following terms:

ONE MONTH	35 CENTS.
THREE MONTHS	$1.00.
SIX MONTHS	2.00.
ONE YEAR	4.00.

The Subscription to THE GAZETTE is payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING.

We insert short condensed advertisements under the heads of Lost, For Sale, To Let, Found and WANTS for 10 CENTS each insertion or 50 CENTS a week, payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

General advertising $1 an inch for first insertion and 25 cents an inch for continuations. Contracts by the year at Reasonable rates.

ST. JOHN, N. B. FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1889.

ELECTORAL FRANCHISE ACT.

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVES ATTENTION.

The committee have secured an office at No. 7 Palmer Chambers, Princess street, where all friends are invited to call and obtain the necessary information and assistance to have their names enrolled, thereby enabling them to vote at the next Dominion election. The rooms will be open every evening from seven to ten o'clock, in order that working men and others engaged during the day may enroll their names as voters. A Notary public will be present to attend to the necessary legal formalities.

THE OBJECTOR.

The objector is numerous in Canada, and indeed over the whole of this continent, and he is particularly numerous in St. John. The main business in life of the objector is to discourage everything, and to throw cold water on any proposition that may be made, whether it be for a carnival parade, a fall exhibition, or any other enterprise that his friends desire him to engage in. The objector sees so many difficulties in the way of success in anything, that he always wants to stand still, or lie down, as the case may be, while the world is moving forward. The objector is like a farmer who would refuse to plant his potatoes in the spring, because between the early frost, the late frost, the grub, the rust, the drouth, the blight, and the potato rot there was possibility that he would have no crop. The reason the born objector who is a farmer trusts sufficiently to Providence to sow his seed is that he has got into a rut and has to move forward with his fellows, but take him out of his rut, introduce him to a new idea and he immediately gets into a state of mental collapse, and can see nothing but woe and ruin. The objector did his best to make the St. John carnival the failure he predicted it would and he is vigorously kicking himself now because he did not take part in it. Perhaps this proof of the futility of his prophecies will learn him wisdom, but it is hardly likely; when a man is born an objector his mind has usually such a twist that he is incurable.

THE ELECTRICAL EXHIBITION.

A good many people who have visited St. John during the week and enjoyed the attractions of the Carnival seem to have forgotten that there is such a thing as an Electrical Exhibition in town, and consequently have not been on hand to witness it. Nevertheless the Electrical exhibition is here and it is something which no person, whether he be visitor or resident, should miss. Electricity as illustrated at the exhibition is the daughter of steam, the power being obtained from that source, but when the spectator has disposed of this primary fact, he finds himself transformed into a new world of light and beauty, a world in which results are attained of which our fathers hardly dreamed. The application of electricity in a thousand forms to useful purposes is the great fact of this age, and no one who desires to keep step with the world's progress should miss seeing its latest developments.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

When THE GAZETTE was started a year ago it used to some extent what is called "plate matter," that is matter set up elsewhere and stereotyped. The facetious editor of the Telegraph was good enough to speak of THE GAZETTE as the Evening Boilerplate, quite oblivious of the fact that the Telegraph was using boiler plate every day. The Telegraph now consists of little else but plate matter, while THE GAZETTE has abandoned the use of plate entirely. This morning's Telegraph had six columns of plate, and the quality of the rest of the paper would have been much improved if it had been all plate. The Globe uses a great deal of plate matter, the Sun uses it in the form of Talmage's sermons. The only St. John paper which uses no plate matter is THE GAZETTE.

It is said that the editor of the Telegraph feels very sore at the manner in which he was ignored by the Liberals at their meeting here on Wednesday last. The New Brunswick Liberals seem to have got it into their heads that they have no use for McCready. Still, while he has the use of the columns of the Telegraph, he has the capacity to injure them, and it might have been wiser for them to throw a sop to him. It is well known that his recent crusade against Messrs. Alward and Stockton was entirely due to personal pique, and because he thought they did not consult him enough on political matters.

When Messrs. Alward and Stockton offer for re-election, whether the election is merely to fill the three vacent seats or a general one, they should receive and will receive the vote of every Liberal-Conservative in their opposition to the Local government. But to merit our confidence it will be necessary for these gentlemen to break entirely with the Globe, which is at heart as unfriendly to them as it is to British institutions or to the prosperity of Canada. The support of the Globe, in times past, has done Messrs. Alward and Stockton an infinite amount of injury, the only service it can render them now is to oppose them.

The article from the Boston Herald, which we publish today, shows that New England is profoundly stirred by the prospect that she will lose her industrial supremacy as a manufacturing centre.

The city assessment for this year has been made up and the per centage is $1.32 on the $100. This is two cents more for the East side, than it was last year, and 28 cents more for the West side. The rate is, however, 10 cents less than Portland paid last year.

General Benjamin Butler was an object of interest to many at the exhibition last evening. The general, who is 71 years old, wears his age well and appears to be as much interested in progress and improvement as ever he was. If the general would settle down in St. John he would make a very good Canadian of him.

The Globe stated last evening that for some years past money has been borrowed by the Dominion to help pay interest on the debt of Canada. The reader is left to infer from this that the ordinary expenditures of Canada, including the interest on the public debt, have been greater than the ordinary revenue, so that money had to be borrowed for interest. This statement can only be characterized as a malignant lie, which even a paper so depraved as the Globe should be ashamed to publish.

Necessity of Self-preservation.

(Boston Herald)

Senator Blair of New Hampshire has apparently entered upon a road which the senators and representatives of the other New England states will shortly be forced by public opinion to travel, when he says: "I am earnestly in favor of such changes in the present tariff law as will admit free of duty into this section of the country iron ore and coal from the Provinces. We cannot afford to see the industries of New England paralyzed for want of cheap raw material."

As we have on several occasions pointed out, there is a steadily growing opinion in this part of the country that it is about time for New Englanders to look out for New England. In a number of highly important matters we have permitted what were distinctly our local interests to be sacrificed at the bidding and for the welfare of others. More than half a century ago Daniel Webster predicted the downfall of what was the greatest industrial interest that New England possessed, her merchant marine, as a result of the imposition of taxes upon the various articles that entered into the construction and maintenance of ships. There can be no doubt that if it had not been for the restriction of our registration laws and the tremendous tariff, New England ship merchants would now possess fleets of vessels which, in number, size and equipment, would surpass those of old England to the same extent that the English merchant marine surpasses that of France or Germany. If it had not been for these checks, the troubles of the war of the rebellion would have been recovered from as quickly as the troubles incident to the war of 1812, and our nation would now be what it was in a fair way to be thirty years ago, the greatest commercial nation in the world, having the larger part of its merchant tonnage owned and commanded by the people of New England.

These opportunities have been taken from us, and those New Englanders who would now be carrying the American flag to every known port on the surface of the globe have been compelled to forego the development of what was with them a natural aptitude, to turn their attention to other occupations, and to make the best use that they could of a somewhat hard situation. The sacrifice thus made was distinctly a sectional one, for the reason that the shipping interest of the United States was largely centred in New England lines.

Still more recently we have had to witness the gradual decline, and in many instances the extinction, of a once reasonably flourishing iron manufacturing business. Nature has not favored New England with iron and coal deposits in quantity and quality which will compare with other more favored parts of the world, but as the earliest iron working establishments on the American continent started in New England, so that from that time to this our people have possessed an aptitude for work of this kind which would easily give them the possession of a large trade, if artificial obstacles were not thrown in their way. There are iron and coal in the Canadian provinces to the east of us, lying almost at our very doors. These could be obtained in inexhaustible quantity, and at prices which would easily enable us to command all of our local iron trade, if we were not restricted by national legislation.

We are told by the New York Tribune that Pennsylvania will object to the demand for free coal and iron ore and a reduced tax on pig iron, and that her objection will constitute a veto on our request. In short that we must consent to witness the strangulation of what was once a great local industry, and what might be in the future a still greater local industry, because Pennsylvania iron masters and coal barons wish to take the profits of New England trade to themselves. This is pleasing information.

But is it not time for New England to assert her right to a certain share in her own welfare? Self-preservation is the first law of nature, and it seems to us that if democrats and republicans in the state of Pennsylvania, can readily unite in the halls of Congress for the purpose of fostering the interests of Pennsylvania there ought to be little difficulty experienced in forming a union between the senators and representives from the eastern states, not so much to foster the interests of New England as to prevent the absolute extinction of some of the industries that have in the past been the causes of the wealth, prosperity and contentment of her people.

This may be a species of sectionalism, but it is sectionalism that is forced upon us, not by our own will, but by the acts of others. The Pennsylvania representatives in Congress can usually be found voting as a unit for the welfare of Pennsylvania or for such sectional measures as, in their opinion, will prevent Pennsylvania from suffering loss. The same can be said of Ohio and other states. And are we of New England to be the only ones to show sectional disinterestedness? As Senator Blair points out, when it comes to the question of the extinction of a New England interest, it is time for New England to do something in the way of protesting and voting. We fancy that the position that the New Hampshire senator has taken in this respect in demanding free coal and free iron is one which the other senators and representatives of this section of the country have either privately taken, or will soon be compelled to take by the growth of an irresistible public opinion, which will not rest patient while a great industry, which would give employment to hundreds of thousands of our people, is needlessly sacrificed.

THE SAMOAN TREATY.

How Germany Secures a Dominant Control by the Tripartite Agreement.

NEW YORK, July 24.—A Washington despatch to the Herald says it would not be surprising if the treaty agreed on at Berlin regarding the Islands of Samoa should be rejected when it is considered by the Senate. Mr. Blaine himself, the despatch asserts, was not satisfied with the terms made by our commissioners at Berlin, but he finally yielded in part rather than have the conference a failure. As the Government of the islands is left in the hands of a tripartite advisory board, representing England, Germany and the United States, the decisive majority will always lie in the hands of the two European powers voting together. That they will so vote upon critical questions is a reasonable inference from the similarity of their interests and their natural jealousy of the great Republic. The substance of the treaty is that by the tripartite agreement, Germany is confirmed in her dominant control in Samoa. Without the treaty she depended solely upon her own assumption of authority. If this treaty should be ratified, then the United States becomes a partner by reason of things in support of Germany's claims.

"THE THUNDERER."

How the London "Times" is Weathering the Storm.

NEW YORK, July 24.—G. W. Smalley's London cable to the Tribune says: "Would it surprise you to hear that Mr. Macdonald is still manager of the Times? He was believed to have resigned soon after the collapse of the Parnell letters—retired on a pension, said the gossips of the profession. The gossips were wrong. He has not retired on a pension, but is still managing the news and business of the paper which he did so much to injure. Mr. Walter, of course, cannot sever his connection with the great paper, part of which he owns and all of which he prints. He is, I hear, in good spirits, still hopeful of making out a case against Mr. Parnell, still convinced that some of the letters are genuine, and still expecting that some other letters, not forged like this time, may turn up before the inquiry is over. Meanwhile the leading journal seems to lead as many people as before; its business is as profitable as ever, though its dividends are less for the obvious reason that a great part of the profits go into the pockets of the lawyers. The thoughtful minority read the paper with less faith than formerly in its infallibility, but there is little to show that its circulation diminished or its authority as an oracle of the commanding classes weakened.

STRANGE COINCIDENCE.

A Note Written by Blanche Abbott on the Morning that She Attempted Suicide Here.

BRIDGEPORT, July 25. On the morning that the Abbott girl attempted to take her own life in Bangor a gentleman purchased a pair of pants at the clothing establishment of Caldwell & Merser in the city of Brockton, Mass. In one of the pockets he found a letter, the contents of which were as follows.

BRIDGEPORT, Dec. 2, 1887.

"I wonder into what part of the world these pants will roam, and hope that the one that buys them will send me a penny as we have to work at starvation wages to make them.

BLANCHE M. ABBOTT."

The Fireworks.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE GAZETTE.

DEAR SIR:—The statement made by myself, to your reporter, "that the fire works would be shown in front of the Exhibition building last evening" was made upon the positive assurance to that effect, by Alderman Blackadar, the chairman of the fireworks committee, who should be the proper person to give the information.

IRA CORNWALL.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by H. W. BARKER.

EDGECOMBE,

THE TAILOR,

Fashionable Suitings.

Trinity Block, King St.

JUST OPENED.

4 Cases Best American Oil Clothing.

For sale low at

NOVA SCOTIA HOUSE,

HUGH NEALIS,

73 Dock st.

THE NATIONAL.

—IS—

THE BEST PLACE IN TOWN,

Charlotte St.

The Best Dinner,

The Best Lunch,

The Best Cigar.

If you want a good dinner and afterwards smoke a really good cigar, call at the NATIONAL between 12 and 2 o'clock.

Meals served at all hours. Cigars and Tobaccos the very best. Billiards and Pool.

The National, Charlotte st.

DR. A. F. EMERY,

—OFFICE—

50 WATERLOO STREET,

(Formerly Dr. A. Alward's Office.)

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Coal, Public Buildings," will be received until FRIDAY, 2nd August next, for Coal supply, for all or any of the Dominion Public Buildings.

Specification, form of Tender and all necessary information can be obtained at this Department on and after Tuesday, 9th July.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

A. GOBEIL, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, July 3rd, 1889.

Common Sense

In the treatment of slight ailments would save a vast amount of sickness and misery. One of Ayer's Pills, taken after dinner, will assist Digestion; taken at night, will relieve Constipation; taken at any time, will correct irregularities of the Stomach and Bowels, stimulate the Liver, and cure Sick Headache. Ayer's Pills, as all know who use them, are a mild cathartic, pleasant to take, and always prompt and satisfactory in their results.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a

Cathartic

for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"Ayer's Pills have been in use in my family upwards of twenty years, and have completely verified all that is claimed for them."—Thomas F. Adams, San Diego, Texas.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for seven or eight years. Whenever I have an attack of headache, to which I am very subject, I take a dose of Ayer's Pills and am always promptly relieved. I find them equally beneficial in colds; and, in my family, they are used for bilious complaints and other disturbances with such good effect that we rarely, if ever, have to call a physician."—H. Voullième, Hotel Voullième, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

"SUMMER CARNIVAL" ATTENTION.

Transparencies and Designs Furnished.

74 Germain Street,

F. H. C. MILES

Bananas,

Cucumbers,

B. Berries,

Plums,

Tomatoes,

Pears,

G. Beans,

G. Peas.

SCOTT BROTHERS.

Choice Perfumery,

Toilet Soaps,

Hair Brushes,

Plush Dressing Cases,

Odor Cases,

Tooth Brushes,

Combs, etc.

Just received at

PARKER BROTHERS,

Market Square.

1828 Established 1828

J. HARRIS & Co.,

(Formerly Harris & Allen).

Paradise Row, Portland, St. John.

NEW BRUNSWICK FOUNDRY

—AND—

Railway Car Works,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Railway Cars of Every Description,

"PEARLESS" STEEL TYRES,

CHILLED CAR WHEELS.

—ALSO—

Steam Engines and Mill Machinery

The Improved Lowell Turbine Water Wheel, Ship Castings, Pumps, Bridge and Fence Castings, etc., etc.

Portland Rolling Mill,

STRAIT SHORE, PORTLAND.

Tapered and Parallel Bars for Ships' Knees Nail Plate, Hammered Railway Car Axles, Shafting, and shapes of all kinds.

City Advertisement and Bill Posting Company,

Office 9 Canterbury street.

Bills posted, Circulars, Dodgers &c. distributed at lowest prices.

Orders may also be left at the National 22 Charlottestreet.

G. R. PUGSLEY, LL. B.

Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, &c.

OFFICES—Corner Prince William and Church streets St. John, N. B.

Fancy Goods, suitable for Picnic Prizes.

Flags for Decorations.

—ALSO—

12 Cases Note Paper, Envelopes and Blank Books.

Lowest prices. For sale by

D. McARTHUR

BOOKSELLER,

80 King street.

VISITORS

Are respectfully invited to inspect our NEW STYLES in Ladies and Gent's

WATERPROOF CLOTHING.

Also our fine stock of

RUBBER GOODS.

ESTEY, ALLWOOD & CO.,

Dealers in Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose &c.

68 Prince Wm. St.

Costumes. Costumes.

A FINE line of Fancy Costumes to let for the Carnival, and new ones made to order at short notice. Don't fail to look out for your outfits at an early date. Wigs and Whiskers to let.

A. L. SPENCER.

LARGE GOOSEBERRIES,

CULTIVATED RASPBERRIES,

NEW POTATOES,

GREEN PEAS and BEANS,

SWEET CREAM,

Fresh every day.

J. S. ARMSTRONG & BRO.,

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of the City of St. John:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

A vacancy having been created in the Chief Magistracy of this City by the lamented death of the late Mayor, Mr. George A. Barker, I beg to announce that I will be a candidate for the office of

MAYOR

of St. John at the election to be held on the 6th of August next. Respectfully soliciting your votes on that occasion. I remain, Yours, etc.

T. W. PETERS.

To the Electors of the City of St. John.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—

In the Election for Mayor to be held on the Sixth Day of August, I shall be a Candidate for that honor. As a representative of eight years in the Common Council (1860 to 1867) during which time I inaugurated many reforms, the benefit of which the citizens have enjoyed up to the present time, and of twenty years as a Member of the Legislative Council of the Province, has qualified me for the position of Chief Magistrate of our City.

I challenge any criticism of my public life, claiming that my actions have been such as conduced to the benefit of all, and were done in fairness to all, according to the dictates of my judgment and conscience.

With this record I present myself as a Candidate for the office of

MAYOR,

and solicit your votes.

As owing to the union of the two cities, the area to be gone over is too large to enable me to see each voter personally, I hope that this notice will be taken as a personal request, and I will probably take occasion to hold a few public meetings in order to address you on civic affairs, during which meetings I hope to create a favorable impression on the public.

Yours truly,

THOS. R. JONES.

Telegraph, Sun.

To the Electors of the City of St. John.

AT the solicitation of many of the Citizens I have decided to be a Candidate for the office of

MAYOR,

of St. John at the coming Election to be held on Tuesday the 6th August next.

Should you honor me with your confidence on that occasion I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office in the best interest of the City.

W. A. LOCKHART.

HIND'S

Honey and Almond Cream.

For the Face, hands, Skin and Complexion. The best preparation for sunburn out.

Just received,

One Gross of the above,

—ALSO—

One Case Vegetine.

CHAS. McGREGOR,

DRUGGIST,

137 Charlotte Street.

F. S. SHARPE, F. C. A.,

Chartered Accountant and Auditor,

129 Prince Wm. St., St. John N. B.

Complicated accounts adjusted, Partnership settlements effected, Financial Statements examined and reported upon, Balance Sheets and Profit and Loss statements prepared or certified Books, arranged and adapted to any business so as o record transactions and exhibit results clearly, comprehensively, and with the least labor.

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

Capital $10,000,000.

70 Prince Wm. street.

D. R. JACK, - - Agent

LATH TIES,

Shingle Ties,

Bed Cords,

Manilla Rope,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

W. H. THORNE & CO.,

Market Square.

Spring Outfits.

White Dress Shirts made to order

$1.50.

A Perfect Fit guaranteed at

TENNANT'S

"THE SHIRT MAKER."

63 Charlotte St., St. John, N. B.

CHINESE LANTERNS.

Just received

5 Cases of all the newest designs in

Chinese and Japanese Lanterns

—AT—

FRED. BLACKADAR'S,

166 Union Street.

CROTHERS, HENDERSON & WILSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Fine Carriages, Sleighs, Track Sulkies, etc., etc.

Repairing in all its branches promptly done.

Office and Show rooms, 43 and 45, North Side, and Factory, 42 and 44, South Side,

Waterloo St., St. John, N. B.

RICHARD DINN,

MANUFACTURER OF

Wire Shutters for Windows, Iron Railings.

44 Brussels Street, St. John, N. B.

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a professional co-partnership, under the name, style and firm of Stratton & Hazen.

JAMES STRATON,
J. DOUGLAS HAZEN.

July 5th, 1889.

STRATON & HAZEN,

Barristers, Solicitors, &c.

—OFFICE—

Ritchie's Building, Princess Street.

PIANOS | MENDELSSOHN —AND— EVANS PIANOS, —IN— Mahogany, Walnut, Rosewood and Ebonized Cases. | ORGANS

A. T. BUSTIN,

38 Dock Street.

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,

East End City,

Waterloo, near Union St.

FOR CARNIVAL PARADE.

A large variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, in all the leading departments.

SPECIAL LINES.

Berlin Shawls, Sunshades, Gloves, Hosiery, Prints, Dress Materials, Gents Furnishings, &c., &c.

T. PATTON & CO.,

TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED until TUESDAY, the 30th day of July, instant, at noon, at the office of the Secretary of Treasury, for supplying the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM with the following articles for one year from the first day of August next, viz:—

BEEF and MUTTON—$ 100 lbs. of the best quality, in alternate hind and fore quarters (quarter not to weigh less than 120 lbs.), as may be required.

BREAD—$ 2 lb. loaf, of superfine flour;

BREAD—$ 2 lb. loaf of ½ superfine flour and ½ corn meal, and how many loaves of bread will be furnished $ barrel flour, and how much lb. barrel for baking.

FLOUR—No 1 superfine $ barrel of 196 lbs., also No 1 Bakers, highest grades

RICE—East India, $ 100 lbs;

BARLEY—$ 100 lbs;

OATMEAL—$ 100 lbs;

BROWN MUSCOVADO SUGAR—$ 100 lbs;

YELLOW REFINED SUGAR—$ lb;

GRANULATED SUGAR—$ lb;

COFFEE—Green, $ lb;

COFFEE—Ground, $ lb;

TEA—Good strong Congo, $ lb;

CANDLES—Mould $ lb;

SOAP—Yellow, $ lb;

BUTTER—$ lb;

BEANS—$ bushel;

OATS—$ bushel;

CODFISH—$ quintal;

POLLOCK—$ quintal;

MOLASSES—$ gallon, in casks;

CORNMEAL—$ barrel;

SALT—Coarse, in bags;

COTTONS, WOOLENS, etc., of British manufacture, at what advance on the net sterling cost, such advance to include duty, freight, and all other charges, original invoice to be furnished.

COTTONS, WOOLENS, etc., of Dominion and American Manufacture, at what advance on net current cost.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES, according to specified list to be seen on application at Secretary's office.

SEPARATE TENDERS taken for FLOUR and MEAL.

The supplies to be delivered at the Institution in such quantities and at such fixed periods as may be required.

ALL SUPPLIES to be of the very best description and subject to the approval or rejection of the Commissioners, or their Agent.

The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

SECURITIES will be required from two responsible persons for the due performance of the contract.

R. W. CROOKSHANK, Sec. and Treas.

St. John, July 22, 1889. 6th.

SPECIAL

Ladies India Kid Button Boots,

One dollar per pair.

Extra Value.

R. A. C. BROWN,

19 Charlotte St.

ST. JOHN BOLT and NUT CO.

Manufacture mild STEEL RIVETS fully equal, if not superior, to the best Scotch Rivets.

P. O. Box 454.

BOOTS and SHOES.

A large stock of Ladies and Gentlemen's fashionable

BOOTS AND SHOES

—AT—

MRS. McCONNELL'S,

King street.

NOTICE.

Just received at the City Market Clothing Hall, 51 Charlotte Street, 10 Cases of New Goods, consisting of English and Scotch Tweeds and Diagonals and Corkscrews which we make up to order at the lowest bottom prices. It would be to the advantage of strangers who may visit our City during the Carnival to give us a look in and see our Stock which cannot be surpassed. Our Ready-made Suits are good and will give good satisfaction to the Purchaser. We have the finest stock also, of Gents' furnishing goods to be found in the City. All goods will be marked down 25 per cent. during the Carnival. No trouble to show goods.

Proprietor,

T. YOUNGCLAUS,

COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS

We will offer this week the following lots at prices which ought to sell rapidly, as follows

ONE LOT OF

FINE SPANISH BLACK SILK,

Cost 1.20 a yard, now for 80 cents a yard.

NEXT LOT IS

STRIPED JAPANESE SILK,

Cost 75 cents, selling now for 35c. a yard.

ANOTHER LOT OF

ALL WOOL SOLID CLOTH,

Was one dollar a yard, now selling for 40 cents a yard.

With a large stock of

FRENCH DYED CASHMERES,

In all colors, selling at half price.

Also a big lot of Ladies and Children's

HOSE,

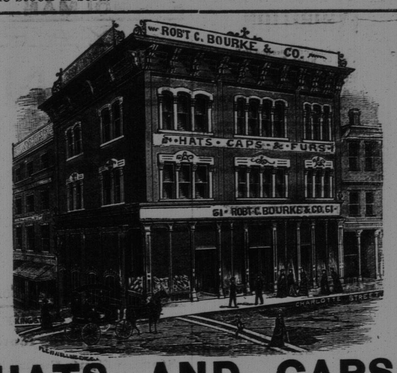
Ribbed and plain, in Seal Brown, Navy and Grey, warranted fast colors, at 10 and 12 cents a pair, worth 20 and 25 cents a pair.

LADIES JERSEYS from 90c. up.

No reserve, as the whole stock must be cleared out. Come and get bargains.

J. W. MONTGOMERY.

N. B. No humbug, going out of business as soon as the stock is sold. J. W. M.



HATS AND CAPS.

We are now complete in all Spring Styles.

Robert C. Bourke & Co.,

61 Charlotte st., St. John, N. B.

Livery and Boarding Stables,

Sydney Street, St. John, N. B.

DAVID CONNELL.

Horses Boarded on Reasonable Terms.

Horses and Carriages on Hire. Fine Fit-outs at Short Notice

Special Announcements.

GREAT CLOTHING SALE CARNIVAL WEEK.

OAK HALL,

Corner King and Germain Streets.

Blue Vacation Suits $3.75, Worth $5.00.

National Worsted Blk Dress Suits $6.00, Worth $9.00.

English Worsted Blk & But Cut away, $10 and $12.00, Worth $15.00 and $18.00.

Fancy Worsted Suits $7.00, Worth $10.00.

Pants away down, 99c., $1.00.

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