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(6)	United Nations Operation in the Congo (ONUC)	Internal pacification	1960-1964
(7)	United Nations Temporary Executive Authority in West Irian, UNTEA (UNSF)	Internal pacification	1962-1963
(8)	United Nations Yemen Observation Mission (UNYOM)	Internal pacification	1962-1963
(9)	United Nations Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP)	Maintenance of peace	1964-present
(10)	United Nations India-Pakistan Observer Mission (UNIPOM)(5)	Border patrol	1965-1966
(11)	United Nations Emergency Force in Middle East (UNEF II)	Buffer zone patrol	1973-present
(12)	United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF)	Buffer zone patrol	1974-present

Some United Nations military involvements have been financed by the assessment of all members, while others have been paid for by voluntary contributions. Until 1956, with the exception of Korea, which did not engage in the financing machinery of the United Nations, the assessed shares were relatively modest and were paid by virtually all member states. However, with the establishment of UNEF I in 1956 and ONUC in 1960, costs mounted considerably; the total cost of UNEF I was $217 million (U.S.) and that of ONUC $392.8 million (U.S.). Canada has paid its total share of the assessed portion of these expenses ($5,910,000 for UNEF and $9,187,000 for ONUC). However, some countries, including the Soviet Union and France, did not contribute, contending that peacekeeping was the prerogative of the Security Council and that the General Assembly overstepped its authority by establishing UNEF and ONUC. The United Nations attempted to make up the resultant financial shortfalls by authorizing a $200-million (U.S.) bond issue. At the same time, the Assembly requested an advisory opinion from the International Court of Justice as to whether the expenditures it had authorized for UNEF and ONUC constituted "expenses of the organization" within the meaning of Article 17. After the Court's affirmative opinion was "accepted" by the General Assembly, some members began to pay their arrears, though others chose not to do so.

(5) Ibid.