

five of these employees are between the ages of forty-five and seventy-seven, so it is impossible for them to go. Another suggestion the minister made was that they might go west and take up land. Many of these men have had no experience on the land and have no capital, and, of course, it would be impracticable for them to take up farming. I therefore consider that the minister has not given any sufficient explanation why the Government is not doing anything for the employees of this class. I trust that the Government will do something even now, before the session closes, and that next session, or perhaps after the war, the Minister of Finance will provide for this class permanently.

Sir THOMAS WHITE: It is not the intention of the Government to bring down any further proposals dealing with the salaries of civil servants. I do not think it advisable that that question should be dealt with in piecemeal fashion; it should be dealt with as a whole or not at all. The Government is of the opinion that it is not advisable to consider increasing the salaries of the Civil Service during the war.

Mr. PROULX: In 1908 there was a flat increase of \$100 or \$150 to the Civil Service.

---

## OUR DEAD AND WOUNDED.

---

### CAPT. A. F. WHITESIDE.

Brief news is received of the death of Captain A. F. Whiteside, of the 3rd Pioneer Battalion, who was killed in action in France on March 28th, 1916. He was struck by a German shell after having been at the front only a few days. Captain Whiteside was a veteran of the South African campaigns and held a commission in the 88th Fusiliers of Victoria, B.C. In civil life he was a wireless operator in the British

Columbia division of the Government Radiotelegraph Service.

### LANCE-CORP. ROBT. BAXTER.

Lance-Corp. Robert Isaac Baxter, reported killed in action, was a clerk in the Revenue Division, Accounts Branch, Department of the Interior. He was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Baxter of Ottawa and was just twenty-one years of age. He enlisted with the 38th Battalion and went overseas with a draft in May, 1915, serving afterwards in the 12th Battalion.

### SERGT. S. C. BERRIDGE.

Despatches received so far give no details of the wounds received by Sergt. Berridge, who has been reported in the casualty lists after St. Eloi. Before enlisting Sergt. Berridge was a member of the Postal Clerks' Association, Brandon branch.

### SERGT. T. F. BELL.

An efficient and popular member of the Calgary branch of the Postal Clerks' Association before enlisting in the "Fighting Tenth," was T. F. Bell. Many friends are hoping that the injuries received recently, somewhere in France, will not prove serious. He is at present in the Canadian hospital at Taplow-on-the-Thames.

### SERGT. A. P. WILLIAMS.

A recent casualty list had the name of Sergt. Alfred P. Williams as having been sent to the Clearing Station suffering from gunshot wounds in the eyes. Sergt. Williams belonged to the machine gun section of the 21st Battalion, enlisted in October, 1914, and went overseas May, 1915. He was, while in Ottawa, attached to the Royal Mint for several years; also an efficient member of the 43rd, and then the G.G.F.G. Band.