fortunately without having wounded him. Tranquillity was, however, soon restored.

The proposition to marry the Queen to the son of Don Carlamentable, and General Narvacz is said to have been ruined by the unexpected fall that has taken place. It is certain that no such government as that of which he is the head can stand. no such government as that of which he is the head can stand.

Accounts from Madrid of the 9th represent the capital to have recovered from the sort of panic which prevailed for some time previous. It was reported that a Government manifesto, in reply to that of Don Carlos and of his son, was about to appear. The Queen had been brilliantly received at Barcelona, where her Majesty, after reviewing the troops, showed herself in public amidst the cheers of the people. On the road from Tarragona, a carriage, in which were General Narvaez, the Queen's Confessor, and some others, was overturned; all escaped severe hurts except Narvaez, to whom twelve leeches had to be applied.

The Gazette du Berri of the 11th inst, publishes the following farewell, addressed to the Spaniards by Don Carlos after his being tested, but they look at the same painted to the worst of it. The business at any port of entry giving au annual return of entry giving au annual

Spaniards, my faithful defenders,- Called to the crown of Spain by imprescriptible rights, my sole desire has constantly been the happiness of my beloved country. That happiness requires to day my renunciation of those rights in favour of my ost beloved eldest son, Charles Louis, Prince of the Asturias. No sacrifice could be painful to me when the welfare of my country was in question. I have most heartily subscribed to the act of renunciation in behalf of my son, whom you will recognize as my legitimate successor, and surround with the same
affection and fidelity. He will take care, on his side, to recompense according to their merit your loyalty and constancy in Apporting the sound principles which alone can save Spain.

"In retiring from public life I feel a great satisfaction and

"In retiring from public life I feel a great satisfaction and consolation in expressing to you my gratitude for the heroic acts with which you astonished the world, and which will ever remain engraved on my heart.

"Farewell, my constant defenders and faithful companions. Pray the Almighty with me to remove the evils which oppress our country, and give us more tranquil and happier days.

"Your affectionate and grateful King," Carlos.

"Bourges, the 18th of May, 1845."

Colonial.

ANOTHER THIRD OF QUEBEC DESTROYED BY FIRE. (From the Quebec Gazette, June 30.)

On Saturday evening the 28th June, just one month after the Great Fire of the 28th May, which destroyed part of St. Valier's and St. John's Suburbs, nearly all St. Roch and the west of the St. Roch and the St. Roc west part of the Lower Town to below Hope Gate, a fire commenced in St. John Suburbs, near the place outside the Glacis, where it stopped on the 28th May.

The scene of desolation, distress and affliction, and the extent

of the calamity are nearly as great as after the former confla gration; the value of the property destroyed probably greater.

The population of St. John Suburbs was about ten thousand, and population of St. Roch's had mostly found refuge in

Quebec is now reduced to the Upper Town within the walls, and the Lower Town from the St. Charles, below Hope Gate to Cap Blanc on the St. Lawrence, the extent which it occu-Pied, but then more sparely built, after the destruction of the Suburbs during the seige of 1775. The remaining houses in the Suburbs are about as many as they were half a century ago.

We have seen them spread out so as to contain about twenty-Our thousand inhabitants, many of them wealthy, most of them Proprietors of their dwellings, and living comfortably. This was the work of persevering industry and general good conduct;
and we trust it will be persevered in.

There is one truth which the recent misfortunes must have

strongly impressed on the minds of all: it is that every inhabi-tant has a direct interest in the good and careful conduct of every individual who lives in or frequents the same city; parly in regard to fire.

merly might be considered fortunate in exemption during the late seventy years, do not equal one of those which occurred within a month, and it is remarkable that no very extensive fire ever before occurred in the Suburbs.

Iontreal Courier states that a deputation visited that city "for the purpose of waiting upon the Governor General to request that he would immediately convene Parliament for the purpose of getting an appropriation for the relief of the sufferers by this as well as the previous fire."

A suspicion has arisen that this last fire was the deed of diaries. In one case, a number of combustible materials, evidently deposited by design, were discovered beneath a building which the fire had spared. A partial ignition of these had taken place; but the dampness of the earth, it is supposed, extinguished the fire before any damage had been done by it. The Quebec Mercury reports the number of houses consumed to be 1302. From the same journal we learn that the Deputation ion to Montreal had returned; but without any definite reply from His Excellency, who advised with his Council immediately upon the arrival of the Deputation, but had not decided upon proper measures to be taken.

mercantile houses in New-York have contributed en hundred dollars towards the relief of the sufferers at Quebec. Subscriptions are collected throughout the city for w we give the amounts insured in the different offices,

as far as we have been able to learn :-Canada, Quebec, -Quebec, Montreal Phenix,

£57,175

THE NEW LOWER CANADA SCHOOL ACT. - This Act, passed the 29th March last, occupies thirteen pages of the printed laws, and is followed by fitteen closely printed pages of instructions and forms, signed "J. B. MEILLEUR, S. E."

The Art and forms, signed "J. B. MEILLEUR, S. E." parish, township or place," by landholders and householders forthwith after the passing of the Act," and if they are not lected the elected the Governor and Superintendent of Schools shall appoint them, as well as "assessors, collectors, teachers," and other functionaries.

The Commissioners are for three years, to serve under a penalty, the serve under a penalty, the serve under a penalty to the serve under a penalty.

1, &c., out of the Provincial Revenue; but the amount raised by voluntary contribution, actually paid into the of the Secretary Treasurer, who is allowed two and a

The Commissioners are a Corporation, and may hold property to the yearly value of £300. They appoint School lar per month, each school to have twenty scholars at least, and be kent for each to mostly mostl and be kept for eight months in the year; one district of fif-teen may be allowed by Commissioners, and they may exempt indigent persons from paying, and allow twenty pounds yearly for a superior school, and also establish a girls' school.

There are some curious provisions about "religious faith" and "dissentient schools," which, it seems, are to be under stees, and to suffer some of the penalties of dissent: no

to the end of the then ensuing session.—Quebec Gazette. MIDDLESEX CONTESTED ELECTION.—After an adjourn Tiffany, one of the commissioners, and Mr. Notman; two of at London, and adjourned back to St. Thomas till Monday next, the 7th instant, when the scrutiny is to be proceeded with.

The adjournment, in the first instance, was protested against the proper time arrives. The act of adjournment was a see with what shadow of justice it can be renewed. Whatever ment of the contest at the time, and we do not ourse Mr. Ermatinger may take, there is no fear but he will imply over his malignant opponents.—St. Thomas Standard. Escaped From Gaol.—Four of the criminals confined in the London London Gaol made their escape on Sunday evening last. ome means they had obtained an iron bar, and when the

purpose, in order to get the House of Assembly to alter a certain Management of the Revenue. This clause was one which proided that no one excercising any calling or profession, should
be allowed to hold any office in the Customs, provided his

income from that office exceeded £100 a-year. We warned country by extorting exorbitant prices, but we are equally opthe Government at the time against allowing the public good posed to a ruinous competition. The William IV. is a large In the Chamber of Deputies the Minister of Marine pre-ented a hill for increasing the naval forces, in consequence of sented a bill for increasing the naval forces, in consequence of the new convention entered into with Great Britain for the same time stating an opinion that no person having other prisampression of the slave trade, and for furnishing the necessary funds for carrying that object into effect. This announcement the Government, should be allowed to be in the Customs' the Government, should be allowed to be in the Customs' The Express is a foreign port—her proprietors having, no doubt, funds for carrying that object into effect. This announcement was received with a general movement of satisfaction, during which M. Guizot entered the Chamber and took his seat, for the first time since his illness. Numerous deputies crowded round him to offer him their congratulations on his return.

SPAIN.

Accounts from Madrid of the 8th inst. state that a rather serious disturbance had taken place at Malaga, in which several serious disturbance had taken place at Malaga, in which several serious disturbance had taken place at General Caminero, but mised. A pistol shot had been fired at General Caminero, but the Government, should be allowed to be in the Customs' Department of satisfaction, during the demolument arising from his office in that department was under a £100 a-year, in which case we stated, that it was our opinion that a postmaster or any other pretty official might, without detriment to the public service, hold such additional appointment. It has, however, been thought proper to raise the scale from £100 to £250; now, we seem that with the present mode of fixing the amount of satisfaction, during the defect of the sate of the clustoms' Department, should be allowed to be in the Customs' Department, excepting the emolument arising from his office in that department was under a £100 a-year, in which case we stated, that it was our opinion that a postmaster or any other pretty official might, without detriment to the public service, hold such additional appointment. It has, however, been thought proper to raise the scale from £100 to £250; now, we contend that with the present mode of fixing the amount of stated, that it was our opinion that a postmaster or any other pretty official might, without detriment to the public service, hold such additional appointment. It has, however, been thought proper to raise the scale from £100 to £250; now, we contend that with the present mode of fixing the amount of stated, that it was our opinion that a postmaster or any other to receive d compensation for lay

practice, worth perhaps £400 or £500 a-year, is appointed osity, and we are told was built for one of our admirals, whose coat of arms is emblazoned on her stern. She has to make two los appears to be generally unpopular in Spain. Even the Madrid Gazette suggests to the Government the propriety of an address to the nation, to avert the belief that any such project is entertained by the Government. The proprietors of the Expectador have been fined 20,000 reals for a libel on the ministry. The state of the Spanish Money Market was most lamoutable and Gazette suggests to the Government. The proprietors of the Expectador have been fined 20,000 reals for a libel on the ministry. The state of the Spanish Money Market was most lamoutable and Gazette suggests to the Government. Even the belief that any such project is entertained by the Government. The proprietors of the ministry. The state of the Spanish Money Market was most lamoutable and Gazette suggests to the Government the propriety of which are just below what will give £250 a-year; which if he collect beyond, will cause him either to throw up his situation in the Customs, or relinquish his private practice. This mode of arranging the salaries is a most singular one, to say the least of it; any Collector, and the first that is to say, her hull, &c., is double, so that if the external surface be broken, the inner shell prevents the ingress of water. She is fitted with a screw, which is made use of in calm weather or is a most singular one, to say the least of it; any Collector, below £250 a year, has a direct interest in augmenting the receipts of his post up to what will pay him £250 a year, and when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has arrived at that sum, he has just as direct an interest when he has a pust as direct an inter

patiently while it is being tested, but they look at the same time to ministers to see that the revenue suffers no deterioration.—Montreal Courier.

THE CROPS IN LOWER CANADA -The crops in the vicinity of Montreal look generally very healthy, although the raw state of the weather has prevented their being so forward as they usually are at this season. Wheat looks remarkably well, and there is a good deal sown. Barley, peas and oats are also vigorous, and promise to continue so. Grass, however, will haver light to many forward to sea this description.

he very light—on many farms not over one third of an average crop—but it may recover much yet. Grass seeds sown with spring crops have generally failed to come up. Potatoes give appearance of a plentiful yield, and it is to be hoped that the disease from which they suffered last year may not again recur. Fruit will be deficient again this year in consequence of the ravages of the caterpillar.

We have just returned from a visit to the Eastern Townships,

wheat and oats appear to be vigorous and well advanced,—
Grass will in all probability be a little short of the average, but

steamboats and barges to ply on the Lord's Day, may be discontinued.

in that beautiful region, to see the strong evidence of its progressive improvement which every year furnishes. The inhabitants seem to grow more industrious, and to acquire greater experience in the practice of their honorable calling. New houses of brick and stone have been built or are in progress of erection, better fences line the road-sides, and the fields appear clean and neat. Every thing affords proof of a contented and thriving population. There are many, however not yet so industrious as they might be, nor have they acquired that norror of weeds in their meadows, and plough land, nor of briars and brush in their pastures, which their neighbours possess .-But the general advance in comfort and real wealth is obvious.

We believe that a good many families of emigrants have gone into the townships this summer, and have readily found employment. Could farmers there depend upon a regular supply of emigrant labour during the summer, it would be a temptation to them to sow and plant a greater breadth of land in the spring. But under present circumstances, considering the high price of labour which always exists in the Townships, and the uncertainty of receiving additional help doi: the uncertainty of receiving additional help during summer and harvest, they are obliged to suit their sowing and planting to the help which they are certain of procuring. The Town-sbips, therefore, are an excellent locality for a limited number of emigrants, but, from the reason we have mentioned, not whisper. - Port Hope Gazette.

tour through the Western parts of New York, the Northern were entangled in the broken timbers. To a person looking at Upper Canada. He informs us that the crops in the States he every one of them from being crushed to death. Such, how-visited are completely destroyed and the farmers instead of having wheat to sell are now purchasing. One farmer in Oakland county. Michigan, who had sown between 50 and 60 acres of wheat, had sold the whole for 60 bushels payable next fall. of wheat, had sold the whole for 60 bushels payable next fall.

Under these circumstances the Lower Canada farmers, and particularly those in the Eastern Townships, have every reason to be thankful for the prospect of abundance with which they are blessed.—Montreal Herald.

injured are in the way of recovering, though with some of them the process will be very tedious.—Ib.

THE RAILROAD.—It is currently reported through town that letters have been received from Mr. Gwynne to the effect that the Toronto and Lake Huron Railroad has been all or clusive: nearly all taken up in London, and the most favourable dispo-sition manifested, towards the undertaking. Mr. Gwynne deserves great credit for the exertions he has made with the very scanty information within his reach on the subject of the pro posed line. The Montreal and Portland Directors will be earl in the field, their delegate, Mr. Galt, having already sailed for England and Mr. Merritt follows on the same errand in the packet of 15th July.

We most earnestly trust that the managers of the Toronto and Lake Huron line will be prompt in their operations and not lose a moment in making the necessary application to the English money market.

We have recently heard that a charter has been obtained for a railroad from Boston to Ogdensburgh, and the projectors of this line naturally look to a line from Toronto to the West to complete their route. Their views are almost necessarily on sed to the Erie Canal and Railroad and favor a line running wholly north of those tracks.

It is proper to mention that passengers can now leave To ronto at six o'clock on Monday morning, reach Lake Huron the same evening, and embark in the Steamer Goderich (late The Act is to be carried into execution by not less than five more than nine School Commissioners, elected in each vertisement for the particulars of this great improvement.— From Toronto to Lake Huron in little more than twelve hours without the aid of a railroad! This is certainly a powerful

nalty, two to go out by ballot every year. They may assess next packet to England

If Toronto sit with folded hands she will see the golden op
and the advantages of her natural position al
parish of the standard of the second of the parish of the second of the sec portunity lost, and the advantages of her natural position almost wholly lost to her.—Toronto Patriot.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE "LINERS."-The other day we published a notice from a Vermont paper of the proceedings of the

tween the British possessions and the United States.

They are divided into several parties. One of these, the American one, has been on the Missisquoi frontier for the last formight. They cut down the trees, and clear a track upon the line to the width of thirty feet, so that they leave a passable winter road. They erect an iron monument at every mile's distance, bearing a suitable inscription, and also at places where roads of importance cross the frontier. The American party books in their language furnished, no claim to money for building school houses, or to any of the school-houses heretofore established by law; and particularly those of the Royal Institution, of which the School Commissioners are "to take postession."

The Superintendent's salary is fixed at £500 a year.

The duration of the Act is limited to two years, and thence to the end of the the surface postession.

Output:

In has made strange work in some of the Townships. Although a line has been acknowledged for years, from the St. Lawrence to the source of the Connecticut, and the inhabitants on both sides have a perfect knowledge of it, these liners have made elbows and zig-zags into people's farms without any apparent object. In the Township of Sutton, some farms are made to lose from four to eight acres by the way the track has been cut.

The people, however, are to remain easy until the British Commissioners come on, by whom they expect that their land

ners come on, by whom they expect that their land We understand that the party we refer to use the compass only for their guide in following the line, an instrument which a common Surveyor would be ashamed to use in laying down a common Surveyor would be ashamed to use in laying down courses which are expected to be mathematically correct, or as nearly so as possible. The compass has done, and we fear is still doing, incalculable mischief under the Crown Lands Destill to the Ouser and to her subjects, but however partment, both to the Queen and to her subjects, but however domestic troubles may arise from this cause, it is the duty of her Government to prevent all trouble from it between her own people and foreigners. If an arbitrary line is desired, the Commisioners had better employ a man with a good eye to run it from a couple of fixed points. Such a man with the aid of three sticks, will do better than any compass they can find.—But if they desire to mark out a true parallel of latitude they must report to other instrument.

must resort to other instruments .- Montreal Herald. AMERICAN OPPOSITION.—The American steamboat Express has commenced towing rafts on the Bay of Quinte in opposition to the prisoners got clear off, the fourth fell over some ing which intercepted his flight and was retaken.—Ibid.

Collectors of Customs.—We had occasion during the ass Session of Parliament, to notice that an intrigue was set the total by certain interested individuals, some of whom took the trouble to come all the way from the Westein Province on Dayse, in order to get the House of Assembly to alter a certain dam Timber! Nevertheless these same parties have procured a foreign vessel to oppose one far superior, owned by a good Management of the Revenue. This clause was one which pro-

The iron vessel Q. E. D., so long expected, came into port We will put a case; a gentleman, say a lawyer, in a good yesterday, and left for Montreal this morning. She is a curi-

The first steamer of the People's Line, the Rowland Hill, Office, Toronte and well-wishers to the new opposition line. She made a trip on Tuesday afternoon, and acquitted herself to the satisfaction of all interested in her. We grieve to say that on her return, a pilot boat, manned by one Bouchard and his apprentice, was foolishly run athwart her bows. The steamer was not then at speed, having stopped her paddles to ayoid a bateau. The collision, however, capsized the boat; Bouchard sunk to rise no more, but the apprentice was saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was also as a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was also as a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was also as a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was also as a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was also as a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was also as a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was also as a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was also as a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was a saved by a beat which immediately put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The hodg of the deceased was a saved by a beat which immediately put o ly put off from Cul de-Sac to their rescue. The body of the deceased was removed to his native place, Kamouraska, whither the Coroner proceeded yesterday to hold an inquest .- Quebec Mercury, June 26.

STEAM PACKETS .- Four steam packets will leave England during the present month for Boston and New York. The Britannia, Capt. Hewitt, sails on the 4th, the Great Western, on the 5th, the Acadia on the 19th and the new iron steamship Great Britain, under the command of Capt. Hosken, on

A MEMORIAL has been drawn out, and sheets for signatures and were happy to see that the inhabitants have every reason to expect an abundant harvest of everything. The general coldness of the weather has kept back the Indian corn, but warding Companies," praying the n that the practice of causing

not much. Potatoes have come up well, but as the planting of this root is not entirely finished before the 10th of June, nothing further can be said of the prospect of a crop. Cattle of all descriptions are in excellent condition, and the produce

A large fish of the whale species made its appearance yester-day in the river opposite the lower end of St. Helen's Island. It was distinctly seen at intervals from the foot of the New Market, and when blowing appeared to project the water to the foot of the New Market, and when blowing appeared to project the water to the height of fifteen or twenty feet. Visitors of this kind are It must afford sincere gratification to all who are interested rather rare so far above the flow of the salt water. - Montreal Gazette, June 27.

> A charter has been granted for a railroad from Ogdensburgh to Boston, which, when completed, will draw all the Eastern trade by that route, and Ogdensburgh will then become a second Buffalo.—Montreal Transcript.

We were called upon a few days since by T. V. Tupper, Esq., of Cavan, who desired us to correct an error we had fallen into a fortnight ago, relative to the non-establishing of Township agricultural societies in the county of Durham. Our remarks should have been confined to the Township of Hope, or at all events they should not have been made to apply to every township in the County; as township Societies have already been organized in Cavan, Darlington, and Clarke. Cavan was the first to set the example; it has already paid to the Treasurer £10, and before the time arrives for drawing the Governturists, and who, there is no doubt, will reap the benefit of their laudable conduct in taking the lead in the present undertaking. Hope yet holds back, and whether or not it will follow the example of the surrounding Townships, we have not heard a Royalest of Young Ladies can be received as ample of the surrounding Townships, we have not heard a Boarders.

or an excess.

In the South half of the county of Rouville there is a great striking off of last week's issue, a very serious accident, which In the South half of the county of Rouville there is a great breadth of wheat sown, and it never looked better. One farmer, a very enterprising and intelligent man encouraged by his success with wheat last year, has sown over a hundred bushels this year, and expects to reap at least 2000 bushels. The farmers in this section say, that the present aspect of the country makes them think of old times. We trust that nothing will happen to mar their prospects.

We have seen a gentleman who has just returned from a tour through the Western parts of New York, the Northern Dino and Michigan, and some of the Western parts of the falling building it appeared as if nothing could prevent

Via Kingston - - - 3526 Via United States - 434—3960 E. McElderry, Gov. Emign. Agent. Emigrant Office, Toronto, ? 30th June, 1845.

LAW SOCIETY OF UPPER CANADA. In the present term of Easter the following gentlemen were alled to the Degree of Barrister-at Law :-On Saturday, 14th June, John Walker, Esq. Zacheus Burnham, Esq. On Monday, 16th June, Thomas Galt, Esq.

On Thursday, 19th June, David B. Reade, Esq. And on Tuesday, 17th June, in the present term of Easter, the following gentlemen were admitted into the Society as members thereof, and entered on the Books as Students of the Laws, their examination having been classed in the following

> In Senior Class. Mr. George McKenzie Clark. Mr. John Shaw. Mr. Alexander Keefer. In Junior Cluss. Mr. Gordon Watts Leggatt. Mr. Francis R. Ball. Mr. Henry John Standly. Mr. Thomas H. Aikman.

The three gentlemen admitted to the Senior Class, passed a most flattering examination, alike creditable both to Upper Canada College and themselves.—British Canadian. OREGON QUESTION SETTLED .- It is confidently asserted

in the United States papers received this morning that Mr. Packenham for H. B. Majesty and Mr. Buchanan for the U.S. Administration, have settled upon the 49th degree of north latitude as the highest point of the Northern Boundary of the United States was to the Paper May 1997. United States, west of the Rocky Mountains.

The Bill which passed the House of Representatives by an verwhelming vote at the last Session of Congress fixed the Northern Ocegon Boundary of the United States at 52 deg-40., and it is said that Mr. Calhoun in his negotiations claimed the 54th deg. Should this news be true, what becomes of Mr. Polk's blustering about the U. States' "clear and unquestionable right to the whole of Oregon?"-Kingston Chron.

FROM MEXICO.

The Picayune gives the following letter, received via Ha-The French Ambassador has been mobbed in the city of

Mexico, and narrowly escaped with his life.

It appears that his ostler took his horses out to wash them at a reservoir, for which payment was demanded. (The earthquake had destroyed the aqueduct used for that purpose by the public.) Payment being refused, and no doubt impertinently, he was beaten. He assumed and ran to his master with a comhe was beaten. He escaped and ran to his master with a com-

immediately claimed protection from an officer passing by at the time—but instead of receiving it the officer arrested him and was marching him off to prison, when they were met by a general officer, who immediately ordered him to be released. The Ambassador demands that the officer who arrested him be cashiered, and the fellow who fired at him shot-or his pasports. I also learn that news had been received at Vera Cruz from Mazatlan, which port was then being bombarded by a French man-of-war. The cause was not known.

H. SCADDING, Secretary and Treasurer, TORONTO GRAMMAR SCHOOL. THIS INSTITUTION will be RE-OPENED, after the ummer recess, on Monday, the 4th of August next.

There are, at present, a few vacancies for In-door Pupils.—
Terms of Board, Lodging and Tuition, £30 currency per annum. Resident Pupils treated, in every respect, as members of the family. In addition to the active superintendence of the Head Master, it is a peculiar duty enjoined on the Assistant Master, to attend to the Boarders two hours every evening, and to see that they prepare, with accuracy and care, the lessons and exercises appointed for the following day. Besides, no opportunity is ever omitted of forming aright the youthful mind, and training it up in the way it should go.

ng it up in the way it should go.

Experience fully evinces that such care and attention are dispensably requisite to ensure the sound and successful provement of youth in learning, morality and religion.

Terms of Private Tuition in the Classics, Mathematics, &c., with Board and Lodging—£50 currency per annum.

Academic Quarter, in both the public and private depart-

ments, eleven weeks from date of entrance. Cards, stating all particulars, may be had on application to the Head Master.

M. C. CROMBIE, Head Master T. G. S. Toronto, 9th July, 1845. 417-5w

WANTED, GOVERNESS, by a Family in the Country, to take charge of three pupils, of the age of twelve years and powards. The Lady must be a Member of the Church of England, and be able to teach the Piano on the most appro principles, with the other ordinary branches of an English Education. Apply, if by letter, (post paid) to Box 338, Post

416-tf

A Tutor is required,

Competent to instruct three or four Boys, the eldest twelve years old, in the course of study followed in King's College, Toronto. Apply to the Rev. John Rothwell, Amberst Island—(if by letter, pre-paid.)

BOOKS and STATIONERY.

The lock of the l June 10th, 1845.

EDUCATION. GENTLEMAN and his Wife, who have had long exexperience in Teaching, are desirous of hearing of a place where a respectable Academy is required. The Gentleman is competent to teach Classics, the elements of Mathematics, together with a thorough English Education. He can produce satisfactory testimonials from his College, in which he obtained the highest honours in Classics.

The Lady, in addition to the usual English Branches, is well qualified to teach French, Drawing, and Music.

Letters addressed to R. B., Chronicle Office, Kingston, will meet with attention, and copies of testimonials forwarded if Kingston, 10th May, 1845.

PRIVATE TUITION. TITE REV. ARTHUR PALMER, A. B., Rector of Guelph, will shortly have vacancies for two pupils. Mr. Palmer prepares his pupils for the 7th Form of U. C. College, or for entrance at the University, as their parents may desire,
—or, when preferred, gives such a general education in the
English and French Languages, History, Geography, Arithmetic, Geometry, and Algebra, as will qualify for mercantile or other pursuits.

Young Gentlemen entrusted to Mr. Palmer's care are treated in every respect as members of his family.

For terms apply to REV. A. PALMER, GUELPH.

June, 1845.

EDUCATION.

MRS. KING has opened a LADIES' SCHOOL at Cornwall, and begs to name the following Gentlemen as references. In Toronto. - The Rev. Dr. McCaul, the Rev. H. J. Grasett, Hon. Mr. Justice McLean, and Messrs. H. & W. Rowsell.

TERMS PER QUARTER—(in advance.) Piano, Guitar, and Harp-each First Rudiments...
Board and Education in the above branches,— (Dancing extra)...... 12 0 0 7th, 1845. 405-tf BOARDING SCHOOL.

FOR YOUNG LADIES. BY MRS. GEORGE RYERSON. TERMS PER QUARTER:

NUITION in the following Branches of Educa- £ s. tion, viz.:-Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, History, Geography, the use of the Globes, French, and Needlework 1 10 0 Tuition to Junior Classes, under Ten Years of Age-

and Dancing, on the usual Terms. Each Young Lady to furnish her own Bed, Bedding, and

A Quarter's notice required before removing a Pupil.—Quarters commence on the 9th May, 1st of September, 23rd of November, and 15th of February.

MRS. RYERSON hopes to do justice to those who may entrust their their transfer. their children to her care, as she has had much experience in the work of instruction in the West of England, in Dublin, and in London, in the families of Noblemen and private Gentlemen. Bay Street, (between King Street and Adelaide Street) March, 1845.

ORDERS FOR ENGLAND. DARTIES desirous of procuring Books, &c. from England,

during the present season, are requested to forward their now making up their lists for the Fall shipments. The latest time will be the 20th July, but it is desirable to forward them as early as possible. H. & W. ROWSELL. King Street, Toronto. Toronto, June 26, 1845.

H. & W. ROWSELL, BOOK-SELLERS & STATIONERS, KING STREET, TORONTO,

RE now receiving their SPRING SUPPLIES of BOOKS Account Books, Writing Papers, AND ALL KINDS OF

PLAIN AND FANCY STATIONERY, is very extensive, and in great variety, and will be found to be at the lowest prices. They have also a large assortment of PRINTED BOOKS, Comprising Works in every department of Literature; SCHOOL BOOKS,

including all those in use at Upper Canada College, as also a great variety of others, both of English and Canadian Editions. Catalogues of their Books can be had on application. June 26, 1845.

H. & W. ROWSELL, **Book-sellers and Printers**

UNIVERSITY OF KING'S COLLEGE, AVE always on hand an extensive assortment of Books, and are prepared to execute orders which may be given them for procuring Books either from England or from the ited States. They particularly invite attention to the facilities they possess for executing orders in Great Britain, having a near relation resident in London, who has had long experience in the business, and who personally attends to the execution of their orders

Books procured from New-York every week by the Express, and delivered for Cash in Toronto at the New-York prices, with the addition only of Duty and Exchange. —English and American Catalogues of Books can be seen at H. & W. R's. The London Catalogue of New Publications received from

England every fortnight All kinds of PRINTING executed in a superior nanner, and at moderate prices. Toronto, June 26, 1845.

SOMETHING NEW!! HE Subscriber has just received, in addition to his former stock of Pianos, a splendid ROSEWOOD PIANO; Also, -something new for this country,

an Instrument well calculated for Parlour or Church Music. A call is solicited. GEO. STEPHENS. Cobourg, 11th June, 1845.

AN ORGANISED SERAPHINE,

ONE MILLION AND A HALF ACRES OF LAND IN UPPER CANADA.

To Old Settlers, Emigrants and others,

THE CANABA COMPANY offer about the above stated quantity of Land, particularized in their Printed Lists of A this date. It consists of Lots of from 100 to 200 Acres each, scattered throughout the country—of Blocks containing from 1,000 to 10,000 Acres in the Western District, and of a very important territory of 700,000 in the Huron Tract—90 miles South of Owen's Sound. These Lands are offered on the most advantageous and beneficial terms to suit the means or views of Settlers of every description; they may be had for Cash down—one-fifth Cash, and the remainder of the Purchase Money in five Annual Instalments, with Interest—of by way of LEASE for TEN YEARS—NO MONEY REFING REQUIRED BOWN. The Rents payable 1st February them the Company's Settler has secured to him the entire benefit of the Land. The peculiarity of the Company's Leases is, that under the right of purchase of the Land at a fixed price named in the Lease, at which he may at any time during the Ten Years, definand the Deed for the Frechold:—thus, for example, by paying the moderate annual Rent of \$12, and no more, upon one hundred Agres of Land now selling at 10s, per Acre, he secures the use of the Land for 10 years, and then, if he chooses, he may purchase or reject it altogether, as he may find it to his advantage,—the option being entirely with the Lessee.

The SETTLERS SAUNGS NANK he which the Cerese.

The SETTLERS' SAVINGS BANK, by which the Company allow their Lessees Interest at 6 per cent. per annum on Monies deposited,—the amount being always at their disposal without notice, with daily interest accrued,—will enable the provident and industrious Settler to accumulate sufficient means to purchase the Land he Leases, if he choose so to do.

By the EMIGRANTS' DEPOSIT BANK, the Company allow istrement at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, upon monies deposited by Emigrants, for any period not less than 90 days—the money being always at the disposal of the Emigrant without notice.

The Company will REMIT any sum of money for SETTLERS to their Friends at HOME, by placing the amounts in the hands of Last year the Company sent home in this manner, £4 141. 12s. 7d. from 265 Settlers.

The Company will REMIT are sum of money from EUROPE to CANADA by Letters of Carlley and the Canada.

The Company will REMIT are sum of money from EUROPE to CANADA by Letters of Carlley and the Canada. The Company will REMIT any sum of money from EUROPE to CANADA, by Letters of Credit upon their Commissioners in the

Every kind of information upon Canada, and Directions that can be useful to intending Emigrants, can be obtained free of expense, at the Company's Office, St. Helen's Place, London.

The new Printed Lists, (to be seen at every Post Office and Store in Upper Canada) and any information can be obtained, free of harge, upon application, (if by letter pest-paid) at the Company's Office, Goderich, as regards the Huron Lands—at Frederick Street, counts, as regards all other Lands—Reinittances and Deposits of Money, &c. CANABA COMPANY'S OFFICE, Frederick Street, Toronto, 2nd June, 1845.

JUST PUBLISHED, A KEY TO GERMAN CONVERSATION, CONSISTING of FAMILIAR DIALOGUES, &c., calculated to facilitate the acquisition of that Language,

BOOKS and STATIONERY.

OPPOSITE THE ALBION HOTEL, Consisting of Bibles, Prayer and Psalm Books, Reward Books, and various New and Popular Works.

ALSO: Ledgers, Journals, Cash, Day and Memorandum Books, Writing and Drawing Papers of all kinds, together with a good assortment of

Music, and Fancy Stationery. He trusts by attention to business, and moderation in his charges, to receive a share of public support.

CHARLES BOYER. C. B. has made arrangements to establish a

Cobourg, 1st June, 1845. A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT BOOKS AND TRACTS

CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

HAS JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT THE DEPOSITORY OF The Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto. Catalogues are in course of preparatio

NEW GOODS. No. 2, WELLINGTON BUILDINGS. G. & T. BILTON.

(SUCCESSORS TO T. J. PRESTON,) GRATEFUL to a discerning Public for a continuation of the favours they have so long enjoyed, have now the pleasure of announcing, that they have received, per *Great Britain* and other vessels, an extensive assortment of choice Goods, consisting of the best West of England Cloths, Cassimars, res, &c. in great variety and of the richest styles. Their stock of

SPLENDID VESTINGS. Scarfs, Gloves, Silk Stocks, Caps, Suspenders, &c. &c. are very complete;—in fact their present stock has been selected with a view to render their Establishment inferior to none in Canada. In the TAILORING DEPARTMENT, the same attention shall be paid to the execution of orders which has been heretofore successfully practised by them.

Toronte, May 21, 1845. RICHARD SCORE,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR, EEPS constantly on hand a supply of WEST OF ENG-LAND BROAD CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, and RICH VESTINGS, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to nerit a share of public patronage and support. N.B .- UNIVERSITY WORK done in all its different orders also, Judges, Queen's Counsel, and Barristers' Robes, in the

Toronto, July 1st, 1845. 1845. New Summer Goods. J. HOLMAN,

nost approved style, and on moderate terms.

the premises. TAILOR AND DRAPER, IN tendering his grateful acknowledgements to his customers for their continued patronage and support, would respectfully beg leave to invite their attention, as well as that of the public generally, to his new Stock of SUMMER GOODS, which he has just received. They consist of the best

WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS, BLACK & FIGURED CASSIMERES, Striped Fancy Doeskins, Plain and Figured Summer Tweeds, Linen Drills, &c. &c. ALSO,

A very Superior Assortment of Vestings, CONSISTING OF

Washing Satins, Plain, White, & Figured Marseilles, White and Buff Cassimeres, Silk Plushes, &c. The above Goods are all of this year's importation, and are refore of the newest and most fashionable description .-He has also a good assortment of

Gentlemen's Cravats, Suspenders, Collars, &c. J. H. would avail himself of this opportunity to assure his old Customers, as well as those who may hereafter favour him with their patronage, that their orders shall be executed with PROMPTNESS, and in a style of workmanship not to be surpassed by any similar Establishment in Canada, - and at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, for CASH, or short approved credit.

Cobourg, June 2nd, 1845. JOHN C. BETTRIDGE, YONGE STREET, TORONTO,

HAS just received from the English, French, and American Maskets, an extensive Stock of GENUINE, PATENT AND OTHER MEDICINES: Drugs, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Colours, Varnishes; GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS; AND EVERY OTHER ARTICLE USUALLY KEPT BY

CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, AND GROCERS. All of which he is prepared to sell, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, On as Liberal Terms as can be obtained in Canada West. An able Assistant has been engaged to superintend

the Drug Department. PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPAR.ED Toronto, July, 1845.

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have received their usual SPRING IMPORTATIONS, to which they beg to invite the tion of the Trade. In addition to their usual assortm their new Premises enable them to offer to their correspondents

Assorted, in Hhds. and Tierces, &c. &c. MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co. Yonge Street, Toronto, 411-13 1845.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS. THE Subscribers beg leave to announce to the inhabitants of Toronto and surrounding country, that they have taken the Shop and Premises lately occupied by Messrs.

In London, on the 20th May, Charles John, son of Charles Richard Ogden, Esq., formerly her Majesty's Attorney General for Lower Canada and now holding the office in the Isle of Man.

No. 173, King Street, Toronto. Where they will open in a few days an extensive and varied assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS. Their Stock will be found to consist of English and French Goods, which they will dispose of at the smallest remunerating profit.

413-6 Toronto, May 1st, 1845. CREIGHTON & HALL. 408-2m

NEW GOODS. THE SUBSCRIBER is now opening several cases of SPRING GOODS from the New-York Market, consisting of plain and figured Satin, Silk, and Barege Shawls and Scarfs. Also, Balzarine and Mousline de laine Dresses, of the newest styles. Plain and fancy Parasols. French flowers, tabs, gloves and ribbons. Gentlemen's satin scarfs. Beaver, Paris silk, and other HATS. Straw and drawn BONNETS, with a great variety of other articles suitable for the season

Third door west of the Montreal Bank,
Cobourg, May 12th, 1845. [409-tf] King Street.

PETER MORGAN,

PAPER-HANGINGS. THE undersigned is daily expecting a large assortment of ENGLISH PAPER-HANGINGS, ex the W. Lushington, lately arrived at English Prices, (exclusive of the charges.)

P. PATERSON. W. Lushington, lately arrived at Quebec, which will be sold

Toronto, 27th May, 1845.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS. THE undersigned is now receiving by the different vessels arrived at Montreal his Spring Importations, com-

prising a very complete assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS. P. PATERSON. Toronto, 27th May, 1845.



BOOK-BINDING AND STATIONERY. OODEVE & CORRIGAL beg to intimate to their friends, that they have now in connexion with their

Book and Stationery Store, a Book-binding and Paper-ruling Establishment, and are now prepared to execute Book-binding and Ruling to any pattern, and of every description.

Account, School and Toy Books, and Stationery of every

description, always on hand Cobourg, 15th May, 1845. THOMAS II. EDMUNDS,

TAILOR, ROBE MAKER, AND DRAPER, NO. 2, CHURCH STREET, TORONTO, In returning his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support hitherto extended to him, would beg most respectfully to inform them that he has just received (per Great Britain from London,) a large assortjust received (per Great Britain from London,) a large assortment of Goods, adapted for the present and coming seasons, which, for quality and elegance, cannot be surpassed in the Province. Also, materials for University, Barrister's, and Clergymen's Robes, from Adam & Edes, Robe Maker to her Majesty's High Court of Exchequer, Chancery Lane, London. And as the advertiser has had considerable experience in Robe making, as well as all other branches of his business, be hopes, by unremitting attention to business, to merit that patronage which it will ever be his study to deserve.

Toronto, May 23, 1844.

385-tf

Toronto, May 23, 1844. TRENT CHURCH. is to the TRENT CHURCH, residing in and about Cobourg, are requested to pay their respective Subscriptions to BENJAMIN CLARK, Esq., who holds a list of their names, and is duly authorised to receive the same.

(Signed) SHELDON HAWLEY,

Treasurer to the Building Committee

Farm for Sale. OR SALE, the South-East quarter of Lot No. 17, in the 4th Concession of the Township of Hamilton

40 Acres of which are cleared. The Land is well watered, and in a high state of cultivation. For terms of payment, &c. enquire of the Subscriber on

February 20, 1845.

THOMAS CROSSAN. Hamilton, 12th June, 1845. BANK STOCK. FOR SALE by the undersigned, EIGHTY-FOUR Shares in the BANK OF UPPER CANADA. MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co.

Coronto, 16th June, 1845. WOOL. THE highest market price will be paid in Cash for WOOLA at the Ontario Mills Woollen Factory, Cobourg, by the

S. E. MACKECHNIE. Cobourg, June 12, 1845 N. B.—Growers of Wool who may prefer it, will have an opportunity of exchanging any portion of their Wool for Cloth.

413-tf

MONTREAL TYPE FOUNDRY. To the Printers and Proprietors of Newspapers

THE Undersigned having purchased the above Establishment, begs to solicit a continuance of the patronage which has been heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him as Agent to the Foundry. Agent to the Foundry.

Having revised and greatly added to the material, he can
confidently recommend the Type now manufactured by him as
equal to any manufactured on this Continent.

The services of an experienced practical man have been

in Canada, Nova Scotia, &c.

engaged in the mechanical department, and the Printers in this city are confidently appealed to as to the beauty and quality of the Type now cast in this Foundry.

A specimen will be shortly issued when the Proprietor will

do himself the pleasure of waiting upon the Trade; in the meantime, he will be happy to see or hear from those inclined give him their support.
PRICES the same as in the United States.

Old Type taken in Exchange for new at 6d. per lb. Printers? Materials, and any article not manufactured in Montreal, brought in from New York at 20 per cent. advance-CHAS. T. PALSGRAVE.

BIRTHS. At Toronto, on the 1st instant, the lady of Samuel G. Ridout, Esq., of a son. On the 30th June, the lady of the Hon. J. H. Dunn, of a daughter. MARRIED.

By the Rev. W. Leeming, Rector of Chippawa, on the 26th ultimo, Hugh Taylor, Esq., Advocate, of Montreal, to Amelia, eighth daughter of James Buchanan, Esq., of Niagara Falls, and formerly her Majesty's Consul at New York. On the 1st instant, at the residence of Lieut, Col. Gourlay, Bar and Hoop Iron. Steel, Castings, &c. near Hamilton, C. W., by the Rev. L. I Alexander, Saltfleet, Major Elijah Second, of St Mary's, Barton, to Ann Maria.

second daughter of the late Captain Alexander Norham, North Durham, and formerly of the 23d Royal Welsh At Wilton Place, England, the Hon. Henry George Howard, youngest son of the Earl of Carlisle, to Mary Wellesley daughter of John Mactavish, Esq., of Montreal, and niece of

the Marchioness Wellesley. DIED.

Letters received during the week ending Thursday, July 10: Rev. J. Wilson, add. sub.; Rev. W. Leeming; Capt. Grundy; Rev. J. Wilson, add. sub.; Rev. W. Leening, Caps. Grundy, Rev. R. Garrett, rem; Rev. J. Deacon, (much obliged); Rev. G. C. Street; Mr. J. Batlan; Rev. W. J. D. Waddilove; Rev. E. J. Boswell, rem.; Rev. J. Carey, rem.; J. Wilmot, Esq.; Lord Bishop of Toronto; T. Champion, Esq.; H. Rowsell, Esq.; M. C. Crombie, Esq., rem.; Rev. G. Grout, add. sub.; W. H. Rottum, Esq., rem.; D. Buck, Esq., rem. W. H. Bottum, Esq., rem.; D. Buck, Esq., rem.

L. W. too late for this week. BETA under consideration.