

is a good one. The market is swarming with pretenders.

CLASSIC.—Yes. Copies of Liddell & Scott's Greek Lexicon, seventh edition, have arrived in this country. See the advertisement in *Harper's Magazine*. It is in 4to. sheep, and the price is \$10.

TUTOR.—Jerram's Second Book of the Anabasis (Clarendon Press Series), is a very scholarly little book, and critically exact in points of syntax.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, ONTARIO.

DECEMBER, 1882.—SPECIAL EXAMINATION.

Intermediate.

LATIN.

I.

Translate :

Carus fuit Africano superiori noster Ennius ; itaque etiam in sepulcro Scipionum putatur is esse constitutus ex marmore. At iis laudibus certe non solum ipse qui laudatur, sed etiam populi Romani nomen ornatur. In cœlum hujus *proavus* Cato tollitur ; magnus honos populi Romani rebus adjungitur. Omnes denique illi Maximi, Marcelli, Fulvii non sine communi omnium nostrum laude decorantur. Ergo illum, qui hæc fecerat, *Rudinum* hominem majores nostri in civitatem *receperunt* : nos hunc Heracleensem, multis civitatibus *expetitur*, in hac autem legibus constitutum, de nostra civitate ejiciemus ?

—Cicero, *Pro Archia*.

1. Mark the quantity of the penult of all words printed in italics in this extract.

2. Parse and conjugate the following verbs : *tollitur*, *receperunt*, *expetitur*, *ejiciemus*.

3. Write brief notes on the proper substantives and adjectives in the extract, except *Scipionum* and *Romani*.

4. *Constitutus*. When may a nominative accompany an infinitive ?

5. *Hujus*. To whom does this pronoun refer ?

6. *Honos*. Give the ordinary form of this word.

7. *Nostrum laude*. Parse.

8. *Fecerat*. Why not subjunctive ?

9. *Multis civitatibus expetitur*. Explain, and parse *civitatis*.

10. To what political party did Cicero belong ? Give the date and place of his birth, and the date and manner of his death.

II.

Translate :

Eadem nocte accidit, ut esset luna plena, qui dies *maritimos* æstus maximos in *Oceano* efficere consuevit ; nostrisque id erat incognitum. Ita uno tempore et longas naves, quibus Cæsar exercitum transportandum curaverat quasque in aridum subduxerat, æstus complebat, et onerarias, quæ ad *ancoras* erant deligatæ, tempestas afflictabat, neque ulla nostris facultas aut administrandi, aut auxiliandi, dabatur. Compluribus navibus fractis, *reliquis* quum essent—funibus, anchoris reliquisque armamentis amissis—ad navigandum *inutiles*, magna (id quod necesse erat accidere), *totius* exercitus perturbatio facta est. Neque enim naves erant aliæ, quibus reportari possent, et omnia *deerrant*, quæ ad reficiendas naves erant usui, et, quod omnibus constabat hiemari in Gallia oportere, frumentum his in locis in *hiemen* provisum non erat.

—Cæsar, *Bell. Britann.*

1. Mark the quantity of all words printed in italics.

2. Parse and conjugate the following verbs : *accidit*, *consuevit*, *transportandum*, *dabatur*, *facta est*, *possent*, *deerrant*, *constabat*, *provisum erat*.

3. *Accidit*. What other impersonal verbs are followed by *ut* with subj. ?

4. *esset*. Why is the imperf. subj. here used ?

5. *luna plena*. How does this circumstance determine the exact date of Cæsar's expedition ?

6. *incognitum*. Account for the ignorance of this phenomenon shown by the Romans.

7. *administrandi*. Supply the object.

8. *usui*. Parse.

9. *oportere*. Parse. Translate : "I ought to do this. You ought to have done this."