

ALL ABOUT ONTARIO'S SCHOOLS.

The Annual Report of the Minister of Education—Brimsful of Statistics and Valuable Information.

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The schools of the Roman Catholic separate school system in 1948, being 8 more than last year. The expenditure was \$264,440, and the number of pupils 1,685. The number of teachers 549, an increase of 55. The number of pupils per teacher 3.05. The cities 56 per cent, and in towns 61 per cent. J. F. White, superintendent, said that the 248 teachers in the system were of the several religious orders, some of whom had previous training in the United States. Secular teachers before entering the community, of the lay teachers, had to hold third-class certificates and two teachers had to hold first-class certificates. The French schools, with six teachers in each, they are all in the French language. They have been faithfully taught in all subjects. The school board, which the board divides their time between the two departments, but in all the schools, with a few exceptions, the results have been good. The pupils are given a good knowledge of written and spoken English. The training of the teachers is good.

The report of Cornelius D. Ryan, superintendent of the Roman Catholic separate schools, says nothing about the certificates in the schools. The French schools, with six teachers in each, they are all in the French language. They have been faithfully taught in all subjects. The school board, which the board divides their time between the two departments, but in all the schools, with a few exceptions, the results have been good. The pupils are given a good knowledge of written and spoken English. The training of the teachers is good.

Protestant Separate Schools. There are Protestant separate schools in Antigonish, St. John's, St. Charles, St. Osgoode, St. Omer, St. Joseph, St. Michael, Rama, L'Orignal and Penetanguishene. The total receipts were \$7656 and the expenses \$5589. The number of pupils was 463. The total number of pupils was 500.

High Schools. The number of high schools was 13. The increase over the preceding year of 8, 477 teachers, an increase of 500. The average attendance was 564.38. The total expenditure was \$68,582. The number of pupils in the high school system is the increase in the attendance, the number of pupils in the high schools.

The total number of pupils attending separate classes in the high schools was 520,827, and the grand total amount was \$1,000,000. The total amount of the high figure of \$6,146,870. This represents the most encouraging financial condition of the province.

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been established within the past 50 years, and no one paid to the teaching of English. When first 1885—in both England and America—the service of teachers qualified for instruction in both languages was established, it was generally assumed that the teaching of English is considered as good progress has been made. It is, however, to be expected that it is to be learned that little or no English is spoken at the homes of some few, before at the school, were acquainted with English. They have a mother tongue, and they have appeared to have the faculty of easily learning English. It is not possible to possess of acquiring French from English. Formerly the principal obstacle to the teaching of English in the schools consisted in the teachers' poor reading, spelling and exercising into the possession of the pupils. The teacher's benefit to the pupils. No one is to be denied that a devoted teacher, in translation, a portion is set apart for instruction in that language. The Bilingual reader of the school. The Bilingual reader now used in some classes in many of the best of the schools. In many of them they are the only books which the pupils are to read. In many of the few of the classes read and translated the English lesson very creditably. It is possible to give the pupils the simple explanations. In schools in special attention has been given to the study of the Bilingual reader, the pupils are not so good and readily answered questions. The satisfaction of the pupils in the study of English may be expected to be the same. The Bilingual reader is the pupil's study of the Bilingual reader from the lowest to the highest. The pupils are becoming acquainted with many of the words and the things. The limited English language passed by many of the pupils. The French language is in measure due to their not having taught both languages. The pupils are understanding the many ideas

With one or two exceptions the teachers could express themselves reasonably well in English. The majority of the teachers had received a supplementary instruction in that language. Some of those whose knowledge of English was slight were unable to express themselves about their work. Others not so qualified could not be secured.

In schools in which the pupils understood English, all communications between the teachers and the pupils were in English. The management of the schools were in English. In the majority, however, owing to the pupils' lack of knowledge of English, French was used in most cases.

The Inspector has directed the attention of the teachers to the observations made by the Inspector in the Department respecting this matter. At the suggestion of Inspector Durfot one-half hour (8.30 p.m.—4 p.m.) is reserved for religious instruction in the schools. The Inspector has issued a circular resolution to the effect that the usual school work should cease at 3.30 p.m., and that the exercise period should be taken at 4.30 p.m. and referred to.

Public Libraries and Mechanics' Institutes in the Plantagen (French) Model School

1. The principal cause which retarded the satisfactory progress of the school, though almost entirely removed.

2. Landable as well as unaccomplished teachers, and the absence of any knowledge of the English language in all the schools, one or two exceptions only in English, in those of the few teachers who were the cause of the backwardness of the instruction.

3. Inspector Dufour is using his power and influence in having regulations issued.

Public Libraries and Mechanics' Institutes

Dr. May has been very active in promoting the improvement of the work being done in Mechanics' Institutes, Free libraries, and schools and scientific institutions in the province.

It is now being done as a rule, the people now more thoroughly appreciate the value of the public libraries, and the importance of one of the necessities of civilized life, consequently the public libraries are being improved and avoided so far as possible such improvements as possible which are of great importance noticeable which he thought would

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provinces, with about 50,000 members and readers who have access to 3,000,000 volumes in the various provinces. The total number of volumes issued this year was 828,000.

As a grand showing for the year, the library system of Ontario, and in proportion to our wealth and population, is the best in the world. The libraries in the other countries, but notwithstanding the assistance of the Ontario Government, are generally poor. The libraries in the United States are generally handi-capped by the excessive duties they have to pay on books imported from the United Kingdom. The same, annually paid by merchant importers, is a large sum, and if the duties were reduced, the book trade in this country would be greatly benefited and expended for the increase of libraries.

Reports from all the art schools in the province appended except from the Toronto Art School.

We Drink Sewage Water.
Editor World: Six million gallons of
treated sewage is pumped from our ba-
sin into our city every day, a state of affairs
has been allowed to exist since last

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the chief elements of organic matter. The weight of organic carbon present is taken as an indication of the amount of organic matter with which the water is contaminated. And the origin of the organic matter, whether animal or vegetable, can be determined by the analysis of the carbon. The elements of the animal and vegetable series in which the two elements are present in the same proportions are found. I still appeal for an engineer for our health office.

CATZ, CHARLES HOBBS, D.D., U.S.E.

Mothers Attend Their Own Children.

It is worthy of note that for some length of time mothers in Canada and the United States have themselves been caring for their children who suffer from colic. The mothers' favorite remedy to-day is Faine's Calory Compound, a scientific preparation and entirely vegetable, and one which cannot harm the delicate constitution. A mother says: "Last spring my little girl four years old had a bilious attack; but the compound cured her in a few days."

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Constipation,
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Neuralgia,	Variocoele,
Lumbago,	Varicose Veins,
Nervous Complaints,	Worm Complaints,
Operative Surgery,	Epilepsy or Fits,
Dyspepsia,	Uterine Diseases,
Lame Back,	Lost Power.

RHEUMATISM.

It is not pleasant to be compelled to refer to the individual fact that medical science has utterly failed to afford relief in rheumatic cases. We venture, however, to assert that, although strictly, has only been in use as a remedial agent for some years, it has cured more cases of Rheumatism than all other means combined. Some of our leading physicians, recognizing this fact, are availing themselves of this most potent of Nature's forces in supplying defects and correcting irregularities.

past errors there is nothing to be
as applied by the Owen Electric Body Batter v.
Rest assured any doctor who would try to accom-
plish this by any kind of drugs is practising a
most dangerous form of charlatanism. Use the
Electric Cure and shun the drug stores.

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Ques. Beware of Imitations and Cheap Belts.

Our attention having been attracted to the many base imitations of "THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT," we desire to warn the public not to be deceived by the false statements of men calling themselves electricians, who, lacking brains sufficient to produce the Electric Belt of the OWEN ELECTRIC BELT CO., have copied as near as they can the appearance, but only in appearance, the "genuine" OWEN ELECTRIC BELT, that has stood the test of years, and with more than a continental reputation.

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PUBLICATION.

No. 5705. A BY-LAW,
To change the name of certain streets in Toronto.

(Passed December 28th, 1890.)

Whereas it is desirable to change the name of certain streets and avenues in various wards in the City of Toronto:

And whereas the Municipal Act requires every by-law changing the name of a street in a city or town to state the reasons for the change, and that the same should be presented to be subject to the approval of the Corporation of the City of Toronto, and

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto, causes as follows:

I.
ST. JOHN'S WARD.
Auburn-avenue.

That the name of the street heretofore known as Centre-street, extending from Armoury-street to Avenue-street, and adjacent between University-street and Church-street, in the Ward of St. John, is hereby changed to, and shall hereafter be known by and designated as Auburn-avenue; a lot of land lying between the property-owners of said street having been reserved asking for the change hereby made.

II.
ST. LAWRENCE WARD AND ST. MATTHEW'S WARD.
Blong-street.

That the name of the street heretofore known as Booth-avenue, and extending from the Grand Trunk Railway tracks southerly to Ashbridge's Bay, and situated between Logan-avenue, and St. Lawrence, is hereby changed to, and shall hereafter be known and designated as Blong-street, all of the said street having been dedicated and given as a public street by Mr. Blong, and the street formerly known as Blong-street being changed to Logan-avenue on the understanding that the said Booth-avenue should be changed to Blong-street and the change of name having been asked for by the residents on the street.

III.
ST. MATTHEW'S WARD.

Harrison-street

1. That the name of the street heretofore known as Harrison-street, extending northerly from Queen-street to First-street, and situated between Main-street and Broadway-avenue, in the Ward of St. Matthew, is hereby changed to Harrison-street, and the section of Harrison-street between Main-street and Broadway-avenue and designated as Harrison-street in the said municipality.

2. That the names of the streets heretofore known as Crutcher-street and Highland-avenue be changed to Blair-street, the said streets being a continuation of Blair-street.

IV.

ST. PAULI WARD.

Barton-street.

1. That the name of the street heretofore known as Lowther-avenue, extending from Brunswick-avenue to Salisbury-street, and situated between Wall-street and Third-street, in the Ward of St. Paul, is hereby changed to and designated as Barton-street, the section of Barton-street between Wall-street and Salisbury-street, and not in any way connected with Lowther-avenue, as extending easterly from Walmer-road to Avenue-road.

Lowther-avenue.

2. That the name of the street heretofore known as Brunswick-avenue, extending from Walmer-road to Brunswick-avenue, and situated between Salisbury-street and the corner of Walmer-road to Brunswick-avenue, in the Ward of St. Paul, is hereby changed to

3. The name of the street heretofore known as Van Horne-street, extending from Kendal-avenue to Bathurst-street, and situated between Wells-street and the Ontario St. Paul & Northern Pacific R.R. is hereby changed to and shall hereinafter be known and designated as Lowther-avenue, the said street being a continuation of Lowther-avenue, as extending easterly to Avenue-road.

* That the name of the street heretofore known as Moodie's Lane, extending from Park-road to Roedelinde-road and situated between
the streets heretofore known and designated as Ward Avenue, St. Paul, is hereby changed to and shall hereafter be known and designated as Harold-avenue,
formerly a lane, having been willed and made a good thoroughfare and the pro-
priores on the said street having requested the change hereby made.

V.
ST. STEPHEN'S WARD.
Yarmouth-road.

* That the name of the street heretofore known as Harold-avenue, extending
from Christie-street, westerly, and situated between Melville-street and
Garret-avenue, is the Ward of St. Stephen.
Whereby changed to and shall hereafter be known and designated as Manning-
avenue, formerly a road, having been willed and made a good thoroughfare and the
proprietors on the said street within the Municipality called old Yarmouth,

VI.

The Bylaw and all the changes therein provided are subject to the approval of the
Judge of the County Court of the County of York, and the same shall not take effect until
approved of by such Judge, after due notice has been given to the Municipal Act.

I certify that I have examined this Bill and that it is correct.

JOBAN BLEVING, City Clerk.

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