HAVE YOU READ THE WORLD THIS MORNING?

The World is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Canada. It knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public measures.

The World aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a metropolitan news paper.

The World is offered at a price which places it within the reach of all: $3 per annum; $1 for four months; 25 cts. for one month.

Gagging a Bishop.

Moved by Ald. Leslie, seconded by Ald. Lindsey, that if at any time during the lease of the streets of t 'is city for street railway purposes as per tenders to be received on the 3d of February next, a petition be presented to this council signed by five thousand ratepayers qualified to vote for members of this council, asking that the question of street cars on Sunday be submitted to the ratepayers, the said question shall be submitted in due course.—Carried.

By a vote of 30 to 9 the council of the City of Toronto passed the above resolution yesterday. Tell it abroad! Proclaim from high places the signal triumph of democracy, the vindication of the people's sovereignty. It was a glorious fight, well fought!

The credit of the city as a liberal and free community has been redeemed by the withdrawal of the gag put in the mouths of the people in December last.

Those too-zealous rectors of the Church of England in this city who met for the express purpose of putting a similar gag in the mouth of their more liberal-minded bishop had better take the lesson that this vote involves. It is just as tyrannical, nay, much more so, for a many to try and gag one as it is for a few to gag the many.

We are sorry that His Lordship weakened, even a particle; but we think it will be many a day before a similar attempt at gagging a bishop will be attempted, and our advice to these clerical gentlemen is they speedily withdraw the gag, just as the council has done.

The clergymen can make Mr. Watts' agnostic mission "hum" by showing themselves more illiberal than their fellows in other Canadian and British cities. Mr. Watts must consider it a real godsend.

The Care of the Poor.

Among the various methods of caring for the poor surely there is none so reprehensible as that of farming out their keep to private speculators. Men who make a business of caring for the poor—who study every branch of grinding economy, and see success in keeping alive at the lowest possible cost those entrusted to their care, are not fit instruments of charity. In such hands charity ceases to be such and becomes the meanest of modern enterprises. An investigation being conducted at present in Pennsylvania shows the bad results of a bad system. Families are, and have been for some time, living on bran, with occasional supplies of questionable meat.

The aged and infirm, the halt and maimed, are deserving of care from the robust and the prosperous. Edward Bellamy's argument that the maimed are co-heirs with the vigorous and strong in the wealth bequeathed us by past generations justly places this in a new light. Giving alms to the deserving is but doing justice to those unable to enforce their rights and too frail to exist without them.

American Whalers in Hudson Bay.

To adopt the suggestion that the Hudson Bay should be closed to American whalers for a term of years at least would not be a mere indulgence of vindictive reprisal. The result would warrant the act. Too long have the whales been harpooned in season and out of season by Americans who, in the unscrupulous desire for present gain, give the fish no chance for propagation.

The question of jurisdiction may of course be raised, but Great Britain, as the map will show, has much greater ground for claiming jurisdiction over Hudson Bay than the United States have as regards Behring Sea. It would be, however, inadvisable to start a dispute over Hudson Bay at this time, as raising such an issue would indirectly countenance the American claim and influence the proposed arbitration. That the Americans are carrying on a nefarious trade along the shores of Hudson Bay is matter for investigation.

The Newcastle (Eng.) Chronicle suggests that the Duke of Argyle be sent to America to replace Sir Julian Pauncefoot. The Duke is described as a man of ability whose attitude during the civil war was friendly to the Union. The writer believes the freedom allowed Blaine may prove a heritage of woe, and endorses the course of the British Government in notifying Washington that either the seizure or search of vessels under British protection will be resisted. The idea is advanced that the disaffection in New foundland has been stirred up by Americans.

A Belleville theatrical troupe visited Kingston and played to empty seats. Indifferent to the visiting artists and their throbbing hopes—to the manager and his silvery years—the Kingstonians remained quietly at home. Now Belleville tries to get even by calling Kingston a graveyard. The graveyard of theatrical ambitions!

It is announced that Governor Hill has accepted the Senatorship for New York. Hill was considered a possible candidate for the Presidency, and it was thought "he felt how far high failure overleaps the bounds of low successes," but he has seized a certainty.

The Emperor of China is a great reformer. He has abolished the rule making foreign ambassadors kiss his big toe.

"What is patriotism?" asked a Young Liberal in the debate last night. The teachings of the party leaders have borne speedy fruit.

The Colonel Helps a Good Beginning.

At last the police have arrested one of the professional beggars who infest our streets. William Callaghan was caught in the act of displaying scars on his arm and telling an unfounded tale of injuries by scalds. He will for 60 days have time to total up the easily earned profits of his winter's tale. Spite of protests from the House of Industry, the Ladies' Relief Society, the National Societies, and the Associated Charities, soft-hearted citizens will encourage such impostors.

In their repression there would be plenty of work for an active anti-mendicity officer in the city, much misplaced charity would be averted and sturdy rogues made to work instead of beg. "Of all the trades in England a-begging is the best" has almost become true in almsgiving and philanthropic Toronto.

A tribute at once to the power of the press and to the enterprise of the modern commercial world is the large number of journals throughout the country which are devoted exclusively to the interests of various lines of business. The latest of these is **The Canadian Drygoods Review.** It is a 20-page monthly, and devoted to the trade in drygoods, hats, caps, furs, millinery and clothing. A novel feature is a department for the commercial travelers of the trade. The ability with which the various departments are handled convinces the reader of the capability of the editor. The work is executed in the printer's best style. A good effect is produced by the employment of a number of vignets. It is published by The Drygoods Review Company, of which Mr. J. B. McLean is president. Mr. Charles Morrison is editor-in-chief and business manager. The World doubts not that a prosperous and useful career is before it.

Although the Duke of Bedford had an income of $300,000 a year, he died on the same day as John Gales, a pauper of Lincoln.

The Medical Health Officer of Peterboro pronounces that town the healthiest in Canada.

A Second Letter from Mr. E. W. Thomson.

Editor World: In referring to a recently published political letter of mine, some of the papers have been kind enough to attribute to me the position of former chief editor of The Globe. Neither the glory, authority, profit nor responsibility of that office was ever mine, and I am not willing either to appear surrounded by a halo of vanished magnificence, or to let that error add one jot of importance to my argument.

Such weight as may attach to anything I have written, or may in future write, about the Federal Opposition must belong wholly to the facts and arguments stated. I hope I am not silly enough to believe my name influential in itself, nor low enough to be a seeker after notoriety, yet I must, in mere self-respect, sign my name, lest I should feel cowardly in hiding behind a pseudonym when treating Opposition matters as an old member of that party, and one who thinks its fame and future sure to suffer from any lack, or appearance of lack, of candor in those who purport to have a valid title to speak for it.

The imputation that I desire to give aid and comfort to the Ministerialists cannot come from any Liberal who wishes his party to be led in a fair, square, above-board, Laurier-like manner, and if you, Messrs. Editors, or any Ministerialists, derive satisfaction from my remarks, that can be only because you, and not I, presume that the Opposition will be embarrassed instead of assisted by a distinct avowal of all that unrestricted reciprocity implies.

To my mind one of the greatest merits of the policy is that it involves Direct Taxation on a Great Scale, and therefore requires an earnest educational campaign, continued if necessary, through a succession of defeats, as the campaign for Rep. by Pop. was, with intent to recommend direct taxation as preferable to indirect taxation. George Brown thought so; The Globe of old preached so. I have never yet talked on the matter with a Liberal who did not declare a preference for direct taxation when privately pressed for his opinion. The one objection commonly urged by politicians is that the people will not vote for direct taxation. If this be true, and nobody can dogmatize that it is till the people shall have been polled on the question, then it is surely plain that the electors will never vote for a policy that implies direct taxation till after they shall have been converted to favoring the method.

This is the position of an orthodox Liberal who does not believe his party can be either right, or successful, or deserving of success, unless its leaders fully declare their aims, expose their proceedings and recommend whatever their policy implies. I have yet to see Mr. Mowat or his colleagues shirking any discussion that may arise from any feature of his policy, and the long series of victories won by the Mowat Administration amount to so many lessons that perfect honesty and candor are, for Liberals, the best party strategy.

E. W. THOMSON.

Toronto, Jan. 19.

Re the Health Officer.

Editor World: In answer to Dr. Pyne's analyses of Jan. 17, I will state that the diseases conveyed through water are believed to lurk in certain bacteria or low organisms which have not yet been identified. The existence of such organisms is, however, not a mere matter of speculation, for it is generally admitted that at least splenic fever, pig typhoid, cholera morbus poules or fowl cholera and relapsing fever are produced by bodies of this nature, which cannot be distinguished by chemical analysis. Prof. Huxley put the question at issue very tersely a few months ago at a discussion on river water in the Chemical Society by asking the president if there was any known method by which, if a drop of Pasteur's solution were placed in a gallon of water, its constituents could be estimated. The president answered that "it was doubtful;" when Prof. Huxley went on to show that every cubic inch of that gallon of water would contain from 50,000 to 100,000 bacteria, and one drop of it would be capable of exciting a putrefactive fermentation in any substance capable of undergoing that fermentation. "For purposes of health," he added, "the human body may be considered as such a substance, and we may conceive of a water containing such organisms, which may be as pure as can be as regards chemical analysis, and yet be, as regards the human body, as deadly as prussic acid."

Hence, I would recommend an engineer for our health officer.

CHARLES HOOD, M.E.

Where are the Pioneers?

Editor World: Ald. E. A. Macdonald did the citizens of Toronto good service in frustrating the little scheme of naming the Island Park Irwin Park. Are there no historic names identified with Toronto and its surroundings? Sir William Johnston, Lord Dorchester, Governor Simcoe, Lord Elgin, Dufferin, or could we not give the park a grand Indian name such as Mississaga, Cataraqui, Siasconset—grand and sonorous names redolent of the soil on which we live. Where are the York Pioneers that they should stand idly by?

YORK.

Irwin Park.

Editor World: I am glad to see that the eminent services of ex-Ald. John Irwin are to be recognized. It is proposed to call the Island park after him. There is something nearer and dearer to us all with which Mr. Irwin was closely identified. I refer to the payment of $6000 per annum to the University to save the park. I would suggest that this payment be called the John Irwin Compulsory-Testimonial to the University.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON,

No.

Editor World: To decide a difference of opinion kindly say if when we are getting water from Lake Simcoe, the pressure of the weight of water, outside of all artificial pressure, would force a stream of water in the heart of the city higher than the level of the water in Lake Simcoe. In other words can water force itself in any case higher than its own level? AQUA PURA.

Cod Liver Oil.

This valuable medicine for weak lungs and debility is frequently rendered unavailable by its strong odor and taste. Caswell, Massey & Co's. Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with pepsin and quinine, entirely overcomes these objections. See letters from leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal, and all druggists. ed

Mrs. W. J. Lang, Bethany, Ont., writes: "I was one of the greatest sufferers for about fifteen months with a disease of my ear similar to ulcers, causing entire deafness. I tried everything that could be done through medical skill, but without relief. As a last resort, I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and in ten minutes found relief. I continued using it, and in a short time my ear was cured and hearing completely restored. I have used this wonderful healer successfully in cases of inflammation of the lungs, sore throat, coughs and colds, cuts and bruises, &c., in fact in a our family medicine.

Workingmen's Chance

at McKendry's great January sale. There are offered men's wool socks, 10c a pair; men's wool undervests, 39c and 50c, worth 75c; boys' wool shirts, worth 50c, for 25c; men's wool cardigans, were $1.50 and $1.75, for 75c and $1; and bring your wife, who can get a dolman or ulster as low as $3. A wonderful sale at 278 Yonge-street. 246

Messrs. Stott & Jury, chemists, Bowmanville, write: "We would direct attention to Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, which is giving perfect satisfaction to our numerous customers. All the preparations manufactured by this well-known house are among the most reliable in the market.

Watson's Cough Drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest, for the voice unequalled. Try them.

"How to Take a Life."—See Next Saturday's World.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N.Y., writes "I have been afflicted for nearly a year with the most-to-be-dreaded disease, Dyspepsia, and a times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended, I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

TORONTO'S NEW COUNCIL.

Inaugural Meeting—The Mayor's Message—It Was a Doleful Tale—This Year's Committees.

The City Council for 1891 foregathered in proper form yesterday morning. The hour of meeting was 11 a.m., but it was not until 11½ that the Mayor took his seat on the throne he has occupied in the council chamber for the past three years.

There was a full attendance of aldermen. When the roll was called these took their seats: J. E. Verral, George Verral, Stewart, Stanley, Small, Shaw, Score, Saunders, Rose, Phillips, Park, Pape, Orr, McMurrich, McMath, McDougall, Maloney, Macdonald, Lucas, Lindsey, Leslie, Kerr, Jolliffe, Hill, Hewitt, Hallam, Hall, Grenam, Gowanlock, Gillespie, Gibbs, Foster, Farquhar, Burns, Boustead, Bell, Bailey, Atkinson, Allen.

There was a big crush of people anxious to witness the inaugural proceedings, but it was not at all like the crowd of a year ago. Prominent faces were absent in the throng. Hon. G. W. Allan was present, as also Vicar-General Rooney. There was a fair sprinkling of ex-aldermen, public and separate school trustees and city officials, but outside of these and a strong labor delegation there was no marked feature in the mass of humanity which packed the gallery, and swayed to and fro outside the guard rails. Within, however the charmed circle everything was bright and gay. Ladies had seized nearly every seat, and the majority of the aldermen had to stand during the morning proceedings. A force of police in charge of Inspectors Ward and Stephen had been detailed to preserve order and keep the passages clear, but they found this too heavy a job. The throng was so great that Ald. Leslie, McDougall, Lindsey, Hewitt, George Verral, J. E. Verral and Gowanlock were unable to penetrate the chamber and had to answer the roll call from the hall. There were some handsome evergreens scattered through the chamber, and the national flag graced the walls.

The proceedings were quiet, and, had it not been for the Sunday car light, which livened things up in the afternoon, they would have been extremely tame. Rev. D. J. Macdonnell offered the opening prayer, after which the Mayor and aldermen subscribed the oath of office.

His Worship's Message.

The Mayor's inaugural address followed.

It first dealt with the civic finances, recommending the curtailing of the local improvement, and in no case making the time for repayment of the cost more than 10 years, and the reduction to five years of the time for paying for wooden sidewalks. The general city debt for 1890 he placed at $12,310,415, as against $11,474,941 in 1889. He again invited the Trades and Labor Council, Citizens' Association and Board of Trade to aid in the settlement of the Esplanade question. Touching the Don Improvements he is delighted that some return is shortly to be expected from the large outlay, as the G. T. R. is desirous of securing a strip of it at an annual rental. He further declares that the new Queen-street bridge across the Don is to be of steel, 80 feet wide, and to cost $230,000. The Street Railway arbitration has progressed satisfactorily and Mayor Clarke believes that the citizens have every reason to be satisfied with the progress of the arbitration up to date.

The chief magistrate in a lengthy dissertation on the Board of Works is emphatic in believing that the City Engineer was the right man in the right place, and hoped that the work of constructing the Dundas-street bridges will be proceeded with this year. He practically declares himself against the syndicate having anything to do with Ashbridge's Bay, and praises the immediate construction of a trunk sewer. He believes in day labor for many reasons, but particularly because it is economical.

The inaugural address is peculiarly severe on the Waterworks Department. He regrets he cannot praise it as he did on the occasion of his first inaugural address. He winds up this section of the report by stating that there must be an investigation into the alleged illegal methods of raising money charged against the department, and recommends that in future the City Engineer have full control of the engineering work of the department. The sanitary condition of the city is fairly satisfactory. In conclusion he praises up the Fire Brigade, the Police Force, Capt. W. P. McMaster for his services to the Exhibition Association, and in a final paragraph says that Ald. McDougall's civic reform scheme is the proper one to adopt.

This Year's Committees.

The committees were struck as follows:

Executive: McMath, Burns, Gibbs, Gillespie, Lindsey, Leslie, Jolliffe, Farquhar, Saunders, McDougall, Score, Hallam, Graham.

Board of Works: Atkinson, Burns, Allen, Verral George, Hall, Stanley, Small, Orr, Macdonald, Lucas, Shaw, Bailey, Hewitt.

Waterworks: Gowanlock, Kerr, Allen, Gillespie, Boustead, Rose, Pape, Lindsey, Leslie, Phillips, Hill, Bailey, Park.

Fire and Gas: Gowanlock, Kerr, Foster, McMurrich, Boustead, Score, Small, Maloney, Stewart, Jolliffe, Shaw, Bell, Hewitt.

Property: Gowanlock, Kerr, Allen, McMurrich, McDougall, Stanley, Orr, Leslie, Phillips, Small, Saunders, Bailey, Farquhar.

Markets and License: McMath, Verral J. E., Foster, Verral George, Hall, Stanley, Pape, Maloney, Stewart, Jolliffe, Saunders, Bell, Park.

Parks and Gardens: McMath, Verral J. E., Gibbs, Verral George, Boustead, Score, Hallam, Maloney, Macdonald, Lucas, Hill, Graham, Hewitt.

Legislation: Atkinson, Kerr, Allen, Gillespie, McDougall, Rose, Hallam, Lindsey, Phillips, Saunders, Bell, Park, Leslie.

Reception: Atkinson, Verral J.E., Foster, McMurrich, Boustead, Rose, Pape, Orr, Macdonald, Lucas, Shaw, Graham, Farquhar.

Courthouse: Gowanlock, Burns, Gillespie, Hall, Stanley, Small, Maloney, Stewart, Lucas, Gibbs, Hill, Bell, Hewitt.

At 3 o'clock the council again convened to accept the report of the Striking Committee, with Ald. Allen in the chair. The executive was first taken up. The draft presented by the committee was adopted. In the property's draft Ald. Park's name was substituted for that of Ald. Farquhar, and Ald. Park dropped out of the markets and license to make way for Ald. Farquhar. When the Reception Committee was reached Ald. Hallam moved that it be removed from the list of standing committees but was declared out of order. Ald. Burns was substituted for Ald. Kerr in the Legislation Committee by mutual consent.

The Street Railway Franchise Committee was constituted as follows: Shaw, Saunders, Bell, Gibbs, Hewitt, Atkinson, Leslie, Hallam, Gillespie, J. E. Verral, Lindsey, Jolliffe, McDougall and Hall.

The Esplanade Special Committee: Shaw, Lindsey, Boustead, Gibbs, Parks, McDougall, J. E. Verral, Atkinson, Burns, Phillips, Macdonald, Small, Score, Bailey, George Verral, Saunders, Lucas and the Mayor.

Ashbridge's Bay Committee: Gowanlock, Burns, Leslie, G. Verral, Allen, Hall, Score, Pape, Macdonald, Jolliffe, Shaw, Bell, Hewitt, Small and Lindsey.

Court of Revision: Hewitt, Bailey, Macdonald, Lucas, Lindsey.

Civic Reform Committee: Lucas, Graham, McMath, Rose, Shaw, Leslie, Hallam, Orr, Gibbs, Hewitt, Gillespie, J. E. Verral, Pape, McDougall, Lindsey.

Level Crossings Committee: Pape, Hallam, Leslie, Burns, Maloney, Saunders, George Verral, Phillips, Hall, Allen, Bell, Shaw.

At this point Ald. Gillespie moved that notice be sent to the Board of Trade, Citizens' Association and Trades and Labor Council to name representatives on the Joint Esplanade Committee, but it was relegated to a future date.

The Local Board of Health was fixed as follows: Foster, Small, Hill, Kerr, Orr, Lucas, Graham, the Mayor.

The council appointed these representatives on the High School Board for 1891-2: W. S. Lee, W. C. Beddome, James Lobb, Miss M. Carty, Mrs. Dr. O'Connor, Miss M. Wilkes.

These appointments followed: Grey & Bruce Railroad director, Ald. Bailey; Midland Railroad director, Ald. Lucas; Ontario & Quebec Railroad director, Ald. J. E. Verral; two members to the Harbor Trust, Ald. Hallam and Graham; three members on the Industrial School Board, Ald. Rose, McMath, Macdonald.

The aldermen with the Mayor in the chair proceeded to settle the chairmanships of the various committees, with this result:

Executive—Ald. Saunders.
Board of Works—Ald. Shaw.
Waterworks—Ald. Hill.
Fire and Light—Ald. Bell.
Markets and License—Ald. George Verral.
Property—Ald. Small.
Parks and Gardens—Ald. Score.
Reception—Ald. Boustead.
Legislation—Ald. Gillespie.
Courthouse—Ald. Gibbs.
Local Board of Health—Ald. Graham.
Court of Revision—Ald. Hewitt.

Suburban Councils.

The new council of East Toronto Village met in the Public Hall, Main-street, yesterday morning, when the usual oaths of office were taken in due form. A special organization meeting will be held to-morrow.

"How to Take a Life."—See Next Saturday's World.

Have you seen or heard of the new Corn Cure, to be had of H. C. Blachford's, 87 and 89 King-street east. Warranted to cure in eight hours or money refunded; or wood-walking made easy, foot powders for tender feet. Blachford is great on comfortable feet every time.

A CHAT ABOUT POTATOES.

Why the American Buyers Came to Canada—Principal Sources of Supply.

Consequent upon the weak condition of the New York potato market, the dealers from there who have been flooding this city and province during the past few months are again wending their way homeward. To The World one of them remarked on Saturday: "There are quite a lot of potatoes in New York State, but our farmers said they were going to get $1 per bushel and nothing less. This we refuse to-day, and to procure supplies we sent men into Canada. There are also a good many coming in from Wisconsin, and quite a few on almost every steamer from England and Ireland."

"What, is Ireland able to export potatoes?"

"Yes; the talk about the potato famine was all nonsense. It was merely started for political purposes. We are getting large quantities from there."

"Where have you been getting your largest supplies?"

"Up to within the last month the majority have come from Canada. Since then we have been getting our largest supplies from Wisconsin, England, Ireland and Scotland. They have been coming in at the rate of five and six thousand sacks per day, and as they could not be held over with safety owing to the weather it has caused a break in the market. Our farmers, seeing the turn the market has taken, are now anxious to sell in order to procure the money with which to meet their payments falling due. This, of course, has helped to put the market down. Had they not been so grasping in the first place and kept potatoes moving at about 75c. to 80c. per bushel, the market would have been steadier. The foreign article would also have been kept out and we would not have come to Canada."

"Have you an idea of the quantity of potatoes that have been shipped from here to New York?"

"No; but I have sent about 17,000 bushels."

RAINSFORD'S $25 CHECK.

He Sent It to Father Ignatius, But It Was Promptly Returned.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Episcopal churches here have been discussing a serious misunderstanding which seems to have arisen between Father Ignatius and the Rev. Dr. Rainsford, rector of St. George's Church, and formerly curate of St. James' Cathedral, Toronto. It appears Dr. Rainsford wrote to Father Ignatius informing him that although it would be out of order at St. George's to give a collection towards the endowment of Llantwiny Abbey, he would be happy to give a personal donation if Father Ignatius would preach in his church. This the latter did and $25 was subsequently forwarded to him for his services. Father Ignatius was so shocked at the smallness of the "donation" that he returned the check "with his Christian love." Dr. Rainsford retorts by saying that Father Ignatius had offered to preach for nothing "for the Master's sake."

A Real Estate Complication.

The Carlton-Williamson case was continued yesterday at the Civil Assizes and occupied the greater portion of the day. The jury, after being out for a long time, returned a sealed verdict.

A real estate case, Malone v. Williams, was next taken up. In 1849 Bishop Strachan leased some land between McGill and Anne streets to Sanderson Ditty, who died in 1854, for 21 years with the understanding that he might buy it for £150. In 1886 the heirs of the deceased gave a right in the land to Minnie, wife of Martin Malone of Hamilton, who, money advanced on a mortgage. Mrs. Malone claims that Bryce Bros., builders, in the fall of 1888, took possession of 7 feet of the land on McGill, street and sold it to the defendant, H. H. Williams and J. F. Kerr, and brings the suit to recover. The case was not concluded at adjournment.

The peremptory list for to-day is: Lee v. Darling, Dack v. Moyes, Sutherland v. Jones, Armstrong v. Willoughby, Catton v. Gleason.

Public Schools and Collegiate Institutes.

A deputation from the Joint Public School and Collegiate Institute Board of Hamilton waited on the Minister of Education to urge him to reconsider his determination to legislate out of existence the union between all public schools and collegiate institutes. The following composed the deputation: Messrs. Hugh Brennan, chairman of the board; S. F. Lazier, W. H. McLaren, Alexander Turner, C. R. Smith, William Chenes and William Young. After hearing the arguments of the speakers for the continuation of the united boards Mr. Ross pointed out that in many places evils had resulted from the connection between the Collegiate and Public School Boards, the chief evil being that the higher education was neglected. He had not found that the case in Hamilton, for he looked upon the School Board in first-place and kept potatoes moving at about that city as the model board of the province. In all probability he would, in the contemplated legislation, make the dissolution of the union optional, so that a majority of either branch could by vote compel the boards to meet separately.

The Park Trade.

Mr. William Houston gave notice at the meeting of the University Senate on Friday evening last that he would ask the senate to memorialize the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to withhold consent to any proposed transfer or conveyance of the land between the University and Bloor-street until the senate has had a chance to consider the subject of sites for additional buildings for academic purposes.

Born With Two Faces.

DANVILLE, Ky., Jan. 19.—Mrs. William Freeman of Jessamine county last night gave birth to a female child which had two perfectly formed faces. They are located at right angles on either side of the front of the head. Both at the same time exhibit the same signs of the child's feelings; both crying or being in repose as the child's humor changes. When last heard from the infant was doing well.

A Cash Prize.

The proprietors of Burdock Blood Bitters will give a prize of *Five Dollars* for the cleverest and best essay (not to exceed 100 words) upon the merits of B.B.B. as a cure of disease. The competition will close Jan. 1st, '91, after which the successful essay will be published (with the author's name if desired.) They will also pay $1 each for any of the essays they may select and publish. No restrictions. Try your skill, and address.

T. MILBURN & CO., Toronto, Ont.

Off the Track.

HAMILTON, Jan. 19.—Shortly before noon to-day a passenger train on the Welland branch of the Grand Trunk Railway left the track near Thorold. The engine, baggage car and smoker plunged down an embankment and are lying on their sides. No person was killed, and only one person was injured—not seriously.

Burst a Blood Vessel and Died.

WINDSOR, Jan. 19.—Isaac Reed, a car cleaner on the Grand Trunk, 60 years of age, burst a blood vessel while crossing to Windsor on the transfer steamer Great Western. An effort was made to take him to his home in Detroit in a wheel chair, but he died before reaching there.

The Lament of a Sir Richard.

After the manner of Barrie Dane.

A blood-red ring hung round the moon,
Hung round the moon, ah me! ah me!
I heard a voice that told of doom,
Impending doom, ah me!
Yet still my facts and figures rare
Vibrated boastless on the air.

Our leader on election's morn,
That dread sad morn, ah me! ah me!
Stood forth his country to adorn,
To well adorn, ah me!
The storm roared o'er his shapely brow,
Oppression ruled from then till now.

My country sleeps, is ruined, poor,
Passive and poor, ah me! ah me!
Her sons go begging from her door,
Their own home's door, ah me!
A blood-red ring hangs in my sight
The voice of doom cries day and night.

J. C. W.

"How to Take a Life."—See Next Saturday's World.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children

Toothache cured instantly by using Gibbons Toothache Gum. 246

THE LEGAL GRIST.

The Business Dispatched at Osgoode Hall Yesterday—Judgments Given.

Before the master in chambers yesterday a motion was made in the matter of the arbitration between Daniel Wagstaff and the City of Toronto, in which the value of property over the Don in Jones-avenue was in question, on behalf of Mr. Wagstaff for the costs of the arbitration, but the motion was dismissed without costs.

In the case of Hager v. O'Neil judgment was given yesterday by the Chancery Divisional Court dismissing the plaintiff's appeal from the judgment of Chief Justice Armour delivered at the Fall Assizes here. This is the action regarding the foreclosure of a mortgage on a house of ill-fame in Albert-street.

In the action of Dr. McPhedran against Wilson and others for specific performance of an agreement for the sale of real estate, judgment was yesterday given in favor of the plaintiff. The action was tried before Mr. Justice Robertson.

The liquidators of the Central Bank yesterday issued a writ against G. H. Stephenson and C. L. VanVormer for $33,300, the amount of certain promissory notes.

A writ was also issued by Mary E. Hadden against James E. Hadden of Orillia, claiming $50 per week interim alimony. The parties are said to be wealthy, the defendant being a rich lumber dealer.

The master in chambers yesterday made an order in the case of Lyall & Co. of New York against Dick, Hidout & Co., that the plaintiffs, before proceeding further with their suit for damages for the infringement of a patent on binder twine, pay $300 additional security for costs of the defendants into court. The plaintiffs paid $300 into court under a previous order, but the costs have so increased that extra security is required.

The Alliance Bond and Investment Company of Ontario, the offices of which are situated at 27 Wellington-street east, has issued a writ against Dr. Rea of Toronto, claiming $10,000 damages for libel and slander. The allegation is that Dr. Rea made some statement which reflected on the standing of the company. The writ was issued through McPherson, Clark & Jarvis. The defendant has engaged Dickson & Irwin to his interest.

Mr. Justice Osler gave judgment yesterday in the matter of the application of West Toronto Junction to appoint an arbitrator to fix the values of several parcels of land owned by different persons who are affected by the Keele-street subway. His Lordship holds that under the section of the Act an arbitrator must be appointed in each case separately.

RULE BRITANNIA.

The Heroic Deeds and Glories of the British Empire.

The fourth of a series of lectures under the auspices of St. Luke's Guild was given in Holy Trinity Schoolhouse last night by Lt.-Col. George T. Denison. His subject was "The British Empire." He described in an interesting manner the growth of the Empire, pointing out the causes which promoted it. When Elizabeth came to the throne England had practically no foreign possessions. In 1800 the area of the Empire was 5,178,704 square miles, which in 1891 had increased to 11,218,717 square miles, being now one-fourth of the world's surface. After speaking of the strain the Empire underwent at the time of the American rebellion of 1776, Col. Denison paid an eloquent tribute to the worth of the U. E. Loyalists. They feared God and honored the King, and therefore this country now has a more law-abiding population and less crime than almost any other. For every man who wants to be a law-abiding citizen there is no freer country on the face of the earth than Canada.

The next lecture will be next Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Prof. Goldwin Smith will lecture on "Italy."

They are Not Desirable Companions.

In our daily intercourse with men and women we are constantly meeting the "irritable" mortal, and very often express the wish that fortune will, in the future, keep us out of his or her path. These "irritable" individuals are not the most congenial of companions at home or abroad. They are disagreeable themselves and help to make everyone near them miserable. They are generally nervous; they have peculiar feelings of dread and anxiety. They are often the victims of morbidness, and do not act rationally at times. There is danger ahead for such men and women, unless great care be taken to restore the complete and harmonious working of the nerve system. For all cases such as we have described, we advise at once the use of Paine's Celery Compound. It is the only effective nerve tonic and builder known to the medical faculty. Doctors are now using it daily in the treatment of the nerves, irritable, morose, sleepless and dyspeptic. It will restore you or your friends to vigorous health, joy and solid pleasure.

The Opposition to Lamb's License Transfer.

The opposition to the transfer of Philo Lamb's saloon license to the corner of Elizabeth and Dundas streets has taken a new turn. The temperance people of the Noble Ward have decided that before appealing to the Attorney-General they will exhaust all the means of protest already provided by law. They have therefore asked the License Commissioners to name an early day on which to hear their objections. If they are unsuccessful in preventing the transfer there they will appeal to the County Attorney and, if necessary, then to the Attorney-General.

He is Proud of His Country.

George Henry Douglas, barrister, has just returned from a business trip to Washington, Baltimore, New York and Boston, where he was interviewed by several Yankees interested in the McKinley bill. George says the American Congress is a capital representation of a human bear garden, and he feels like slapping his chest with pride at being a Canadian and a Britisher.

The Keystone.

Regular action of the bowels is the keystone of health. The use of B.B.B. insures it and cures constipation, dyspepsia, etc.

Miss F. Williams, 445 Bloor-street, Toronto, writes: "Have used your Burdock Blood Bitters for constipation and pain in the head with great success. I improved from the second dose."

C.P.R. Earnings.

Following are the earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the traffic week ending Jan. 14:

1891	$282,000
1890	219,000
Increase for 1891	$ 63,000

The earnings of the New Brunswick Railway are included in both years.

Keep off the Chaps.

Wet wintry weather causes chapped hands, sore throat, croup, colds, pain in the chest, swellings, etc., for which a certain cure exists in Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the best pain expeller for internal or external use. Keep it on hand in case of emergencies. Every bottle is a little giant in curative power.

Good Advice.

If you do not want to injure your liver and kidneys, don't buy baking powder in bulk. Buy the Princina or Horwicke. both are absolutely pure and as cheap as the bad powders. Fancy of the Princina and Horwicke proves by the Dominion Government and egally sworn declaration with each package.

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

"How to Take a Life."—See Next Saturday's World.

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Natural method. Native teachers.

Once a week until June the first, every Tuesday at 8 o'clock p.m., in one of the school-rooms (Canada Life Building):

A course of French Literature will be held by Prof. Geo. Coutellier, B.A., D.C.L. of the Paris Academy. First course: Tuesday, January 13.

A course of German Literature will be delivered every Wednesday by Herr Friedewald. First course: Wednesday, January 14th.

Tuition for admission until June the 1st.

For the pupils of the school..... $4
For non-pupils..... $7

For particulars and admission cards apply to the school.

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It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.
SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.
Instant Relief. Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.
Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, loss of sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms your have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of Nasal Balm. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Nasal Balm is sold by all druggists or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing
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