F. H. BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER,
Private wires to New York Stock Markets, and Chicago Boar Trade.
No. 15-16 Masonic Temple, London.
Telephone No. 1,273.

A COMPANY IS BEING FORMED
to purchase two gold claims in the MANITOU,
containing 287 and 74 acres respectively. These claims adjoin the new famous SWEDE BOYS' claim recently sold to J. F. Caldwell, the millionaire owner of the GREAT SULTANA, for $25,000. Claims are 6 miles from Foley mine and 4 miles from Ferguson, Lucky Coon and Randolph mines. List limited to 50 subscribers at $10 each. See me at once.
HAMPDEN DAY
421 Richmond St. Phone 1279 zxv

MINING STOCKS.

London G. M. & D. Co	30
Bruce	10
Cromwell	3½
Gold Hills	10
Silver Bell	7
Noble Three (promoters)	2
Consolidated G. F. Co	5

J. F. SANGSTER, 403 Richmond St.

GOLDEN DEPOSIT GROUP
Adjoins Golden Cache.
$500,000 Capital.
Subscription list for promoters' shares. Call soon; investigate.

JOHN A. MOODY,
LONDON
Telephone 1176.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The London Gold Mining and Development Company, Limited.
Non-Personal Liability.

DIVIDEND NO. 1.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of 1 per cent on the par value of the stock in this company (1 cent per share), has this day been declared. All purchasers of stock on or before this date are entitled to share in such dividend. The dividend is payable at the office of the company's treasurer, A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Building, London, on and after Monday, Feb. 15, 1897. Checks will be mailed to shareholders living out of the city. Dated at London, the 12th day of February, 1897. A. GREENLEES, Secretary. 337f

You Think because your neighbor dresses well he is in receipt of a liberal salary. Not at all. He practices economy by having his clothes dyed and cleaned at these works. Thus they always look well and cost little.
R. Parker & Co.
Canada's Greatest Dyers and Cleaners,
217 Dundas Street, Telephone 614.

Geo. McBean & Co.
DEALERS IN FARM, MILLING AND DAIRY PRODUCTS
Consignments and Correspondence Solicited
P. O. Box 807, Montreal.

Commerce and Finance.

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL, March 8.

	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific	55	53½
Duluth, common	4½	2½
Duluth, preferred	9	7
Commercial Cable	165	164½
Wabash, common	..	..
Wabash, preferred	..	..
Montreal Telegraph	170	166½
Richelieu and Ontario	90	85
Montreal Street Railway	225½	223½
Montreal Street Railway, new, xd	..	..
Montreal Gas Company	192½	193
Bell Telephone	165	159
Royal Electric, xd	141	138
Toronto Railway	70½	70½
Bank of Montreal	231	227½
Ontario Bank	85	83
Banque du Peuple	..	..
Molsons Bank	..	190
Bank of Toronto	235	230
Merchants Bank	175	170
Merchants Bank of Halifax	175	167
Quebec Bank	..	120
Union Bank	..	100
Bank of Commerce	139	126
Northwest Land, xd	50	41
Montreal Cotton Company	127	122
Canada Colored Cotton	..	..
Dominion Cotton, xd	87	80
Postal Telegraph	98	97

SALES—Com. Cable, 50 at 164½; Mont. St. Ry., 3 at 224½, 1 at 224; Mont. Gas, 6 at 193½, 3 at 193¾, 32 at 192½, Molsons Bank, 15 at 194; Merchants' Bank, 1 at 170.

New York Stock Market.

Reported by Frank Butler, broker, Masonic Temple.

March 8.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison Ry	12½	12½	11½	11½
C. B. and Q.	76½	76½	76½	76½
C. and N. W.	106½	107½	106½	107½
Chicago Gas	77	77½	76½	77
Gen. Electric	35½	35½	35	35
L. and N.	48½	49½	48½	49½
Manhattan	86½	87½	84½	85½
Missouri Pacific	22	22	21½	22
Pacific Mail	26	26½	26	26½
Rock Island	67½	68	67½	68
Reading	24½	25½	24½	25½
St. Paul	77½	77½	76½	77½
Tenn. Coal and Iron	28½	..	..	..
Wabash	16	16	16	16
Western Union	83	83	82½	82½
Distillery Trust	13½	14	13½	13½
Leather Trust	60	60	29½	30
Sugar Trust	116½	117½	116½	116½
Tobacco Trust	76	77½	75½	77½

COMMERCIAL.

Toronto Grain Market.

Toronto, Ont., March 8.—Wheat—The offerings are fair; the demand is small, and the market is steady. Cars of red wheat are quoted west at 72c to 74c, and white at 75c; Manitoba wheat is steady, and there is more inquiry for it; cars of No. 1 hard sold Midland today at 86c; No. 2 hard is quoted there at 84c; No. 1 hard is quoted f.o.b., Fort William, at 75c to 76c, and No. 2 hard at 73c to 74c.

Flour continues dull; cars of straight roller are quoted west at $3 70 to $3 75; Manitoba flour is in fair demand, and steady.

Millfeed is in fair demand, and steady; shorts are quoted west at $8 50 to $9, and bran $8 50 west.

Barley is dull and unchanged, at 32c for No. 1 extra, 30c for No. 1, 27c for No. 2, 24c for No. 3 extra, and 21 1-2c to 22c for feed.

Buckwheat is dull, at 24c to 25c outside.

Rye is quiet, at 32c to 23c outside.

Corn is steady, at 20c asked for yellow west.

Oats are steady, at 19c for No. 1 white east, and 17 1-2c for No. 2 white west.

Pears are in fair demand, and steady at $8 1-2c north and west.

Seeds are dull and unchanged.

Baled hay and straw unchanged.

Latest Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Que., March

GRAINS AND FLOUR.

Oats—In store, No. 2 white 29½c.
Peas—47½c.
Feed barley—29c.
Corn—29½c.
Buckwheat—32c to 33c.
Flour—Manitoba strong bakers, $4 25 to $4 65; spring wheat patents, $4 70 to $5 05; winter do, $4 40 to $4 65; straight roller, $4 00 to $4 20.
Feed—Bran, $10 to $10 50; shorts, $11 to $12.

PROVISIONS.

Canadian short cut, clear, $10 to $10 50.
Ham—9c to 11c.
Bacon—8½c to 9½c.
Lard—Pure, 5½c to 6c; compound, 4½c.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Jobbing; creamery, 18½ to 19c; rolls, dairy, 11c to 12c.
Eggs—Weak; sales made from 13c to 15c new laid; Montreal limed, 10½c to 11c; western limed, 8c to 10c.

STRONG'S
BAKING POWDER
Defies All Honest Competition.
25c Per Pound
AT
STRONG'S
DRUG STORE
184 DUNDAS STREET.
FREE to every housekeeper on application, a valuable recipe book on the art of cooking. zxv

"What keeps the poor man down in the world?" cried the political orator. "The law of gravitation," mildly responded the spectacled gentleman in the front seat.

Topics of Today.

Mr. Charles Devlin, the well-known Irish-Canadian, having been appointed an emigration agent in Ireland—a position for which he is well qualified—a new election is necessitated in the riding of Wright, Que. The election takes place on March 23. Ex-Mayor Champagne, of Hull, will be the Liberal candidate.

* * * *

To Rev. Hugh Johnston, formerly of this city, fell the duty of conducting the first service at which the newly-installed United States President, in Washington, attended. The President, it is understood, has taken a pew in the church of which this distinguished Canadian Methodist is pastor.

* * * *

Oil has been found at Rodney Mills, Elgin county, and Mr. John Rasbery, West Flamboro, Wentworth county, thinks he has found oil also. This is a great year for discoveries.

* * * *

Miss Tatiana Tolstoy, daughter of Count Tolstoy, the novelist, has been invited to attend the World's W. C. T. U. convention, to be held in Toronto next October, and has signified her acceptance. Miss Johannsdotter, sister of the Premier of Iceland, has also expressed a willingness to attend. It will be a remarkable gathering.

* * * *

East Elgin Liberals will hold their annual meeting at Aylmer tomorrow.

* * * *

Wm. Smith, ex-Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, is dead, at Ottawa, aged 76.

* * * *

Hon. David Reesor, the oldest Senator living, is seriously ill at Toronto.

* * * *

So King George refuses to go. What are the Powers going to do about it?

Around the City

—The Glencoe Curling Club will play a friendly match with the Forest City Club at the Simcoe Street Rink this afternoon.

—The many friends of Mr. Powell, marble dealer, will be glad to hear that he has recovered from an illness lasting five weeks.

—The skating rink below Blackfriars bridge went over the dam yesterday. The ice is coming down the stream in large quantities.

—Mrs. (Dr.) J. A. Black and daughter, of Belvidere, Ill., arrived in the city Saturday on a visit to her parents at 334 Queen's avenue.

—James Pool, turnkey at the county jail, was taken ill Saturday night, and is now in a very critical condition with congestion and la grippe.

—Col. Shanly, the local master in chancery, is again confined to his bed. Lung trouble is the cause. Last night he was very low, but was somewhat improved this morning.

—Miss Julia Arthur, of Hamilton, Ont., will star next season in Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's play, "A Lady of Quality." She is at present with Sir Henry Irving's company at London, Eng.

—Wm. T. Rolfe, buyer for Wm. H. Elliott, one of Detroit's largest dry-goods men, spent a few hours in the city with his brother, A. Rolfe. Mr. Rolfe has been in New York markets for ten days.

In Glover vs. Harding, at Osgoode Hall, judgment on motion to change venue from Sandwich to London. Order made on terms changing the venue to London. Costs in cause. Swabey for defendant. A. D. Crooks for plaintiff.

—The San Jose (Cal.) Mercury reports the destruction by fire of the boot and shoe store of Vodden Bros., at Los Gatos, on Feb. 19. Charlie and Sidney Vodden will be remembered as former London boys, who worked in the shoe factory of Hyman & Co. till it was sold to Clarke & Stevens. The fire caused $4,500 loss. The insurance is not given.

Subscriber.—John L. Sullivan was knocked out by J. J. Corbett on Sept. 7, 1892, at New Orleans. The fight was for a stake of $20,000 and a purse of $25,000, the largest amount ever fought for. The fight lasted 21 rounds. If a fighter, after receiving a blow, falls to come to the scratch ten seconds after the gong is sounded, he is "counted out."

IN AID OF INDIA.

All who desire to aid the famine-stricken thousands of India should attend the concert to be given by the London Vocal Society tonight in the Auditorium. The best local talent are giving their services gratuitously, and the proceeds above expenses will be handed to the mayor for the India famine fund. The choruses are well worth hearing, and an excellent programme is being prepared, at popular prices. Plan at Y. M. C. A.

OPENING TOMORROW.

The return and last visit of the wonderful Cinematographe to London will commence at the City Hall tomorrow (Tuesday) evening. Those who saw this marvelous and interesting entertainment when it was here in October last, will no doubt enjoy seeing it again, and will recommend their friends who did not see it then not to miss it this time, as it will be their last opportunity. The programme of views will be an entirely new one.

A BUTCHER'S FRISKY HORSE.

At noon today a horse attached to the delivery wagon of Wm. Brooks, butcher, showed an utter disregard for an ordinary tie-weight, used to prevent horses from running away. The animal had been left standing in front of Kilgour's drug store, East London, and, as a west-bound trolley approached, stuck its head in front of the car with a defiant mien. The motorman tried his best to stop the car, but the wet rails prevented him doing so in time. Then it was that the horse forgot all about the iron weight to which it was tied, and started off to the east on a gallop, with weight and rig bumping along behind it. After going a short distance it turned into the old cemetery grounds, and for a few moments created considerable excitement, running around houses there, about which there are no fences, and dashing among the trees. A fireman from Rectory street station finally caught the animan. The rig was not much damaged.

ANOTHER WATER SPOUT

At the South London Sewer—The Pipe Breaks From Unknown Causes.

Another water-spout at the South London sewer. The latest calamity was discovered yesterday, when a stream began to gurgle near the corner of Evergreen avenue and the Wharncliffe road. The water pipe had again broken, at a point apparently fifteen feet from the previous break.

Contractor Grant and his men had just finished repairing the damage caused by Friday's freshet, and had cleaned the mud and bricks out of the sewer after much hard work. Yesterday's flood washed a lot of mud into the sewer again, which will have to be cleaned out. Men are at work removing the earth above the break, which has not yet been laid bare, though the water has been shut off. Contractor Grant proposes to uncover the water pipe for some distance and leave it in that shape, so that future spouts can be detected and shut off in time.

The cause of the latest break is unknown, as there was no cave-in of earth. The damage will be about $100. Verily, Mr. Grant is in hard luck.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Narrow Escape of G. T. R. Sectionmen—The Handcar Run Into.

Four G. T. R. section men had a very narrow escape from death this morning. They were riding on a hand-car, on the St. Marys branch, near St. Marys, and were moving southward. They did not see the way-freight, bound for London, behind them, until almost too late. The engine struck the hand-car just as the men jumped. Three escaped without injury, but William Adams, of this city, had his leg broken by the fall. The way-freight was stopped, and Adams conveyed to the general hospital here, where he is doing fairly well. The hand-car was smashed.

SERIOUSLY ILL.

Mr. Robert Facey of Harrietsville.

Mr. Robert Facey, proprietor of the large cheese factory at Harrietsville, is dangerously ill at the City Hotel. Last week he was unwell, and on Saturday came to the city to consult Dr. Moorhouse. While in the doctor's office he was suddenly taken much worse. He was taken to the hotel and his condition soon became so critical that he could not be removed to the hospital. Mrs. Facey is with her husband, and his son was in the city yesterday. The cause of Mr. Facey's illness is stomach trouble.

Sparks from the Wire.

An earthquake shock was felt on both sides of the Niagara River on Saturday night.

Fire in the Hannah Street Methodist Church at Hamilton damaged the Sunday school room to the extent of $1,500 or $2,000.

Mr. Laurier sat for his portrait in Montreal on Friday. When completed it will be presented to the Premier by his Montreal friends.

At Topeka, Kan., Thomas Wilson and Andy Hill, farmers, quarreled Saturday and fought with axes. At the first blow Wilson split Hill's head open, killing him instantly. Wilson is in jail.

Capt. John D. Hart, owner of the filibuster Laurada, was sentenced in the United States District Court at Philadelphia this (Monday) morning to two years' imprisonment, and to pay a fine of $500 and the costs of the prosecution.

A Spanish dispatch from Havana states that a reconnoitering party near Rosario Asiento, in the Province of Pinar del Rio, destroyed six insurgent camps, with three hundred huts used as hospitals, and dispersed the insurgent force, killing sixty.

The entire bench of the High Court of the South African Republic have approved the action of the Chief Justice in closing the High Court as a mark of resentment at the action of the Volksraad in placing the court under the jurisdiction of the legislative body.

A St. Johns, Nfld., dispatch says that anxiety is felt regarding the whaling steamer Esquimaux, which is now 30 days out from Dundee, bound for that port, to prosecute the seal fishery. Her sister ship, the Terra Nova, arrived ten days ago. There are about 40 persons aboard the Esquimaux.

His Excellency Alexander G. Skouzzes, Minister of Foreign Affairs, to King George of Hellenes, cabled to the acting Grecian Minister in Washington, D. C., instructing him to call out the members of the Grecian reserve forces who are in the United States, and to urge them by every means in his power to go to the assistance of their native country.

A Chicago dispatch says the storm which raged throughout the middle west on Thursday night stands unparalleled, not only for the extent of the territory over which it raged, but for the amount of water precipitated. The estimates are that considerably over $1,000,000 worth of property had been lost in the vicinity of Cincinnati, Dayton and St. Louis.

Steamship Arrivals.

March 6.	At	From
Columbia	Genoa	New York
March 7.	**At**	**From**
St. Louis	New York	Southampton
La Champagne	Havre	New York
Southwark	Antwerp	New York
March 8.	**At**	**From**
Oldenburg	New York	Bremen
Norwegian	New York	Glasgow
Lake Superior	Liverpool	Portland
Mongolian	Liverpool	Portland
Norwegian	New York	Glasgow

Mrs. Youngish—Oh, Bob, what shall I do? Baby is crying because I won't let him pull all the fur off my new muff." Mrs. Youngish—Well, that's all right. Give him the cat."

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed, and the danger avoided? This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing, and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., etc.

At the Asylum.

Patients Enjoy the Blissfulness of the Sabbath.

An Appropriate Sermon by the Rev. M. P. Talling, B. A., of St. James' Presbyterian Church — An Orderly Congregation.

Few institutions of its kind in this country are better provided with facilities and accommodation for divine service than the London Asylum. The services yesterday were under the direction of Rev. M. P. Talling, B.A., of St. James' Presbyterian Church. At the Asylum on Sunday the same regularity prevails in all routine matters as on other days, but the patient has his day of rest the same as those who enjoy reason and liberty. Confined in the place at present are close upon 1,000 patients, about equally divided in sex. In the matter of years, it is a peculiar thing that the majority of the women are past the middle stage of life, while the majority of the men have scarcely emerged from the first. With the dawn of the Sabbath comes the usual work of preparing and escorting the patients to the chapel, a cosy edifice, with a seating capacity of about 500. After breakfast the attendants accompany to church as many as are willing to go. The women are placed on the right and the men on the left side of the church. This is done generally before the arrival of the minister at 9 o'clock, the hour at which the service begins. Yesterday morning the air was frosty, and red hoods and shawls were profuse among the audience of women. A majority of the attendants occupied seats adjacent to the organ, and formed an excellent choir, assisted by one or two patients. Drs. Bucke, Buchan and Hobbs occupied seats which commanded a view over the audience. Taken as a whole, it was an audience which might be studied for a life-time, and then not half-understood. Perfect order prevailed, and in this respect it differed little from other congregations. Dr. Sippi presided at the organ, the strains of which reverberated through the little edifice. The happy countenances of the patients were proof positive that only the most tender, yet firm methods, are employed in their government. So far as the personal comfort of the patient was concerned, everything possible seemed to have been done. The medical superintendent and his staff were, like the officers of a ship, the last to leave the building, and personally superintended the handling of the unfortunates committed to their charge.

THE SERVICE.

The minister's presence in the pulpit was the signal for solemn silence, and after the announcement of the first hymn, the congregation, among which were many sweet and powerful voices, brought forth in praise in:

"Forty days and forty nights
Thou hast fasted in the wild;
Forty days and forty nights—
Tempted still, yet undefiled."

The preacher took for his text, Exodus, ii., x.: "And the child grew, and she brought him unto Pharoah's daughter, and he became her son. And she called his name Moses, and said, Because I drew him out of the water." Moses, he said, had been characterized as one of the greatest characters of the Bible, and one deeply interesting. The incidents and influences of his life had made him the greatest character next to that of Christ, of whom he prophesied. Moses stood out pre-eminent as a scholar, poet, statesman, ruler, law-giver and prophet. China had its Confucius, India its Guatama Buddah, Persia its Zoroaster, Rome its Caesars, mighty in Dominion, and of the highest rank, but all these were low when compared with Moses. In the Grecian world of literature, Homer, the poet, Demosthenes the orator, Solon and Lycurgus the law-givers, Phydias the sculptor, Aristotle and Plato the philosophers, had done more to mold the subsequent history of civilization than any other known men of ancient times, but none of these stood shoulder high to the Hebrew, who bore the Egyptian name of Moses. The Italian Dante, the German Goethe, the English Milton and Shakespeare, were glories of their respective literatures; yet if Moses wrote the Book of Job he had penned the richest poem of any language. Modern times had witnessed a French Napoleon, a German Bismarck, an English Beaconsfield and Gladstone, an American Washington and Lincoln, but all down through the ages no character had ever eclipsed or over-reached Moses.

The speaker closed an eloquent sermon with an explanation of a mother's influence on Moses.

A Great Discovery.

All Rossland Delighted by a New Test of Ore.

The Low Grade Dump Will Be Utilized to the Extent of Millions of Tons.

Rossland, B. C., March 8.—The greatest mineralogical discovery in the history of Trail Creek was made during the progress of the concentration tests of Le Roi ore in the O. K. mill. Ten tons of low-grade ore, averaging $10 in gold to the ton, was taken from the waste dump of the Le Roi and put through the O. K. stamp mill. The ore is very silicious and was found to concentrate well. As an experiment, the crushings were run over the plates, when it was found that $7 50 in good per ton, or 75 per cent of gold value, was saved, showing this ore heretofore considered almost valueless, to be practically free-milling, and easily capable of successful treatment. The complete result of the test will not be known until the remaining concentrates have been treated, but it is already established that millions of tons of low-grade ore which has been thrown on the waste dumps, or left untouched in the mines, will pay to mine and treat. The problem of Rossland's low-grade ore has been solved. This discovery will lead to the establishment of concentrators at the mines. The low-grade ores will be crushed on the ground, and the concentrates, after yielding 75 per cent of the gold value, will be sent to the smelter, where most of the remaining gold and copper will be extracted. At the Treadwell mine in Alaska ore running only $2 a ton is successfully mined by this process.

Le Roi has 500,000 tons and Jumbo 700,000 tons of low-grade ore. Nothing else is talked of in the camp since the news of the discovery was made public this morning. All mining men are delighted.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Reply of Greece

While Conciliatory in Its Tone and Tenor,

It States That Her Troops Cannot Be Withdrawn From Crete.

The Message Received at the Foreign Office in London.

A British Cabinet Council at Once Held—Salisbury Goes to Windsor to Consult the Queen.

London, March 8.—It is reiterated here that a complete agreement exists between the powers as to the effective measures to be immediately taken against Greece in the event of her declining to comply with the demands of the powers in the matter of the withdrawal of the Greek troops from the Island of Crete and the recalling of the Greek fleet in Cretan waters.

ANXIETY OF THE PRINCESS OF WALES.

The Princess of Wales feels great anxiety regarding the position of her brother, King George of Greece, and instead of returning to Sandringham, she is remaining in London in the expectation of receiving definite news today of the attitude which Greece will assume. All the dispatches of the Associated Press are immediately sent to the Princess of Wales.

THE REPLY OF GREECE.

It is learned on good authority that the Greek reply to the identical note of the powers will be characterized by four points. In the first place, it will be conciliatory in tone, fully recognizing the high aims of the powers.

Secondly, it will offer to withdraw the Greek fleet from Cretan waters.

Thirdly, while pointing out that it is impossible to withdraw the Greek troops from the Island of Crete, it will offer to place them under the control of the powers, to restore order.

Finally, the reply will meet the statement about the Cretans really preferring autonomy, but suggesting that the Cretans be allowed to choose their own Government.

RECEIVED IN LONDON.

The reply of Greece to the identical notes of the powers delivered at Athens on Tuesday last, and insisting upon the withdrawal of the Greek troops from Crete and of the Greek fleet from Cretan waters, was received here at noon, and confirmed the forecast cabled exclusively to the Associated Press.

CABINET COUNCIL CALLED.

A Cabinet council was immediately held, after which the Marquis of Salisbury went to Windsor in order to consult with the Queen.

There was a scene of great animation at the Foreign Office.

Ballot Stuffing.

Conviction of a Deputy Returning Officer at the Assizes.

Winnipeg, March 8.—Two of the eleven charges against deputy returning officers for ballot stuffing, to defeat the Liberal candidate, in the June election in Macdonald constituency, have been concluded at the Portage la Prairie Assizes. Deputy Wm. Saunders has been found guilty of stuffing a ballot box, and Deputy Mawhinney has been found not guilty on the charge of destroying ballots. The evidence given in both cases was of a highly interesting character, interspersed with a few legal arguments. The evidence in chief of Freeborn, the principal witness for the Crown against Saunders, created a great deal of excitement in the court room, especially in the play he made before the jury of substituting one ballot for another. Freeborn, in his evidence stated the plan was that the deputy returning officer was to have a number of the ballots already initialed on the back with the counterfoils torn off. These he would have in his trousers pocket. When a voter came in to cast his vote, he would give him a proper ballot, but when the voter returned it after marking, the deputy would have one of his prepared ballots ready in his hand. He would place the proper ballot over this, and after tearing the counterfoil off, would calmly substitute his own ballot for it, waiting his chance afterwards to destroy the proper ballot. He kept the ballots returned to him by the accused until he gave them over to the Attorney-General. He did not give the ballots up to force a criminal prosecution.

JOHN G. WOOLEY.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

I learn from The Advertiser that John G. Wooley is to lecture in London on March 9. I am very glad of it, for I have been desirous to see and hear this man, of whom I have heard and read so much of late years. I hope his lecture will be thoroughly advertised, so that the people for miles around London may avail themselves of this privilege of a lifetime. The New York Voice, of March 4, says: "Notwithstanding the fact that Evangelists Moody and Murphy have been holding great meetings in Boston, it was successfully demonstrated in Tremont Temple yesterday afternoon (Feb. 28) that a Prohibitionist who talked prohibition could be equally successful in winning a hearing. Tremont Temple was crowded to the doors, people standing in the aisles, and hundreds were turned away from the doors. Thus was John G. Wooley heralded to Dr. Lorimer's church." Forty-five years ago I heard John B. Gough lecture in Belleville. He never came to Belleville after that, but 25 years later I traveled 70 miles to hear him in Port Hope. This continent and the whole English-speaking world is immensely benefited because John B. Gough lived and lectured, and John G. Wooley is his legitimate successor in the great temperance reform. Both were brands plucked from the burning.

I. B. AYLESWORTH.

Port Stanley, March 5, 1897.

French Process
For cleaning. It gives better results than the old way, that's why we have adopted it. Don't discard your old garments, we'll make them look like new.
Stockwell's Dye Works.
259 DUNDAS ST.
PHONE 68. zxv

New Books

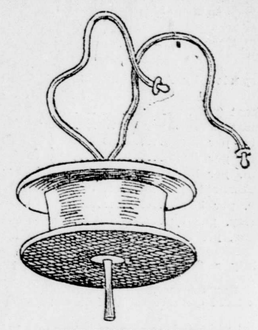
"In the Tiger Jungle."
"The Child, the Wise Man and the Devil."
"Object Lessons for Children."
"The Wrestler of Philippi," 10c.
Complete edition of "Jesus, the Messiah," by Edersheim, $2 50.

W. L. CARRIE,
417 Richmond Street.

THE PHONENDOSCOPE.

A Newly-Invented Telephone for Locating Internal Diseases.

One of the latest inventions in the world of medical science is the phonendoscope, an instrument which is a development of the stethoscope, but much more delicate. The phonendoscope, which is the invention of Dr. Bianchi, of Paris, consists of a hollow box, about as big as a large-sized watch, furnished with two vibrating membranes. On one side a short staff, terminating with a button,



THE PHONENDOSCOPE.

serves to put the box in contact with the body of the patient, the button being pressed firmly on the surface just over the organ to be examined. On the opposite side flexible tubes are attached, which convey the sounds from the box to the ears of the operator, or operators, for several persons may listen to the sounds at the same time.

The following description is given in a London paper by one who saw the instrument tested in a Parisian hospital:—

"A man stripped to the waist stood in the center of a circle of doctors, each of whom held his ears to a pair of flexible tubes connected with a small round box of black rubber which was pressed against the patient's breast. A pair of tubes was also handed to me, and I was asked to listen.

"While we all listened intently Prof. Bianchi gently rubbed his fingers upon the man's skin over the spot where the heart is usually located. Immediately we heard a murmuring sound, and the circle of doctors expressed satisfaction with grunted exclamations and nods. Suddenly, while the professor continued drawing his fingers in larger and larger circles across the man's breast, the sound ceased.

"'Ah! there is no longer the heart there,' said the professor. 'We have touched the end of it.' Whereupon he dabbed a blue pencil mark upon the skin to indicate the point where his finger had arrived when the sound stopped. The patient twisted his eyes downward and stared wonderingly at the mark.

"Prof. Bianchi resumed his rubbing, while the doctors and I stuffed the tubes once more into our ears. As long as the professor's finger was over the heart we heard the murmuring sound, but the instant the finger passed beyond the boundaries of the hidden organ there was a dead silence in the tube. And at every cessation of the sound the pencil, followed by the strained eyes of the patient, made its mark on the skin. This operation was continued for several minutes, at the expiration of which there appeared, clearly drawn in blue upon the man's breast, the outlines of a misshapen heart, strangely shifted from its right position. But I was glad, for the patient's sake, to hear the doctors say that it was not a very bad heart, after all.

"Next the same method was employed to outline the position and shape of the lungs, the liver, the stomach, and other organs, and, at the end of half an hour, the body, front and back alike, was covered with an intricate series of outline pictures showing his internal structure and condition. Any defect in the form or position of an organ and the existence of diseased places in the lungs was indicated at once by the sound or absence of sound in the tubes. The practiced ear, I was told, could detect a difference in the quality of the sound given by different organs of the body, but to me they nearly all sounded alike, except when the patient was caused to swallow a little water a change in the sound given forth from the stomach was clearly perceptible."

Prof. Bianchi asserted—and a number of members of the Clinical Society of Practitioners of France and the Syndicate of Physicians of Paris and the department of the Seine, who assisted at the experiments, corroborated his assertion—that it would be easy by this process not only to discover general disease, but to locate any foreign body lodged in any of the organs or tissues, as well as to determine the existence and extent of a cancerous or similar internal growth.

Troubles often spring from idleness, and grievous toils from needless ease.

Headaches
are frequently caused by some defect of the eyes. If you have found no relief from medicine come in and have your eyes examined. It costs you nothing for the examination.
N. I. McDermid
Druggist and Optician,
Spencer Block,
Corner Dundas and Wellington Sts
zxv