Hon. David Mills returned to Ottawa his afternoon. Mr. Mills does not think the prorogation of Parliament will take place before the first week in May.

Mr. Garson, M.P.P. for Lincoln county, was renominated at the Liberal Convention on Saturday. The Captain has made nost useful member, and he will no doubt

Mr. Donald Chisholm, M.P., whose death at New Westminster, B. C., has just been announced, was one of the few men who have had the gratification of reading their own obituary notices. A few months ago he was reported to be dead and eulogies of him were published in many newspapers. Deceased was a native of Nova Scotia, and his remains will be interred at Antigonish

Dr. Montague, whose return to the House of Commons a few weeks ago, was looked upon as a most suspicious incident, in view of the past record of the constituency, is likely soon to find himself in the His return has just been petitioned against, and charges of personal bribery against him as well as against the returning officer, Peter Reicheld, and his agents made. The election trial will no doubt bring out some strange developments. Reicheld is a strong Tory partisan, and was to doubt selected as returning officer be cause of that fact.

In Peel county, the Tories have offered their nomination to School Inspector Hughes, of Toronto, who recently ined to lead the forlorn hope of that arty against Hon. G. W. Ross, the mem-West Middlesex. Mr. Chisholm ilds Peel by a strong bond of mutual and he is pretty certain to be cted by a large majority. Meanwhile, . Hughes hesitates to either accept or cline nomination in that county.

; see by this time that he is treated by arty as was the late James Fahey, who er given a chance to run in any where there was a fair chance of

South Wentworth Reform Convenet at Hamilton on Saturday when clas Awrey was re-nominated to seat for the Ontario Legislahe coming campaign. Mr. Awrey eloped into a first-class Parliamennd has proved a most useful legisdoes not astonish us to find that rative opponents have met time and tried to get some one to enter against him. Up to date, howor, the attempt has been unsuccessful. his testimony to Mr. Awrey's strength is well-founded. Ungerrymandered Wentworth has never gone Tory.

THE WEATHER.

CORONTO, April 6.-11 p.m.-A general constront of the constraint of the Lake and Eastern districts. Local rains are falling in Ontario and Eastern Quebec. Elsewhere the weather is fair, doderate temperatures are general throughout the country. Maximum temperatures raigary, 54°; Qu'Appelle, 42°; Winnipeg, 40°; Port Arthur, 44°; Toronto, 48°; Kingston, 42°; Montreal, 46°; Halifax, 42°.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES YESTERDAY. LOCAL TEMPERATURES YESTERDAY.
For 24 hours ending 8 p.m.—(Observa
dons taken at 3a m., and 8 p.m.: Highest47°; lowest, 30°; mean (daily), 42°.

PROBABILITIES.
For the next 24 hours for the Lakes:
Partly cloudy to cloudy; mild weather,
with local rains.

W. S. Darling and \$1,000,000 Missing. New York, April 7.—It is generally be-lieved that W. S. Darling, the partner of John F. Plummer is in Canada. There are various rumors about \$1,000,000 which ap-parently has disappeared from the assets of the firm.

Ran Into a Landslide.

Ran Into a Landslide.

UTICA, N. Y., April 7.—A landslide occurred on the West Shore Railway last evening, about half way between St. Johnsville and Fort Plain. A freight train ran into the obstruction, badly wrecking the freight and breaking the leg of Hiram Miller the organizer. Miller, the engineer.

Miss Wiman's Narrow Escape.

New York, April 7.—Miss Mattie
Wiman, daughter of Erastus Wiman, had

wiman, daughter of Erastus Wiman, had a narrow escape from being burned to death at her home at Tantalion, St. George, S. I., on Thursday evening. While striking a match the lace on the drapery of her dress caught fire from a flying spark, and before the flames were extinguished Miss Wiman's throat and wrist were seriously burned.

New York, April 7. An Auburn dispatch says: William Kemmler, the wife murderer, of Buffalo, bas suddenly claimed to have evinced a change of heart. Last Wednesday morning, just after midnight, he claimed to have a vision of Christ, and he claimed to have a vision of Christ, and from that vision he has found conversion. Hundreds of persons are filing applications for permission to witness the execution. All the scientists in the country want to get in, but the sheriif is limited to 22.

Kemmler has not asked to see a clergyman.

Judge Botaford's Fatal Fall

Movemen N. R. April 7. Ludge Person

Judge Botaford's Fatal Fall.

Moncron, N. B., April 7.—Judge Botsford fell through a second story window in the Monton club Saturday evening and struck the sidewalk, fifteen feet below, on his back. He was putting on his coat, and is supposed to have fainted. No bones were broken, but his internal injuries consisted of analysis of the howels, heart and sixed of analysis of the howels.

MONDAY, APRIL 7, 1890

BERRY'S BLUNDER. The Golden Opportunity That a

Hangman Threw Away.

The Queen's Health Improved by Her Outing.

The French Losses in Dahomey More Serious Than Officially Admitted.

Outrageous Treatment by the Turks of the Cretan Christians.

Racing in England. LONDON, April 7 .- The Kempton Park Easter handicap race was won to-day by Dover's Brucea. Perturbed St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, April 7.—The Russian Minister of Education and Prof. Mendiliff, Minister of baddensor University, have re-signed. The disorders among the students continue, and the prisons are overflowing with inmates.

"Darkest Africa."

Stanley

London, April 7 .- Stanley has finished his book, "Darkest Africa," and will leave Cairo for Brussels to-day in response to an invitation from the King of Belgians He will spend five days in Brussels, and

Emin Pasha at Zanzibar.

ZANZIBAR, April 7 .- Emin Pasha has arrived here. He shows less eagerness conering the proposed expedition than his employers desire, and it is reported he wishes to cancel his engagement to return to Europe before deciding as to his future

Contingencies Provided for. London, April 7.—Coming events cast their shadows before. The Duchess of Fife, the Queen's granddaughter, has just received as a presentation from the Scottish women on her husband's estates 50 tiny hand-knitted woolen jackets.

Lighthouse Accident.

London, April 7.—A fog signal prema-turely exploded last night at the famous Bell Rock lighthouse, off the east coast of Bell Rock lighthouse, on the east coast of Scotland. The dome was shattered by the explosion, and the light was extinguished for the first time since the lighthouse was built in 1811. After the explosion a passbuilt in ISII. After the explosion a passing steamer had a narrow escape from being wrecked on the reef, owing to the absence of the light. She was warned just in time by fog signals.

Cretan Christians Insulted by Turks.

Candia, Crete, April 7.—Bodies of Turk-ish troops have pillaged Christian churches and insulted Christians in the Province of and insuited Uhristians in the Province of Candia. At the request of the foreign con-suls Chakir Pasha, the governor, has ordered an inquiry to be made into the out-rages. The mixed comissions will inquire as to the extent of the damages the Chris-tians have suffered and the Turks will be compelled to commensate them.

compelled to compensate them.

Le Caron the Spy.

Dublin, April 7.—The Freeman's Journal

says: Le Caron, who became notorious because of the testimony by him for the because of the testimony by him for the Times before the Parnell Commission, is living in a suburb of Loudon. He has grown a grey beard and mustache, which have so completely changed his appearance that his most intimate friends could not recognize him. The Journal also says he has been promised a further Government engagement in Australia.

Queen Victoria in France.

PARIS, April 7.—Queen Victoria conchaise in the neighborhood of Aix les Bains, chaise in the neighborhood of Aix les Bains, and her rheumatism is steadily subsiding. In her absence the aucient royal charities, known as the Royal Maundy, were distributed on Thursday in the Chapel Royal, Whitehall, by the Lord High Almoner to 71 men and 71 women, the number of each sex corresponding with the Queen's age. The quaint ceremony has not altered for hundreds of years. hundreds of years.

French Losses in Dahomey.

LONDON, April 7 .- The French losses in Dahomey are more serious than has yet been officially admitted. This is unfortubeen officially admitted. This is unfortunate for the new Government, as the
Boulangists are certain to make a violent
attack upon its policy. It is a similar
attitude in reference to Tonqin which
brought such odium upon the Ferry Government, and a persistency in thus withholding information may well bring upon
Freycinet the fate which befell Ferry.
Meantime another expeditionary force for
Dahomey is now being talked of as something certain to take place.

Bismarck.

Berlin, April 7.—It is reported that the Emperor has again refused to consent to the publication of Prince Bismarck's letter of resignation. The public still decline to believe that the retirement of Bismarck is final, it being urged that he is by five years the junior of Gladstone and may still county upon a decade of activity. The Cartellers have offered to resign two seats in the Reichstag in favor of Prince Bismarck, but it is certain that the ex-Chancellor and his son will not accept them at present, whatever they may do later. The opening of the Reichstag and the royal speech are awaited with the keenest interest. Lr. Windthrost claims three indispensible concessions in return for his support of the Government. The return of all religious orders, religious teaching in the schools, and the removal of a discretionary, revocable character from all concessions.

Looking After His Army.

Ont., was about 35 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children.

Constable Hay, the latest addition to the Hamilton to he in the publication of Prince Bismarck, but it is believe that the retirement of Bismarck is final, it being urged that he is by five years the junior of Gladstone and may still decline to believe that the retirement of Bismarck is final, it being urged that he is by five years the junior of Gladstone and may still decline to believe that the retirement of Bismarck is final, it being urged that he is by five years the junior of Gladstone and may still decline to believe that the retirement of Bismarck is final, it being urged that he is by five years the junior of Gladstone and may still decline to believe that the retirement of Bismarck is defuzed by the drunk, who drew his knife and stabled the drunk was attacked by the drunk, who drew his knife and stabled the faulth she fall states so the hour prevented in Education Department had b

all concessions.

Looking After His Army.

Berlin, April 7.—Emperor William has issued a decree to the effect that, in view of Parisian.

Alcides. its incompleteness, the reserve infanty military officers' system hitherto pursue.

Adriatic provides that officers must come from the provides that officers must come from the provides that officers must be extended to provide the provided that the character in order Adriatic Rugia.

Norwegian Adriatic Rugia. tary officers' system hitherto pursued, which were broken, but his internal injuries consisted of paralysis of the bowels, heart and spine. Deceased was 77 years old, and weighed over 200 pounds. He was a pioneer member of Royal Arch Masons, being to the lodge bearing his name. He was subject to fainting fits, to which cause his fall is attributed. Judge Bottoff was born at Sackville, N. B. He represented Westmoreland in the Assembly for many years, and was speaker and surveyor-general. His wife, three daughters, and a son survive him. He was a brother of Senator Research.

THE ONTARIO HOUSE.

example of self-sacrifice to officers, and to check indulgences in unnecessary luxuries, the habit of making costly presents and giving frequent banquets and so forth. The Emperor has also issued regulations looking to the suppression of dueling in the

Imperial Visiting.
LONDON, April 7.—The Berlin corespondent of the Times says Emperor William will meet Queen Victoria at Darmstadt

It is stated Emperor William will with the Empress of Austria at Wiesbaden this week.

Emperor William charged Major Liebert before the latter's departure for Zanzibar to make every effort to induce Emin Pasha to enter the German service.

A Hangman's Golden Opportunity. 31 London, April 7.—Mr. Berry, the hang-man, has had an opportunity to make man, has had an opportunity to make money. W. Kelly, the enterprising American manager of Grace Hawthorne, who is playing "Theodora" in the English provinces, telegraphs to offer him £50 per week to play executioner in the tragedy, and let him off whenever there was anybody to be hanged. Berry, instead of beand let him off whenever there was anybody to be hanged. Berry, instead of being flattered by Kelly's offer, sent an indigman response, informing the audacious
manager that it would be a violation of
the code of ethics governing officers of the
English Government for him to go upon
the stage. As none of the "Theodora",
company, from Miss Hawthorne down,
would have remained upon the stage if
Berry came on, he lost a fine opportunity
to sue Kelly for breach of contract.
England's African Policy Keenly Criti-

England's African Policy Keenly Criti-

London, April 5.—Sir Samuel Baker, the African explorer, has written a let-ter to the Times, indicting the Brit-African explorer, has written to the Times, indicting the British Government for its policy, which, he declares, has led to the loss of all the positions gained in Africa by the enterprise of individual Englishmen. He justifies the alliance between Emin Pasha and Major Wissmann and says it was only natural that Emin should join the German Government Expedition which will never imitate the fatal example of the English forces of advancing only to retreat. Sir Samuel points out how the Germans may ma few months regain the Equatorial Province by founding stations at Victoria, Nyanza, and forming an alliance with Mwanga, King of Uganda, thus eventually securing control of the White Nile at Gondokoro, while Italy will become master of the situation by gain. White Nile at Gondokoro, while Italy will become master of the situation by gaining possession of Berber and Kassala. Khartoum will then naturally fall. He concludes by declaring that the Equatorial Province is of no commercial value, and England, he declares, may well be content to be an onlooker in that section of Africa.

tion of Africa Old World Wirelets.

has started for Lisbon.

The Hamburg correspondent of the London Times says that in contrast with Bismarck's policy Emperor William intends to pave the way to an entence with France, and thus isolate Russia. The Austrian alliance, it adds, will remain unchanged.

CUBRENT CONDENSATIONS.

CANADIAN.

Rev. E. P. Crawford, of the Church of he Ascension, Hamilton, may resign at the McGill University has been granted \$150,000 by Mr. W. C. Macdonald for the en-

dowment of the law faculty.

Col. Gilmore, clerk of the Ontario Legislature, was presented with a complimentary address and a handsome bronze piece.

Mr. George Preston has been appointed assistant master mechanic of the Ontario division, C. P. R., with office at Parkdale. A man named Walsh, aged 60, has eloped

A new Anglican church was opened in the eastern part of Toronto on Sunday. It is called St. Matthew's, and the rector is Rev. J. Scott Howard. A set of chimes, costing \$1,000, has been presented by Mr. McLean Howard.

Dahomey is now being talked of as something certain to take place.

Bismarck.

Berlin, April 7.—It is reported that the Emperor has again refused to consent to the publication of Prince Bismarck's letter of resignation.

manufacturing this line of goods we are prepared to furnish bamboo sasela, fire screens, paper racks, music stands, etc., at very low prices. Special designs made to order. Liberal discounts to the trade. E. N. Husz, 190 Dundas street.

Winding Up the Business of the Session.

Mr. Meredith and the Premier on the School Question—The Opposition's Parting Shots Fail Short.

It was after 2:30 o'clock Friday morning when the separate school debate closed. There was some discussion as to whether or not the House should then adjourn and hold a session in the afternoon, but some embers objected to going on during Friday, though the Attorney-General and the leader of the Opposition both avowed they had no scruples on the subject. After a short recess the supplementary estimates were given notice of and passed, and the Treasurer introduced a bill embodying the railway resolutions, which were read the first and second times without discussion.

Upon the motion to go into Committee of Supply on the bill, Mr. Balfour moved in

that Provincial aid should also at the same time be granted to deserving railway projects in the older counties.

The amendment was lost 31 to 50.

The debate on Mr. Craig's bill respecting the language of instruction in public and separate schools was continued by Mr. Meredith, who discussed the question for over an hour. He resented Mr. Ross' reference to Mr. Craig's loss of his convention, and spoke of that gentleman in the highest terms as a pure and high-minded Christian gentleman. He denied that the Opposition were endeavoring to stir up strife, and charged in return that the Liberal party were endeavoring to alienate the French-Canadians of Ontario from the Conservative party. He insisted, however, that he did not care what might be the result of this policy of the Opposition. It was intended for the best. Mr. Meredith closed by defending Mr. Craig's bill in detail and in arguing that that honorable gentleman had been perfectly persistent in his course throughout.

The Attorney-General, on rising shortly before 2 o'clock, was greeted with loud cheers. He said that at that late hour it would not be becoming on his part to occupy the attention of the House very long, nor did the speech of his honorable friend, heated although it was and excited, and impassioned as its delivery no doubtwas, contain much that required an answer. It was absourd for the leader of the Opposition to

and impassioned as its delivery no doubt was, contain much that required an answer. It was absurd for the leader of the Opposition to say that the Government did not desire the French population to learn English. If his honorable friend really seriously meant any such statement as that he must be pretty nearly approaching absolute idiocy. (Cheers and laughter.) His honorable friend was not in that position—he knew very Cheers and laughter.) His honorable friend was not in that position—he knew very well how the matter really was, but he thought just now it was to the interest of his party to represent things as being different to what they were. The Government were as anxious as he was to see their French fellow-subjects speak the English language; but the difficulty was how to bring about that result. The plan proposed by his honorable friend was a very bad one, and if carried into effect, not more English would be learned, but less. Nothing could be gained by proscribing the French language in the schools, but a great deal was to be gained if they recognized to a certain extent the use of that language. The French population conognized to a certain extent the use of cognized to a certain extent the use of that language. The French population contributed to the support of the schools, and the object sought could be secured a thousand times more effectually by respecting their prejudices, by respecting their prejudices, by respecting their language by rom Montreal with Miss Maggie Purcell, aged 28. Walsh left a wife with whom he has lived for 39 years.

The parish church and Presbytery of St. Monique, in the Diocese of Nicolet, Quebec, have been destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$55,000.

Assignments—Amherstburg, John E. Martin, wagon maker; Clarksburg, Thos. Keast, hardware; Smith's Falls, D. C. Healey, groceries and liquors.

The Weekes-Sutherland poisoning preliminary examination closed on Saturday at Charlottetown, P. E. I., when Mrs. Weekes was sent up to the Supreme Court for trial. Bail was fixed at \$9,000.

A new Anglican church was opened in the State of things as speedily as resolved. was sent up to the Supreme Court for trial. Bail was fixed at \$9,000.

A new Anglican church was opened in the eastern part of Toronto on Sunday. It is called St. Matthew's, and the rector is Rev. J. Scott Howard. A set of chimes, costing \$1,000, has been presented by Mr. McLean Howard.

Victor A. Robertson, a prominent lawyer, of Portage la Prairie, died Saturday of inflammatory rheumatism. Deceased was the second son of Judge Robertson, of Hamilton. Ont., was about 35 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children.

introducing this resolution was that the Attorney-General had last session stated that he did not believe the Government had a right to deal with the question of textbooks in separate schools, and that this session he had told the House he was mistaken. The rest of the resolution referred to a matter which he had already discussed in the House, the position of certain of the Roman Catholic hierarchy in connection with separate schools, and that was not well understood to be the condition of things at the time the Separate School Act was passed.

things at the was passed.

The Attorney-General said that as regards text-books in separate schools, what he had said last year as to the power of a Provincial Government to deal with these text-books, was that he was not then presend to say that a Provincial Government text-books, was that he was not then prepared to say that a Provincial Government had such a power. The point was sprung upon the House upon a motion against going into supply. He had not had occasion to consider the question before, and was, therefore, not prepared then to affirm that the power existed. He had considered the subject to some extent since and was of opinion that such a power existed in regard to this class of text books, and in regard to these it was extremely difficult to draw the line between the subject to describe the subject to the subject to some and was of opinion that such a power existed in regard to these it was extremely difficult to draw the line between the subject to the s a power existed in regard to these it was text books, and in regard to these it was extremely difficult to draw the line between the two classes. There was a difference of professional opinion on the subject. If he had been contemplating legislation in regard to it, he would have thought it his duty to bring the subject before the courts previous to such legislation. Mr. Meredith's motion to go into supply precluded any amendment by which the House could express what his exact views were. The motion was one of want of confidence, and was meant to be so. The resolution suggested that law as recognized by the Government gave to the hierarchy such a power, but the fact was entirely otherwise. The law gave no power whatever in the

power, but the fact was entirely other was.
The law gave no power whatever in the
matter to bishop or priest. The power was
given to the ratepayers and supporters of
separate schools. Bishop or priest had no
more power under the law in the matter
of separate schools than a layman had.
The degree of deference or obedience
which the Roman Catholic laity gave was
teatherweigers to chose according to their which the roman Catholic Rely is their sense of what duty or convenience required. It was not founded on any law of the Legislature. No law had given it, and, if a Roman Catholic chose to render what we might think an excessive amount of we might think an excessive amount of defense or obedience, no law which could be made would prevent his doing so. Mr. Meredith and all his party knew perfectly that nobody on the Government side of the House would favor a law giving to bishops or clergy any control over the laity. It must always be a matter of their own

Hon. Mr. Fraser remarked that it would have been more manly on the part of the leader of the Opposition, if he had brought forward his motion in a difbrought forward his motion in a dif-ferent manner. The honorable gentleman had not done the bravest kind of a thing in moving a resolution affecting the minority, as this did, as a want of confidence motion. The amendment was lost, 31 yeas, 49 nays.

Mr. Hudson moved in amendment to supply that the grant to the Provincial Exhibition having been withdrawn, the grants to local agricultural societies should be increased. Defeated, 50 to 29.

On motion for the third reading of Mr. Ross' bill to amend the Public and S.

When the speaker called the order for resuming the adjourned debate on Mr. Graham's motion that the Legislature petition the Dominion Parliament to take steps to secure unrestricted reciprocity, Mr. Graham said that, realizing that in the last throes of the dissolution of the present Parliament, it would be impossible to give the resolution that consideration which its importance demanded. he must ask leave to the resolution that consideration which its importance demanded, he must ask leave to withdraw it, which was granted and the

withdraw it, which was granted order discharged.

On the motion for the adoption of the report of the Public Accounts Committee Mr. Meredith objected to the wording of the report as not borne out by the evidence submitted to the committee. Col. Clarke, chairman of the committee, contended emphasically that the report was borne what cally the contended the committee of the contended of the conte chairman of the committee, contended emphatically that the report was borne out in every respect by the evidence, and he repeated that the Conservative members of the Committee had shown opposition to no more than a very few points of the report. Hon. Mr. Hardy, who was present at the meeting at which the report had been presented, supported the contentions of the Chairman, as hit Mr. Aurent The report was adopted did Mr. Awrey. The report was adopted—

did Mr. Awrey. The report was adopted50 yeas, 29 nays.

Mr. French moved to amend by repealing the existing exemptions as to colleges
and other incorporated seminaries of learning, not being universities and not schools sustained in whole or in part by a Legisla-tive grant or school tax. Negatived 50

Mr. lngram moved to add the following: Sub-section 25 of section 1 of the Assessment Act is here repealed, and the following substituted therefor: The annual income of any person derived from his personal earnings to the amount of \$700. The effect of this would be to exempt all incomes from taxation up to \$7%. The amendment was negatived by 56 to 23.

Mr. Meredith moved to amend by pro

That no bylaw for substituting a business tax for the present mode of assessing personal property shall be passed unless or until a bylaw of the municipality declaring that the section shall go into effect therein shall have

of the municipality, and by provide that such vote may be taken at any municipal e.ec-tion.

The amendment was negatived by 50 to 29.
Mr. Creighton moved—and this was the end—that the following words be added to

the motion:
But this House regrets that a measure of a more comprehensive character dealing with anomalies and inconsistencies in the mode of saccessment of property for the purpose of nunicipal taxation has not been submitted for consideration.

consideration.

The amendment was rejected by 50 to 29.
Upon the motion for the third reading of Hon. Mr. Ross' bill respecting exemptions from municipal assessments Mr. H. E. Clarke moved an amendment to provide that land, not including the buildings thereon, on which a place of worship is erected.

WHOLE NO., 8398 This soap has all the jualities most desirable for shaving. It yields an abundant, EGATE & lasting lather, which DEMULGENI

RICH, CREAM

CLOSE LATHE

refreshing feeling. Cairneross & Lawrence,

Chemists,

softens the beard and

remains moist until

removed, and imparts

to the skin a cool and

or used in connection therewith, shall be liable to be assessed in the same way and to the same extent as other lands. Lost—50

Mr. H. E. Clarke next moved to amend Mr. H. E. Clarke next moved to amend section 4 (the business tax clause) so as to extend its provisions to persons carrying on a trade or business. Negatived 50 to 30. It was 6:30 o'clock when this succession of divisions more than the succession. It was 6:30 o'clock when this succession of divisions were put on the records, and the Attorney-General then moved "that this House do now adjourn until Monday next at 2:30 o'clock." The motion was carried amid deafening cheers. Before separating the members heartily joined in singing "God Save the Queen" and "Auld Laug Syne."

Prorogation.

Toronto, Ont., April 7.—Ontario Legislature closed this afternoon.

WORK AND WAGES.

Fifteen Hundred Men Involved in the Toronto Building Trade Trouble -The Situation in Europe.

TORONTO'S LABOR TROUBLES.

TORONTO, April 7.—The labor disputes which have engaged a considerable share of attention in the city during the past week, are not yet settled, despite the meetings held on Saturday. The men still hold by their demand for more wages. The employers still refuse the increase. The bricklayers on Saturday resolved not to work for the masters who refused the increase, and another meeting has been summoned for tohe masters who return summoned for mother meeting has been summoned for the store action. The store

day to consider future action.

masons and laborers have also stopped work, and will remain idle until a settlement is arrived at. About 1,500 men are affected by these decisions.

London, April 7.—The Berlin Labor
Conference agreed on certain conclusions London, April 7.—The Berlin Labort Conference agreed on certain conclusions which would have practical value if there were any power to enforce them. Women and children not to work in mines, no Sunday labor unless necessary, women to do no night work nor work over eleven hours daily, coal mines to be scientifically protected—such are the more important recommendations of this distinguished body. Its adjournment was promptly followed by strikes on a large scale in various parts of Germany.

strikes on a large scale in various parts of Germany.

As one English strike ends another begins. The Liverpool dockers have gone back to work on their employers' terms, the London bootmakers having come out. Their stand is against "sweating," which means low wages for 90 hours' work weekly. The employes of the Government arsenal at Woolwich, numbering about 10,000, have formally protested against the presgrants to local agricultural societies should be increased. Defeated, 50 to 29.

On motion for the third reading of Mr. Ross' bill to amend the Public and Separate Schools Act, Mr. Ingram moved to strike out the fifth and sixth clauses of the bill. One of these gives to public school sections who have adopted the use of the ballot the option of returning to the system that previously prevailed should they wish to do so; the other makes the mode of voting adopted permanent for three years, whether the ballot system is adopted or the cept voting system reverted to. The amendment was deteated 50 to 49.

Mr. Hardy's Municipal Amendment Act was read a third time and passed, and then several bills were withdrawn, among them Mr. Garson's measures to provide for the examination of stationary engineers and the inspection of stationary engineers and the inspection of stationary deletation of the pensions, and there are rumors that a strike is imminent. John Burns, the famous labor agitator, has interested himself in the matter and has offered to organize an agitation in the interest of the police, provided that two officers of the force will actively assist him. Sector meetings have been held to discuss this proposition, but with what result it is not known.

The chodono botmakers having come out. Their stand is against "sweating," which means low wages for 90 hours' work weekly. The condontation is against the seventy which wheekly. The cholos of the Government arsenal at Woolwich, numbering about 10,000, have formally protested against the presions who have adopted of voting and thereaten to strike to enforce their demand for an increase. The highest wages now only 21 shillings a week, much less than is against the seventy wheekly. The employees of the Government arsenal at Woolwich, numbering about 10,000, have formally protested against the presions who wages for 90 hours' work weekly. The employees of the Government arsenal at Woolwich, numbering about 10,000, have formally protested against the presions wages for 9

not known.

THE CHICAGO CARPENTERS.

CHICAGO, April 7.—The journeymen carpenters of Chicago held a gigantic mass meeting yesterday and unanimously ratified the action of their executive council order-ing a general strike for an sinkth the action of their executive council ordering a general strike for an eight-hour day
and minimum wages of 40 cents an hour.
Five thousand men are expected to strike,
and the leaders predict that 1,000 more will
follow in a few days.

OUARRYMEN SUCCESSFUL.

PRINTENDER OF April 7.—The strike

GUARFYMEN SUCCESSFUL.

Belleville, Ont., April 7.—The strike among the quarrymen at Point Ann has been settled. The men have returned to work at the increased wages of \$1 50 pt day. The strike at the Cookston quarry was also successful, the pay of the stor cutters being fixed at \$2 50, \$2 75 and per day. per day. 5,000 to 6,000 CARPENTERS GO OUT.

5,000 TO 5,000 CARPENTERS GO OUT.
CHICAGO, Ill., April 7.—The carpenters'
strike took place this morning according to
programme. It is estimated between
5,000 and 6,000 men are out. No disturbance reported so far. The First of the Season.

Godenich, April 7.—The schooner nair, Capt. Skelton, cleared for Clev Saturday evening with a cargo of ice is the first departure of the season. High-Priced Tailoring Busted!

DR. JAEGERS' Sanitary Woolen System

cent. on usual prices. First floo Woods' store, corner Dundas and Ric

GENTLEMEN'S Undershirts, Drawers, Combination Suits and Socks.

CALL AND SEE THEM

& CO.,

WILSON Sole Agents for London