

Local and Other Items

A despatch from Paris reports that "During the night of October 24 twenty-five German airplanes were brought down by our pilots or fell disabled in the enemy lines."

Dr. Geo. Michaelis, the German Imperial Chancellor, has placed his portfolio in the hands of Emperor William, according to an Amsterdam despatch given out by the wireless press.

An average potato crop with only an unimportant amount of rot is indicated by the reports from the Ontario district agents of the Department of Agriculture for the past week.

The latest official report states that Nova Scotia and P. E. Island potatoes were selling in Halifax at \$1.50, to \$1.75 per bag of 90 lbs. Western Nova Scotia farmers are it is stated, receiving \$1.50 per 90 lb. bag, and \$1.20.

An order-in-council has been passed by the Dominion Government authorizing regulations issued by the Fuel Administrator for Canada respecting the importation and sale of coal, which go into effect on November 1st.

New York was drenched on the 24th under the seasons most violent rain and wind storm. More than two inches of rain fell up to noon. Many small vessels were wrecked or sunk in Fausling Bay, with a property loss estimated at \$100,000.

The Shipping Board at Washington agreed on the 25th to charter to the Italian Government 25 American commandeered steel ships of an aggregate of 100,000 dead weight tons, to relieve Italian shortages of shipping to transport vital needed supplies.

Under a definite allotment of American coal for Canada, announced by the Fuel Administration, Washington about 2,000,000 tons of bituminous and 700,000 tons of anthracite will be permitted to move across the Canadian border during the next two months.

On Sunday afternoon a meeting of St. Dunstan's parish was held in the Cathedral. The meeting was splendidly attended, and it was decided that a subscription be taken up towards the work of the interior construction of the main Church. The subscription was most successful.

Hon. W. S. Fielding, for fifteen years Minister of Finance under Sir Wilfrid Laurier, gave out a statement asking general support for the Liberal Government and endorsing the action taken by Hon. A. R. MacLean in entering the Government as the representative of Nova Scotia Liberalism.

A meeting of the parishioners of St. James Catholic Church, Georgetown, was recently held and it was decided to undertake the work of building a new stone structure to replace the old wooden church. A subscription was taken up for that purpose which proved very successful. His Lordship the Bishop of Charlottetown was present at the meeting.

Three vessels arrived in New Glasgow, N. S. from this island on Saturday last with produce and prices took another jump. Two of the vessels were asking 90 cents per bushel for potatoes, 60 cents for turnips, cabbage a dollar per dozen and other vegetables 80 cents per bushel. The other vessel was quoting a dollar per bushel for potatoes. Several other produce vessels are expected daily. Buying was fairly brisk at these prices, as it is anticipated that prices will still further advance before very long.

DIED.

MacRAE—At Heatherdale, P. E. I., on Oct. 12th, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. MacRae.

HUGHES—At Sturgeon on Oct. 24, Mrs. Bernard Hughes, R. I. P.

McNEIL—In Roxbury, Mass., Oct. 18, Cyrus, beloved son of Alexander and Cecily McNeil (nee McKinnon), 21 aged years.

Our Next War Loan

It is absolutely essential to the effective continuance of Canada's part in the war and to the maintenance of her agricultural and industrial prosperity that the next war loan, the raising of which will be entered upon in a few days, shall be a complete success. To invest in that loan is therefore not only a highly patriotic way for those who cannot go to the front to "do their bit," but is the soundest sort of good business policy. What makes for the prosperity of the nation is beneficial to the individual, and in this case the prosperity of the nation can best be guaranteed by supplying for national use the private wealth of the people, the bulked savings of the Canadian workingmen, no matter how small individual contributions may be.

In a large measure Canada has been forced to finance her own support of the war. This has been done in two ways, by taxes and by bond issues. Much has been raised by taxes while the bond issues have been successful, but the needs of the war are great and more money must be obtained. The Government has decided to try to obtain it by another loan which will be issued in an attractive form, and probably for a large amount.

In considering his relation to the new loan the average Canadian must take several things under mental review. The first, and most important, is that his country needs the money in order to prosecute the war just as she needs men. And the money will be obtained in the same fashion Canada has gone about securing her men.

At first the voluntary system of enlistment was tried to secure soldiers and splendid results were obtained in that way. But there came a time when the voluntary system did not meet the requirements and compulsion was resorted to. Offering a war loan is merely another way of giving Canadian dollars the same opportunity of enlisting in the country's service that was extended to Canadian young men. But if, by the voluntary effort enough Canadian dollars are not obtained to meet the demand it is impossible to suppose that the Government may resort to a more drastic method? This is a point every Canadian will do well to consider.

A solemn duty is laid upon every one to buy war bonds to the extent of his ability. Performance of this duty the Government aims to make not only light but actually an advantage. The Government will pay the highest interest and give the best security. War bonds will be the equal of the "Dominion of Canada bank note so far as security goes. The whole credit of the country will be behind them. They will be saleable, it is likely, at an increased valuation within a few years. If they are retained to the end of the period for which they were issued, they will then be redeemable for the full amount of the investment. And in the meantime the holder will have collected, without expense of any kind, interest probably equal to that obtainable upon troublesome mortgages.

War Cabinet Complete.

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—Canada's war cabinet is announced, also the committee of the cabinet which will have charge of the domestic problems arising out of the war. The war cabinet—technically known as the war committee of the cabinet—will have the Prime Minister as its president and Hon. N. W. Rowell as its vice-president. The other committee, which will be known as the reconstruction committee, will also have the Prime Minister as its president. Hon. A. R. MacLean, minister without portfolio, will be vice-president.

The personnel of the two committees is as follows: War cabinet—Chairman, Sir Robert L. Borden; vice chairman, N. W. Rowell, president of the Privy Council; Major General McBurney, minister of militia and defence; Sir Thomas White, minister of finance; Hon. G. C. Ballantyne, minister of Marine and fisheries; and naval service; Hon. C. J. Doherty, minister of justice; Hon. F. P. Carvell, minister of public

works; Hon. A. L. Sifton, minister of customs; Hon. P. E. Blondin, postmaster general, and Sir Edward Kemp, minister of overseas militia forces. Reconstruction and development committee—Chairman, Sir Robert L. Borden; vice chairman, Hon. A. R. MacLean; Sir George Foster, minister of trade and commerce; Sir Thomas White, minister of finance; Hon. J. D. Reid, minister of railways and canals; Hon. J. A. J. Alder, minister of immigration, and colonization; Hon. Arthur Leighton, minister of the interior; Hon. T. A. Crerar, minister of agriculture; Sir James Loughheed, chairman of the Military Hospitals committee, and Hon. Senator Robertson, minister without portfolio.

Each committee, it will be observed, consists of ten members.

The duties of the war committee, which will exist during the progress of the war and until after demobilization, are defined in an order in council based upon recommendations made by the Prime Minister. Sir Robert Borden in his recommendations observes that the constitution of such a committee of the cabinet is advisable for the purpose of co-ordinating the efforts of the several departments of the government for the prosecution of the war, or ensuring the maximum of effect, with the minimum of expenditure and generally for the purpose of throwing the full power of Canada into the national endeavor. The Prime Minister further recommended that the committee shall enquire into and report upon the status and maintenance of the military, the enforcement of the Military Service Act, the defence of Canadian coasts and the patrolling of territorial and adjacent waters, the arrangements for garrisons and outposts in Canada, the training and equipping of troops, the internment of aliens, the prohibition and regulation of imports and exports and the granting of licenses therefor, the arrangement with the government of the United Kingdom and with the government of the allied nations respecting any of these matters, and generally speaking all matters relating to the efficient prosecution of the war, so far as Canada is concerned.

Kilties Win Praise

Montreal, Oct. 23.—Not since the first troops left Canada's shores to take part in the titanic struggle waging in Europe has a more splendid body of men passed in review than the 236th Battalion, McLean Highlanders, which was reviewed today preparatory to leaving here within a few days to complete their training elsewhere, and the New Brunswick who stood on Fletcher's field today and watched the men as they went through the military evolutions could not but feel a quickening of the pulse as he remembered with pride that this body of brave lads had its birth in the province by the sea. While the battalion today is international in its composition, New Brunswick occupies a large part in the make up, both in respect of officers and men. Major General Wilson, G. O. C. of military district No. 4 reviewed the battalion, being accompanied by Brig. Gen. H. H. McLean, of St. John, Lieut. Col. L. Leduc, Hill and Major McKergow.

Company by company General Wilson reviewed the men. In their new tartans they presented a unique and picturesque appearance, and unstinted admiration and cheers greeted the men as they swung down the field past the base. The test to which the battalion was put was severe, but the training they have undergone and their fitness were evidenced by the manner in which they acquitted themselves, and the words of praise bestowed by Gen. Wilson, while gratifying to officers and men were well merited, and New Brunswickers can expect that the battalion will give a good account of itself and add new lustre to the page of glorious achievement already inscribed in the war's history by the men from that province. General Wilson said it was one of the finest regiments he had inspected since the outbreak of the war, and congratulated Col. Guthrie and the officers on the appearance and efficiency.

Child Playing Shoots And Kills Sister

Fredericton, Oct. 26.—A terrible tragedy was enacted this morning at McLeod Hill, Parish of Douglas, five miles from Fredericton. Grace McNaughton, aged eight years, was shot and killed instantly by her brother two years younger. It was another case of "did not know it was loaded." Coroner B. M. Mullin of Devon decided to hold no inquest, the youth of the boy making it doubtful if he was responsible. The little fellow told the coroner that he "thought he would just snap the trigger." The home is that of Mr. and Mrs. Robert McNaughton and is on the farm of Wm. Seymour, for whom Mr. McNaughton works. The mother was at Dock Settlement visiting a married daughter and the father had gone to his work early. Left in the house were four children, a girl aged ten years, the victim of the shooting aged eight, the boy aged six and a little baby. The eldest girl, Annie, who usually got breakfast, said she was not feeling well this morning and Grace prepared the meal for the other children. She then returned to bed, lying down with her clothing on. The eldest sister was on the outside of the bed and the baby in the middle. Grace being at the rear. As the three children lay in bed little Gordon entered the room and seized a rifle which stood behind the door. He levelled the weapon at each of the children in the bed in turn. "Hands up," he said to each, and held her's up and then he pulled the trigger. The bullet passed over the eldest sister and the baby and struck Grace in the chest causing instant death.

Death Sentence Passed in Pictou

Pictou, N. S., Oct. 26.—The two prisoners Carmello Saffa Marabito and Natali Neri, who were convicted of killing Pietro Marabito, the husband of Carmello, were brought into court today to receive sentence. They were ordered to stand up while Judge Russell pronounced the words which seal their doom. His Lordship then donned the black cap. "The sentence of this court is that you Natali Neri and Carmello Saffa Marabito be taken from this court to the common jail at Pictou, there to be kept in close custody till the morning of Tuesday, January 16, 1918, when you will both be hanged by the neck until you are both dead. And may the Lord have mercy on your souls." A tremor ran through many of the spectators present as the fatal words were spoken. The court interpreter repeated the sentence to the prisoners in the Sicilian language and each could be seen to shudder as the true significance of the awful sentence dawned upon them. Both prisoners were then taken back to their cells. It is many years since the death sentence was pronounced in Pictou. The two condemned prisoners will now be placed in the death cells there to await the day of execution.

Railroad Disaster Awakens Sussex

Sussex, Oct. 29.—A train wreck occurred this morning at Sussex station, about 8.45 o'clock. The engine of the Sussex train was shunting cars, getting ready for the train which is due to leave Sussex at 7 o'clock a. m. An incoming freight travelling at a good rate of speed crashed into the engine of the Sussex train. The forward track of the engine of the Sussex train was smashed, and the other engine badly damaged. An engine which was at Hampton was sent to the scene of the wreck and took the Sussex train to St. John two hours and thirty minutes late. That no one was hurt and that more damage was not done is wonderful. The accident was due, it is said, to a switch having been left open. The railway officials attribute the accident to carelessness on the part of someone. The line was blocked for a time. Seventy cars of milk were upset, and two cars were off the track. The damage probably amounted to \$1,000. Wrecking crew arrived from Moncton before noon, and went to work to clean up the wreck.

Lost His Life In Albion Collieries

New Glasgow, N. S., Oct. 29.—The people of Westville and Stellarton were shocked yesterday afternoon when word passed around quickly that Rod Martin had lost his life at the Albion collieries. A connection was being established between the Purvis seam-slope and the Albion colliery. A connection pipe was bored through and a pipe inserted to drain the gas off. The gas however did not pass as anticipated and it was decided to punch the hole through. Rod Martin and his buddy wearing the draught apparatus started to work. Martin was captain of a company of five men. Martin later found his helmet was not working as it should for he suddenly said to the man with him: "Let's get out quick," and started on the run. He reached the slope where he collapsed and fell. The men placed him on a trolley and had him taken to the surface as quickly as possible. On arrival there the helmet was removed but it was found that the spark of life had fled.

\$1,600,000 Fire Near Montreal

Montreal, Oct. 26.—A part of the plant of the Canada Explosives Company at Vaudreuil was destroyed by fire today and the fifteen hundred hands employed had to beat a hasty retreat from the premises. There was no loss of life. The neighborhood was rocked at intervals for nearly an hour by the tremendous explosions, while the sky was lighted up with all the colors of the rainbow from the flames of the burning acids. The monetary loss from the fire will be about \$1,600,000. The fire was started by a spark from an electric motor in the shell loading part of the plant. Two men were slightly injured.

The Market Prices.

Butter	.....0.44 to 0.45
Eggs per doz.	.....0.43 to 0.45
Fowls each	.....80.00 to 1.00
Chickens per pair	.....0.85 to 1.25
Flour (per cwt.)	.....0.00 to 0.00
Beef (small)	.....0.10 to 0.16
Beef (quarter)	.....0.08 to 0.11
Mutton per lb.	.....0.11 to 0.09
Pork	.....0.17 to 0.19
Potatoes	.....0.80 to 0.85
Hay, per 100 lbs.	.....0.70 to 0.75
Black Oats	.....0.70 to 0.00
Hides (per lb.)	.....0.16 to 0.18
Calf Skins (per lb.)	.....0.00 to 0.25
Sheep Pelts	.....1.50 to 2.00
Oatmeal (per cwt.)	.....0.00 to 0.00
Turnips	.....0.18 to 0.20
Turkeys (per lb.)	.....0.25 to 0.30
Pressed Hay	.....1.40 to 1.70
Straw	.....0.30 to 0.40
Ducks per pair	.....1.55 to 2.00
Lamb Pelts	.....0.00 to 0.00

Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of a writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature of Prince Edward Island, at the suit of Uriah Matthew, John McLean and Benjamin Hertz against Pius McDonald, I have taken and seized all the estate, right, title and interest of the said Pius McDonald, in and to ALL THAT tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being at Chepstow, Lot of Township Number Forty-Eve, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Bounded on the north by a road leading from the East Point Road to the St. Catherine's Road; on the east by land formerly owned by Alexander McDonald, now owned by Margaret McDonald, wife of Peter D. McDonald, and on the south and west by land of Gabriel McDonald, containing thirty acres of land a little more or less.

And I do hereby give Public Notice that I will on Tuesday, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1918, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, at the Court House in Georgetown, in King's County, set up and sell at Public Auction the said property, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on said Execution, being one hundred and forty-one dollars and twenty-six cents, besides Sheriff's fees and all legal incidental expenses.

ROBERT CURRAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, King's County, Sept. 20th, A. D. 1917.
Arthur F. McQuaid, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Oct. 3, 1917.—31

Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of a Writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature of Prince Edward Island, at the suit of John McLean against Clement McDonald, I have taken and seized all the estate, right, title and interest of the said Clement McDonald, in and to ALL THAT tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being at Clear Spring, Lot of Township Number Forty-four, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Bounded on the North by the Gulf of St. Lawrence; on the East by land of the heirs of David J. McDonald, formerly land of James McDonald, and by land formerly owned by John McLean; on the South by land of the heirs of John Y. McDonald, formerly James McDonald; and on the West by land of Donald A. McDonald, formerly owned by Cairns Gillis, and extending from the Main Post Road to said land. ALSO ALL THAT tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being at Clear Spring aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Bounded on the Northern side by the Main Post Road leading from St. Margaret's to East Point; on the Eastern side by land of the heirs of the said John Y. McDonald, formerly James McDonald; on the Southern side by land formerly owned by John Y. McDonald and Angus Gillis, and on the Western side by land of Donald A. McDonald, formerly owned by Cairns Gillis, and containing Seventeen and one half acres of land, a little more or less. And I do hereby give Public Notice that I will, on Thursday, the Twenty-fifth day of April, A. D. 1918, at the hour of twelve o'clock (noon) at the Court House in Georgetown, in King's County, set up and sell by Public Auction the said property, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on said Execution, being Three hundred and twenty eight dollars and thirty-nine cents, besides Sheriff's fees and all legal incidental expenses.

ROBERT CURRAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, King's County, October 17, A. D. 1917.
Arthur F. McQuaid, Plaintiff's Attorney.
October 24, 1917.—31

CANADA, Province of Prince Edward Island.

IN THE PROBATE COURT.
In the matter of the estate of James Eneas McDonald, late of Fairfield in King's County in the said Province, deceased, Testate.
To the Sheriff of the County of King's County or to any Constable or literate person within the said County.

GREETING:—
WHEREAS D. J. Gregory McDonald of St. George's, in King's County aforesaid and Arthur F. McQuaid, of Souris, in Kings County aforesaid, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said James Eneas McDonald, deceased, have by their Petition now on file prayed that all persons interested in the said Estate may appear and show cause if any they can why the accounts of the said Estate should not be passed, and why the said Estate should not be closed.

YOU ARE THEREFORE required to cite all persons interested in the said Estate to appear before me at a Probate Court to be held at my Chambers in the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, in Queen's County on Tuesday, the Twentieth day of November next (A. D. 1917) at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause why the accounts of the said Estate should not be passed and why the said Estate should not be closed.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court (L. S.) this Twelfth day of October A. D. 1917.

(Sgd) ENEAS A. McDONALD, Judge of Probate.

October 24, 1917.—31

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon on Friday, the 16th November, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week Over Rural Mail Route No. 57 from Charlottetown, P. E. Island, from the 1st January next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Montreal, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector.
By Office Inspector's Office.
Charlottetown, October 10, 1917.
October 10, 1917.—31

Feed! Feed!

Just Received into Warehouse

1000 bags Bran, best quality
300 bags Middlings
400 bags Cracked Corn
250 bags Cornmeal
600 bags Oilcake
Meal (old process). Several cars
Good Hay
500 bushels Feed Oats
Cracked Grain, &c. &c.

Lowest Prices

Wholesale and Retail.

Carter & Co. Ltd.

Queen Street Warehouse

F. J. Holman & Co. Ltd

Charlottetown, P. E. I.

WE BUY

Poultry, Butter,
Eggs, Oats,

Potatoes

And other farm produce
at highest cash prices

WE SELL

Groceries, Meats,
Dry Goods Flour,
Feed & Wire
Fencing

At lowest possible prices.

"Let us trade together."

Sept. 5, 1917.

FREISCHMAN'S YEAST

TO MAKE GOOD BREAD
You must have Good Yeast

GOOD BREAD is, without question, the most important article of food in the catalog of man's diet; surely, it is the "staff of life." Good bread is obtainable only by using the Best Yeast, the best flour, and adopting the best method of combining the two. Compressed Yeast is in all respects the best commercial Yeast yet discovered, and Fleischmann's Yeast is indisputably the most successful and best leaven known to the world. It is uniform in quality and strength. It saves time and labor, and relieves the housewife of the vexation and worryment she necessarily suffers from the use of an inferior or unreliable leaven. It is, moreover, a fact that with the use of Fleischmann's Yeast, more loaves of bread of the same weight can be produced with the use of any other kind of Yeast.

explained by the more thorough fermentation and expansion which the minute particles of flour undergo, thereby increasing the size of the mass and at the same time adding to the nutritive properties of the bread. This fact may be clearly and easily demonstrated by any who doubt that there is economy in using Fleischmann's Yeast.

If you have never used this Yeast give it a trial.

Ask your Grocer for a "Fleischmann" Recipe Book.

R. F. MADDIGAN & Co.