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THIS HOTEL has been REFITTED AND PAINTED IN THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STYLE. AN ELEGANT GENTLEMEN'S PARLOR, OFFICE, and BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED DINING ROOM on Ground Floor; PERFECT VENTILATION and SEWERAGE throughout; LARGE and AIRY BEDROOMS; OMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS and CLOSETS ON each floor; and is capable of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS.

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THE PILLS

PURIFY THE BLOOD, correct all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys and Bowels, They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the Aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT

FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, Giandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases, it has no rival; and for Contracted and Stiff Joints it act

Manufactured only at Professor Holloway's Establishment.

78, NEW OXFORD STREET, (late 533, OXFORD STREET), LONDON and are sold at 1s. 14d., 2s. d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot and may be had of al Purchasers should look to the label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not

Has just received a Car Load of Furniture of all kinds, which will be sold low. =

I invite the public in general to please give me a call, and examine my stock. =

Bedroom Setts, Parlor Suits,

Chairs, Lounges, Woven Wire

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And the wonderful Climax Sewing Machine, right from the World's Fair.

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Glasgow via Liverpool and St. John's

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Aug. 19

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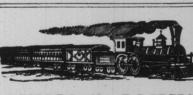
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RAILROADS.



## CANADIAN PACIFIC

RAILWAY

LINE

ATLANTIC DIVISION.

ALL BOSTON, &c. THE SHORT LINE RAIL MONTREAL, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

In Effect June 25th 1893. LEAVE FREDERICTON.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME. 6.00. A. M.—Express for St. John and intermediate points; Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, and points North, 6.35 A. M.—Mixed for Woodstock and points North, via Gibson branch.

8.25 P. M.—Expre s for Fredericton Junction, St

RETURNING TO FREDERICTON FROM St. John, 6.25, 9.30 a.m., 4.40 p. m.

Fredericton Junction, 8.10 a.m., 11.35, 6.30 p.m

McAdam Junction, 10.10, a. m.

Vanceboro, 9.45 a. m.,

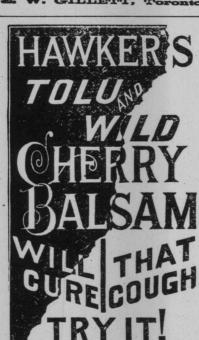
St. Stephen, 7.35.

St. Andrews, 7.10 a. m.

Arriving in Fredericton at 9.10 a. m., 12.15, 4-15, 7.30 p.m.

D. McNICOLL, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. E. MCPHERSON. Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent 8T. JOHN, N. B. 50 Barrels White's Portland Cement.
JAMES S. NEILL.

533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.



IT WILL CURE YOU.

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MURNACES, Stoves, Tinware. Royal Diamond Stoves are the best.

Tinware Boilers, Steamers FINEST Oil Cans, Dinner Cans, Basins, Mixing Pans, Steam Cookers. 28 July....STATE OF CALIFORNIA.....17 Aug.
11 Aug.....STATE OF NEBRASKA.....31 "
1 Sept....STATE OF CALIFORNIA.....21 Sept.

Door Caps, a specialty.

SEERY, W. E.

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Has Just Received a splendid new

## CLOTHS TWEEDS.

-COMPRISING-

Spring Overcoating,

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Which he is prepared to MAKE UP

LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE

STYLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

W. E. SEERY, WILMOT'S AVE.

Portland Cement. TO ARRIVE;

W. H. Druggist and Apothecary. COR. QUEEN & CARLETON STS.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

POTATO PROSPECTS.

The Lookout for the Potato Trade, and the Prices They Will Bring.

It would be difficult at this season t forecast what the trade in potatoes will be this fall. In the Boston market at present, the demand is being supplied with this article from the states of New Jersey, Rhode Island and Massachusetts, the latter being named in the trade circulars as native, and the varieties being marketted are Early Rose and Hebrons. kept from doing much damage.- Island The prices range from \$2.25 to \$2.75 per barrel, that is, 75 to 92 cents per bushel. Last year these same varieties were quoted in Boston at the same date at \$1.75 to \$2.00 with a slight upward tendency, while in '91 at the same season the prices were \$1.50 to \$1.75 per barrel with the market falling. It is true the price of potatoes in that market is falling this year notwithstanding the price just now is much higher than last year at the same period. The following table will show the prices for the corresponding dates of the present and last years:-

June 15th....\$1 75 to \$2 25 \$1 50 to \$3 50 22nd..... 1 50 " 2 00 2 00 " 3 50 29th ..... 1 25 " 2 00 2 00 " 3 50 July 6th .... 1 25 " 2 00 2 25 " 3 00 13th:.... 1 50 " 2 25 2 25 " 3 25 20th ..... 1 50 " 2 25 2 25 " 3 25 27th ..... 1 50 " 2 00 2 25 " 3 00 Aug. 7th ..... 1 75 " 2 00 2 62 " 3 00 10th ..... 1 75 " 2 00 2 25 " 2 50 These dates begin, in each case from

about the time the Maine and Maritime Province potatoes have all gone forward er the surface than do other varieties. under other circumstances, could only be and the Florida and Savannah potatoes of the south, which command such high prices when they come into the market first, have been worked down to the steady price of a tolerably full supply. By a study of the foregoing table it will little earth above the potatoes that appear Here the doctor placed a small section be observed that the prices for this season are keeping up to a much higher figure than those of last year. What is the prospect for these high quotations keep-

ng up throughout the season? The Boston market is supplied with the potatoes they require from the states of the Union and the Canadian provinces, lying along the Atlantic coast. The first to arrive in any one season, are those from Bermuda and Florida. The Bermudas are a small group of islands about seven potatoes undoubtedly come up quicker, In regard to these newer instruments adequate to all demands that may be from cape Hatteras in North Carolina. ed on wet ground they may rot in the improvements. Here is a search light," Occasionally, potatoes from these islands soil and not come up at all, especially if said Dr. Phillips, taking up a curved piece buildings erected at a cost of \$3000, new tomatoes) with two tablespoonfuls of butreach Boston, but they are mostly shipped fresh cut. But by partially drying the of nickel made to fit over the head and and in good order and with the best wishes ter, ditto of powdered cracker or breadto New York. Besides Florida potatoes, those from state of Georgia also go forward about the same time, and the season for these is from about the middle of May to the middle of June. These potatoes are shipped from the city of Savannah and are very often quoted as Savannahs. The next to reach Boston, are those from the Carolinas, which are mostly shipped from Norfolk in Virginia. These are shipped during the months of June and July. Virginian potatoes, also shipped from Norfolk and sometimes named Eastern Shore, have their season in July and August. Coming further up the coast, the Long Island and New Jersey potatoes reach the Boston market about the last of July or the first of August, and continue until the middle of September. The next potatoes to come in season are the Massachusetts (natives) and New Hampshire, which states are still further north than the last named ones. The time when these are in the market, is

from the middle of August until the last of September. Then come those from the state of Maine adjoining New Brunswick. which begin to reach the market about the second week in September, and they are followed about October 15th, by the crop from New Brunswick and the other Maritime Provinces, those from Maine and the provinces going forward until the the roots are cramped, and the crop is acwinter sets in, when many are stored in cellars, and are sent forward until the new crop from the southern Atlantic states is ready for shipment. The variety of potatoes which reach Boston, the emporium of the States for this product of the soil, are for the most part Rose and

Hebrons, although occasionally Dakota Reds and Chilis are also quoted, with of course, Chenangoes from these provinces. This then being the middle of August, it will be seen that Boston is now receiving in plentiful supply the crop from New Jersey and Long Island, while the Massachusetts and New Hampshire stock grow. Plates, Camp Requisites, Acme should be beginning to go forward. Of or earlier than others, yet such is the fact for turning to the latest trade report, it quotes the prices of Jersey and Hamp-Galvanized Iron Cornices and shire, while it says that "the receipts of the tree. native stock have increased largely of late and a considerable portion of the trade is supplied from this source." Evidently a good crop of grapes. this season is a somewhat earlier one than the average, no doubt due to the drouth the first part of the season, which the the condition of growth are too much. KITCHEN & SHEA, New England states in common with our-selves, have experienced. The next po-as possible after blooming time. The

therefore, are the following: About for this purpose. two-thirds of the Jersey and Long Island

crop, most of the Massachusetts and New Hampshire yield and that of the state of take its place, and in this way keep the Maine. What prospect is there that the ground occupied. crop in these states will pull down the the present high figures? Turning to the rot than good culture and the cutting out Massachusetts state board of agriculture report for July it says: About half the corespondents speak of

early potatoes as being badly injured by drouth, while the remainder speak of not only act as a mulch, but they help to them as being in good condition. On the keep away insect pests. whole, the early potato crop must be light. In many localities harvesting has now commenced. One dollar per bushel seems to be the ruling price, though reports of \$1.25, \$1.50 and even higher prices are not infrequent. Late potatoes promise well at present, though badly in need of rain in most localities.

Then again, the New England weather these states thus: "Potatoes are now beStir together until dissolved, set over the ing dug for market; they are small in fire, and bring to the boiling point. Botmany places, but late potatoes promise tle and seal. The shrub will keep for two well." By states the reports are as follows: New York - Early potatoes yield only one-third to one-half a crop, the yield generally light; Connecticut - The rain of the week will help late potatoes, earlies are a light and small crop, lute varieties are uncertain, but many fields are still having assumed the proportions of a pop- was entertaining Desilver in the best room. turning out well; Massachusetts - Early tion, while the golf links are everywhere again. As no answer was given the door out as good as former years, but being floured cloth securely over the bowl, doing fairly well; New Hampshire—Po- lessly. The "links" are on every side, in Clothing was torn, glass broken and furn- said to be a fair average. Oats and po- with powdered sugar. tato bugs are plenty, early potatoes are a the public parks, on private grounds, at iture smashed. Desilver had to surrender. tatoes look well and promise a good yield. small and a light crop; Maine - Potatoes | school and club courses - wherever a Mrs. Smith had jumped out of a back | Miss Longstaff has commenced her the drought during the first part of the springs into existence and secures it. As Ryder, her sister.

states will break the market, but should the late varieties turn out well they may pull down the present favorable prices a few notches. Even then there seems but little doubt that there will be a remunerative price for the tubers this fall here, and should the late crop in the adjacent States not turn out exceedingly well the prices here will possibly be good. To all appearances there is likely to be a splendid crop on the Island. Farmers, almost everywhere, are, wisely, investing in sprayers of the various makes, and the likelihood is that the potato beetles will be

ABOUT HILLING POTATOES. furrow between the rows made by hilling. through the upper part of the face. roots of the potatoes should be, if the

level culture and draw with the hoe a Catarrhal diseases are thus located." shovel plow, tearing to pieces the feeding | held in his hand at the time.

maintained growth for several weeks. the rows if the soil is not scraped out so as now on new lines. to leave furrows. In that case, of course,

cordingly lessened. ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

There is no advantage in having the fruit trees grow tall. Negligence more than anything else ruins many an orchard.

Potash fertilizers are better than nanure for stone fruits. The Moore's early grape is one of the very best of the early sorts. The best time to set out evergreens is in the early spring before they start to

The plow in an orchard will not hurt course seasons will vary, some being later if used frequently and commenced in good In a majority of cases an unnecessary

growth of wood is a waste of energy with Any land that is rich enough to grow a good crop of corn is rich enough to grow

One reason why many fail to make forest trees grow is that the changes in

tatoes to reach the market to ours, paris green mixture is a good one to use Plan the garden so that as fast as one crop is matured another will be ready to

There are few better remedies for black and burning of all diseased limbs as soon as they are discovered. One of the very best places for dumping

coal ashes is around the fruit trees; they CURRANT SHRUB.

Squeeze the juice from red or white

currants without heating them, and put it in a dry warm place to undergo a slight fermentation. After a few days remove the scum from the top, and use the clear part of the juice only, rejecting the thick years, and mixed with iced water is a re freshing drink. AN ENGLISH INFECTION.

that the early crop in the new England lish infection may be looked for. | was burning and pitch was hot. Desilver friends of this place a short visit recently. | fifteen minutes.

MEDICAL SCIENCE.

Some Wonderful Inventions for the Use of Doctors.

By the latest application of electricity to the medical science it has become possible to utilize the human head as a lantern. This was proved by Dr. Wendell C. Phillips the other night before a meeting of the laryngological section of the New York academy of medicine. The electrical apparatus used is called a "head illuminator." It consists of a small incandescent globe and an electric light of three candle power and about as big as a grape. It is adjusted to the end of a rubber tube, which in appearance resem-Most farmers hill their potatoes. They bles a lead pencil and through which the do this, as we have done ourselves, when wires reach the globe. In demonstrating convinced that hilling is always injurious | the proportions of this light before the and in a very dry season is almost always academy of medicine Dr. Phillips called fatal to the crop. It is impossible for a a sm i boy to the platform and placed moderate summer rain, or even a violent the instrument in his mouth. The boy rain, to penetrate the potato hill so far as closed his lips, all the lights were turned to furnish moisture to the roots. A rain out and then the light in the instrument which fell slowly for 24 hours might do was turned on. Immediately the boy's this, but summer rains are not often of cheeks became translucent and every vein that character. The rain falls heavily, and imperfection of the skin stood out compacts the surface and runs off in the with distinctness. The light also shone

These furrows are just where the feeding a The beauty of this illuminator," said be held in this city on September 19th loose soil were not earthed up around the fact that it enables us to read certain con- annual fairs both of which were well at-Why do farmers thus run counter to the learned heretofore by operations or prob- ed credit on the farmers of central New plain laws of potato growth? It is usually ings. If the light shines through one side to keep the potato from growing out of of the face and not the other we know amount in putting up suitable buildings the ground and sunburning until the the dark side is affected. It also throws and preparing grounds and premises so larger part are worthless for marketing. a light through the bones of the face and that everything sent into the competitions Some potatoes naturally form tubers near-discloses formations of the bone, which, could be conspiciously placed. The society Even those sorts that were most objection- ascertained by drilling to the bones. able in this respect we would not hoe up | Placed in the corner of the eye, the light as is usually done. It is comparatively a shines up through the cavity in the light task to go over a field that has had frontal bone just over the eyebrow. above the ground, rather than to use a of rubber hose over the light which he in the province for 1893 and to this end

roots of potatoes between the rows, on | "Now notice how this shines through which the future growth of the tubers de- my thumb," he continued. "Well, if of the show and the comfort and conven- salt, dip in beaten egg, then in dried and pends. If, as usually happens, the shovel there was a splinter there it could be aclience of all patrons. plowing is delayed until tubers are form- curately located. Any disarrangement of ed, the growth of these tubers is at once the small bones of the hand could be as- railways and steamboats and hotel fares time in the frying-basket, plunge into the arrested, and as a result at best is two certained in the same manner. This will be only at the usual rates. A comcrops of very small potatoes in each hill. practical use of electricity in surgery is mittee has been appointed to provide and a half. Drain on brown paper and Too shallow planting of potatoes is the not new, however," added the doctor. rooms and board for all who may so desire, common mistake. The shallow-planted "The first man to utilize it was Voltolini. and the city in this respect will be found and if very early potatoes are deep plant- | which I have about me I have just added | cut potato seed it may be planted four or come down between the brows. Between of all former patrons, the society while be-crumbs, a teaspoonful of sugar, and pepfive inches deep in May and come up the brows was a lens which stood out lieving that the previous shows were per and salt to taste. Fill the tomatoes every time. This deep planting has its like the glass of a bull's eye lantern. It good, see every prospect of this being the advantage in allowing early cultivation was connected by wires with a storage best ever held in Fredericton, and to this bakepan, sprinkle with buttered crumbs, before the potatoes are up. We common-ly talk of dragging the potato ground- A bright light shone out from the apparatus end they are turning all their energies. Enquirers as to stock lists, freight, etc. cultivator is set to scarify the surface at a like a star on the forehead of a ballet can secure all imformation by addressing depth fully one inch above the set. Then dancer. "This light," said the physician, J. A. Campbell, president, or A:S. Murray, the harrow may be put on to leave the "shines into and down the throat of a Fredericton surface smooth as possible and keep the patient who is being examined for throat troubles. This latter examination can The chief cause of light crops of potatoes also be performed by the insertion of a is drought, and this is always most injuri- small electric light the size of a pea. There ous on potatoes that are shovel plowed is another instrument consisting of a and hilled. More than once have we seen flexible tube with a small lamp at the end acres of potatoes withering and dying in a and connected with a battery. The few days after the hilling has been finish- patient swallows the lamp, and when it ed, even though heavy rains had fallen, reached the stomach it shines through so which on a level surface would have diseased organism can be plainly read from the outside. The circulation is vis-It is probably true that hilling makes | ible and an abnormal development stands easier digging, and it is partly owing to out like a mole on a person's cheek. All the fact that in the hill the potatoes are these implements and devices," added fewer in number, and are necessarily Dr. Phillips in conclusion, "are the rebunched in a heap. When they have sult of study made by prominent physimore room to spread the crop is increased, cians and surgeons. I have not invented and proportionably the labor of digging. these things. I have only developed All kinds of potatoes, even those whose them. We haven't reached the highest tubers are bunched, will spread their development of the use of electricity in roots through the whole surface between | the medical science yet. We are working

HE WAS TOO KILLING.

Jane wanted to go to the circus and John to the theatre.

"We can go the theatre anytime," she going to it."

sponsible for the consequences." "What consequences?" asked Jane in "These consequences," answered John

were there, it's all over with you -" "All over with me?"

with me?" Just this. If you look to me to be sweet enough to eat, how will you look to a raging, roaring lion? He will think

you a delicious morsel, and you are gone." "But, John, there will be other girls there besides me." "I know it; but you will be the sweetest one there.' "Very well, John, dear; I think, darl-

ing we'd better go to the theatre."

TARRED AND FEATHERED.

Monroe Smith is a hard working, easygoing farmer in Winterport Me. His wife Floy is thirty-five years old and pretty. She has two children. Among her male admirers was James Desilver, a laborer, forty-five years old. He lives in will follow unless blood poisoning sets in. the whites beaten to a stiff froth, and the Monroe, where he has a wife and two The cutting was done with a dull table berries. Bake for three-quarters of an

Last autumn Mrs. Smith ran away with Desilver. They stayed away until Desilver could support her no longer, and then came back to live on the earnings of Smith. Desilver now made the Smith place his home most of the time.

Mrs. Desilver, unable to support her-

towns, waited upon Desilver and Mrs. Smith, at the Smith residence. Mr. a small coaster was recently butchered, to bring to a dough that may be rolled All England is playing golf, the game Smith was upstairs asleep, and Mrs. Smith and the vessel burned by the natives. green and growing well; Rhode Island - ular craze. The tennis courts are empty The leader of the party came to the door Potatoes being dug for market, but are not and the nets sagging from want of atten- and rapped. No response. He rapped Aug. 21.—The hay crop did not turn the edger to keep in the juice. Tie a potato crop below the average; Vermont- and in constant demand. Men, women was broken down, when Desilver came favored with excellent weather it was plunge with boiling water, and boil from Potatoes are in good condition and are and children play golf and play it cease- out with a club, and there was a free fight. housed in good condition and may be two to two and and a half hours. Serve

was stripped and coated from head to foot

Two pillows were ripped open and the feathery contents laid on generously. After this hot tar and black paint were put on with a brush, making what the tarrers said was a "beautiful crust." Desilver was then set loose, and the men adjourned to consult a barrel of hard cider and five

gallons of whiskey. After this they made a call upon Smith. They gave him a message for his wife, who was still at the house of her sister. It warned her to get out of town at once, and said if she was ever found on the west side of the Penobscot, she would share the fate of her lover. The next morning she left.

Desilver wandered around till morning. Then he went to the house of Mr. Whitney, who furnished him with hot water and soap. He has gone home to live with his wife in Monroe. any kind, or water in which a leg of mut-

BIG EXHIBITS.

Farmers Preparing to Contest at the Coming Show.

A. S. Murray, secretary for Agricultural Society, District No. 34, is daily receiving applications for space at the exhibition to Dr. Phillips to a Herald man, "lies in the 20th and 21st. The society has held two ditions of the head which could only be tended and at which the exhibits reflect-Brunswick. They have expended a large do not carry on the exhibitions as mercantile enterprise but rather as schools where an agriculturalist learns something while at the same time teaching others. It is the intention of the society and

they are being strongly supported by the citizens to make this exhibition the best no means will be spared, and nothing left of deep lard, as for frying dough-nuts. undone that will conduce to the success | Season the tomato slices with pepper and

Excursion rates will be given on all each part. Put four or five slices at a

Enquirers as to stock lists, freight, etc.,

MOUTH KESWICK. Aug. 22.— The farmers are about done haying; the crop is away below the aver-

Mrs. Charles Gatecombe was taken very uddenly ill recently but is now improv-The temperance lodge here is going to hold a picnic on Thursday 31st, the band from Fredericton will attend. They will

bave all the different sports including the merry-go-round. Miss Ella Colter, daughter of T. H. Colconvention which will be held at St. Louis this month. She will also visit the world's

Rev. A. G. Downey exchanged pulpits. Boil one hour, strain, and return to the on Sunday. Mr. McFarlane has taken charge of the

school here and is very much liked by the scholars.

CRIPPLED FOR GAIN. said, "but the circus is here only for a enna, for maiming children and then of vinegar. Pare and slice the ripe tomaweek and we have not the chance of sending them out to beg, or selling them toes, and chop together until very fine, to others for the same purpose. Children the green tomatoes, onions and peppers. "Well, as you like," said John; "but were stolen or were misled with promises Put all the ingredients together in the allow me to say this: I will not be re- to the house kept by the gang on the out-

skirts of the town. Once there, they were hours, or until thick. bound and tortured. When the police forced their way into the house, they found two girls of twelve gravely: "Suppose one of the lions or fourteen years, with their legs broken. should break out of the cage while we Another girl of about the same age lay bound on a bed with her right arm broken and both eyes injured. Two other child- place in the preserving-kettle in layers "Certainly. The lions ain't blind, are ren, also mutilated, were found on cots in with the sugar, adding no water. Heat the cellar. Instruments which had been slowly, and boil until the tomates look "N-no. But what has that got to do used in producing physical deformities,

seized for evidence.

ATE HER OWN LIP. While laboring under a spell of religious mania, Bridget Boyle, living in Philadelphia, cut off her lower lip, boiled it and ate it. She said she had been ordered to make a sacrifice to God and had selected that method of doing it. People living in the house say she has been acting strangely of late, but nothing was known of her horrible action until she was found lying on the floor of her room, having two tablespoonfuls of butter, a teaspoonwhich she did not know how to check.

HORRIBLE CANNIBAL FEASTS. The Australian papers, per steamer "Miowera," give an account of a raid self and children, called upon the town of layta, Solomon Islands, on the coast tribes, Monroe for help. Friends of Smith and when a number of the latter, principally Desilver and Mrs. Smith went to them women and children, were taken prisonservice in its bulletin for the week ended August 7th, sums up the report from all these states thus: "Potatoes are now be."

Desilver and Mrs. Smith went to them and children, were taken prisoners and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be berries. Pour into a mold or bowl, well buttered, cover lightly and steam two pounds of granulated sugar.

Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. Smith looked sad, but said he could not be bearing and told them this thing had got to stop. stop it. Mrs. Smith told them it was nobody's business. Desilver told them it bones of ten human beings on the spot. a hot liquid sauce. was a free country, and he would do as Though the natives try to conceal the fact, both head hunting and cannibal At ten o'clock the other evening, one feasts are practiced to a fearful extent. Make a suet crust with a cupiul and a half of flour, a teaspoonful of baking powhundred and fifty citizens from the three Traders say the smell of roasted flesh is towns, waited upon Desilver and Mrs. quite common in Malayta. The crew of

ALLENDALE.

a very good attendance.

TO TICKLE THE PALLET.

How to Serve up Tomatoes that may may be Relished by Everyone.

Two pounds of the neck of beef, one quart of sliced tomatoes, one quart raw green corn, cut from the cob, three pints of water, a tablespoonful of flour, a table spoonful of butter, salt and pepper to taste. Put the meat with the water into the soup-pot, and simmer for three hours. then add the corn-cobs and tomatoes. Simmer half an hour longer, strain through a colander, and return the soup to the kettle, adding the corn. Cook until the corn is tender, which will be in about three-quarters of an hour, thicken with the flour mixed smooth with the butter, season to taste and serve. This soup can be made with a quart of stock of

ton or a fowl has been boiled. TOMATO PUREE.

Take one quart of tomatoes, three pints of stock, a small slice of ham, a tablespoonful of chopped onion, ditto of chopped carrot, a sprig of parsley, a clove, two ablespoonfuls of butter, ditto of flour, a tablespoonful of sugar, one cupful of stale bread, broken fine, pepper and salt to taste. Put the tomato, with the, parsley and clove into ihe soup-pot; fry the vegetables for fifteen minutes with the butter, shin them out and add to the tomato: add the flour to the butter, cook until smooth and frothy, and add also to the tomato. Cook three-quarters of an hour. In another saucepan place the stock and bread-crumbs to simmer for the same ength of time, add one mixture to the other, strain, return to the kettle, season to taste, and when it has boiled up once, the soup is ready to serve.

Pare fine, firm tomatoes, and slice them in rather thick slices. Have ready a pot sifted bread crumbs, taking care to coat boiling fat, and cook for about a minute

STUFFED TOMATOES. Cut a small slice from the end of fine With the best grounds in the province, spoon, half the pulp, and mix it, (for six with this mixture, piace in a shallow and bake for half an hour.

CANNED CORN AND TOMATOES. Use two dozen ears of corn to half a peck of ripe tomatoes. Pour boiling water on the tomatoes to loosen the skins. Peel and cut in thin slices. Cut the corn, which should be green and tender, from the cobs, and put over the fire with a cupful of boiling water. Cook slowly for half an hour, add the tomatoes, seasoning

to taste with pepper and salt, boil for ten minutes, and can and seal as usual. TOMATO KETCHUP. Take one peck of ripe tomatoes, one quart of vinegar, two cupfuls of sugar, spoonful of allspice, same of cloves, a teapoonful of cayenne, one tablespoonful of mustard seed, one teaspoonful of pepper, ter, will attend the world's Sunday school | two blades of mace, two sticks of cinnamon, two large onions. Cut up the tomatoes, and put them in the preserving-

with rev. G. W. Foster, Fredericton Junct- kettle. Add the remaining ingredients, and simmer for four hours, stirring often. Strain, and fill the bottles. Cork and seal. CHILI SAUCE. Two dozen ripe tomatoes, six large green tomatoes, five green peppers, four large onions, three tablespoonfuls of salt, eight Several men have been arested in Vi- tablespoonfuls of sugar, a quart and a half

kettle with the onions, peeled and sliced.

preserving kettle, and boil for about two

Allow equal weights of sugar and small yellow tomatoes, and five lemons to four quarts of fruit. Pour boiling water over the tomatoes to loosen the skin, peel, and withered, but they must not be allowed were uncovered in the cellar, and were to break. Skim out the fruit carefully, and boil down the syrup to the thickness desired, then return the fruit to the kettle, and bring to the boiling point. Do not peel the lemons or remove the seeds, but slice across in very thin slices, putting two slices to each cupful of preserves as the jars are filled. Store in pint glass jars, covering and sealing while

Take two and a half cupfuls of flour, one cupful of milk, half a cupful of sugar, become exhausted from loss of blood, ful and a half of baking powder, the whites of three eggs, one quart of blue-She was taken to the Pennsylvania berries or blackberries. Beat the butter hospital where her wound was dressed, to a cream, add the sugar, next the milk, and the physicians say no serious results the flour sifted with the baking powder, knife and the wound is a ragged, ugly hour in a buttered pudding dish, an serve hot with sweet sauce.

preserve is boiling hot.

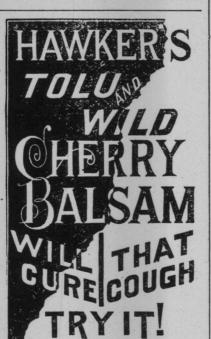
One cupful and a half of flour, one cupmade recently by the bush tribes of Ma- powder, a pinch of salt, one egg, one cupful and a half of berries. Sift the flour with the baking powder and salt, add

Make a suet crust with a cupful and a

der, a pinch of salt, half a cupful of powdered beef suet, and milk or water out. Line a bowl with a strip of the paste, fill with blueberries sweetened to taste, and cover with paste, pinching

BLACKBERRY PICKLES. are showing up fairly well considering stretch of turf may be utilized a golf club window and ran to the house of Mrs. third term as teacher in this district with Put into the preserving kettle, one pint of vinegar, one quart of sugar, and half a season; they are rather small, however, in places and will be below the average.

With war whoops and a flourish of whiskey bottles, Desilver was taken to of Canterbury, but now of Houlton, with allspice. Bring to the boiling point, and From such reports there can be no hope | comparatively few, but the wave of Eng- | Jackson park, a quiet field. Here a fire | his son and three daughters made their | add four quarts of blackberries. Boil for



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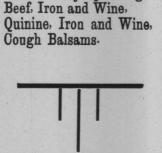
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