

# THE HERALD

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## THE HERALD.

FREDERICTON, OCTOBER 10, 1891.

### THE EXHIBITION.

The exhibition held in this city during the week just closed has proved a general success. As an exhibit of agricultural produce and farm stock, which its promoters mainly intended it to be, it is safe to say that it excelled, while several drawbacks, which could not be foreseen or overcome, prevented the display in all the departments from being as large and complete as many would wish, yet taken as a whole the exhibit of the products of the soil was a true, fair and representative one. The ability of the farmers to cultivate, and the soil to produce as good a class of farm products as can be raised anywhere in Canada, was amply demonstrated.

The display of stock of all kinds far excelled anything of the kind ever seen here before, and proves the wisdom of the government importation of improved stock. A few years ago it would have been impossible to have got together in this county such a fine exhibit of horses as visitors to the fair had the pleasure of seeing during the week, and the general nature of the horse exhibit goes to show that the breeders are not slow to recognize the importance of improving their opportunities.

Doubtless the most interesting and attractive feature of the exhibition was the display and sale of the cattle and sheep recently imported by the provincial government. The importation was examined by hundreds of visitors, many of whom came for the sole purpose of inspecting, and if satisfactory, of purchasing some of the animals for stock purposes, and it was the unanimous verdict of everyone, irrespective of political bearings, that the commission had made a most excellent and judicious selection, and the province was to be congratulated on the success of the importation. If any doubt ever existed as to the wisdom of the government's policy of importing improved breeds of cattle and sheep it was dispelled at the sales came off. The bidding throughout was sharp and lively, and prices brought were highly satisfactory. The greater part of the stock went to the different agricultural societies of the province, and it is doubtless best that such should be the case, as the best results will be secured in this way.

The exhibition was the means of attracting a very large number of visitors to the city, it is to be believed to the mutual advantage of each. The fair has been a popular success, and the agricultural exhibit. It is to be regretted that the rain of Thursday interfered with the races and to the full enjoyment of the show to a large degree. But this could not be avoided, and taken as a whole, the exhibition has been a success, and the management promoters and exhibitors are to be congratulated on the result of their labors, the success of which we hope will induce them to begin at once the erection of more suitable buildings with a view to making the exhibition at Fredericton an annual event.

### THE UNIVERSITY.

The last issue of the Royal Gazette contains the lieutenant governor's proclamation, bringing into operation the act of assembly passed at the recent session of the legislature respecting the university of New Brunswick. It will be remembered that this act makes the chief superintendent of education president of the senate, and therefore the head of the governing body of the university. We believe all who are interested in educational progress in the province will approve of this change. The university is a most important part of our educational structure and should be in harmony with the other institutions of public instruction which lead up to it. The system is thus rendered complete in all its parts, and we may now have a harmonious whole, commencing with the common schools, advancing to the superior and grammar schools, and culminating in the university. No doubt if the closeness of the relations which ought to exist between these schools which are the feeder of our provincial colleges and the college itself has not been hitherto fully realized. The centralization of direct authority over the various educational institutions receiving aid from the exchequer or by public assistance, in a responsible head, will not only give a greater degree of harmonious co-operation, but will deepen and increase the public interest in higher education. We anticipate from it the growth of a warmer interest in the university, as our own and our only provincial college. Something no doubt remains to be done in the way of an increased grant from the provincial treasury, and something more through the medium of private munificence, but steps have been taken by the government in promoting recent legislation from which we earnestly hope for important results.

### THE WASHINGTON MISSION.

It appears as if the long lingering hope of a reciprocity treaty with the neighboring republic is destined to be extinguished. Neither party to the proposed negotiation seems to be earnestly desiring a treaty, as each is convinced that the other will not concede such a treaty as it will accept. The meeting of representatives of the two governments fixed for the 12th inst., has been, it is understood, indefinitely postponed. Nothing by any possibility could have come of the conference and it is as well that it should not be held. The attitude of the two governments in the trade question is very well known to each other. The U. S. cabinet being republican and extremely protectionist, will insist upon admission to Canadian markets for large classes of its manufactured products. Our own government, as at present constituted, has not given evidence of any disposition to concede more than reciprocity in natural products and there are the strongest grounds for doubting its willingness to go even to that extent. The influences through which the conservative party won its triumph in February last are ultra protectionist, and many of the government supporters in parliament look with disfavor upon a renewal of reciprocal trade even upon the old lines of 1854. The truth is the country has nothing to hope for in this direction from the Tory party. The proposal to go to Washington was only made in view of the general election, and having served its purpose, may very well be allowed to slumber until the approach of another general appeal to the people of Canada calls for its revival.

Of the 50 young women in Milford, Mass., who, 30 years ago formed an old maid's club, only 12 attending the annual dinner this week, all the others having married.

### EBEN HALL AGAIN.

The public were entertained not long ago in the Gleaner with sensational accounts of the iniquity the local government were perpetrating upon Eben Hall. His property was being ruthlessly taken from him by somebody, with the commission of members of the government, and through the means of the new mining act, which the Gleaner said had been designed and introduced into the legislature and passed for the express purpose of robbing the aforesaid Eben Hall. The Gleaner's nightmare was passed on and appeared as special telegraph matter in the St. John Globe. It was explained by this journal at the time that Mr. Todd had not got any mining license upon Mr. Hall's land, and could not get any until after notice of his application had been published in the Royal Gazette for thirty days, and at the time these calumnious charges were circulated, notice had not even been given. A certain ambitious, but not over successful, down town Q. C. was awarded the credit of having unearthed this outrage, and spoke largely of what he was going to do, but like the other products of the scandal factory in Wilmot's Alley, when the facts are ascertained, the outrage does not materialize. The Hall matter came in on regular course before the surveyor general, and evidence was taken at St. Stephen a short time ago. It was then reported to the government with the result that our friend Eben Hall gets the mining license and Mr. Todd does not. It will now be in order for the Q. C. referred to, to put in his claim to Mr. Hall for half the mining privilege which it was stipulated he should receive for exposing this atrocious wrongdoing of the government, and rendering his valuable aid to Mr. Hall. Mr. McMonagh, of St. Stephen, was the solicitor acting for Mr. Hall before the surveyor general on the inquiry, the Q. C. alluded to above, having been dismissed from service. We owe an apology to our readers for recurring to this subject again, and we should not have done so if this attack upon the government had only appeared in the columns of the Gleaner. That paper has long been as much discredited morally as it now is financially, and we have passed by its attacks upon the government as a rule with notice. The St. John Globe, which repeated the attack, is a more reliable correspondent in Fredericton and make the amende honorable to the parties reflected upon.

### Supreme Court.

On the opening of Michaelmas term Tuesday the following common motions were made:

Lantulum vs. Olsen—J. A. Belyea moved to enter examination on bail price; rule nisi returnable second Saturday.

The Queen vs. Perkins—A. I. Truman moved for rule nisi to quash conviction; rule nisi granted.

Ex parte Barnett W. Roletsen—Geo. F. Gregory moved for rule nisi for costs and to bring up the order of Chas. E. Knapp, clerk of the peace, under cap. 38 C. S.; court considers.

Ex parte William Wilson—The attorney general moved for a mandamus against the municipality of York to compel said municipality to pay Wilson the sum of \$60 for service which the county refused to pay without assigning any reason; rule nisi.

Hale & Murdoch vs. Hilyard Bros.—J. C. Vanwart moved for review of taxation of costs; rule nisi returnable second Saturday.

On Wednesday morning in the Queen vs. Perkins, ex parte Ward, J. T. Truman moved for rule nisi to quash conviction. He read writ and return. Leave to take off file.

Thomas Gill and Thomas Dalton vs. George K. McLeod—Order of circuit court of Northumberland of Sept. 9, is made a rule of court on motion of J. A. Vanwart, Q. C.

Hanlan vs. Eddy—Geo. F. Gregory, Q. C. moves for judgment quasi; non-suit granted.

Mills vs. Meserian—The like, on motion of J. A. Vanwart, Q. C.

Andrew Johnston vs. Jas. Reid—C. J. Coeter moves to reverse verdict or for a new trial.

### York Municipal Elections.

The York municipal elections were held Tuesday, and resulted in some changes from last year. The following are the returns:

Bright—McKeen 182, Inch 180, defeating Bird 155, and Graham 102.

Canterbury—Jamieson 188, London 166, defeating Lawson 121, and Grant 88.

Douglas—Kinghorn and Lawrence, no opposition.

Dumfries—Scott and Simmons, no opposition.

Kingclear—Cliff 131, Murray 113, defeating Everett 95.

Manners-Sutton—Robert Thompson 62, Mowat 41, defeating Little 47.

New Maryland—Fisher and Nason, no opposition.

North Lake—Geo. S. Inch and J. L. Gould, defeating Sanderson.

Prince William—Graham 90 and McMillan 80, defeating Henry.

St. Marys—Rowley and Goodspeed, no opposition.

Southampton—Pinder and Lockard, no opposition.

Stanley—Fullerton 145, Boies 171, defeating McMinnamin 124, and Avery 66.

Queensbury—McNally 161, Hallett 154, defeating Sleep 60.

### HOME FROM THE OLD COUNTRY.

Joseph Walker of Fredericton, who has been to Ireland on a visit, reached home Friday afternoon by the C. P. R. He came out in the steamship Numidian to Montreal and the passage lasted 14 days—about double the length of time it usually requires. The voyage was very stormy and he says that several times it seemed as if the ship would go to the bottom. "I never expected to reach home alive," he remarked, and the trip seems to have badly shaken him up. One day the ship sailed but 76 miles and another only 84 miles was covered, so heavy was the sea. Mr. Walker visited many of the leading cities in Ireland that are famed in history and that part of his trip was very pleasant.

### Provincial Appointments.

The following provincial appointments have been made: James R. Inch, L. L. D., to be chief superintendent of education and president of the senate of the university. Thomas Harey, M. A., L. D., to be chancellor of the university. Harris G. Fenety to be a notary public.

### PARNELL IS DEAD.

The Great Irish Leader Passes Away Suddenly.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—Great Britain and Ireland were startled this morning by the utterly unlooked-for announcement that Charles Stewart Parnell, the famous Irish leader, died suddenly last night at his home in Brighton. It had been well known that Mr. Parnell had not enjoyed the best of health for years past, but nobody expected to hear of his death and no inkling of his illness reached the newspapers.

His death is said to have been indirectly due to a chill which he caught last Friday, and which at first was not regarded as of a serious nature. Mr. Parnell, however, grew worse, and despite the efforts of attending physicians gradually sank and expired at 11.30 last night in the arms of Mrs. Parnell, who is utterly prostrated by the shock.

The last time Mr. Parnell appeared in public was at Cressa, in Ireland, Sept. 27, when he delivered a long speech upon the attitude and inconsistencies of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien. Upon that occasion Mr. Parnell said he was speaking in violation of his physician's orders.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—Sir John Pope Hennessy died at Queenstown rather suddenly. His death is said to have been due to the mental and physical strain to which he was subjected as one of the consequences of the political contest in North Kilkenny.

Mr. Hennessy, immediately after the exposure in the O'Shea divorce case in December, 1890, contested North Kilkenny election and defeated the Parnellite candidate, Vincent Scully, by 1,147 votes. This contest was probably the greatest test of strength between the Parnellites and the followers of McCarthy, and the defeat of Scully, no doubt counted for a great deal in the following series of disasters that befell the Irish leader.

He was the first Irish Catholic conservative to sit in the house of commons, and at once became a steadfast supporter of Disraeli. He was created a knight, and in 1897 left parliament to enter the colonial service.

MONTREAL, Oct. 7.—The death of Parnell created a profound sensation here where there are two parties, one favorable and the other distinctly hostile to the dead statesman. But now the hostility is forgotten and only expressions of sympathy are heard. A canvas of opinion among prominent Irishmen elicits the belief that the hands of Gladstone are strengthened, and that his death will do much to heal schisms of the party.

TORONTO, Oct. 7.—The news of Parnell's death was received with intense surprise in Toronto. Genuine regret was expressed on all sides at the sudden calling away of the man whose personality had so powerfully impressed itself on English politics. It was the general topic of conversation on the street on exchange, and at city hall. Sympathizers with the cause of home rule, including alike both wings of the national party, freely admit that Parnell's death will, more quickly than anything else could have done, unite the two sections of the party, and advance the cause which both have at heart.

### HUNG UP BY HER ARMS.

Willing to Sacrifice Herself for Parents' Liberty.

Beril Sintaki, his wife and his son Moses, arrived in Boston on the Warsaw steamer Kansas on Friday. An acquaintance of the family tells a remarkable story of Russian cruelty and romantic escape, which is substantially as follows: The family gave a party on May 28 last in their home at Trabe, in the interior of Russia, in honor of the 13th birthday of Moses, who had then come to man's estate under Jewish customs.

The Russian laws forbid the assembling of private parties, and the local policeman took advantage of this and demanded a huge money in a larger amount than could be given. Incensed at his failure, he summoned a detachment of soldiers, and without judge or jury, started them off for Siberia.

After a six days' march the officer in command made a proposal to a daughter of the family—Annie Mary, or Chli Marie—agreeing to release the whole family if she would submit. She was willing to sacrifice herself for the salvation of her parents, but her father refused to accede to the proposition. In order to make her yield, she was strung up by the arms and although there was no intention to murder her, she died in fright and pain.

Members of section B. of the nihilist band of the outlaws divided a plan to rescue the family. A drugged keg of beer was placed in the way of the soldiers, who were overcome by the liquid, and after the execution of the captain of the soldiers for revenge, the rescuing party crossed to the Prussian frontier, put the family on a vessel bound for Hull, Eng., from which they proceeded to Liverpool by rail, and from thence came to Boston by the steamer.

### BLACK AND WHITE ELOPE.

Mrs. Smith Runs Off With Her Husband's Negro Farm Hand.

The quiet little town of Litchfield, Herkimer county, N. Y., is agitated over a sensational elopement that occurred there some six weeks ago the facts of which have just leaked out. The woman is Jennie Smith, a good looking blonde, aged 25, wife of James Smith a well known farmer of that place. They were married four years ago, and have two pretty children. The man is a negro, familiarly known as "Buck" Smith aged 20. He began working on the farm of James Smith last spring and had been there all summer. His employer often drank too much and on such occasions abused his wife. The young negro took Mrs. Smith's part and she soon formed a warm attachment for him. In the second week of August last she eloped with the negro and all trace of them was lost. On Wednesday the deserted husband learned that they were living together in the wilderness of the northern part of the country, and he immediately swore out warrants charging assault in the second degree on the man and outrage of public decency on the woman. They were arrested and the woman was taken before a justice at Ilion and released. The negro is in jail awaiting examination.

### RT. HON. WM. HENRY SMITH DEAD.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—Rt. Hon. Wm. Henry Smith, first lord of the treasury, died yesterday afternoon. He had been ill for some time past.

The Rt. Hon. William Henry Smith, M. P., was born in London, June 24th, 1815. He was appointed first Lord of the admiralty August 7, 1877. He went out of the office in April 1880. Was appointed secretary of State for War in 1885, and in 1886 was appointed chief secretary for Ireland, but on the fall of the Salisbury's second administration he was appointed secretary of State for War, and when the ministry was reconstructed Mr. Smith became first Lord of the treasury and the leader of the House of Commons. He was a member of the council of King's college, London.

### AROUND THE WORLD.

The Week's Events in Brief—The Cream of our Exchanges.

Three feet of snow has already fallen in Montana.

The largest steer in the world, weighs 4,500 pounds and belongs to a Macopin county farmer.

An oil well in Washington county, Pa., is yielding 15,000 barrels daily, the largest flow on record.

Three brothers, sons of farmer Pomeroy, Quebec, have just married three sisters, daughters of farmer Fortin.

A cabbage stock on which 14 heads of cabbages are growing is on exhibition in the office of a New Bedford, Mass., newspaper.

Geo. Johnson of Notre Dame, Kent Co., who was seriously stabbed by the sailor at Coozeau on election day is able to be out again.

The World's Fair power plant will be of 24,000 horse power, and will require the services of 250 engineers, firemen and attendants.

Moffatt's steam mill at Dalhousie and half a million feet of sawn lumber were destroyed by fire Thursday. Loss \$25,000; no insurance.

The Smithsonian Institution recently paid \$1500 for a single butterfly. The species has long been believed to be extinct. The one now in the Smithsonian was caught in the Sierras.

Last Thursday 207 girls employed by the Merchants Manufacturing Cotton Co., Montreal, went out on strike on account of the company bringing on firemen from the States to replace Canadian firemen.

Dr. Conception Alexandre has the honor of being the first woman appointed to any official post in Spain. She has recently been made a member of the staff of the hospital de la Princesa in Madrid.

Near Wagonston station, ten miles from Morris, Ill., W. L. Barrett shot and killed his wife, who had separated from him, and then shot himself, but the wound is not fatal and the murderer may be lynched.

It is understood that the Canadian Pacific and commercial cable company have secured a controlling interest in the Halifax and Bermuda cable with a view to extending the system to the British West Indies.

Reports are coming in of a hurricane in the Northern Michigan pines. Twelve to fifteen townships were devastated and the loss of timber was hundreds of millions of feet. Several surveyors' crews are still unheard from.

A Maltese cat that was born and has lived most of its life in a chicken coop out in Illinois town has developed a strange habit of sleeping on a perch, just as chickens do, standing on one leg, with his head folded under one of its forelegs.

Heavy and continuous rains in various sections of North Dakota, have caused suspension of wheat threshing and the outlook for securing the immense crops is becoming less bright. Loss consequent upon the English minister is enormous.

The famine in Poland is growing worse. Workmen panned the streets of Zawick Tuesday and looked baker shops and other places where eatables were obtained. Troops were summoned and fired upon the mob, killing one workman and wounding several others.

At a dance in the Tobique last week, a number of young men from Glen Levis settlement took charge of the house, smashed the windows, upset the stove, and finally killed the end out of the building. Report says there is a warrant out for their arrest.

The great station race between Alerton and Nelson for \$10,000 took place Thursday at Grand Rapids, Michigan, and the former won, capturing the second, third and fourth heats in 2:14, 2:15 and 2:16. Nelson won the first heat in 2:13. Twenty thousand people witnessed the race.

It is reported in Vienna that the heir to the Crown of Romania has renounced the throne and insists upon marrying Mademoiselle Vaccaro. The king has invited to the Capital the youngest son of Leopold of Hohenzollern, with the idea of making him heir to the throne.

Heavy rains in Western Kansas have caused all the Arkansas rivers to rise suddenly and much damage has resulted. Many of the boomers camped along streams have lost their horses, wagons and cattle. Over a mile of the Santa Fe railroad track is washed out near Wayne.

At a party at Mrs. Nelson Arnold's residence, Sussex, on Friday night of last week, as a waltz was being danced, Mrs. Suratt, a young widow from New York, asked her partner to stop dancing and walked with him from the parlor into the hall, where she fell to the floor, dying almost instantly.

A man and curiosity was left in the Beacon office on Saturday last by Mr. McRoberts, of the Bay-side. It was a potato had grown through the eye of a rusty door-key. The ends of the potato had grown much larger than the centre, where it was clasped by the key, so that it was quite a novel spectacle.—St. Andrews Beacon.

Alvin R. Danton, professor of penmanship, died at his residence, Camden, Me., Thursday morning, aged 79. Mr. Danton was the author of the Dantonian system of penmanship, and has been professor of penmanship since early manhood. He was a member of the Royal Society of Arts.

R. N. O'Brien, who has been on trial on a charge of libelling Prince George of Wales by representing that Prince George went on a debauch while at Montreal, has been found guilty. Counsel for the prosecution announced that as public had been vindicated the crown would agree to a suspension of sentence, and O'Brien was released.

Diphtheria prevails to a most alarming extent in Quebec and nothing is being done to arrest its progress. Dr. Larue, the health officer, says: "Our hands are virtually tied. We have only an appropriation of one thousand dollars, for myself, my secretary, the officers that are allotted to me by the city and everything." The appropriation in Montreal is \$85,000.

Much regret is expressed in England at the trouble with the British farmer delegates to invited visit the maritime provinces of Canada. As reported here the sale of the cause of the trouble is the objection of the dominion government to free trade doctrines so freely expressed by the delegates. This gives the English people a small opinion of Canada's love of country as compared with her devotion to party.

Miss Belle Jamieson, of Shawneetown, Ill., was killed Sunday by Mrs. White, wife of Robert White, well-to-do farmer. The Jamieson girl had been working for Mrs. White, but was dismissed, which so angered her that she attacked Mrs. White with a club. Being disarmed she ran to a bureau drawer and secured a revolver, with which she fired once at Mrs. White but missed her. Mrs. White took the weapon away from her and shot her twice, once through the brain, death resulting instantly. The coroner's jury justified her in the act.

### CHINESE MIGRATION—A TROUBLE-SOME QUESTION.

OTTAWA, Oct. 9.—The customs returns shows a steadily increasing flow of Chinese into British Columbia from China, with every indication, remarked an official of the customs department to-day, that such a state of affairs will continue until some understanding is arrived at between Canada and the United States, by which the government of the Dominion will co-operate with the authorities at Washington to prevent them being smuggled across the border from Canada into the United States. The request of President Harrison made to the British government, that the latter would urge Canada to take some action as soon indicated to prevent the great smuggling of Chinamen from Canada across the border has had no result. The Minister of Customs to-day, when asked as to the number of Chinamen who had entered Canada during the past eighteen months, handed your correspondent the following statement: From 1st January, 1890, to 20th June, 1891, the total Chinese population entering Canada from China through the regular channel was 2,638, each paying \$50 per capita on landing. The number to whom certificates were granted to leave the country and return was 2,107; number returned, 1,01; number who passed through the country en route to Canada or the United States 2,510. It is quite apparent the customs authorities say here, as shown by the rapidly decreasing Chinese population of British Columbia, and other parts of Canada, that in addition to the Chinamen daily arriving from China an enormous exodus of residents Chinese is steadily going on from the Dominion to the United States.

### THE SITUATION IN HAWAII.

The death of the Queen will bring about the most serious of political complications, and almost wholesale war is work to secure control of the islands in the interests of England. Honolulu newspapers dare not print a word of what is happening, but the people are in a great fever of excitement.

Americans in Honolulu will make a desperate attempt to prevent the islands from falling into British control. The father of the heir to the throne, who is an Englishman, will work to his utmost in the interests of the British. Americans will take advantage of any lapse of time to prevent Princess Kalaniani'oua taking the throne. The natives are in sympathy with Americans and want either a republic or annexation to the United States.

The Hawaiians feel no loyalty toward their native ruler, who has foreign blood in her veins. The situation is critical, that the presence of two or three warships from the United States is an absolute necessity.

Queen Dowager Kapiolani is also dangerously ill with paralysis, and may die in her reign. The English minister is the friend and companion of Mr. Claghorn, the father of the heir to the throne, Princess Kalaniani.

Americans have some knowledge of what is to be done and are taking precautions to organize and arm themselves to protect their rights. The general election is rapidly approaching, and excitement is at a fever heat between rival political factions.

### DULL IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

While so many people are talking about the advantages of British Columbia the perusal of a few extracts from a letter received from a workman out there may prove beneficial to those who have the "raining fever." In speaking of the state of trade in the country he says:

"This place is far behind what it is advertised. Trades and laboring work have been very dull all summer. It has been a very rainy season, and the prospects with winter coming on are not very bright. The British Columbia boom seems to be over for the present, but the general opinion is that in a year or two it will go ahead again. At present I would advise any man who has got any sort of a living in the west to get there, and not come out here. Newspapers tell us that thousands of men are employed in the lumbering and canning industry, but they do not mention that there are twenty Chinamen to every white man working for nine pence to \$1 per day. Such is the case here, and so long as Chinese laborers are employed in such numbers a white man will find it hard to obtain work."

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### Steel. Steel.

150 BUNDLES of Steel. 30 Bundles of Steel. 30 Bundles of Steel.

And for sale by R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

#### Iron. Iron.

PER RAIL, JUST TO HAND.

246 BUNDLES of Iron. 75 Bundles, lower end of the year.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

#### WANTED.

A good plain Cook; also, a Housemaid. Apply to

MRS. A. G. BEAIR, Corner Church and George Sts.

Phone, Aug. 19, 91.

#### COAL. COAL.

In stock and to arrive:

Old Mine and Victoria,

Sydney House Coal.

Sugar Loaf, Lehigh Hard

Coal, all sizes.

Grand Lake and Old Mine

Sydney Blacksmith's

Coal.

—ALSO—

Straw, Hay, Cats, Eran, Kiddleings,

Linsed and Cottonseed Meal.

OFFICE AND STOREHOUSE, CAMPBELL ST. ABOVE CITY HALL.

JAS. TIBBITS.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction, at the County Court House, in the City of Fredericton, on FRIDAY, the 11th day of October, A.D. 1891, between the hours of twelve o'clock, noon, and five o'clock, in the afternoon, all the right, title, property, claim and demand whatsoever of Frederick Tapley, in, to, upon, or out of the following described lands and premises, viz.:

1. A lot containing 10 acres or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of St. John, in the County of York, bounded on the front by the River Saint John and on the rear by the Main Highway, on the upper side by "Daniel Ketch," and on the lower side by land of "Frederick Tapley," also, all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Quinquina, Y. district, bounded on the rear by William Hall, "these running in towards the river, preserving the width of the lot to only one mile and a half," the top of the Flat Hill, so-called, containing ten acres, more or less, being a portion of the lot owned by Thomas - Wetmore and wife to Asa "Tapley" of deed, recorded in Book Q, No. 5, page 228 of York County Records, and by said Asa "Tapley" conveyed to Eleanor Tapley and by said Eleanor Tapley and Alexander Tapley conveyed to "Frederick Tapley," together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon.

The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province at the suit of Edward Caldwell against the said Frederick Tapley.

A. A. STERLING, Sheriff.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction, at the County Court House, at Fredericton, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of November next, between the hours of twelve