

## CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., NOV. 3, 1887.

—Sir Adam Wilson, Chief Justice of Ontario, has resigned.

—Ottawa's assessment list shows an increase for the last year of \$1,500,000.

—Sir Geo. Stephen states that the Canadian Pacific company do not intend placing a line of steamers on the Atlantic.

—Lady Macdonald's paper in Murray's Magazine on "Canadian Salmon Rivers" is concluded in the November number.

—Choice apples were selling last week in Huntington county, Quebec, for the American market, at \$2 per barrel.

—The Eddy Manufacturing company is reported to have purchased large private timber limits on the Upper Ottawa, for \$7,000,000.

—Colonel Cameron will, it is said, succeed Sir Fred Middleton in command of the Canadian militia force. General Middleton is ever aged and has been placed on the British army retired list.

—It is ascertained that 2,000 Imperial army pensioners, 900 superannuated pensioners, including half pay officers, officers' widows, dock laborers, etc., are now under pay from the headquarters at Halifax.

—The total exports from Annapolis last quarter were valued at over \$40,000, as follows: Eggs, \$1,785; do, \$8,908; corn, 2,500; do, \$8,002; lumber, 1,182 m, value \$12,674; horses, 28, value \$2,565.

—The United States Commissioner of Patents has just rendered an important decision to the effect that applicants for patents cannot embrace in one and the same application patents comprehending distinct and separate inventions.

—The New York Herald went to great expense to find out whether certain Arizona mining scheme in which New Yorkers were investigating largely was bona fide. Its correspondent has just returned and the whole thing is exposed and shown to be a fraud.

—The government will spend \$50,000 blowing up Nickel rock in Esquimaux harbor. The rock is 100 feet long, 60 feet wide, and the channel over it will be deepened 12 feet. The work will be similar to that on Hell Gate rock, New York, and will take three years.

—War is imminent in Zululand against annexation of Natal. Sir Arthur Havelock, governor of Natal, with 1,500 troops drafted from the colony, has started for the territory formerly possessed by Cetewayo, where the latter's son Dinizulu, heads the rising.

—A highly complimentary address to Mr. Ambrose Shea was presented him on the eve of his departure from Newfoundland to assume the governorship of the Bahamas. It was signed by three thousand citizens of St. John's, representing all classes and denominations.

—Lord Salisbury in a letter to the Conservative league of Sidney, says he trusts measures will be passed by parliament which will suffice to restore peace to Ireland and that, happily, which has long been denied the Irish people, owing to the tyranny of the enemies of law and order, will soon be enjoyed.

—Postmaster General McLean was elected in Colchester last Thursday by a majority of 627. The number of votes polled was nearly 700 less than in February last, consequently the vote for the Postmaster General was much larger than in the February election.

—Thursday, Nov. 24th, has been fixed for the polling at Charlottetown, P. E. I., on the petition for the repeal of the Scott Act. The Act has been in force in the city since Aug. 2nd, 1881. The vote for the adoption of the measure was taken on April 24th, 1879, and was in the affirmative by 837 to 253.

—Fenwick W. Hamilton, who was said to have been elected Member with Mrs. Middleton, has entered an action for libel against the Gazette, Le Monde, Daily News, and La Patrie for \$10,000 each, and is said instituting criminal and civil proceedings against another Member, Mr. J. A. G. Macdonald, for libel on the same grounds as well as the Toronto Globe and Mail and Ottawa papers in connection with the published stories about him and Mrs. Middleton.

—In a speech delivered at Irlington, Mr. Chamberlain returned to the question of commercial union. On the main point—the political result of commercial union—he reiterated what he said before. "He did not," he said, "think anybody in England would attempt to prevent such an arrangement by force, but in that case all the advantages of the slender tie which still bound Canada to England would disappear as far as England was concerned, and it was not likely that the people of Great Britain would continue much longer to sustain the obligations and responsibilities of a relationship, all the reciprocal benefits of which have been expressed since the inception of the discussion; and our desire has been that it should be thoroughly understood what commercial union implies, in a political sense. It is no answer to this view to say that this or that British statesman would not oppose commercial union. The question is what the British public would do after Canada had discriminated against British trade. Mr. Chamberlain, we cannot doubt, has given the correct answer.—*Monetary Times.*

## SHELBOURNE ELECTION PETITION.

At the Election Court held in Barrington last Thursday, before Chief Justice McDonald, Mr. Thomas Robertson, M. P., admitted bribery by agents, and the chief justice declared the seat vacant, ordering the respondent to pay costs. The personal changes were not pressed, so Mr. Robertson escaped disqualification and the case pursued by him in admitting bribery by agents before any witnesses were examined no doubt prevented some interesting revelations. Under the circumstances it seems only reasonable that the respondent should be compelled to pay costs, but the Cape Sable Advertiser makes the remarkable announcement that the costs were divided between the petitioner and the respondent. A local contemporary, not satisfied with any such half measures, goes one better and intimates that the petitioner had all the costs to pay. These statements, if true, would have an important bearing on the Controverted Elections Act, for they would tend to encourage the party sent by the Dominion Government to explore the country adjacent to the Alaska boundary, has returned to Victoria. Two of his party will winter in the district, making astronomical observations which will give data for the establishment of the international boundary. The expedition so far has secured a great deal of geographical and general information of the country, and it is far from being the arctic region it is sometimes represented to be. The point from which the doctor turned back was at the junction of the Lewis and Pelly Rivers. It is 1,000 miles north of Victoria. There the flora was found to differ but little from that on the banks of the Fraser. A great deal of open grassy country exists along the streams tributary to the Yukon. No areas of tundra or frozen swamps, such as are to be met with in the interior of Alaska, were discovered by the expedition. The doctor's conclusion is that the whole country, from Cassiar to the vicinity of Forty-mile Creek on the Yukon River (which must be near the eastern boundary of Alaska), yields more or less coal in place deposits. This would constitute a gold bearing region fully 500 miles in length by an indefinite width, which has been very little prospected.

## An Extensive Gold Field.

Dr. Dawson, Assistant Director of the Geological Survey, who headed the party sent by the Dominion Government to explore the country adjacent to the Alaska boundary, has returned to Victoria. Two of his party will winter in the district, making astronomical observations which will give data for the establishment of the international boundary. The expedition so far has secured a great deal of geographical and general information of the country, and it is far from being the arctic region it is sometimes represented to be. The point from which the doctor turned back was at the junction of the Lewis and Pelly Rivers. It is 1,000 miles north of Victoria. There the flora was found to differ but little from that on the banks of the Fraser. A great deal of open grassy country exists along the streams tributary to the Yukon. No areas of tundra or frozen swamps, such as are to be met with in the interior of Alaska, were discovered by the expedition. The doctor's conclusion is that the whole country, from Cassiar to the vicinity of Forty-mile Creek on the Yukon River (which must be near the eastern boundary of Alaska), yields more or less coal in place deposits. This would constitute a gold bearing region fully 500 miles in length by an indefinite width, which has been very little prospected.

—Says the Toronto Globe: The Red River Valley Railway appears to have collapsed for the season. The Provincial Government was presented on the 10th inst. with a bill to purchase the line, but it was refused.

—The other day Lord Wolseley gave the army some hard knocks and now Sir Charles Dike is hammering at the army and navy. They are two good authorities and they should know what they are talking about. If half what they say is true, the army and navy are inefficient and unequal to their work and England must wake up if she means to hold her place in the world.

—The Montreal News of which Mr. Robert McLean is editor, has collapsed after an existence of twenty-one days. It is but fair to Mr. McLean to say that he was the only man who could have kept the paper going, for its suspension appears to have been caused by the failing health of its proprietor and his inability to secure sufficient financial support.

—Executors of the late Hon. Wm. McMaster, Toronto, in applying for the probate of the will have sworn to the valuation of assets in Canada of \$1,154,780, of which \$35,640 is real estate. In addition there are understood to be the States. American securities to the value of about \$150,000, making the total value of the estate something in the excess of \$1,300,000.

—An American named John Robertson has invented a method of writing by telegraph. The writing is transmitted as appears on paper at a distance of fifty miles instantaneously. Between Edison's talking machine, the phonograph and this latest invention of Mr. Robertson's people cannot but wonder where we are going to pull up.

—A special cablegram to the Toronto Mail from London, says the Canadian Gazette anticipates the settlement of the fisheries question between the United States and Canada entering into a reciprocal treaty for the mutual exchange of specific products of the two countries.

—The writ for the Victoria, B.C., election has been issued. Nomination will be on the 14th inst., and polling on the 21st. Mr. John A. McDonald will again be the Liberal-Conservative candidate.

—Lord Salisbury has notified Mr. Waddington, French ambassador to London, that the royal sanction will be given the enforcement of the Newfoundland bill next session.

—The writ for the election in Haldimand is out. Nomination is fixed for the 5th inst., and polling will take place on the 12th.

## THE QUEBEC CONVENTION.

The conference of Provincial Cabinet Ministers at Quebec has come to an end and the delegates have returned to their homes. The Convention sat with closed doors and the result of their deliberations has not yet been given to the public but it is intimated that a delegation to the Imperial Government will be a probable outcome of the Quebec meeting. A trip to England would undoubtedly be an appropriate termination to the banqueting and junketing which the Ministers indulged at Quebec, but the object of the proposed journey is yet to be made known. The few revelations which have been vouchsafed to the public concerning the doings of the Convention are of a somewhat contradictory character. The Toronto Globe and other journals of the same political stripe have authoritatively announced that a unanimous decision was reached on every question, but Mr. Blair has explained the matter to the Montreal Star as follows:—

The reason why we cannot say anything about the doings of the conference is that so many points were not all unanimous, and the points that were passed unanimously must first be submitted to the Federal Government and to the full cabinet of the different provinces before they can be made public.

Mr. Blair, as the sole representative of New Brunswick, should be a good authority on the subject, but Mr. Mercer, the originator of the Conference, in his public closing address said:—"We have come to a unanimous conclusion as to the defects that exist and the remedy which should be applied to them." If Mr. Mercer's statement be correct, there should be no delay in letting the people know the remedy which the Conference in their wisdom have decided should be applied to "all the imperfections which have fettered the working of our constitution." The fact that this remedy has been withheld lends credence to the statement of Premier Blair. If the Convention have found a cure for the manifold evils which in their opinion afflict the body politic it is manifestly their duty to make it known, and in this public will be apt to think that the boasted panacea has not yet been discovered.

## Personal.

—Postmaster General McLean started for Ottawa Monday night.

—Lady Tupper arrived at Halifax from London via Rimouski on Monday.

—The Earl of Lytton has been appointed to succeed Lord Lyons as British ambassador to Paris.

—Romey, the famous violinist, is reported drowned in a shipwreck off the coast of Madagascar.

—It is announced that Mr. Bayard, Secretary of State, is shortly to be married to Miss Sallie Dallas Markoe, of St. Paul, Minn.

—Mrs. Dempsey and Mr. Pendergast died in Gloucester Co. on the 22nd ult., both having reached the remarkable age of 102 years.

—James Dickey, C. E., who is in charge of that section of the Short Line railway from Oxford to Pugsley, is in Ottawa. Tenders for the completion of the section have been called for by the Department of Railways.

—We learn from the Yarmouth N. S. Herald, that—Mr. Wm. Francis Campbell, son of the rector of Dorchester, N. B., has proceeded into the second year of the course of civil and mining engineering of the University of King's College, Windsor, N. S., having creditably passed all the subjects of the first year's course.

—Sir Charles Dike's first series of articles in the Fortnightly Review on the British army reviews the alarmist views that Great Britain is unprepared to cope with an European power. Sir Charles argues that the expenditure of £2,000,000 for rifles and £500,000 for fortifications is an absolute necessity, without counting the advisability of improving the equipment. He further believes that an expenditure of from £3,000,000 to £5,000,000 for fortifications around London would pay.

—A Russian scientist has invented a method of firing shells from dynamite guns. The next great war will see dynamite guns, nitro-glycerine guns, shell-oil shells, balloons that can be steered and go against the wind, cycle corps, dogs as sentinels, machine rifles, Luigen light, and in fact a regular Dante's Inferno on earth.

—The adjourned meeting of the Episcopal Synod of Nova Scotia for the election of a bishop will be held on the second Tuesday in November. It is expected that a name will be submitted by the English bishops to that meeting.

—The imports of Canada for September amounted to \$6,725,000 and the duty collected to \$2,199,000. The exports during September were \$10,349,000 of which \$8,800,000 was the produce of Canada.

—A collision between the Federal and State authorities is imminent in California over the eviction of sheep herders and settlers from the Round Valley Indian reservation.

—It is stated that a rich find in Anthracite coal has been made in Crow's Nest pass, just beyond the summit of the Rockies.

—Preparations are being made for the hanging of the condemned Anarchists at Chicago on Nov. 11.

## CUMBERLAND NOMINATIONS.

The leaders of the "third party" in Cumberland have again nominated Mr. Bulmer as their standard bearer, and have thus done all in their power to retard the cause of Prohibition and make it a laughing stock in the land. The Cumberland prohibitionists have an undoubted right to put a candidate in the field if they think fit, and the purity of their motives may be allowed to pass without question, but it will be difficult to find many persons in or out of the County who have a very high respect for the wisdom that has been shown in the matter. The importance which Sir Charles Tupper attaches to the candidature of Mr. Bulmer may be inferred from the fact that yesterday, for the first time in his political career, he asserted himself from a low nomination. It seems a pity, however, when the Liberals of Cumberland have patriotically refrained from opposing the Canadian Fishery Commissioner, that the so-called third party, drawn from both of the old parties, should force an election contest which can only prove a farce.

## The Rev. D. D. Currie Case.

The Currie scandal, which has been the bug-bear of the Methodist body in the St. John district for the past two years, has been in a measure revived by the service upon the President of the Conference of a petition, obtained from a large number of the St. John district, and signed by Mr. L. A. Currie, solicitor for the accused, for a writ of certiorari to remove all the proceedings in the case to the Supreme Court for the purpose of quashing them and setting aside and annulling the decision of the Conference and Mr. Currie's expulsion from the church and ministry. President Wilson, has summoned the Methodist conference special committee to meet in St. John today, to deal with the latest phase of the D. D. Currie case. The committee consists of the president and secretary, chairmen of districts, six in number, and Revs. Dr. Stewart, Dr. Pickard, Daniel, Evans and Campbellwater.

## To the Chignecto Post.

MR. EDITOR:—I see Daily Telegraph in entering to the public furnishes news of great public interest, and to make your paper interesting you should follow its example. I copy the following from the Telegraph of Tuesday:—

The Polymorphians intend to erect a new house around Haymarket Square. It is gratifying to know it is not an old fence they intend building.

The steamer May Queen, had considerable difficulty in getting to her wharf yesterday, a wood boat being in her way.

The public are not informed whether the wood boat got out of the way, or in what way the difficulty was got rid of, if at all.

I send you news of equal interest for your paper, which please insert. Dreadful Tragedy Avoided.—Mr. Jones in passing up Bridge Street yesterday heard the whistle of the Cape Tormentine crossing. Mr. Jones stopped and waited until the train passed, and then returned to his work. Had he not stopped the accident would have been a fatal one.

—A Humorous Incident.—Mr. White met a lady acquaintance on a street and returned her salutation by politely raising his hat to her, when the hat fell off and landed on her head. Mr. White's barn-yard, had there been a heavy wind.

—Live mastodons have, it is said, been seen in Alaska. A "Stick" Indian saw one and the impress of his foot was, he said, "larger round than a wheel and the toes were impossible to suppose. We were all incredulous, when Victor Hugo told us of the devil fish, and up to this hour we are not sure whether the sea serpent is a myth or not. All we know is that the evidence is of that nature which warrants us in saying, as the do in Ireland, "The cows over the hill have long horns."

—Is the electric light doomed? To all appearances, yes, for the new light, Lucigen, is far ahead of it in illuminating power. Just fancy reading small print at the distance of 550 yards from the light of one lamp. And yet that is what can be done with Lucigen. And it is coming to the front everywhere. Europe although it does not appear to have crossed to this side of the water yet.

—Since the 1st of January last 117,494 immigrants arrived in Canada, against 92,105 for the same period last year. Of the total number, 62,185 were actual settlers, about 11,000 were in Manitoba, and the Northwest received 12,000. The returns do not include British Columbia.

—A collision between the Federal and State authorities is imminent in California over the eviction of sheep herders and settlers from the Round Valley Indian reservation.

—It is stated that a rich find in Anthracite coal has been made in Crow's Nest pass, just beyond the summit of the Rockies.

—Preparations are being made for the hanging of the condemned Anarchists at Chicago on Nov. 11.

—Skins diseases cannot be successfully treated by external applications. The proper way to cure such complaints is to purify the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Under the vitalizing influence of this medicine all the functions of the body are brought into healthy action.

Diphtheria.

—"Last January," says J. N. Teeple, of Orwell, Ont., "there appeared diphtheria in our neighborhood. Doctors ran night and day, but I kept right to Hagyard's Yellow Oil and brought my children through all right." Yellow Oil cures all painful complaints and injuries.

Tamara.

For Hoarseness and all Bronchial Troubles that usually effect public speakers, Tamara Balm will give speedy relief. Try it.

## Commercial.

—Up to date this year 69 cargoes of fish have been shipped to the West Indies from Lunenburg, N. S. The shipments of flour which Ogilvie sent from Winnipeg to China has arrived safely at its destination.

—The shipments of lambs from St. John to Boston during the present season aggregate 14,000 carcasses, about 400 every week.

—It is proposed to form a company to transport the exports of Canada to establish a line of steamships between Halifax and Jamaica.

—About 20 carloads of potatoes are arriving at St. John daily, from P. E. Island and stations along the coast, for shipment to Boston and New York.

—Mackerel fishing is a pretty profitable pursuit for Prince Edward Islanders just now. On Friday last \$20 was asked in Charlottetown for a half barrel, and \$30 was paid for six half-barrels. One dealer stated that he had netted \$940 for 48 barrels.

—During the first three months of the present fiscal year, ending September 30th, the exports of Canada have been over two millions and a half more than during the same period last year. The increased export of fish for the last quarter amounts to nearly a quarter of a million dollars.

—Several clipper schooners have lately been purchased in Nova Scotia for parties in British Columbia, where they are to be engaged in sealing. As some of these vessels have been employed as fishery craft, they will be especially suited for the Pacific Seal fishery. It seems strange that vessels can be delivered cheaper in British Columbia, via Cape Horn, than they can be built on the Pacific coast.

—The meeting of the Jaggins mining association held yesterday, a lease for the new company was submitted and adopted. The name of the new company is the Phoenix Coal Company, and only stockholders of the Jaggins association can take stock and are invited to subscribe 10 per cent. of their present stock, application to be made before Nov. 15. The nominal capital of the new company will be \$50,000, of which \$50,000 will be subscribed capital.

—The prospects of the country were never so bright as they are at the present hour. Our export trade has increased during the year by over four million dollars, while our imports have advanced by more than double that sum over the previous year. The reports from the North-West are excellent, and phenomenal crops are said to be in order. Then we see Montreal and Quebec triumphantly increasing in population and prospering in trade.

Look where we may, the prospect is good, and the cheerful tone of public opinion is an additional assurance that Canada is moving in the right direction. So be it always.—*Star.*

The Rifle Club closed their shooting for the season with a match on the 22nd. The day was rough and squally, and high scores impossible. The ranges fired were 200, 300, 400, and 500 yds, 5 shots at each range, and the winners were:—

1st, Wood medal and \$100, W. Richardson.

2nd, \$155, C. H. Kincaid, 65 points.

3rd, \$100, J. Best, 61 "

4th, 75, B. Best, 61 "

5th, 60, J. Best, 61 "

6th, 50, J. Brooks, 59 "

7th, 50, R. Oulton, 59 "

8th, 50, C. Campbell, 54 "

9th, 50, Clarence Hicks, 53 "

10th, 35, Lawson Smith, 53 "

Considerable interest was taken in a team match for a gold pin and a high score impossible. The ranges fired were 200, 300, 400, and 500 yds, 5 shots at each range, and the winners were:—

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**TWO CARS**

**ONTARIO APPLES.**

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Splendid Fruit and Hand Packed in Barrels. Price, cheaper than N. S. Apples are quoted.

Due to arrive 23rd inst.

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**40 Caddies—Various Brands.**

Wholesale from 27c. up at

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JUST RECEIVED:

Half Bbls. Barrington No. 1 Herring,

" " " "

" " " "

Smoked Fish in Boxes,

Smoked Dried Chickens in Boxes,

Codfish—2,000 lbs.,

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**4 " BROCADE VELVETEENS.**

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**5 Casks Bright P. Rico,**

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**20 Bbls. Bright Yellow.**

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**Men's and Youths.**

**Overcoats and Suits.**

**2 Cases, Just Opened.**

**FULL ASSORTMENT.**

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**100 BALES WHITE,**

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