The Provincial Wesleyan.

General Intelligence.

By the R. M. Steamer.

The R. M. Steamer *Niagara* arrived at this port on Monday morning last. We give below extracts of News:—

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.—It was on the 29th that France and England sent off to St. Petersburgh the declaration, in virtue of which the Black Sea is interdicted to every Russian ship of war, that sea being pronounced neutral ground. The English and French Cabinets do not expect to see this intimation favourably received by Russia; and, in fact, they have already had examinations made of the situation of Sebastopol, for the purpose of possibly attacking it; but the reports sent in agree in affirming that it is out of reach of an attack by sea, though not by land. To reach the town, a channel of great length, upwards of three miles, it is said, must be passed up, the sides of which are protected by a most formidable artillery. If, therefore, anything is to be attempted against Sebastopol, it must be by land, which would imply the invasion of the Crimea.

A Vienna correspondent says,' A person, who is extremely well informed on this particular subject, yesterday communicated to me the probable plans of Russia. It is hoped at St. Petersburg that the Western Powers may still, for a time, be content to remain inactive spectators of what is occurring in the East; and therefore it is proposed to act almost entirely on the defensive in Europe, but to carry on the war with might and main in Asia. Advantage will be taken of the circumstance that no news from the Asiatic seat of war can reach Constantinople by water as long as the Russian fleet have the undisputed command of the Black Sea, and it is hoped that the Turkish army in Erzeroum may be completely annihilated before the Western Powers can have agreed to interfere.'

PARIS, Friday Evening.—It is not to be denied that up to the present moment indirect attempts have been made by the Emperor of Russia to detach the Emperor of the French from the alliance with England, but they have not met with the least encouragement.—*Globe.*

A letter from Malta of the 28th., states that the merchants who had contracted to supply the British fleet with coal in the Black Sea had received notice to prepare depots of coal at Sinope, Varna, and Trebizonde.

The Porte accepted the Note of the Four Powers on the evening of the 20th. It is agreeable to an armistice; insists on the evacuation of the Principalities; consents to a congress in a neutral town, the revision of existing Treaties, and to reforms tending to the melioration of the condition of the Christians.

Constantinople advices of the 22nd announce that the students, excited by some of the Ulemas, had assembled to present a petition against the revolution taken by the Government. For a moment disturbances were feared, but an outbreak was prevented. 300 or 400 students have been arrested, and all was quiet. Redschid Pacha in the Council, is in favour of peace, which the Sultan also desires. The British fleet has received reinforcements, but were still at Beycos.

The latest letters from the Black Sea state that an epidemic very common in the Crimea, arising from the malaria, is now prevalent at Sebastopol.

An Adjutant of the Sultan has been sent with two firmauns to Servia. Servia has the option of claiming the Protectorate of all the Powers.

VIENNA, Sunday Morning.—The following doubtful intelligence has been received from Bucharest, dated December 29th:—'After hard fighting, the Turks took Karakel, in Lesser Wallachia, by storm.'

Accounts have been received at Constantinople from Kara, of the 5th December. The two Turkish corps d'armee, which were lately operating respectively against Gumri and Achalzich, have been compelled to retire within the Ottoman frontier. Abdi Pacha, who held the supreme command in Asia, has been recalled.—His successor was not designated on the 19th.

A private letter from Teflis of the 2nd ult. announces Prince Worenzoff had received despatches from St. Petersburgh, apprising him that a reinforcement of 80 peices of artillery had been forwarded to him, with directions to carry on the war in Asia with the greatest activity; also two fresh divisions of infantry will be added to his force.

It is said that two considerable cantons will be raised. One of the most important is at Adrianople, the other probably close to Constantinople.

A private letter from St. Petersburgh, dated 25th ult., says there exists at this moment, in all branches of the public service, a movement and activity, of which there has been no example since 1812. On seeing how the minds and efforts of the entire nation are turned towards war, one would say that Russia thinks herself on the eve of a new invasion. On each day couriers leave for every part of the empire, or agents are sent about everywhere to rouse up the fanaticism and ferocity of the Orthodox population, and to drag the very depths of Asia, and hordes of Kioghese, Mouguls, and Tartars, and precipitate them on the Hindoos, with the hope of the sack and pillage of the British presidencies.—The effect of the war in Asia has been less disadvantageous to the Turks than was reported.—A number of persons implicated in the late disturbance at Constantinople have deen sent in exile to Candia.

Private letters from St. Petersburg stated that never had the levy of troops, both in the neighbourhood of St. Petersburgh and in Poland, been so extensive or stringent as of late. During the month of December, a levy of 80,000 was effected in Poland. The *corps d'armee*, it appears, will not be sent to the seat of war. It is intended for the defence of the country, and as a preparation for ulterior events. The same paper says that Russia is also organising the Tartar tribes of Central Asia into immense corps, to be directed, in the event of war, against the British possessions in India.

The 'Observer' says:—'We have just learned from a private source, upon which we have reason to rely, that the Russian government has given notice to several commercial gentlemen and engineers, interested in Russian Railways, that it is not intended to proceed at present with these undertakings. In fact, the works are about to be suspended, and all the men and money required for their construction will be devoted to carrying on the war. We have also been informed on excellent authority, that agents of Russia are at the present moment engaged in this country in search of ships and warlike stores for the Russian government.—Agents have also proceeded to America on a similar mission.

Lord Dudley Stuart has proceeded to Constantinople on board the Liverpool screw steamer.—It is said that it is his intention to persuade the Sultan to accept the services of the Polish refugees, it being believed that a general desertion of Poles serving in the Russian regiments would take place if they were sure of being received in a corps of their own countrymen on entering the Turkish territory.

The "Chronicle's" Paris correspondent writes that both France and England are now fully agreed upon taking the most efficient measures to coerce Russia. The instructions given to the Admirals are to the effect that they shall stop all Russian ships cruising in the Black Sea, and force them to return to Sebastopol, which port they will not be allowed to leave until the conclusion of a treaty.

The "Chronicle," by private advices from St. Petersburg, says that the ratifications of the treaty offensive and defensive between Persia and Russia were exchanged on the 18th.

Letters from Constantinople, of the 15th, mention an attempt of the Russians to set fire to the allied fleet at the entrance to the Bosphorus.

It was reported on Tuesday in Paris, that the English and French Governments had now very little hope of a pacific solution of the Eastern question, and were about to make preparations for an expedition to the Baltic early in the spring. Sir Charles Napier was to command the English fleet in that sea.

It is said the Czar will not listen to any proposition for peace, but is determined on war.

AUSTRALIA.—*Plymouth*, Friday Evening.—The *Francis Henry* has arrived here. She left Melbourne on the 13th October, and brings a large mail, a cargo of wool and tallow, 66,800 ounces of gold, besides a moderate quantity in the hands of the passengers. The gold fields are spoken of as being as good as ever. Gold at Melbourne was 76s. per ounce. Business dull during the last week, but an extensive trade nevertheless has been done.

The labour market very active at increased wages. Seamen for the coast abundant, but for home few offering. Flour, 35s. to 40s. per barrel; Salt Beef cheaper than in England; Salt Pork, 60s. per barrel; Brandy 19s. to 20s. per gallon—duty about to be raised from 7s. to 10s. per gallon.

Portsmouth, Friday.—Arrived, the *Walter Hood*; she left Sydney Oct. 31st., and brings gold valued at £32,000, and a heavy mail.

FRANCE.—The 'Assemblee Nationale' and the 'Union, continue to attack the alliance with England, and to throw out hints that it would be better for France to be allied with Russia. This is the language of all the Legitimists.

The 'Moniteur, publishes a decree relative to transportation. Persons sentenced by the mixed Commissions to transportation to Guyana, and who still remain in France, are to be temporarily removed to Algeria.

Notwithstanding the severe weather which prevailed in Paris during the entire of last week, the streets were never more crowded with pedestrians visiting the shops and booths, where New Year's presents of every description were laid out to tempt purchasers.

A decree of the Emperor abolishes the restriction hitherto imposed on the importation of raw cotton imported into Great Britain and the British possessions in Europe, and the produce of Asia, Africa, and America will be admitted into France from England and her European possessions for export.

Captain Inglefield, the Commander of the Phœnix, in which Lieutenant Bellot served as a volunteer, had a private audience of the Emperor two days ago.

SWEDEN AND DENMARK.—*Stockholm*, Dec. 27—The 'Journal Aften Alad, announces on good authority, that the Secret Committee of the Swedish Diet has decided on strict neutrality in case of war. A treaty has been concluded with Denmark for a common course of operations by sea.

Christiana Dec. 18.—I believe that the only military movement in Finland is, that 6000 sailors have been sent from Petersburg to Helsingfors, to man the ships that are lying there. Recruiting, however, is going on briskly, but not in the usual compulsory manner of Russia, as Finland is free from that system for a period of fifty years after the annexation.

AUSTRIA.—According the to German papers the Austrian Budget for 1854 will show a deficit of 45,000,000 florins (£4,500,000) on the ordinary service, and a deficit of 50,000,000 florins (5,000,000) on the extraordinary—a result which may lead to a serious catastrophe.

New Brunswick.

THE SEASON.—The present season has been the most singular one we ever witnessed. A month ago the business of the country was interrupted for the want of snow; in one week such a quantity fell that it nearly put a stop to all travelling and the operations of the lumberman. This was succeeded by a week of the most intense frost we ever experienced in the country. On Thursday another change book place—it became suddenly mild, and during the night rain fell in torrents, accompanied with a heavy wind from the south and south-west. This wind prevailed all day yesterday—the snow has as rapidly disappeared as it accumulated. Our streets yesterday were almost impassable, being flooded with water and melting snow. This morning is very mild, with an appearance of falling weather. —*Miramichi Gleaner*, 14*th.*

There have been five vessels floating about in the Bay de Chaleurs, these two weeks past, some of them with their crews on board. They were all loaden or loading at Dalhousie. Two days ago two of them were ashore at Caraquet, one of them inside the Island, the other outside. From the latter the crew got on shore.—*Ib*

NEWCASTLE TEA MEETING.—We have been handed the following notice of the Tea Meeting held in the Shire Town on the evening of the 28th December.

"According to agreement, the Tea Meeting in Newcastle, came off on the evening of the 28th December. The Weather was rather unfavorable, yet the attendance was good. We tender many thanks to the Ladies whose bountifully furnished tables, as well as to all the friends, who patronized the meeting, as well as the proprietors of the Institue for the use of their hall, and to the musicians for their kind assistance.

"The receipts of the Meeting amounted to £8 14s. which has been handed over for the reduction of the debt on the Wesleyan Chapel, in the above place.

"We are pleased to learn that the Ladies of Newcastle, intend holding a *Bazaar* in the early part of the ensuing summer, and through the kindness of friends we hope the whole debt due will be liquidated.—*Ib.*

P E Island.

The last Royal Gazette contains a Proclamation proroguing the House of Assembly until Thursday the 9th February. Then to meet for the despatch of Business.—*Hazard's Gazette.*

There is a rumour current in town that His Excellency Sir Alexander Bannerman, has been appointed to the Bahamas, and that Sir Dominic Daly has been appointed to this Island.—*Ib.*

United States.

MARYLAND OYSTER TRADE.—According to the Baltimore *American*, the product of the oyster trade of the city is equal to or greater than the product of all the wheat and corn raised in the State of Maryland. The whole shores of the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries are adapted to the growth of the oyster, and as but one year is required for their full growth, an immense profit accrues to those engaged in the business—a profit which is estimated at some three hundred to six hundred per cent. There are 250 vessels engaged in the business, which average about 900 bushels to the cargo, and require nine or ten days for the trip. These vessels, making in the aggregate 6,000 trips during the eight months in the year in which they are engaged, give a total of 4,800,000 bushels per year sold in the Baltimore market. The oysters bring an average price of 50 cents per bushel, which gives a grand total of $2,400,000 per year paid for oysters by the dealers in the city. Some of the houses send by the Baltimore and Ohio and Baltimore and Susquehanna railroad, to say nothing of the other modes of transportation, from eight to twelve tons of "canned" oysters per day. The shells are carried for manure to all parts of Virginia and North Carolina. In the "shucking" of oysters, the shells will increase about one-fourth, which would give a total of about 6,000,000 bushels of shells, which sell for two cents per bushel, making a return of $100,000 per year for the shells alone.—*American Artizan.*

The Planter's Advocate asks the question "Whether our Legislature will let fanaticism get the better of reason and true policy, and pass any such abomination as the Maine Law."

If a desire *to stop* that traffic which is productive of more misery, wretchedness, pauperism and crime, than all other causes combined be fanaticism, then we may assure our cotemporary that our Legislature will be deeply infected with it, and a prohibitory law *will be enacted* despite the opposition of rumsellers or their *apologists* here or elsewere.—*Baltimore Clipper.*

ALBANY, Jan. 4.—The temperance members of the Assembly held a preliminary caucus this evening, and agreed to move that that part of the Governor's message relative to the liquor traffic be referred to a select committee. The only bone of contention was the submission of the people, an apparent majority being opposed to the submission. Fully one hundred members were present.

Important from China.

The clipper ship Tartar, Capt. Goodwin, arrived at San Francisco after a very short passage of twenty-five days from Shanghae, bringing us files of the North China Herald down to the 28th Oct., and some written news as late as the 4th November.

Pekin is not yet taken, but the rebels were not far distant.

Shanghae was captured after three or four days of street fighting, by the small sword society, (a branch of the rebels) in the beginning of September, and was soon after besieged by the Imperialists.

A private letter of the 4th Nov. (the latest date) has the following:

The Imperialist are furiously bombarding the town this morning. They are quite near us, but I hope not near enough to endanger us at all. There is quite a smell of gunpowder. The other day, one of their war junks blew up, but we do not know if it killed many.

The siege, in fact is little better than a farce, and can effect nothing except by starvation, of which there is little danger.

The insurgents are in high spirits, having plenty of powder and rice, and their opponents are much disheartened. Mr. Reynolds an Englishman was captured by the imperialists when he was aiding the rebels, and they were talking of executing him. The British Consul repaired to interfere. The rebels now are acknowledged to be good christians by foreign protestants, in China. There had been several important skirmishes in provinces of Haunan, in which the rebels were victorious.

The news of the capture of Shanghae by the small sword society had produced a great sensation, and many of the foreign residents were of opinion that Canton would soon rise and expel the Mandarines.

Some of the lower orders of the people in Canton had acted very rudely to Americans and British, making threats, &c. To secure the lives and property of foreigners in case of an outbreak, the British Sloop of War had moved down towards the foreign residences so as to have them under their guns.

In case of any serious difficulty it was understood that the forces of the two nations would act in concert, although nothing was apprehended after these precautions.

The U. States Consul has received direction from Mr. Marshall to advise all Americans that they should treat both parties in a perfect equality, if they wish to recover for any losses occasioned by the war.

The British Consul at Shanghae published a notification as follows: "All interference on the part of the British Consular authority for the protection of the Chinese revenue, ceases from this date."

We Think we are Justified in saying,

That no other Pill, or remedy for Liver Complaint, has gained, so deservedly, the reputation now enjoyed by DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS. As an evidence that they will cure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in our own city.

NEW YORK, January 23, 1852.

This is to certify that I have had the liver complaint for six years, and never could get any medicine to help me until I commenced using Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills. I can now say to the public, that they have completely cured me; and I do hereby recommend them to all persons afflicted with a diseased liver. They will cure. Try them.

MARIA EVANS, No. 93 Lewis street.

P. S.—The above valuable remedy, also Dr M'Lane's Celebrated VERMIFUGE can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public

Agents in Halifax, WM. LANGLEY and JOHN NAYLOR. 22.

DU BARRY'S REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD supersedes the expenses and miseries of the *materia medica*, brings new life and cheerfulness to the invalid, and renders the process of cure both pleasant and certain. FIFTY THOUSAND well-known, and recorded cases establish this; and the number of witnesses to its effects is daily increasing. Amongst the female sex its salutary effects are as marked as amongst males. Miss Elizabeth Jacobs writes, from Nazing Vicarage, near Waltham Cross, Herts:—I have been suffering, at least, seven years, in the prime of life, from indigestion, nervousness, head-aches, inflammation, and gatherings, low spirits, general debility, sleeplessness, and delusions; and, during all that time, I have required, every year, so much medical attendance, that I have been almost ruined by doctors' bills." She then presents her heartfelt gratitude to Messrs. Du Barry, for the complete cure effected by Du Barry's Food. Mrs. Mary Godsmark, of Hunton, writes:—"Your excellent Food has released me from an increditable accumulation of suffering, for which, during the last eight years, all kinds of medicines had been tried in vain. My feelings and sufferings, previous to taking your Food, were the following: indigestion, nervousness, billiousness, affection of the liver and kidneys, costiveness, palpitation of the heart, noises in the ear, pains in almost all the body, low spirits, general debility, loss of memory, wretchedness, thoughts of self-destruction." James Porter, Esq., of Perth, returns thanks on behalf of a lady who had been for thirteen years afflicted with indigestion, prostration of strength, &c., accompanied by cough. Mr. Thomas Walker, of King's Road, Chelsea, expresses his "gratitude and pleasure" for the good done by the Food to his wife, who, previous to taking it, "had been suffering for a long time from dyspepsia, producing alternately diarrhœa, and the opposite state of the system; and although medicine gave temporary relief, it proved of no lasting benefit." Mary Geldert, of Trewagler, near Penzance, says:—"Eighteen years' nervous debility, violent palpitation of the heart, throbbing in the temples, violent pains in the left side and back, shortness of breath, cough, numbness of the extremities, cramps, spasms, flatulency, retching, and such general weakness, that I was constantly fearful of falling, when on my legs; all these symptoms have been removed by Du Barry's excellent Food." It is impossible to make room in a newspaper paragraph for the varied but concurrent language of thankfulness in which the writers describe their escape from their sufferings. It is a proud and enviable position for Messrs. Du Barry to feel themselves thus the acknowledged benefactors of multitudes of their fellow-beings. For further particulars we refer our readers to Messrs. Du Barry's advertisement in our to-day's columns.

All the wear and tear of rubbing clothes to pieces on the Wash-board, is saved if you use the Boston Chemical Washing Powder, advertised in another column.

Academy Subscription Notice.

Parties residing within the limits of the Nova Scotia West District, who, during the last summer or autumn, became subscribers for Scholarships in the Sackville Academy, or for Donations to that Institution, are hereby informed, that the Wesleyan Ministers are authorized to receive the amount of such subscriptions on their respective Circuits.

A prompt attention to the payment of the first instalment, which is now due, is earnestly requested. Remittances from the Ministers may be made to Messrs. Bell, Anderson & Co., Halifax, or to the Agent.

By order of the Executive Committee,

J. McMURRAY,
Agent for N. S. West District.

Halifax, January 19, 1854.

We received this week a letter signed Alex. Chisholm, Antigonish, announcing the death of Archibald Fisher, Esq., and requesting the stoppage of his paper. The letter is written in a style that leads us to suspect the whole affair to be a hoax. With this impression, we cannot act in the matter until we receive more satisfactory information.

Belcher's Almahack" for 1854, in cambric, with a fine engraving of "Cape Split," received We can safely recommend this Almanac to all who require (and who do not?) so useful a remembrancer. See advertisement.

No. 1 of "The Mount Allison Academic Gazette," neatly printed, quarto size, 12 pages, and containing a variety of literary matter, and information respecting Sackville Academy, received. The *Gazette* is to be issued semi-annually.

GREAT BARGAIN.—A set of the London Encyclopœdia, 22 vols., half bound in calf, in excellent order, have been left for sale at the Book-Room, and will be disposed of at a very low rate.

A poetical piece from Carleton, St. John, N. B, extending to six pages foolscap, closely written, is respectfully declined, its length being unsuitable to a weekly journal.

The Rev. Dr. Ralph Wardlaw, celebrated in the Unitarian controversy, died at Glasgow, December 17th.

In the memoir of Mrs. Mosher, lately published, the name of her mother should have been printed *Catherine*, and not CAROLINE.

BOOK-ROOM.—Parcel to Barrington, forwarded by Stage.

Letters & Monies Received.

(See that your remittances are duly acknowledged.)

VOL. VI.

Rev. J. Snowball (additional 30s.—see notice below), C. H. Connell, Esq., Woodstock, Rev. M. Pickles (for Messrs J. Currell 5s., Geo. Murdock 15s.; also A. Fowler, Esq. 5s.—in all 25s.), Rev. J. V. Jost (new sub.), Dr. C. C. Hamilton, Cornwallis (for Mr. Leander Newcombe 10s.—directions attended to), Mr. J. M. Campbell, Londonderry (two new sub.), Mr. W. Hamilton, Bay Verte, (self 10s.—for Mr. Job Trenholm new sub. 5s., Mr. Nelson Gooden new sub. 5s.—in all 20s.), Rev. Robt. Tweedy (for Mr. John McLean, new sub. 5s., Mr. Geo. Pelton, new sub. 5s.—in all 10s.), Rev. R. E. Crane (two new sub.—40s), Rev. R. Weddall (two new sub.), Mr. N. H. Beckwith, Bridgetown, Rev. T. H. Davies, 50s. 9d.—alterations made), Mr. Miner Tupper, Annapolis (for Mr. Elias Bent, new sub. 5s, Mr. Wm. Ingles, new sub. 5s.—in all 10s.), Rev. J. H. Stewart, Rev. C. Lockhart (new sub., also for Messrs. W. Nelly 10s, B. Robinson 10s.—in all 20s.), Rev. A. McNutt (we will take an early opportunity to refer to the subject), Amherst Circuit, (for Messrs. D. Dickenson 10s., J. Ripley, Senr., 10s., R. Ripley 10s., Amos Trueman 5s., Wm. Embree 5s., D. Y. Holmes 5s., J. Mills, C. W. 5s.—in all 50s.), Rev. R Knight (60s.), Mr. Geo. Henderson, Digby (for Mr. F. Trefry 5s, L. McKay, Esq. 5s., for A. McKay P.E.I., new sub. 5s.—in all 15s.—the remaining 5s paid as requested.)

Fifteen new subscribers are acknowledged above, for which our friends will please receive our best thanks. "Keep the ball a-rolling."

An error occurred in our last in the acknowledgment of money from the Rev. J. Snowball. The sum paid in the summer was 45s.—the sum ordered to be paid now should have been 55s. instead of 25s. The additional sum of 30s. is acknowledged in this week's paper.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to Wednesday, January 25th.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	23s. 9d.
" Pilot, per bbl.	20s. a 21s. 3d.
Beef, Prime, Ca.	47s. 6d.
" " N. S.	45s.
Butter, Canada, "	11d.
" N. S. per lb.	10d.
Coffee, Laguyara, "	
" Jamaica, "	8d. a 8½d.
Flour, Am. spfi. per bbl.	50s
" Canada sfi. "	50s.
" Rye, "	35s.
Cornmeal, "	27s. 6d.
Indian Corn, none.	
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	1s. 6d.
" Clayed, "	1s. 4d. a 1s. 4½d.
Pork, Prime, per bbl.	70s.
" Mess, "	80s.
Sugar, Bright P. R.,	35s. 6d. a 36s. 3d.
Bar Iron, com. per cwt,	17s.
Hoop " "	22s. 6d.
Sheet " "	28s.
Codfish, large	17s. 6d.
" small	15s. a 15s. 6d.
Salmon, No. 1,	70s.
" " 2,	65s.
" " 3,	57s. 6d.
Mackerel, No. 1,	60s.
" " 2,	55s.
" " 3,	37s. 6d.
Herrings,	15s.
Alewives,	17s. 6d.
Haddock,	12s. a 12s. 6d.
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	37s. 6d.
Fire Wood, per cord,	19s.

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 3 o'clock, Wednesday, January 25th.

Fresh Beef, per cwt.	30s. a 32s. 6d.
Veal, "	3½d. a 4d.
Lamb, per lb.	3½d. a 4½d.
Bacon, per lb. none.	
Pork, Fresh,	3½d. a 4½d.
Butter, per lb.	11d. a 1s.
Cheese, per lb.	5d. a 6½d.
Eggs, per dozen,	1s. a 1s. 3d.
Poultry—Chickens,	1s. 3d. a 1s. 9d.
Geese,	1s. 6d. a 2s. 6d.
Ducks,	2s. 3d. a 2s. 6d.
Turkeys, per lb.	6d. a 7½d.
Calf-skins, per lb.	6d.
Yarn, per lb.	2s. 6d.
Potatoes, per bushel,	2s. 6d. a 3s.
Oatmeal, per cwt.	17s. a 17s. 6d.
Peas, per bushel,	5s.
Apples, "	3s. a 5s.
Homespun Cloth, (wool,) per yard,	2s. 6d.
Do. (cotton and wool,) per yard,	1s 7d. a 1s. 9d.

WILLIAM NEWCOMB,
Clerk of Market.

Marriages.

Walton, January 12th, by Rev H W Spike, Mr. Robert HUNTER, to MARGARET, eldest daughter of Mr John Morris.

On Wednesday the 18th inst, by the Rev'd. John Scott, Mr. Daniel K. HARRIS, to ELIZABETH G., eldest daughter of John Duffus, Esq.

At Barrington, on the 12th inst., by the Rev. Samuel McKeown, Captain Joseph W. HOPKINS to Miss Martha HOPKINS, both of Barrington.

On the 17th inst., by the Rev P. G. McGregor, Mr. William WITHROW, to Miss Martha WITHROW, daughter of Mr. John Withrow, both of Shubenacadie.

At Truro, on Tuesday, the 17th inst, by the Revd. Wm. McCulloch, Mr. James LITTLE, of Onslow, to MARGARET, daughter of Mr. David Kennedy, of Upper Stewiacke.

At Rose Bay, Lunenburg, on the 18th inst., Mr. Paulus MOSSMAN, of Lunenburg, to Miss Susannah Elizabeth RISLEY, of Rose Bay.

On the 5th instant, at St. Bride's Church, Liverpool, G. B., by the Rev. F. W. Malloch, CA. GARRETT, Esq., merchant of that place, to MARY ANN, eldest daughter of Robert Moore, Esq., Brainey-street.—*Liv. pap.*

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 11th inst., at Moncton, Northam, by Rev. R. L. Crane, Mr. Charles DICKINSON, of West Brook, to Miss Hannah LODGE, of the former place.

By the same, on the 12th inst., at the dwelling of the bride's father, Mr. George HATFIELD, of Fox River, to Miss Jane BURNS, of Reichfords River.

By the same at Advocate Harbour, on the 16th ult, at the residence of Mr. J. Wards, Mr. Nathan B. MORRIS, to Miss Eunice TATE.

By the same, on the 17th inst, at Advocate Harbour, at the residence of Mr. Lutheran Morris, Mr. Randolph MORRIS, Junr., to Miss Eliza WINTERS, both of the above place.

On the 14th inst., at Oakland Cottage, Wilmot, by the Rev. M. Pickles, Mr. John MUNRO, of Maitland, to ETHELINDA, daughter of Lawrence Pitinney, Esq.

At Windsor, on the 18th instant, by the Rev. Henry Pope, Captain James Henry SKALING, to Miss Phœbe Eliza BURKE, both of Kempt.

At Newport, on Tuesday, 17th January, by the Rev. T. H. Davies, Mr Charles L. MARSH, of Truro, to Miss Mary LOCKHART, of Newport; at the same time and place, Mr. Thomas MARSH, of Truro, to Miss Lucinda LOCKHART, the brides being daughters of John Lockhart, Esq.

Deaths.

At Maccan Mountain, on the 31st December, JOSEPH BERRY, infant son of James and Ann Bird, aged seven months and a half—and on the 7th January, at the same place and son of the same parents, HENRY NELSON, aged 9 years and six months.

At the residence of his brother, at Maccan, on the 14th inst., Mr. David ADAMS, Schoolmaster, aged 63 years.—The deceased came to this country, from the County Antrim, Ireland, in 1819, and has since resided in the county of Cumberland, where he has been much respected.—His end was peace.

At Brooklyn, New York, on the 11th inst, MARY ANN, daughter of John and Mary Ann Sargent, late of this city, in the 20th year of her age.

On the 17th inst, of a lingering illness, which she bore with christian fortitude and resignation to the Divine Will, Anne WILLIAMS, wife of Mr. Henry Wiliams, a native of Co Donegal, Ireland, highly esteemed by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance, and much regretted by her family and friends.

Walton January 1st, Philip FULMORE, aged 60 years.

At Sea, on the 25th Oct, on the passage from Belizmore to Rio Janeiro, Mr. Charles ALLISON, son of the late Hon. Joseph Allison, aged 21 years. The memory of this amiable and accomplished youth will long be endeared to his bereaved relations and friends.

At New York, on the 20th Decr., of Small-pox, in the 25th year of his age, ROBERT, youngest son of the late John Witham, of this city.

At Gleneig, St. Mary's, on the 9th inst., Mr. James TATE, aged 61 years, a native of Armagh, Ireland—a good man.

At Sherbrooke, St. Mary's, on the 11th instant, Mrs. Sarah CUMMINGER, widow of the late Henry Cumminger, Esq, in the 61st year of her age. For her to live was Christ: but to die was gain.

At Aux Cayes, 1st December, of Yellow Fever, ROBERT S., eldest son of Richard Marshall, of this city.

On Saturday evening, 21st inst., after a lingering illness, JOHANNA, daughter of Mr. Michael Fitzpatrick, in the 10th year of her age.

At Heckman's Island, Lunenburgh, on the 3rd inst., after an illness of only two days, CATHERINE, daughter of Mr. Philip Winters, aged 19 years.

On Sunday morning, 22nd inst., Mrs. Samuel PARKER, in the 38th year of her age, leaving a husband and four children to mourn their loss.

At the Poor's Asylum, 23rd instant, Tom CLODE, an Indian from Liverpool, N. S., aged 64 years.

At Goose River, Cumberland, on Saturday, 14th inst., Robert McGowan DICKEY, Esqr., in the 70th year of his age. The deceased, during a long life of private and public usefulness, represented the township of Amherst and County of Cumberland fifteen years, and for thirteen years occupied a place in the Commission of the Peace, besides various other situations. His end was peace.

At Avondale, on the 8th January, EPHRAIM EMBREE, aged 19 months, son of Captain Absalom Smith, of Newport

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

WEDNESDAY, January 18.

Packet Schrs Liverpool, McClearn, Liverpool.
Nettle, O'Kim, Canso.
Florence, Wilson, Newfoundland
Billow, Leonard, Newfoundland.
Hector, Quilliman, Sydney.

THURSDAY, January 19.

Steamer Cambria, Millar, Havre, 18 days.

FRIDAY, January 20.

R M Steamship Canada, Stone, Boston, 36 hours.

SUNDAY, January 22.

Brigt Advalorem, Murphy, Cuba.

MONDAY, January 23.

R M Steamship Niagara, Leitch, Liverpool, 15½ days; reports has experienced very boisterous weather during the passage; lost head, cutwater, and some head gear.
Schr Sarah, Auld, from the coast of Newfoundland—bound to St John, N. B.

TUESDAY, January 24.

Pckt brigt Bloomer, Doane, Boston, 3½ days

CLEARED.

January 18—Rob Roy, Affleck, B W Indies.
January 19—steamers Cambria, Millar, New York; Merlin, Hunter, St John, N F; brigts Pomona, McKay, B W Indies; Ada, Goudey, St John, N B.
January 21.—Schr Enterprise, Levy, F W Indies.
January 23.—R M Steamship Niagara, Boston; Sylphide, Walters, F W Indies; Lucy Alice, McPhee, Boston; Citron, Bettinson, Trinidad; Halifax, O'Brien, Boston; Lydia, Burke, Porto Rico; Mazeppa, Thorburn, Newfoundland.

MEMORANDA.

Cape Cod, January 13.—brigt Boston, of Halifax, is discharged, and the wreckers have screwed her up—about 30 feet of her keel is gone; with this exception she will be got off without much damage—being otherwise in good condition.

Steamer Cambria reports—signalled barque Perseverance, from Patrigge Island, New Brunswick, in lat 49 30 lon 23 50.

Barbadoes, Dec 23—arrd brigt Transit, Halifax, and left for St Vincent.

Bermuda, January 1st—arrd, brigt Daphne, Ingham, Halifax, 13 days; lost foretopmast and sustained much damage to hull in a severe gale which she encountered 24th ult, while lying to in lat 36 53 N., lon 64 34 W.; at the sudden shifting of the wind to west, (which was previously from S S W,) she was thrown on her beam ends, the decks were swept of everything on them, and her main hatch was torn off which caused much water to find its way into the hold. The topmast having broke away during this perilous time, the vessel righted, which fortunate circumstance no doubt saved the lives of all on board.

Brig Ocean Bird, Atkinson, 32 days from Curacoa, bound to New York, put into Bermuda, 4th Instant, in want of sails.

Am brig R W Packer, McNear, from New York for Hayti, was brought into Bermuda, 4th inst in distress. On the 23rd Decr, in the Gulf Stream, was overtaken by a gale of wind, lost sails, decks swept, &c.

Ship Isetor, Phillips, 38 days from New Orleans for New York, put into Bermuda on the 8th inst, leaky and wanting sails, had been on the coast 18 days.

Am barque Childe Harold, Olmstead, 10 days from New York for Havana, put into Bermuda, on the 1st inst, in distress, having in a violent gale on the 23rd ult ult, been thrown down on her beam ends, when the mainmast was cut away to save the vessel; she is considerably strained and leaky. A number of passengers were taken from the C H, after the gale bound to Havana.

H M ship Cumberland, arrived at Barbadoes, 23rd ult, and was at Jamaica, 6th inst.

H M ship Calypso at Barbadoes, 19t ult from Dominico.

Boston, January 9—cld brig South Boston, Messina.

12th—schr Jarius Hart, Gosbee, West Indies.

New York, Jan 12—cl'd, brig Cynthia, Sydney and St John.—13—arrd brig Wanderer, Allen, Cornwallis; cl'd barque D R DeWolfe, Holmes, Naples; brigt Aziko, Card, Glasgow. 16th—arrd brigt Unicorn, Cummings, Kingston, Jam.

Charleston, Jan 10—sailed ship Joseph Howe, Liverpool.

It is reported that the Mary Jane, from Dublin for N York, with passengers, is lost near Jedore—six persons saved—the captain and 150 others lost. No further particulars yet obtained.

Steamer Canada reports—passed on Thursday, about 9 miles off Seal Islands, the wreck of a vessel—tops of both masts above water.

New York, Jan 3rd—arrd brigt Margaret Mortimor, Anderson, Jamaica, 38 days—experienced severe weather, lost sails, boats, part of deck load, &c.; Superior, St Jago, 4th—Pandora, do. 11th—Pursuit, Curacoa; Venus, Windsor; Dani Webster, do. 11th—Gleaner, Inagua. 18th—schr Effort, Windsor.

Baltimore, Jan 16—arrd Enchantress, Windsor.

Providence, Jan 14—cl'd, brigt Wilberforce, Matanzas.

Brigt Pursuit, at New York, from Curacoa lost foretopmast yard, split sails, lost bulwarks and galley, had boats, stove, &c. Decr 9th James Hilton, died; 10th, John Melley, died; Jan 2, Jacob Telford, was lost overboard—Capt C. reports, while in the Gulf Stream, sailed through large quantities of lumber, hogsheads, but saw no wrecks.

Lisbon, December 18—arrd, Annie, Port Medway.

Valentia, Ireland, Dec 23rd—arrd Ocean Queen, Pugwash.

Pill, Jan 2—arrd Siberian, Halifax.

Fayal, N v 26—arrd Annie, Liverpool, N S.

Beaumaris, Jan 3—sard Corone, North America; Argus, Pictou.

Gloucester, Jan 2—arrd Tiberius, Montreal.

Liverpool, Dec 27—Archibald, Tatamagouche. Jan 2—Ocean Queen, Pugwash; 3rd—Margaret, Pictou;—ld'g, steamer Arabia, Boston and Halifax;—Halifax, Anne Thompson, Prince Arthur.

Gravesend, Jan 3—sard Wallace, Port Wallace.

W. D. CUTLIP,
AUCTIONEER
AND
General Commission Merchant
HALIFAX, N. S.
April 23. 198. y.

New Advertisements.

Advertisements intended for this Paper should be sent in by 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning, at the latest.

For Sale at the Wesleyan Office,
And at all the City Book Stores.
BELCHER'S
FARMERS' ALMANAC,
FOR
1854.

NO pains have been spared to make this Almanac equally as correct as any that have preceded it, and to sustain the opinion of its merits as expressed by the greater part of the leading periodicals. "Table Tables are given for Parrsboro', Horton, Cornwallis, Windsor, Newport, Truro, Halifax, Pictou, Cape Tormentine, Annapolis, St. John, N. B., Portland, Maine, and St. John's, Newfoundland.

C. H. BELCHER.

The bound Copies are embellished with a fine engraving of *Cape Split* in the Bay of Fundy.

January 25, 1854. 4w.

Camphorated Myrrh and Chalk.
DENTRIFICE.
FOR THE TEETH AND GUMBS.

THIS PREPARATION whitens the Teeth, corrects the fetor imparted to the breath by decay, and alleviates the nervous irrability of the gums. Prepared and sold by ROBT. G. FRASER, Druggist, January 28. 139, Granville Street.

MATCHES! MATCHES!!

WAX MATCH