Enlistments in Canada up to May 31st, 1916.

Military	Headquarters. Area of Districts Enli	aber of stments.
No. 1	LondonWestern Ontario	28,213
No. 2		75,363
No. 3	KingstonEastern Ontario	34,915
No. 4		28,501
No. 5	QuebecEastern Quebec	6,402
No. 6	HalifaxNova Scotia, New Bruns- wick, Prince Edward	
	Island	31,061
No 10	WinnipegManitoba, Saskatchewan, Keewatin, Thunder Bay,	
	Rainy River	68,888
No. 11	VictoriaBritish Columbia and Yu-	
	kon Territory	30,709
No. 13	CalgaryAlberta, MacKenzie Ter-	
	ritory	30,157
Tota	1	334,209

The above table shows that, during the 22 months of war, Canada has raised on the average for overseas service 15,000 men per month. This fact alone proves that the recruiting methods adopted by the military authorities are effective in that they are securing large numbers of men. The trouble is that, in so many cases, they have not secured the right men.

A further examination of recruiting methods shows that some parts of Canada have contributed more recruits than other parts, and also that certain parts of Canada have already given more than their proportion of the 500,000 that are required.

Quotas Needed from Military Districts to Bring the Canadian Expeditionary Force up to 500,000 Men, ar 7 the Number Secured.

Military District.		District's Portion of 500,000.	Number of Recruits secured up to May 31, 1916.	Deficit or Surplus of District.	Population of Dis- trict according to Census of 1911.
No. 1		44,000	28,213	-15,787	635,912
No. 2		86,000	75,363	-10,637	1,235,001
No. 3		53,000	34,915	-18,085	763,936
No. 4. No. 5	}	139,000	34,903	-104,097	2,003,232
No. 6	1	65,000	31,061	-33,939	937,955
No. 10		60,000	68,888	+8,888	858,046
No. 11		27,000	30,709	+3,709	392,480
No. 13		26,000	30,157	+4,157	374,663
Total	•	500,000	334,209	-165,791	7,201,225