when writing to the Romans: "Now we that are strong ought to bear the infirmities of the weak. and not to please ourselves." (Rom. xv. 1). This is just the same thought which St. Paul expresses, when writing to the Galatians, in the words of our third text: "Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfil the law of Christ."

Many people deliberately increase and accentuate their own burdens and, by their inhuman conduct, make the burdens of life harder for their fellow-men. How sadly true are the exquisite lines of the great Seottish poet !
> " Many and sharp the numerous ills
> Inwoven with our frame!
> More pointed still we make ourselves
> Regret, remorse, and shame;
> And man, whose heaven-erected face
> The smiles of love adorn,
> Man's inhumanity to man
> Makes countless thousands mourn:

" See yonder poor, o'erlabored wight.
So abject. mean, and vile,
Who begs a brother of the earth
To give him leave to toil:
And see his lordly fellow-worn
The poor petition spurn,
Ummindful, though a weeping wife
And helpless offspring mourn."
Brethren, the words of our final text form the climax of spiritual life and experience. I.et us not fail to rememher that the love of Christ is not only a sustaining but also a constrainir. Iove. It is, as Chalmers finely puts it: "The expulsive power of a dew affection." It expels sinful passions and constrains us to bear one another's burdens and so fulfil the law of Christ. What was that law? The law of love. It is this law which Christ fulfilled perfectly and which He thus commands us His disciples to obey: "A new commandment I give unto you, that ye love one another; cven as I have loved you, that ye also love one another." (St. John xiii. 34).

Brethren, these three texts are not contradictory but supplementary to one ano:her. They form the successive steps of a spiritual proces. " lach man shall hear his own burden." "Cast thy burden upon the Lord and He shall sustain thee:" etc. "Bear ye one another's 'uurdens and so fulfil the law of Christ."

