manufacturing methods; the surveying of imports and exports and other conditions tending to affect the industry's welfare; the advertising of the products of its members and the promotion of the domestic and foreign demand for Canadian-made pulp and paper.

The Association, in collaboration with its American confreres, is engaged in producing a series of text-books covering all branches of the industry and is assisting in the training of young men who desire to make paper-making their vocation. Considerable sums of money have been contributed for this purpose. The Association also assists undergraduates of Canadian colleges to find opi runities to spend their vacations in paper mills in order to acquire a practical knowledge of paper-making and offers prizes to those showing the greatest progress. It contributes extensively to the literature of the industry and maintains a bureau for the purpose of supplying desired information and of keeping its interests prominently before the public.

During the war the Association kept a record of those enlisting for service from the industry. This gives the total enlistments from the Canadian pulp and paper milic as 3,092, of whom 228 lost their lives, 341 received wounds, 10 were reported as missing, 12 died in the service and 15 were taken prisoners. The decorations bestowed were—V.C., 1; O.B.E., 2; C. de G., 1; M.M., 13; M.C., 10; D.C.M., 8; D.S.O., 1. The Canadian Forestry Battalion in France was commanded by a member of the Association, Brig.-Gen. J. B. White, while another member, Sir William Price, organized a battalion of infantry in Quebec and took them overseas for service. Col. C. H. L. Jones, of the Spanish River Pulp & Paper Company, commanded a battalion in active service and many others prominent in the industry performed important duties in connection with the war.