6 THE BRUNSWICKAN

MARCH 7, 1980

good

Womans's exclusion from the creation of culture

Reality through twisted mirrors

By SLYVIA HALE

This is not the world of physics locked in an endless dance; oblivious of you. This is your world. You are subject here

it is your insanity which stares back at you. Dance, mindless puppet, towards oblivion.

S.M. Hale

This exploration into the world of women is based on the ideas of Dr. Dorothy Smith, and the poetry of R.D. Laing. Responsibility for this interpretation, however, rests with me.

To be fully human is to be SUBJECT acting in history to change and recreate the world, as against OBJECT passively subjected to the world. Alienation, in the familier Marxist sense, arises through loss of control over one's produce; It is the lot of working men to become objects, cogs in the machines driven by others and for other men's interests. But what of women? What is their product? Where are they found in the division of subject and object?

Twisted mirrors split the path between the realms of wives and families, and the doors of corporations. As the locus of production shifts from household into factories, wives and home fade into the twilight zone of "private life". They appear only as spectres in political economy, important as potential labour when the manpower runs out.

But the freedom has strings; the paths surround. For the working poor the dependent nature of that freedom is all too obvious, manitest in the incessant struggle to keep a family together on low income. Responsibility for production of the home falls directly onto women. Their work, their ability to manage, is fundamental. Their dependence on the corporation is second hand, mediated through their husbands ability to provide the money. His authority in the home is based on that dependence and conditional upon that employment. To this secondary dependence can be traced the constant anxiety of poor women. The success of their world is dependent on contingencies of their husbands' behaviour. Women joined the temperance movement, not to spoil the fun but to drown the terror.

translated into money which is displayed in the home through his wife's labours. With the identification of social class with styles of life, it becomes the woman's responsibility to manage the image which befits the class.

But the image is not hers, nor produced for her benefit, but subcontracted to her by the corporation. The media creates the image. Opulently illustrated magazines present the new "display order" - the new styles, materials, furniture and decor, the arrangements for the home beautiful, the

home efficient, the home livable, indeed the home reputable. In terms of this she is judged. Her work is trivialized, her skills irrelevant - except as a buyer, honoured for her taste, her ability to find bargains - to be a "Good little shopper." The image becomes the objective; imposed from outside, packaged from outside by the corporations which deliver the goods.

One is inside then outside what one has been inside

One feels empty because there is nothing inside oneself

One tries to get inside oneself that inside of the outside that once was inside

once one tries to get oneself inside what one is outside:

to eat and to be eaten to have the outside inside and to

inside the outside But this is not enough. One is

the man's work. His activities are in his role. To be a "good wife" she must side with the external systam against him.

Middle class children are also part of the image as "products" of the woman's activities. Their dress their neatness, their cleanliness, and their manngers display her abilities as a Mother. Her love is objectified in the externalized and generalized evaluation of the child. Love is transformed into anxiety and anxiety corrupts love. The double bind again. She must manage her children so they

becomes proof that she does not love them. In the end she must

children to the school and the occupational world - the release of the children as individuals to the corporate enterprise.

My mother loves me.

I feel good because she loves me

I am good because I feel good

to that external order. Her failure My mother loves me because I'm to make them meet that order

willingly release her product, her

I feel good.

appear 'well behaved' and 'good' I feel good because I am good

My mother does not love me. I feel bad. feel bad because she does not

love me I am bad because I feel bad I feel bad because I am bad

I am bad because she does not love me

She does not love me because I am bac

R.D. Laing Knots [1970,9]

What reality emerges from this twisted mirror? The reality that family is blamed for mental illnes. The corporation is rational. Insanity has no place there. It too is subcontracted. The reality of these chains are hidden in the isolation of the family from the corporation. One could explore further, but the commitment is so deep - the costs so high. It would transform the value of all the work she has done, all she has to hold on to, if the work had no joy and the product no reward. Slam that door shut.

Psychiatry handles the misfits; cleansed, abstracted, analysed. The symptom, not the situation is the problem. Women are neurotic. Depressed becasue they suffer from depression. Why do you chafe at nothing? You should be fulfilled, contented, happy. You do not have to work to earn your living. You should be grateful. The ultimate rebellion. Edith turns on Archie Bunker. But the worn turns again. This is menopause! Once more the double bind. To stay is masochism. You must want to be there. You can't stand up alone. To leave is failure. One shoud stick

DR. DOROTHY SMITH will lecture on WOMEN'S EXCLUSION FROM THE CREATION OF CULTURE Edmund Casey Auditorium S.T.U. 11.30 - 12.30 noon Thursday, March 13 Evening seminar for senior students & faculty on Wednesday, March 12

S.T.U. Faculty Lounge

With affluence and security of employment, these conflicts recede.

But the ties still bind. Their force made all the harder because they are unseen. Only madwomen chafe at invisible chains.

In the corporation the working man does a job; but the middle class man plays a role. To the corporation the laborer owes his product, but the middle class man owes his mind. His thoughts and his actions, his motives and his subcontracted the work of curing ideas belong to the office. His the injuries, managing the tenproduct, but also his person be- sions, giving the emotional supcomes relevant-the kind of person he is. He plays the role and lives double bind, the twisted circle. To the image, and to the middle class support him in his role is to family falls the work of creating support the very system which and sustaining this image. The violates him. To be a good

the inside of what one is outside inside, and to get inside the outside. But one does not get inside the outside by getting the outside inside

although one is full inside of the inside of the outside one is on the outside of one's own inside

for

and by getting inside the outside one remains empty because while one is on the inside even the inside of the outside is outside

and inside oneself there is still nothing

There has never been anything else

and there never will be R.S. Laing Knots [1970,83]

The maintenance of the image requires more than the decor. It requires the permanent work of managing the tensions which the corporate structure generates but cannot relieve. The impulses of aner, the despair, the fear of death and failure, the anxieties have no place in the corporate script. They must be managed elsewhere. To the women is port to the husband. Here is the middle class home is the symbol of homemaker she cannot let him fail

Dr. Smith is Professor of Sociology

at O.I.S.E. Toronto.

by those whom once one loved and try to help.

She does not think there is anything the matter with her because

CHSC



DEREK ROCHE

Presents

Friday March 7th

9pm-1am

Saturday March 8th

9pm-1am