

GERMANY REFUSES TO

LACK OF TRAINING IN HOME, NOT THE WAR, RESPONSIBLE FOR PREVALENCE OF CRIME

Disregard for Authority, Beginning With Parental Authority, Underlying Cause of Increase, States Mr. Justice Kelly in Address To Grand Jury At the Spring Assizes.

Disregard for authority, beginning with parental authority, is the underlying cause of the prevalence of serious crime at present, Hon. Mr. Justice Kelly declared in an address to the grand jurors, after the latter had read their presentment to him, at the court house today.

The judge said that when he had previously complimented Middlesex on the scarcity of crime for a county of its size, he was speaking only so far as the statistics were concerned, and was not speaking of cases that came before other courts. He pointed out that of the seventeen inmates in jail, only a few were incarcerated for serious crimes.

He advised that the cause, rather than the remedy for crime, be investigated as remedial measures, and not as a punishment to build up men and women out of crime than to punish them.

Lack of training in the home, and not the war, was responsible for the increase in crime, as many of the criminals were persons 20 years and 21 years old, who were too young to go to war.

Judge Kelly thought that perhaps his remarks might be characterized as old-fashioned, but he was willing to be considered old-fashioned in that respect. When he was young, he said, he thought that he was using severity, but since then had come to understand that it was merely good judgment that his parents exercised.

Clean Bill for Jail.

The grand jury in the report stated that the jail had been found to be in a clean and sanitary state, and that

BEING TRIED ON CHARGE OF THEFT OF SMALL'S BONDS

John Doughty, sister of the defendant, was a witness in the sessions court this morning in the trial of John Doughty, charged with the theft of small's bonds from Ambrose Small, the missing theatrical magnate.

Miss Doughty described how on December she accompanied Doughty to the station when he left for Montreal. On their way down they called at the Grand Opera House. She remained in the automobile while Doughty went into the theatre for some letters. To the prosecuting attorney, R. H. Greer, witness said that she did not see the letters in his possession, and did not see him post any.

At the station, Miss Doughty said, her brother handed her a brown paper parcel, which he said belonged to Mr. Small, and told her that if she did not hear from him in a few days she was to put it into a safety deposit vault.

Witness said that her brother told her not to open the parcel because it belonged to Mr. Small. She took it home and put it in the chest of drawers and later went to the Bank of Montreal and rented the safety deposit box, but found the box too small to hold the parcel. Consequently she decided not to put it in the box.

"Why?" asked Mr. Greer.

"Well, because Jack told me at the station that it would only be for two or three days," replied witness.

Mr. Greer cross-examined her particularly on this statement, but she declared that her brother had told her "it would only be a few days."

It was on December 21 that she next saw her brother, and although he was at home nearly all day she did not speak to him about the parcel. She declared she did not know that she had those bonds. Witness said that she had discussed with her brother Mr. Small's disappearance.

Did Not Discuss Matter.

Finally, after some further cross-examination, Mr. Greer drew from the witness a reference to the parcel as "valuable papers."

Crown counsel then stepped briskly to the witness box and pointed his finger dramatically at the prisoner's sister, said: "He told you they were valuable papers?"

Witness declared that Doughty did not so designate or describe it.

She did not discuss the matter before the family because he had told her not to mention it to anyone.

Ernest Reid, who had charge of the session machine in the Grand Opera House, said he had a conversation with Doughty about a business proposition in Small's office in 1919.

Continued on Page Four.

Doughty's Sister Was Given "Parcel," Told Not To Examine It

Evidence of Defendant's Relative Is Brought Out at Continuation of Trial in Toronto Court—Witness Denies She Knew That Contents of Package Were Bonds—Was Instructed by Her Brother Not To Open Parcel, Who Explained That Contents Belonged to A. J. Small.

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Berlin Government Disputes Allied Figures In Declining To Make Cash Payment Today

Reply to Recent Ultimatum of Reparations Commission Is Received by Allied Representatives—Germans Request That Joint Commission of Experts Be Named To Fix Value of German Deliveries to Date—Claim Is Made That It Would Be Impossible in Any Event To Pay Twelve Billion Gold Marks by First of May.

Paris, March 23.—Germany, in reply to the recent ultimatum of the Allied reparations commission refuses to pay the one billion marks gold due on this date, and disputes the commission's figures showing a balance of 12,000,000,000 marks due May 1.

It is maintained in the German note that the twenty billion marks which the peace treaty provided should be handed over by May 1 has been more than paid. The note asks that a joint commission of experts fix the value of the German deliveries on reparation account, but it declares that in any event it would be impossible for Germany to pay twelve billion marks by May 1.

The note concludes as follows: "It, after the experts have conferred, it is established that there is a deficit in the payments by Germany she is ready to begin negotiations with the reparations commission regarding the fixing of a loan abroad."

The reparations commission met this morning to consider the German reply, which was transmitted from Berlin last night.

Violation of Treaty.

The Germans' failure to pay is deemed a violation of the treaty of Versailles, which the commission will report to the Allied governments. The Allies will then determine what measures shall be taken. It is commented here that the German experts already have been heard by the commission, which listened to their arguments before fixing the valuation of the German deliveries credited as payments against the twenty billion marks. This valuation, therefore, was considered final, since the treaty gives the commission some discretion in the matter.

The German reply does not answer directly the commission's demand for a first payment of one billion marks today. This point, however, is covered on the face of things by Germany's contention of over payment of the reparations.

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Arguing on motions for \$10,000 a month alimony and \$25,000 counsel fees, Delancy Nicolci, counsel for the bank president, openly charged that the society woman had taken "as her lover an Indian guide by whom she had an infant son."

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Decision Reserved.

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Mr. Stillman made his offer at a regular meeting of the board. That the bank president's domestic troubles might come officially before the directors was not unexpected in Wall Street, which awaited reports from the conference.

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FORMER AMERICAN OFFICER IS EXPELLED FROM LEAGION BECAUSE OF HIS PRO-GERMAN UTTERANCES

Committee of U. S. Veterans' Organization Unanimous in Decision After Six Hours' Hearing On the Case of Alexander Anderson—Participation of New York Soldier in Recent "Horror On Rhine" Meeting Pronounced As Detrimental to Relations Between Allied Nations and United States.

New York, March 23.—Alexander E. Anderson, formerly lieutenant-colonel of the 15th Infantry, was notified today by the New York county legislative committee of the American Legion that he had been expelled from the United States Veterans' Association because of his utterances at the recent "horror on the Rhine" meeting here. This meeting was called as a protest against the alleged use by the French of negro troops in the occupied zone of Germany, and later was condemned by legionnaires as "propaganda to destroy the cordial relations existing between the United States and her allies."

Committee Unanimous.

An immense meeting was held at Madison Square Garden last Friday night under the auspices of the legion to protest against the previous pro-German meeting. General Penning in a strong speech asked those who were attempting to spread propaganda in the United States for the purpose of creating ill-will against Great Britain and France. The legion committee voted unanimously for the expulsion of the former officer last night after a trial that had lasted more than six hours. His participation in the meeting was declared to be prejudicial to the best interests of the legion. Anderson did not attend the trial, but had sent a letter claiming the committee lacked jurisdiction, in that the 69th Regiment Post, of which he was the former commander, ceased to exist last December.

Anderson's case is said to be the first instance in which a member of the American Legion has been tried and expelled.

BANDITS ROB TEXAS SPECIAL

Hold Up Train and Take \$3,000 From Passengers.

McAlester, Okla., March 22.—The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad's "Texas Special" was held up and passengers robbed thirty miles south of McAlester tonight.

Three masked men boarded the train at Denison, Texas. They went through three coaches and took \$3,000 from the passengers, according to travelers reaching here.

SAYS FREE PASSAGES GRANTED ONLY AFTER DOMINIONS' CONSENT

London, March 23.—(Canadian Associated Press).—Questioned in the House of Commons last evening, regarding the free passages to the dominions issued by the overseas settlement committee, Col. L. S. Amery, colonial undersecretary, reiterated that no free passages were granted without the approval of the representatives of the dominions.

The government was aware, the undersecretary admitted, that unemployment existed on a considerable scale in the dominions, and as a result of the attitude of the Dominion representatives large classes of industrial workers had been refused passage. Some industrial workers had gone to the dominions at their own expense, and found themselves in difficulties, but the machinery set up by the government had done its part in discouraging the workers from going hence to the equally congested centres overseas, Col. Amery said.

PSYCHOLOGIST AS IMPORTANT AS PHYSICIAN

Declares Inspector V. K. Greer in Address to Chesley Mothers' Club.

HARMFUL AMBITION

Ontario Educational Standards Inadequate to Meet Underdeveloped Child's Needs.

"Intelligence Tests," was the subject of an interesting talk given before the Chesley Avenue Mothers' Club last night by Public School Inspector V. K. Greer.

"The time will come when the psychologist will examine the school child and pronounce on his mental ability, as does the physician on his physical ability," said the speaker. "The introduction of such tests into the schools would do much to help the parents of the part of the parents, who often wish to make lawyers or doctors out of their children, when their children are not at all fitted for either of the professions. A large percentage of the children who attend school, don't get on as they should and the blame is put on the children themselves, their parents and their teachers. All this might be avoided if intelligence tests were applied to the children."

Last Becomes First.

The speaker cited instances where children who were apparently very dull at school along certain lines of study, but when they got out into the world, and into their proper line of work, became more brilliant than the average clever pupils at school. He referred to public school education as the minimum education required in Ontario, and how often it was inadequate to meet the needs of certain underdeveloped children's minds. He thought that special treatment should be given such children. Referring to the viciously mischievous child, the speaker stated that he had seen many such children brought into institutions and handled apart from other children.

A second speaker of the evening was Mrs. A. E. Tutt, who spoke on the coming referendum. Vocal solos were given by Miss Grace Crowe, accompanied by Miss Hilbert. At the next meeting of the club, Mrs. John Ross will speak on "Good Manners and Correct Speech," and to this meeting the members of the Empress Avenue and Hale Street Mothers' Clubs are to be invited.

SOVIET DELEGATION TO ITALY RECEIVES FRIGID RECEPTION

French Engineer Asks Bolsheviks How They Secured Treasures.

SEIZED FOR CUSTOMS

Head of Russian Reds' Trade Party Declines to Answer Questions.

Rome, March 23.—Feeling against the Russian commercial delegation at present in this city is running high at the hotel where members of the party are staying. At dinner last night, a French engineer, for many years a resident of Russia, asked Mr. Vorovsky, head of the delegation, in a loud voice, how the Russians got the treasures found by the customs authorities in their baggage when they arrived at a Hoboken pier February 8, were consigned to King George V.

No explanation as to why the royal purchaser should come as far as the United States for a supply of condensed milk was forthcoming.

The theft was made public, following the arrest of two men in Harlem's "Little Italy" Tuesday, after detectives are stated to have found a quantity of the stolen milk in the basements of their shops.

PECKINPAUGH AS CAPTAIN.

New York, March 23.—Roger Peckinpaugh will captain the New York Yankees again this season, it was announced last night.

GAS PROBLEM IS CAUSE OF BREAK BETWEEN MAYOR AND ALDERMEN

Mayor Says Aldermen Failed to Stand by the Agreement—Action of Ald. Cameron Wilson Unofficial—Has Not Used Official Position To Aid the Gas Company.

"A sharp break between Mayor E. S. Taylor and several of the aldermen was one of the principal developments today of the Gas Company proceedings at Toronto Tuesday. Members of the Legislature committee asked if the council had the company had acted, and an agreement on the bill which the company was submitting had been agreed to. Mayor Little replied that the council had agreed to it."

Ald. Cameron Wilson, chairman of the special gas committee, asserted that this was not the case, and submitted a statement signed by nine aldermen to the effect that they were only willing to accept it as a basis for settlement and not as the actual settlement itself. The mayor pointed out that the official records of the council showed that the agreement had been made, and that the refusal brought forward by Ald. Cameron Wilson was entirely unofficial. There had been a council meeting Monday, and if the aldermen wished to change their opinion they should have done so then instead of waiting until today's document.

Thrown No Favors.

"If I am charged with working for the gas company, it is true to a certain extent," he said today. "We made an agreement with them, and although we all knew there would have to be some changes, I think we should have stood by it, instead of reversing our policy completely. That is the way I understood it, and it stood by it at Toronto. If they were to let the official position to throw any favors in the way of the gas company or to against it, that is not in the general interests of the city, then it certainly is not true. I don't think anyone would believe it of me, except men of the same calibre as those who would make such charges."

Long Way From Final.

According to Ald. Cameron Wilson, the proposed settlement is a long way from being final yet. It was drawn up by the company, and therefore it will have to be approved by the private bills committee and then by the Legislature as a whole. This means that it will be taken up until after the Easter recess, he claims, and there will be opportunity for the city to protest against it.

He claimed that the result at Toronto Tuesday was more or less of a compromise.

5,000 Cars Being Manufactured Every Day in Detroit

Detroit, March 23.—Production of automobiles in the Detroit area during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today, according to a survey of the leading factories. According to plants also report a steady improvement in business.

SOVIET GOVERNMENT RATIFIES TREATIES

London, March 23.—A wireless message from Moscow announces the ratification by the soviet government of the treaties with Turkey, Persia and Bokhara, and also signature of a peace treaty with Great Britain.

"Not all these treaties conform to our desire," says the message. "They are significant successes for the soviet, and show the consolidation of its power on the international front."

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following are the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 41; lowest, 27.

TOMORROW—FAIR AND WARMER.

Toronto, March 23—8 a.m. Forecasts.

Today—Fine.

Thursday—Fair with somewhat higher temperatures.

The highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 34; lowest, 24.

Stations. High. Low. Weather.

Victoria. 44. 12. Cloudy.

Calgary. 44. 18. Clear.

Edmonton. 44. 24. Clear.

Fort Arthur. 26. 8. Clear.

Fort Smith. 34. 18. Clear.

Parry Sound. 34. 18. Clear.

Quebec. 34. 24. Clear.

Ottawa. 35. 20. Fair.

Montreal. 35. 24. Fair.

Quebec. 34. 24. Clear.

St. John. 25. 2. Clear.

CHARGES THAT INDIAN GUIDE IS FATHER OF MRS. STILLMAN'S SON

N. Y. Bank President's Counsel Makes Definite Accusations Today.

DECISION RESERVED

Preliminary Arguments in the Divorce Action Heard in N. Y. Supreme Court.

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LONDON HAS 8 BANDS, BUT NO PLACE FOR CONCERTS

Dilapidated Structure in Victoria Park Has Seen Its Best Days—Modern Bandstand Would Cost \$5,000—Ways and Means of Raising the Necessary Funds.

"What will London do for a bandstand this year?"

With the elimination of the sum of \$5,000 set in the parks committee's estimates for the construction in Victoria Park of a modern bandstand in place of the old, freestanding pile, which is at present given the courtesy name of "bandstand," it is the duty of the city council to decide how the necessary funds are to be raised. The city solicitor has declared that debentures cannot be issued for parks purposes (it is done in the case of the city's other parks), and he has been pessimistic on the theory that public spiritiveness amongst the music lovers of the city and the public generally will be the best means of raising the necessary \$5,000 and remove the stigma of being a "city without a bandstand from the metropolis of Western Ontario."

"We have in the city," said Mr. Buchanan, "at least one very capable music society, possibly more, the members of which may be induced to present a pastoral play, such as 'Shakespeare's 'Midsummer Night's Dream' in Victoria Park, then, too, the city possesses numerous musical organizations which, I believe, would be quite ready to give some open-air concert in aid of such a scheme, and in addition these there are also three or four bands of outstanding merit who would like to assist. Altogether, I think that if a leader would arise and promote such a method of meeting the need of funds for the new bandstand, it could be secured. For the purpose of the presentation of the plays a section of the park could be easily screened off by canvas curtains and provision could be made for the necessary dressing-room facilities."

GREENLAW REFUSES TO JOIN IN SHOUTING FOR RANEY'S SCALP

St. Catharines Member Declares at Merritton Meeting That Attorney-General Is Doing Best He Can Under the Circumstances—Laws He Is Compelled to Enforce Were Handed Down by Previous Administrations.

Toronto, March 23.—A special dispatch to the Star from St. Catharines says: "There was a rather warm time at Merritton last night at a meeting called by the Independent Labor Party and the U. F. O. Ex-Mayor MacBride, M.L.A., of Brantford; Provincial Secretary Marks of the L. L. P., and Frank Greenlaw, M.P. for St. Catharines, were present. The meeting was well attended and fairly representative. The primary object of the meeting immediately became apparent when President John McAnich of Lincoln County, Independent Labor Party, asked to leave the chair, and moved a resolution calling on Frank Greenlaw, Labor member for St. Catharines, to request Premier Drury to rid the cabinet of Raney, or if he would take a seat on the Opposition benches. Raney was incompetent in administration generally, McAnich claimed."

George P. McCallum, prominent fruit farmer and U. F. O. member, seconded the motion.

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Fred H. Avery, a Labor alderman in St. Catharines last year, defended Mr. Raney. He thought the attorney-general was backed by the majority of right-thinking people of the province. Certainly he (Avery) did not want to be classed with the bootleggers and sympathizers, who are shouting 'Raney's scalp.' There is the 'right' slogan, as well as other laws that are being put to the Government we are in a better position."

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