OAK AND PITCH PINE

TIMBER

For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also

WHITE PINE, BIRCH, &c., &c.

R. A. GREGORY,

Office—FOOT OF SIMONDS STREET - - - - - Portland, St. John, N. B.

References—GUY, STEWART & CO., E. D. JEWETT & CO. feb 13 1y

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist

Office, Union Street, near Germain,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide (Laughing) Gas.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER.

dec 16

MARITIME

WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!

Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances

on all descriptions of Merchadize. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers Application to be made to

Sept 27 T. W. LEE, Secretary.

JAMES D. O'NEILL,

MANUFACTURER OF

OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!

Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES

IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.

FACTORY, No. 1 NORTH WHARF, ... ST. JOHN, N. B.

July 12 1y

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE

55 and 57 King Street.

NEW SPRING GOODS

Per Steamers Canadian, Minosa, Nestorian, Caspian, Scandinavian, and India

200 BALES and CASES

COMPRISING a general assortment in every Department, and to which we invite the special attention of parties commencing business as also close buyers.

BALANCE OF STOCK

Per Delta, Olympia, Sidonian, Saint Lawrence and every steamer to Halifax and Portland during the season.

ap 25 EVERITT & BUTLER.

MISPECK MILLS, - - - St. John, N. B.

HOMESPUNS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!

Also, First Class

COTTON WARPS.

THE above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Orders from the Trade respectfully solicited.

WAREHOUSE.....Reed's Building, Water Street.

sep 3 1y d&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

DAVID MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF

Hoop Skirts, Corsets,

AND DEALER IN

Real and Imitation

HAIR GOODS!

Sole Agent for the Maritime Provinces for the following first-class

Sewing

MACHINES!

The Lockman, Appleton, Hespeler, Webster And Singer Manufacturing,

79 KING STREET.

feb 6

Wholesale Warehouse,

CANTERBURY STREET.

CAMP BLANKETING!

JUST RECEIVED:

5 Bales Camp Blanketing;
3 " Grey Blankets;
200 pieces Homespuns;
10 Bales Cotton Duck;
15 Cases Felt Hats.

mar 19 T R. JONES & CO.

GREY COTTON!

WE would call the attention of Purchasers to the

GREY COTTON

We are now making. This article is manufactured out of AMERICAN COTTON,

WHICH IS

MUCH SUPERIOR

to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

It will be found quite as CHEAP, and REALLY MUCH BETTER than any other Cotton in the market.

For Sale by the Dry Goods Trade.

WM. PARKS & SON,

New Brunswick Cotton Mills,

aug 14—tf SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

A 42 COLUMN PAPER.

The Best in the Maritime Provinces!

Only One Dollar a Year!

Sample Copies Mailed Free.

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY, 1.

The Tinkered Tariff.

The duty on paper was imposed for the express benefit of a Montreal concern, and has been practically prohibitory on some grades. The Montreal manufactures which newspaper proprietors are forced to use are not of the most satisfactory quality, and orders are not always filled with commendable promptness. The duty of fifteen per cent. has enabled the home manufacturer to charge a large price for his productions, and newspaper proprietors have felt the burden hard to bear. Now, according to one of the telegrams from Ottawa that duty has been advanced to twenty per cent! This is a great outrage on publishers, and will lessen instead of increase the revenue. The immediate effect of the advance in the duty will be an advance in the price of paper manufactured in Canada. Parliament, therefore, legislates to enrich the owners of a few paper mills by enabling them to rob a host of publishers! This is "Reform" legislation.

Everybody will be glad that the attempt to add to the enormous duties on sugar has been defeated, after Ministers had in vain made a personal canvass of members, promising and threatening, in its favor. Although the tax was in the interests of a Montreal concern most of the people and merchants of Montreal were hostile to it, and members did not dare sustain the Ministers. The Government has yielded exactly what was asked by the resolution offered in our Board of Trade by Mr. Lindsay—a resolution that was amended into impracticability by a popularity-hunting motion, a piece of buncombe that was in some way allowed to pass.

Part of the proposed burden on shipbuilding materials is to be removed,—thanks to the efforts of those who have the good of the country at heart; and part of this burden is to be imposed on other industries that import iron manufactures,—thanks to the "Reformers" and the tariff they impose to meet the vast increase they have caused and propose to cause in every branch of the public service.

A slight increase has been made in the duty on certain manufactured articles, very much, it seems, against the wishes of the Government. For this Government presents the wonderful phenomenon of being Free Trade with regard to most everything that can be produced at home, and Protection with regard to articles that must be imported. It is a curious combination resulting from some kind of a complicated compromise between the members of the mongrel combination called a Cabinet by courtesy.

The non-sectarian school party of St. Stephen propose to select, in conjunction with other parishes in that end of the County, two candidates for the Assembly, and invite the other end of the County to select two others. Three of the candidates will probably be Hon. B. R. Stevenson, St. Andrews; Charles McGee, St. George; and Jas. Mitchell, St. Stephen. It is understood that David Main, of the *Courier*, would be brought out if he would consent to serve in the House. As he has not caught the legislative fever that afflicts so many journalists he will continue to devote himself to the advancement of his wide-awake and flourishing paper, laying up treasures to be spent at some future day, in establishing a daily *Courier*.

Bangor is organizing a "Crusade Club" to operate against liquor sellers, and yet Maine has a prohibitory law, ex-Governor Perham and Neal Dow.

The Tariff.

To the Editor of the Tribune.

DEAR SIR: The feeling against the tariff, in place of subsiding, grows in intensity daily, and there seems to be a determination on the part of the whole people to accept no compromise in the matter of the duties on ship materials. The removal of every such duty will alone allay the excitement, and if the members of the Government from the Maritime Provinces do not insist upon this course or leave the Cabinet, they will be placing themselves in direct antagonism to those they are expected and supposed to represent. I have talked with hundreds on this matter and have failed to find any that justify these duties, and if time was given petitions could be got up signed by ninety-nine out of every hundred freeholders in New Brunswick, at least, against them. It is said they are to be taken off imports but left on what enters into construction of hull. This is adding insult to injury to the shipbuilders, as, certainly, owners are as able to pay as builders, though neither should be taxed unless the Government wish to act in the interests of our American neighbors in place of their own people. Again, goods can be brought into the Dominion in bond and shipped out again without paying duty (this being done to increase trade). The articles used in constructing and fitting out a ship are simply brought in, put into and upon such vessel, and sent out again (without being worn out here) to bring untold wealth into the country from all parts of the world. Hoping that our members who have so ably contended against this great injustice may succeed in their endeavors, I am yours,

A SHIPBUILDER.

A Frenchman's English.

This is how a Westmoreland Frenchman applied to a Shediac merchant for a situation:

Dear Sir: Having heard that you wanted to hire a clerk, I beg to inform you that I will engage with you in fair and reasonable conditions. I have pretty good education, and also pretty well advance in figure and for your considerable stock you have on hand, you shall have a man that had great ability to tend in business, and also could devise every thing correctly and separately without any trouble and a man that could keep book keeping very well and therefore could soon be use on that branch.

Dear Sir, I would not make brag on me, during that my learning is sufficient to conduct almost everything that can be bring according in my power. Please to answer and state your conditions, and I will go on your honest word.

I remain, yours truly,

Miss Kate Stanton in Boston.

It is always interesting, and ought to be profitable, to read the opinions of metropolitan critics on artists and lecturers whom we have seen and heard. We are thus enabled to compare the judgments of others with our own impressions. Miss Kate Stanton lectured for the second time before the Young Men's Christian Association, Boston, Tuesday evening, and the *Journal*, a paper usually economical of praise, says:

In spite of the steadily falling rain and the muddy streets, the large hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, at the corner of Tremont and Elliot street, was filled last evening with those who had braved the elements to hear Miss Kate Stanton deliver her brilliant lecture upon the fascinating theme of the "Abolition of Poverty." The excellent reputation which Miss Stanton has won upon the lecture platform in the past few years has been more than sustained the present season, and her lecture last evening was delivered with so much grace and force that the salient points were welcomed with hearty applause. Though the lecture has been previously delivered in Boston, those who had listened once found new thoughts were suggested by the lecturer's treatment of the subject, and those who listened for the first time were entertained and profited by the new ideas presented. The key to the solution of the whole trouble between capital and labor she finds in co-operation, the benefits and justice of which she pictures in the most eloquent terms. She also urges a reform in the currency as one of the pressing needs of the day.

Miss Stanton intends to sail for Europe early in the month of June, where she will make a short lecture tour in England and Scotland and visit France and other places on the continent for the purpose of collecting materials for a new lecture for the fall season, which will be entitled 'Uncrowned Heroes."

The Supreme Lodge of the World, K. P., recently in session in Pittsburg, Penn., has adjourned to meet next year in Baltimore.

So great are the fears of strife during the coming Presidential election in Hayti that foreigners are sending their valuables out of the country.

In the English House of Commons Monday evening Mr. Cross, Home Secretary, introduced a bill amending and considerably ameliorating the licensing act. It fixes the closing hour of public houses half an hour later at night.

A bright and bewitching young "girl" in one of the Troy (N. Y.) mills proved to be Henry Wallace, of Brooklyn, but not till a number of young men had fallen desperately in love with him, when he left for another scene of operations.

"Do you go to Sabbath school, my lad?" kindly asked a city missionary of a depraved little Dubuque urchin. "Nary," answered the innocent child, "but I've got a fighting cock that can walk over any bird in this town that wears gaffs."

And now we hear from Boston of a law case arising out of a druggist giving aconite as a remedy by mistake. From the effect of the dose the patient nearly died. The jury, we are glad to hear, gave the plaintiff a verdict and $15,000 damages.

The report that M. de Lesseps had yielded to the decision of the International Commission on the tonnage dues of the Suez Canal is confirmed. The Khedive took military possession of the canal before M. de Lesseps yielded to the decision of the Commission.

Captain-General Concha has ordered a draft for military service, to take place in Cuba, May 1st, from the class of ages between 25 and 35 instead of 18 and 45 years. Substitutes will be accepted. Any person liable to draft will be permitted to leave the island on payment of $500 in gold.

A New York despatch says that Obadiah Bowne, aged 60, living at Richmond village, Staten Island, went to a newspaper office Monday evening, and said he wanted the best reporter on the paper to go with him and prepare a sensation. The reporter accompanied him home. After Bowne had spent two hours detailing to him the history of his life from boyhood, he then (about 11 o'clock), holding up a bottle, coolly exclaimed: "Mr. Reporter, I shall be a corpse in a few minutes!" He then swallowed a large dose of laudanum, and to the horror of the reporter was soon dead. Bowne inherited $350,000 a short time ago, and had run through it all in dissipation. He was formerly a Quarantine Commissioner and was a member of Congress in 1851 from New York State.

Kept Alive by Fellows' Hypophosphites.

This is to certify that in the autumn of 1867 I contracted a severe cold and cough, and was seized with pains in the chest and back. I obtained medical advice, but the prescriptions effected no good whatever. The cough kept growing worse, and other symptoms set in which complicated my case, until finally I was given up to die by three physicians, who said I was far advanced in consumption, and could not recover.

I had been fourteen months gradually wasting away, unable to perform the lightest service, *and fast approaching the end.* At this time I had never heard of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, but some of my family noticed the letter from Capt. Cofill, concerning the cure it had effected in his case, and I was persuaded to send for some of the medicine.

I commenced to take it in accordance with directions, and before I had used half a bottle I was able to resume light work in my shop, and, notwithstanding that my disease was so far advanced as to be incurable, by making use of it from time to time during the last three years, it has sustained my strength and enabled me to knock about and attend to my work. I feel certain that had I used it at an earlier stake of the disease it would have effected a perfect cure.

W. H. LEIGHTON.

Having been acquainted with the case of Mr. W. H. Leighton during the last five years, we, the undersigned, fully endorse the above statement made by him.

J. B. DAVIDSON, J. P.
ISRAEL BENJAMIN, J. P.

Horton, N. S., 17th Feb., 1873.

The "Canadian Anthem Book" is the newest and best of the kind. E. Peller & Bro., W. S. agents.

LOCALS

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements— Lee's Opera House
do Bloodgood's Combination
do Sacred Song
New Tweeds— Likely, Cameron & Golding
Removal Notice— Dr. McLarren
Card R R Duncan
Removal Notice— A J Armstrong
Probate Court— C N Skinner
Book on Birds— Bowes & Evans
Bird Cages— do

AUCTIONS.

Household Furniture— Lockhart & Chipman
Boots and Shoes— Hall & Hanington
Groceries, &c— Hall & Hanington
Administrator's Sale— John F Godard
Auction Card— Hall & Hanington
Clothing, &c— E H Lester

On First Page: Men and Things at Ottawa; and Notes and News.

On Fourth Page: Yesterday's Second Edition.

VICTORIA DINING SALOON (strictly first class), No. 8 Germain street (facing City Market), St. John, N. B. C. Sparrow, proprietor. tf

Brevities.

The David Weston and May Queen leave for up the river to-morrow morning.

The Temperance Alliance holds a meeting in the Temperance Hall, King street, this evening, to which all interested in the reform are invited.

Moncton rejoices in a number of sidewalks that have just been laid down, and in the formation of religious "Sewing Societies" that "don't meddle with politics, eduction, or the destinies of nations."

The ice in the Restigouche River is still firm. In Bathurst harbor the channel only is clear of ice.

The Board of Trade meets to morrow forenoon at 11 o'clock.

Geo. F. Gregory, Esq., is gazetted a member of the Board of School Trustees for Fredericton.

Ed. Chrissie takes his benefit at the Opera House this evening, when an excellent bill will be presented. The children ought to be present at the matinee to-morrow afternoon, when Lee's Circus will be on the boards. It is a great hit.

The following were elected officers of Alexandra Temple of Honor last evening: N. M. Patterson, W.C.T.; W. S. Morrison, W.V.T.; E. B. Jones, W.R.; W. J. Forbes, W.A.R.; H. McDonald, W.F.R.; W. O. Slipp, W.T.; W. Armstrong, W. U.; T. B. Roberts, W.D.U.; J. Chamberlain, W.G.; C. W. Roberts, W.S; W. B. Stewart, W. Chap.

The new front of Messrs. Sheraton, Son & Skinner's store is very handsome. The windows are dressed with carpets, rugs, foot stools, curtains and cornices in an artistic and stylish manner.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Velvet Passe Partouts at Notman's.

Point Lepreaux Weather and Marine Report.

April 31, 9 A. M.—Wind W., moderate breeze, cloudy; one schooner inward.

The most popular dance of the day "Autumn Tints Mazurka," at E. Peller & Bro's.

Philip Phillips.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found an advertisement of an evening of sacred song to be given in the Institute on the 6th of May, by this now celebrated vocalist. The Managing Committee having arranged for reserved seats, without extra charge, those who intend to hear Mr. Phillips should secure their tickets without delay, as a full house is expected. Everywhere Mr. Phillips goes the press speaks of him in the most eulogistic terms.

Cunard Steamers.

China, Samaria, Calabria, Hecla, Marathon, Batavia, Scotia, Saragossa. These first-class steamers of this popular line will leave Boston and New York for Liverpool during the next two weeks. Hall & Hanington, agents.

Shipping Notes.

Debkload Lost.—Schr. Helen Hastings, Masters, at Vineyard Haven 27th inst. from Cienfuegos, 28 days, for Boston, in a gale on the 25th inst. lost her deckload of molasses.

Merchant Sailors are in demand at Halifax. Wages $25 per month.

Schr. Alba, Boudrat, from Lingan, C. B., for Newburyport, wrecked on Ipswich Bar. She was built here in 1871, and was purchased by the present owners, Messrs. J. & S. Leonard, about a month since, for $7000 in gold. Insured for $12,000. The vessel will probably be sold where she now lies.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. W. K. Crawford, King street. au 8

Fire in Portland.

Last night a fire broke out in J. C. Palmer's mill at Marble Cove, Indiantown. The steam fire engine was on hand, but very few firemen, as the alarm was not properly given. In a short time the mill was consumed. It was a portable steam mill, and was used for sawing scantling, &c., principally for use in the Town. It was covered in and the building was entirely consumed. The loss to Mr. Palmer is considerable, probably $3,000, on which there is no insurance. It was considered one of the most useful mills in Portland, and was largely depended upon by the various builders in the Town. The origin of the fire is unknown, and there are strong suspicions of its having been the work of an incendiary.

Habit, if not necessity, makes a Hair Dressing indispensable to many. The new "VIGOR," which Dr. Ayer's laboratory issues, is one of the most delightful we have ever used. It restores not only the color, but gloss and luxuriance to faded and grey hair.

A large stock of new and fine pianos at E. Peller & Bro s.

Moving Times—Some Business Changes.

This, the first of May, is moving day, but many took time by the forelock and commenced yesterday and the day before. Until late last night loads of furniture were seen moving along the streets, and the first sound heard this morning was the rumbling of the loaded carts over the streets. This is the day when, as a general rule, men are very busy at their offices, and have not time to run home and get their dinner (if there was any to be had) but content themselves with patronizing the restaurants and allow their wives to enjoy the comforts of moving. But then the first of May is a very busy day. Of all the moving spectacles that of a boarding-house is the most heartrending. As a general rule the boarding-house keeper is going to some house which another in the same business is leaving. As a natural consequence the two parties meet. The old maid boarder (for there generally is one of that species) is always round that day. Her luggage is her great care, and her anxiety for everything is twice as apparent as that of the owner of the establishment. The young men as a rule are not seen during the day, though there may be some with enough of the milk of human kindness in them to assist their weary landlady. But these thoughtful young men are scarce. It generally takes all day to get the furniture moved, and at night comes the trial. To find anything is an impossibility. Where to sleep is a question easier asked than solved. For a day or so this lasts, and then the active hands of the housekeeper have set everything to rights and the company is again settled for a year. Private families who have to move get up early, having engaged a truckman at a large figure several days in advance. A hurried breakfast by gaslight, the work of the day commences, and by dinner time the furniture is generally transferred. There seems to be a great deal of moving this season, and quite a number of business and professional changes.

Dr. Maclaren has removed from his late residence, Germain street, to 35 Charlotte street, nearly opposite Trinity Church.

Dr. Fiske has his office now in the building occupied by the late Dr. Keator, instead of opposite the Victoria Hotel.

In hotels there are several changes. Mr. Collins, late of the Gordon House, takes the American House; Mrs. Darrow takes the Gordon House; Mrs. Lordly opens at her old stand, the Brunswick House; Mr. Hayward reopens the Continental, which has been closed for some weeks.

E. N. Sharp and Magee Bros. move to Reid's new building, Water street. Taylor Brothers take Mr. Sharp's office in the TRIBUNE building, and H. S. Beek takes the offices vacated by Magee Bros. Hall & Hanington remove from the TRIBUNE building to Carson Flood's old place, 75 Prince Wm. street. Mr. Flood takes the store in King st., occupied by the late Mr. Christy. W. H. Olive removes his ticket agency to the corner of Duke and Prince Wm. streets.

George Robertson has removed his wholesale grocery business to Water street, and at his old stand, King street, a retail business will be conducted by Alex. Robertson & Co.

Mr. Robert R. Duncan has opened a wholesale commission business at 21 Water street.

A. J. Armstrong, Charlotte street, has removed into the large store adjoining.

CABINET and Card Groups of the Duke of Edinburgh and Duchess Marie at Notman's.

Fire Investigation.

The investigation into the cause of the King's Square fire was commenced yesterday afternoon before the Police Magistrate. The first witness was P. J. Gannon, in whose store it was supposed the fire broke out, but where all admit now that it did not. This witness testified to being in his shop most of Sunday. *He first went in to feed his cat*, and afterwards went back and spent the afternoon and had a number of callers, as many as five going in at one time. To a question from the Magistrate as to whether he sold any liquor on Sunday or not he declined to give any answer. He left the shop at midnight in the company of a gentleman whose name he did not mention. The next witness was Elisha Cosman of the Bangor House, who testified to being waked up by one of the servants telling him the halls were full of smoke. He was of the opinion that the fire broke out between Gannon's and Nelson & McDonald's stores in a narrow passage. How it originated he could not tell; was sure it was not from ashes from his hotel. His insurance was $1000 and his furniture was worth $5000. Charles McDonald was the next witness, but his testimony had no bearing on the origin of the fire. The examination was adjourned until Saturday afternoon.

Messrs. Landry & McCarthy have just received a large assortment of the celebrated Estey Organs in new styles of cases, and at prices from $60 upwards. Call and see the fine little double reed organ they sell for $80.

The Dramatic Season.

The Academy of Music will be opened Tuesday, May 7th, by Messrs. Nannery & McDowell, with "Led Astray," the great New York sensation, in which Miss Kellogg and Mr. Neil Warner take the leading parts. The sale of reserved seats begins on Tuesday. Mr. Richard Farren, the scenic artist, arrived last evening, and is engaged in preparing the stage for the piece.

Fire Insurance.

The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England, is one of the strongest companies in the world. It has a capital of $12,500,000 in addition to $5,000,000 invested assets. Parties desirous of effecting insurances will find it to their advantage to patronize this Company. Insurances effected at reasonable rates, claims liberally and promptly settled. Messrs. A. C. & G. E. Fairweather are the agents. Office: 15 Princess street. 1w

By Telegraph.

Canadian, British and Foreign.

[*To the Associated Press.*]

NEW YORK, April 30—p. m.

Gold 113; sterling exchange $4.87½ a $4.90; money three per cent.

To-day's report indicates clear weather, and higher temperature.

A New Orleans telegram reports water subsiding, and fair prospect of planters being able to raise half a crop.

The pilot boat Nostven is reported off Nantucket Shoals having in tow the bark Alfred, from Philadelphia for St. John, N. B., with the loss of all her masts close off to the deck. The crew of the bark were on board the pilot boat.

A cyclone passed over Boston at 3 o'clock p. m., and blew down a building in Court street, and prostrated most of the telegraph wires.

LONDON, April 30.

Consols 92¾.

The rate of discount at the Bank of England is four per cent; decrease of specie during the week £58,400.

Breadstuffs steady.

NEW YORK, May 1.

A N. S. SCHOONER LOST.

The Nova Scotia schooner Etta, from Pernambuco for Baltimore, was run into and sunk off Cape Lookout and all hands but one lost.

MURDER IN JAIL.

A condemned criminal named Watts, in jail in Catskill, N. Y., who has confessed several murders, for one of which he is to be hanged to-day, killed a keeper who was in the cell with him yesterday afternoon with a bar of iron.

MURDER AND CREMATION.

A dwelling near Pittsburg, Pa., was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and every member of the Hommet family of six persons were burned almost to shapelessness. There is reason to suppose all had been previously murdered, and a man employed on the place is suspected of the atrocious crime.

THE ARKANSAS WAR.

Fighting has commenced in Arkansas. A conflict at Pine Bluffs resulted in nine men being killed and twenty-seven wounded.

THE FLOODED DISTRICTS.

The advices from the inundated districts begin to be a little less gloomy so far as relates to future crops.

PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

(*Special to Daily News.*)

OTTAWA, April 30.

Mr. Mitchell presented a petition from Northumberland women asking a Prohibitory Law.

After the passage of several formal Government resolutions, Mr. Cartwright moved that the House go into a Committee of Ways and Means. He warned the House not to be misled by the arguments of the Opposition, which would be based on the enormous receipts for the first 20 days in April, which amounted to nearly $3,000,000. (Opposition cheers.) This amount could not be used fairly in calculating the revenue of the whole year. He then came to the Tariff question. The Government would adhere in the main to the Tariff, but were willing to consult the wishes of the House and supporters by altering some of the details. The first modification was that articles of luxury pay 16⅔ per cent., as at first arranged, will hereafter pay a uniform duty of 17½ per cent. Duty on tea would be reduced to 4 cents on green and 3 cents on black; on ships' materials, the duty would be removed from cables, anchors, iron masts, wire rigging, copper sheathing and metal. Duty is also taken from pig iron, and the extra 2½ per cent. added to other iron paying 5 per cent. is removed. On cheap wines the duty is reduced to 30 cents per gallon; or wine costing more than 40 cents per gallon, and not containing more than 20 per cent. of alcohol, medium grades, will pay 60 cents per gallon; while on sparkling wines the old duty of $3 per dozen will be imposed. The increased duty indicated will raise an additional revenue of $300,000, to be applied in modifying the duty on the articles named. The sugar tax is removed, and remains as before. (Cheers.) Considering everything, the Government now considered that the tariff would be satisfactory to the country.

Dr. Tupper replied. He said he had been charged with audacity the other day when he called in question the correctness of the Finance Minister's statements, and pointed out the injustice of the tariff; but his (Tupper's) position was sustained to-day. He was pained at the humiliating position of the Finance Minister and the Government, after disturbing the entire trade of the country, to have now to abandon their position, to reconstruct the tariff and adopt the views advanced by the Opposition. In doing this the Government now admitted before the House and the country that they had framed a tariff which could not be justified, and which, in most points, they were compelled to abandon. He showed that there was no deficit, and that the revenue of this year exceeded the estimates by $500,000. There was a surplus from the previous year of $1,700,000, and there was on hand $400,000 of a sinking fund for the Intercolonial Railway. Adding these sums to the revenue of the year brought it up to $23,899,000. This would leave a surplus on the first of July next of nearly $200,000. (Cheers.) By Cartwright's statement the revenue for the first nine months of the year would be $16,000,000, and the expenditure over $15,000,000, leaving a balance of nearly $200,000, while the last three months would show a further excess of revenue. The whole receipts of 1873-4 exceeded those of 1872-3 by nearly $3,000,000. The Finance Minister had estimated that the expenditure in working the Government railways for the current year, over the revenue, would be $1,400,000. This estimate was unjustifiable, as shown by the fact that last year, when there were unprecedented storms, when extensive repairs were made, the expenditure on these railways exceeded the revenue only by $700,000.

After recess Dr. Tupper continued a masterly speech, exposing the fallacies of the financial statement, defending the policy of the late administration, and showing that $3,000,000 of additional taxation was entirely unnecessary unless to meet prospective extravagance.

Mr. Cartwright replied, reiterating the charges of extravagance against the late Government, showing that Mr. Tilley had warned the House that additional taxation would be required. He (Cartwright) held that our credit would eventually stand better in the British market by a correct statement of our affairs being made than if we tried to keep up a false appearance. He admitted indirectly that there was not an actual deficit, but the increased taxation would be made necessary by increased expenditure in different directions. He defended his course in reconstructing the tariff after