

U. S. Cabinet Approves of President's Note Which While Comparatively Brief Is Insistent and Emphatic

ENGLAND REALIZES THAT THE CRUSHING OF GERMANY WILL MEAN LONG CONFLICT

(Continued from page 1)

ernment; certainly no inclination to make scape goats of particular ministers.

The Government's Burden.

It is recognized that the government has had a tremendous and altogether unparalleled work to do, that in the conduct of so vast an enterprise everything could not be carried on to the satisfaction of everybody. But there has been a growing feeling that the government has not taken the public fully into its confidence, a thing the government of a democracy like Great Britain must do if it wants to retain public confidence. There has been a growing feeling that by withholding news and magnifying the successes of the Allies the government has permitted the people to indulge an unwarranted sense of optimism and security. There has been a growing belief that the idea, tacitly sanctioned by the government, that Germany had shot her bolt, and after a show of resistance, would throw up her hands, was a delusion. Very recently the belief has developed that England still has a tremendous struggle ahead of her, that if the war is to be pushed to a successful termination within a reasonable time, the government must take drastic measures, not only to enlarge the effective fighting forces, but to mobilize all the powers and resources of the nation. What the Fisher and shell episodes did was to crystallize these feelings and beliefs into a definite conviction, and give conscious direction to public opinion.

Heroic Measures Needed.

In the circumstances heroic measures were necessary to restore public confidence. A coalition government was the logical evolution of the situation; a cabinet containing the administrative ability of the great parties in the state was best calculated to appease public opinion and assure united effort to complete the work of mobilizing the powers and resources of the nation for the heroic struggle ahead. A national ministry can carry out boldly bold policies, as the great parties in the state will share the responsibility.

Happily it may be said that the cabinet crisis has promoted national unity, rather than dissension. What in English politics amounts to a revolution is in progress, yet the greatest composure prevails, a fact which gives another proof of the elasticity as well as the stability of British institutions and the political insight of the nation. Ministers themselves, recently targets for criticism, have given proof of their patriotism by unsparingly placing their offices at the disposal of the Prime Minister. When the national government is organized it will have no trouble in enlisting the enthusiastic co-operation of the people, and the country will go forward with renewed energy to the consummation of the great task which demands perfect unity and the most strenuous endeavor, not alone on the battlefield, but in the domains of industry and commerce.

COLIN MCKAY.

COMBINED ATTACK BEGUN ON TURKISH POSITIONS IN GALLIPOLI PENINSULA

London, June 5.—The Times' military correspondent, telegraphing Friday, says a combined general assault on the Turkish positions on the Gallipoli Peninsula began Friday morning.

Italian Raid on Pola Was Successful

Geneva, via Paris, June 5.—Reports received here from Pola, the Austrian naval base on the Adriatic, confirm the previous assertions that a large part of the town and the docks and naphtha reservoir, which were set

on fire during the recent Italian aerial attack, were destroyed.

Rushing Troops To Ottoman Capital

Petrograd, June 4, via London, June 5.—Almost all of the Turkish heavy artillery at Erzerum, and a considerable portion of the garrison at that point, have been ordered to Constantinople, according to the Tiflis correspondent of the Bourse Gazette. The despatch also states that the best Turkish troops along the front in the Caucasus have been hurriedly transferred to Constantinople.

AUSTRO-GERMAN ARMY IN CAPTURING PRZEMYSL WON A HEAP OF RUINS

Russian Retirement Made Successfully to Prepared Positions and Enemy on Taking Possessions Found Nothing of Value.

London, June 5, 3 a. m.—In a despatch from Petrograd the Morning Post's correspondent says:

"The river San, except on its lower reaches, has been abandoned, as well as Przemyśl. The Russians removed all their stores and munitions from Przemyśl, a process which occupied a couple of weeks, owing to the enormous quantities concentrated there by the Austrians. The process was completed Wednesday, and during the succeeding night the Russians quietly retired to prepared positions east of the fortress."

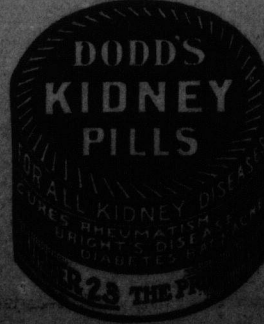
The Times' Petrograd correspondent says:

"By the capture of Przemyśl the enemy has come into possession not of a fortress but of a heap of ruins. Everything of value had been gradually removed during the past month."

"The loss of the fortress does not decide the Galician campaign, but it emphasizes the necessity for a greater supply of munitions and equipment, which the Russian industries are unable, single-handed, to provide. Until these supplies can reach us it will prove necessary for the Russians to assume the defensive."

GOVERNMENT MEETS IN ST. JOHN NEXT WEEK

Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, June 6.—The provincial government's meeting adjourned this afternoon without having reached any definite decision regarding St. John Valley Railway matters. Another meeting is to be held in St. John early next week.



AUSTRIA'S CHIEF NAVAL BASE ON THE ADRIATIC



Trieste is Austria's chief naval port on the Adriatic. The city was formerly an Italian possession, and it is now Italy's desire to regain it.

Severance of Diplomatic Relations If German Reply To American Note Is Unfavorable

This is Regarded as Alternative if Berlin Does Not Promptly and Satisfactorily Make Known Intention to Adhere to International Law Regarding Rights of Neutrals.

Washington, June 4.—President Wilson read to his cabinet today the draft of a note to be sent to Germany demanding, in effect, an adherence by that nation to the humane principles of international law in the conduct of maritime warfare as affecting neutrals. Comparatively brief, but described as insistent and emphatic, the communication will be cabled not later than Monday for presentation by Ambassador Gerard to the German Foreign Minister, Dr. von Jagow.

Must be no Hedging.

The cabinet approved the note as a whole. Minor changes in phraseology may be made within the next two days, as it is revised in detail to conform with previous expressions in diplomatic correspondence of the United States. The principle is fixed and unalterable—that the United States must know definitely and very promptly whether Germany intends to ignore without warning, placing the lives of non-combatants in jeopardy, or whether the rules of maritime warfare which have governed for centuries will be followed. The alternative course is not stated, but it is now generally known that the United States, in the event of an unfavorable reply, will discontinue diplomatic relations with Germany.

The note sets aside as irrelevant all the contentions of the German reply of last Saturday except one—whether the Lusitania was armed—and re-states the position taken by the United States previously, that the Lusitania, after official investigation by competent inspectors, sailed from an American port with no guns aboard, either mounted or unmounted. It further calls Germany's attention to the fact that the Lusitania did not at-

tempt any resistance, being torpedoed without a moment's warning.

The arrival of a communication from the German government today, expressing regret for the attack on the American steamer Gulfight, offering to pay indemnity as soon as a claim is presented and details are arranged, and making a further promise to take into consideration any facts which the United States may have on the dropping of bombs by German airmen upon the American steamer Cushing, made unnecessary any discussion of these cases in the new note to Germany. The United States had not, for that matter, been disposed to discuss, in the new note, any of these cases. When the principles of the main issue—the submarine warfare on merchant ships—are settled, the Lusitania and Falaba cases in which more than 100 Americans lost their lives will be taken up.

It was stated that the sending to Emperor William by Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, of Meyer Gerhard, an attaché of the German Colonial Office, as special envoy to carry messages from the embassy and to outline the American point of view to the government at Berlin would not delay the despatch of the American note.

Will Pay Damages in Case of the Gulfight

Washington, June 4.—Germany, in a note cabled to the State Department today by Ambassador Gerard at Berlin, expressed regret that through "an unfortunate accident" a German submarine had torpedoed the American steamer Gulfight, and declared itself "ready to furnish full recompense for the damage" thereby sustained by American citizens.

British Take 200 Yards Of German Trenches

Fighting During Past Few Days Confined Chiefly to Artillery Duels, Sir John French Reports — Capture Trenches Northeast of Givency.

London, June 4 (9.35 p. m.).—Field Marshal Sir John French, in a communication made public this evening, reports that during the last few days the fighting on the western line has been mainly confined to artillery engagements.

"On the night of the 30th of May," the report says, "we seized some outbuildings in the grounds of a ruined Chateau at Hooge. Since then our trenches there have been subjected to a heavy bombardment."

"Fighting on a small scale has been continuous. At one time we were forced to evacuate the buildings taken by us, but last night we re-captured them."

"Northeast of Givency last night we expelled the enemy from his trenches on a front of 200 yards, taking forty-eight prisoners. Our infantry, however, was unable to remain in occupation of these trenches after daylight, owing to the enemy's fire."

BERLIN FEARS A RUPTURE

London, June 5, (2.51 a. m.).—"The German newspapers," says the Exchange Telegraph's Amsterdam correspondent, "while admitting that the achievement, when the public against attaching exaggerated importance to it, declaring that this event is overshadowed in importance by the threatening situation created by the attitude of the United States, Roumania and Bulgaria. Private messages from Berlin are pessimistic, and a rupture with the three countries is feared at an early date."

Say Relations May Be Broken Off

Within Forty-eight Hours

London, June 4.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Amsterdam says:

WEDDINGS.

Apoahqui, June 4.—A wedding of much interest in social and military circles took place in the Methodist church at Berwick on Thursday afternoon, June 3, at 3 o'clock, when Rev. James F. Rowley officiating, Miss Sadie Jane Kierstead, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mordcael C. Kierstead, became the wife of Lieut. Arlington Tweedie Ganong, of the 6th Canadian Mounted Rifles. The church was tastefully decorated with spring flowers and flags. Wreaths of the fragrant blossoms were about the altar, and bouquets of violets were tied on the pews reserved for the guests. The groom clad in his official military uniform being supported by Walter Coleman, of St. John, took his place under a floral bell composed of apple blossoms and awaited the arrival of the bride, who, long, entered the church with her father who gave her in marriage. Her dress was of hand embroidered white crepe de chene. She wore a bridal veil of tulle, crowned with orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of white roses. Mrs. Oliver Kierstead, who was matron of honor, was gowned in sky blue silk with

SPECIAL PRICES ON TRIMMED HATS FOR SATURDAY

\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 Each and up

Palm Beach Hats 25c. each, worth up to \$1.00 each.

White and Colored Untrimmed Hats 25c. each.

Black and White Stripe and Block pattern Ribbons for Hat Bands, 10c. yard.

An elegant assortment of Wreaths worth 50c. each, Special 15c. each.

Children's Milan Hats 50c. each.

Ratine Outing Hats 75c. each.

Real Panama Hats \$1.50 to \$7.50 each, best values ever offered.

Black and White Tagel Hats, \$1.50 each.

Black and White Maline Hats \$3.00 each.

Marr Millinery Co. Limited.

overdress of shadow lace, and large black picture hat. Mrs. Snyder, mother of the groom wore black silk and Mrs. Kierstead, the bride's mother, black and white silk.

Lohengrin's Bridal Chorus" was played by Mrs. George Smith as the bride entered the church. After the ceremony the bridal party motored to the bride's home at Kierstead Mountain, where a reception was held. The guests included the relatives and a few intimate friends. The gifts were

many and beautiful including cut-glass, china, linens and checks.

After the reception the bride appeared in her travelling costume of navy blue serge, tailored hat to correspond, preparatory to taking their leave, when they again entered the car and were driven to the depot to take the evening train en route to Fredericton before returning to Amherst where Lieut. Ganong is stationed. Mrs. Ganong will accompany her husband when he crosses the water.

Matinee OPERA HOUSE Tonight

Today at 2.30 At 8.15
Last 2 Performances Musical Revue
THE GAUMONT GRAPHIC and Other GOOD PICTURES
COUNTRY STORE—TONIGHT

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Matinee Wednesday

Special Engagement of the Orpheum Stock Co.

With Eleanor Flowers and Walter J. Connolly and a First Class Supporting Cast

Presenting Augustin Daly's Best Comedy

"The Lottery of Love"

A Play in which John Drew and Ada Rehan Achieved Their Greatest Triumph

SPECIAL PRICES (Orchestra—Reserved 35c.
Dress Circle—Reserved 25c.
Balcony 15c., Gallery 10c., Boxes 50c.)

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

A LONG LOUD MERRY LAUGH!

Thanker Kidlet in

"A MESSENGER OF GLADNESS"

CHAS. MONDAY

in Another Great 2-Part Comedy.

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Up-to-Date, 2-Part Keystone Howling Farce

"THE LITTLE BAND OF GOLD"

To See It Is To Laugh Like a Kid; To Miss It Is To Regret.

GIVING GLOOM A CLOSE SLUR

By the White and Black "Barbers" of Fun!

FRANK GARFIELD

The White Fun-Weight on the Nut Scale, with

BILLY MORSE, Who is Ducky

Brave, But Careful

LYRIC

"The Once Over"

Beauty Comedy Hit

"THE ARTIST'S WIFE"

Majestic Problem Play

NEXT WEEK

Elysie Wallace

and Ralph Austin

What Sanford Quest Did After Dropping Onto the Train

IMPERIAL CHAPTER "THE BLACK BOX"

FIVE OF

Now That All the Characters Have Been Introduced E. Phillips

Oppenheim's Story Reaches a Point of the Most

Intense Interest

Thrilling Western Essay

"The Snow-Burners"

THREE GREAT REELS

One of the Picture Treats of the Whole Season

A Hit a Every Show

Operatic Dolls

FOUR VOCALISTS

Pretty Funny and Very Catchy

EXTRA COMEDY REELS SATURDAY AFTERNOON

MON. The Parlor With Xylophones and Crystals. Virginia Underwood—Concert Soprano. Charles Chaplin in "The Tramp." Helen Gardner in "Underneath the Paint." MON.