

modious harbour, with a well-defended quay, and sends two members to parliament. It has a manufacture of earthen ware, and is seated on the side of a hill, at the mouth of the river Blackwater, 28 miles E by N of Cork. Lon. 47 5 W, lat. 51 59 N.

YPRES, a large city of Flanders, with a bishop's see. It has a considerable manufacture of cloth and ferges; and every year in lent there is a well frequented fair. It was one of the barrier towns belonging to the Dutch, till 1781, when they were obliged by the emperor to withdraw their garrison. The French took this town in 1794. It is seated on the Yperlee, 12 miles W of Courtray, 15 NW of Lisle, and 230 N of Paris. Lon. 2 48 E, lat. 50 51 N.

YSENDYCK, a small but strong town of Dutch Flanders, in the isle of Calfand, seated on a branch of the river Scheld, called Blie, eight miles E of Sluys, and 18 NW of Ghent. Lon. 3 38 E, lat. 51 20 N.

YSEL. See ISSEL.

YSELBURG, a town of Dutch Guelderland, 12 miles E of Cleves, and 22 NE of Gueldres. Lon. 6 15 E, lat. 51 42 N.

YSELMOND, an island of Holland, situate between the Merwe and a branch of the Maese.

YSELSTEIN, a town of the United Provinces in Holland, with a castle, seated on the river Yffel, five miles SW of Utrecht. Lon. 5 5 E, lat. 52 7 N.

YSENGEAUX, a town of France, in the department of Upper Loire, and late province of Languedoc, 10 miles NE of Puy.

YSTAD, or YDSTAD, a seaport of Sweden, in the province of Schonen, 26 miles SE of Lund. Lon. 13 44 E, lat. 55 22 N.

YTHAN. See EITHAN.

YUCATAN. See JUCATAN.

YUEN-YANG-FOU, a city of China, in the province of Hou-quang. Its district contains one city of the second, and six of the third class. It is 300 miles W of Nan-king.

YVERDUN, a strong town of Switzerland, in the Pays de Vaud, capital of a bailiwick of the same name, with a castle. It is seated in a flat situation, at the S end of the lake of Yverdun, on the rivers Orbe and Thiele, 30 miles SW of Bern. Lon. 6 50 E, lat. 46 50 N.

YVERDUN LAKE OF. See NEUCHÂTEL.

YVETOT, a town of France, in the de-

partment of Lower Seine, and late province of Normandy, five miles NE of Caudebec.

YUMA, one of the Bahama islands, in the W Indies, lying to the N of Cuba; 55 miles in length, and 17 in breadth.

YUMETO, one of the Bahama islands, in the W Indies, to the N of the isle of Yuma, lying under the tropic of Cancer. It is 37 miles in length,

YUN, the largest canal in China, called also THE IMPERIAL CANAL. This celebrated canal, which extends from Canton to Pekin, forms a communication between the N and S provinces. In the course of its navigation a great number of locks are found, which the want of water sufficient to carry large barks has rendered necessary. The obstacles which nature opposed to the execution of this magnificent work, the strong and long dikes by which it is contained, its banks decorated and often lined with cut stone, the ingenious mechanism of its locks, all render it an object of admiration to the European traveller.

YUNG-PING-FOU, a city of China, in the province of Pe-tcheli. Its district contains one city of the second and five of the third class; and is 87 miles E of Pekin.

YU-HING-FOU, a city of China, in the province of Ho-nan. Its district contains two cities of the second and 12 of the third class. It is 175 miles NW of Nan-king.

YUN-NAN, one of the most fertile and opulent provinces in China; bounded on the N by Se-tchuen and Thibet, on the E by Quang-si and Koei-tcheou, on the S by the kingdoms of Laos and Tonquin, and on the W by those of Burmah and Pegu. This province is reckoned one of the most fertile and opulent in China; its inhabitants are brave, robust, affable and fond of the sciences, which they cultivate with success; its rivers, gold, copper and tin-mines; its amber, rubies, sapphires, agates, pearls, precious stones, marble, musk, silk, elephants, horses, gums, medicinal plants and linen have procured it a reputation which renders it respectable to the Chinese. Its commerce is immense, as well as its riches, which are said to be inexhaustible.

YUN-NAN-FOU, the capital of the province of Yun-nan, in China, once remarkable for its extent and the beauty of its public buildings, all which have been destroyed by the Tartars, in their different invasions. Its district contains four cities of the second and third class. It is 430 miles NW of Canton.