

The existing provisions are discriminatory, in that they do not apply to the pensioners in the 80% and 90% class, and are restricted only to gunshot wounds and amputations which have arisen due to direct action with the enemy. It is recommended by the Veterans' Organizations that increases be provided for the gunshot wound groups and to amputations from injury and accident as follows:

60%	to	90%
70%	to	100%
80%	to	100%
90%	to	100%

Recommendation 91

That the provisions of Recommendation 90 be retroactive to the extent that the total of amounts recovered by the Crown or deducted from pension under these sections in past years, be refunded to the pensioner or widow, where practicable.

Recommendation 107

That pension continue for a dependent parent, brother or sister on pensioner's death.

Recommendation 108

That pension for a child undergoing a course of instruction be continued to age 25.

Recommendation 111

That section 36(5) be amended to provide that a woman who has been divorced, judicially separated or separated pursuant to a written or other agreement from a pensioner who has died shall be entitled to pension if she has been awarded alimony or an alimentary allowance by court order or under the terms of a separation agreement in an amount not less than that she was receiving by agreement or court order, and that this amount be adjusted commensurate with any revisions in the rate of pension under Schedule B of the Act.

Recommendation 112

That Section 36(6) of the Act be deleted so that a widow who has been divorced, judicially separated or separated from a pensioner pursuant to a written or other agreement but who has not been maintained by him, and had not been awarded alimony or alimentary allowance by court order or under the terms of agreement, would not be able to request the Commission to decide whether she would have been entitled to an award or other allowance had she made application therefor while her husband was alive.

Recommendation 117

That the Act be amended to provide that, where a delay in an award of pension has occurred through an error in administration, procedure or other performance of the Canadian Pension Commission or an appellate body, excluding the exercise of discretion in adjudication, entitlement may be granted from the date of the original application, notwithstanding the limitation of five years as proposed in Recommendation 116.