

Political and Local Intelligence.

The Steamship Unicorn arrived on Friday last, bringing the English Mail of the 4th June. From Willmer and Smith's and other English papers we have selected the following items of the news, which upon the whole is unimportant. A debate upon the state of Canada had occupied the attention of the House of Commons. Mr. Roebuck, who brought forward the subject, severely censured the present Governor General for the course he has pursued; but the Hon. Gentleman was quite unsupported in this opinion, as the speakers of all parties eulogized the conduct of Sir C. Metcalfe in high terms and contended for his view of the manner of conducting the Government. The election of a member of parliament for South Lancashire has been carried by Mr. Entwistle, the Conservative candidate, in opposition to Mr. W. Brown, the candidate of the Anti-corn-law league by a majority of nearly 600 votes. It was warmly contested and excited much interest. Two royal visitors were in England, the King of Saxony and the Emperor of Russia. The arrival of the latter, being quite unexpected, created a great sensation. In commercial matters, things were favorable, as, although the price of cotton had declined very much, in consequence of the abundant supply, goods nevertheless maintained their former rates. STATE TRIALS.—These have at last been brought to a close, and the following sentence pronounced. David O'Connell, 12 months' imprisonment, to pay a fine of £2,000 and to enter into securities to keep the peace for seven years, himself in £5,000 and two sureties of £2,500 each. John O'Connell, John Gray, T. Steele, R. Barrett, C. G. Duffy, and T. M. Ray: 9 months' imprisonment, to pay a fine of £50 and to enter into securities to keep the peace for seven years, themselves respectively in £1,000 and two sureties of £500 each. The Traversers surrendered themselves forthwith into the custody of the sheriff, and were by him conveyed to the Richmond Penitentiary which is to be their residence. No disturbances followed. Mr. O'Connell immediately published an address to the people of Ireland, enjoining quiet and tranquillity. FRANCE.—There is nothing new in this country. The visit of the Russian Czar to England appears to have caused some excitement among French politicians. A French newspaper asserts that M. Guizot has protested in the name of France against the annexation of Texas to the American Union. A pamphlet published lately upon the present state of the French navy, and written by the Prince de Joinville, third son of the King, was creating a great sensation in Paris. The Royal author particularly draws attention to the deficiency of the steam navy of France, which he represents as in every way much inferior to that of England. He goes on to prove that in the event of another war, and especially between these two powers, the plan of operations would be quite different from that of former campaigns; that powerful steam frigates would be the most useful agents for causing annoyance and loss to the enemy; and on this account he dwells upon the importance of increasing the number and efficiency of that department of the naval force. The Journal des Debats says "this publication is about to raise very grave questions in the impending discussion on the supplementary credits demanded for the navy." Louis Philippe and his cabinet were quite averse to the issue of this work, and endeavoured, but in vain, to prevent its publication. Indeed it is said that the Prince's determination upon this subject caused a serious misunderstanding and coolness between himself and his parent. SPAIN still continues disturbed by political dissensions and disagreements among the Ministry. It was reported that an offer had been made by Don Carlos to resign all his pretensions to the throne in favour of his eldest son; and as an union is projected between this Prince and the young Queen, this event would contribute materially towards the restoration of order. SWITZERLAND has been the scene of a short but sanguinary contention between the German or High Church portion of the Upper Valais and the French or latitudinarian portion of the Lower Valais, as these parties are designated. Arms were resorted to, and much blood flowed. It was hoped that the Diet, which was soon to meet, would prevent a recurrence of such outrages. TURKEY.—Disturbances prevailed in this country, and in spite of the exertions of the Government to prevent them, atrocities are still perpetrated upon the unfortunate Christians. The whole province of Albania was in a state of revolt, and bodies of insurgents went through the country, committing frightful excesses. Dr. Wolff had been heard from, having reached Meshed, 300 miles from Bokhara, at which he expected to arrive in a week from the 21st of March. He was to travel with an escort, furnished by the Governor; and nothing had as yet transpired to confirm the accounts of Colonel Stoddard's and Captain Connolly's execution. TAIRI.—A report has been copied into the Halifax Times, which had reached Barbados via Panama, that the French Admiral with three ships had attacked and

sunk the English Frigate Dublin, Captain Nicolas, on account of the shelter given by the latter to the Queen of the Island. As it is to be hoped that the report is unfounded, remarks upon it are needless. A strong evidence against the probability of this story is the fact that in the Navy list for April last, Captain Nicolas is mentioned as commanding the Indictor frigate: the Dublin is reported as commanded by John J. Cooper. TEXAS.—New York papers which came yesterday mention the receipt by the Mexican Minister of despatches from his government relative to the proposed annexation of Texas. The Government and people of Mexico are unanimous in declaring that they will not consent upon any terms, to the project. The same journals announce that by an arrival at New Bedford, intelligence has been received of the murder of a Lieutenant and eight men of the British frigate Cleopatra at Madagascar by the natives. The frigate was aground upon a reef: a boat with the officer and thirteen men was sent to endeavour to carry out a stream anchor, when they were attacked. The names of those killed are not given. CHANGES IN REGIMENTS NOW OR LATELY SERVING IN CANADA.—Royal Regiment of Artillery.—1st Lieut. C. L. FitzGerald to be 2nd Capt. vice Robertson dec. 1st Foot.—Capt. and Paymaster J. Espinasse, from 89th Foot to be Paymaster vice Sharp, dec. 15th Foot.—Lt. the Hon. F. Colborne to be Captain by pur. vice Pinder. 23rd Foot.—Capt. D. Lysons from 3rd West India Reg. to be Capt. vice Alcock ret'd. Royal Canadian Rifles.—Lieut. C. J. Colville from 9th Lt. Drags. to be Captain by pur. vice Edwards. Unattached.—Lieut. Col. the Hon. C. Gore from Major half pay Unattached to be Lieut. Col. without pur. ARRIVAL OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AT MONTREAL.—His Excellency made his public entry into Montreal on Monday at noon, and was received with a public and hearty welcome. The members of the Corporation, the Board of Trade, the National Societies (with the exception of that of St. Patrick) the Society of Odd Fellows, the Fire Companies, &c., received him at the St. Antoine barrier, where, after addresses had been presented to him by the Mayor on behalf of the Council and by the Board of Trade, His Excellency entered the carriage of the Mayor and proceeded to the Government House, warmly cheered by the spectators. Sir R. Jackson and the heads of the different military and civil departments were there to receive him. His Excellency looked exceedingly well and was evidently pleased at his reception. ST. JEAN BAPTISTE SOCIETY.—On Monday the members of this Society celebrated their anniversary. High Mass was said at the R. C. Parish Church at which the officers and a large number of the members were present, and it was intended afterwards to walk in procession through the principal streets of the city and suburbs which had been handsomely decorated with banners and appropriate devices, but the rain prevented it. HOUSEBREAKING.—On Tuesday evening, the office of J. W. Leaycraft Esq. near the Wellington wharf, was broken into and plundered of some articles of wearing apparel which happened to be there, to the amount of nearly thirty pounds. The thieves effected an entrance by the window, and must have passed the greater part of the night there, as a candle which they lighted was nearly consumed, and a bottle of wine was drunk by them. A note was left, stating that they had come for cash. The Pot-ash Inspection store was also broken open, but nothing taken away. A Christian should never plead spirituality for being an idler or a sinner. If he be but a shoe black, he should be the best in the parish. My principal method for defeating error and heresy, is by establishing truth. One proposes to fill a bushel with tares—now if I can fill it first with wheat, I may defy his attempts. A Christian in the world, is like a man transacting his affairs in the rain. He will not suddenly leave his business because it rains—but the moment that business is done, he is off—as is said in the Acts of the Apostles, "Being let go, they went to their own company." (Revd. John Newton.)

QUEBEC MARKETS.

Table with 4 columns: Commodity, Unit, Price, and Remarks. Includes items like Beef, Mutton, Butter, Flour, etc.

Table of market prices for various goods including timber, sugar, and other commodities. Columns include item names, units, and prices.

Shipping intelligence section containing arrival and departure lists for various ships, including ship names, destinations, and agents.

Church Society section including details of the annual general meeting, church services, and other ecclesiastical news.

Advertisement for Tuition at the School for Young Ladies, mentioning Mrs. Stanley and the school's location.