Calliphora rufipes Mcq., 1843, Dipt. Exot. II (3), 286, Suppl. II, 99, Jaya and Tasmania, also appears to belong here, but I have no specimens and can only judge by comparing the description with material of oceaniæ, to which it seems extremely close. Brauer (Sitz. Ak. Wiss. CVIII, 526) says that it equals Musca stygia F. (villosa R. D.), but this seems doubtful since Macquart says "caerulea \* \* \* abdomen bleu." It is also rather too small (6 mm.).

## Tricyclopsis, new genus.

Genotype, *Rhynchomyia dubia* Mcq., 1855, Dipt. Exot. Suppl. V, 129-30, Adelaide. Brauer, Sitz. Ak. Wiss. CVIII, 514.

Near Tricyclea Wulp, but the third vein is bare. Facialia ciliate to above middle of face. Facial carina absent. Arista long-plumose above and below. Parafacials with short bristly hairs. Third antennal joint three or four times as long as second. Palpi clubshaped. Epistoma strongly produced. Antennæ two-thirds as long as face.

## Gerotachina, new genus.

Genotype, Tachina obtusa Walker, 1856, Dipt. Saund., 274-5, New South Wales. Austen, Ann. Mag. N. H. ser. 7, XIX, 330-1 (Syn. Echinomyia stolida Wlk., 1858, Trans. Ent. Soc. London, n. s. IV, 195-6, male).

Differs from *Microtropesa* Mcq. as follows: Third antennal joint of female distinctly shorter than the second; that of male not longer than the second, or but slightly longer; in both sexes the third joint is convex on upper border. Arista short and stout. Row of six to eight small admedian spinelike macrochætæ on hind margin of second abdominal segment. Agrees with *Microtropesa* in all other characters given by Walker and Austen.

## Tasmaniomyia, new genus.

Genotype, Masicera viridiventris (1st) Mcq., 1847, Dipt. Exot. Suppl. II, 84-5, Tasmania. Brauer, Sitz. Ak. Wiss. CVI, 336-7. (Syn. Masicera viridiventris 2d Mcq., 1851, Dipt. Exot. Suppl. IV (2), 163-4, female, locality Egypt in error).