rounded; sternum light yellow. Hypopygium (see fig. 1 and 2. plate X). Pleurites short and broad, the caudal end produced into one fleshy and three chitinized appendages, as follows: Viewed from above, a fleshy lobe in front, the inner dorsal margin produced entad and dorsad into a slightly curved slender spine; behind the fleshy lobe arises a stout hook, very strong at the base, constricted before the middle, the tip slender and pointed, this hook directed entad and caudad; from the outer ventral angle of the pleurite arises a long, straight chitinized appendage, directed entad and caudad, narrow basally and more enlarged apically. The guard of the penis is long, pale, ending in a long, slender, tube-like point. On either side of the perfis guard arises an elongate, very slender, chitinized hook, which is straight for about three-fifths its length and then bent strongly inward; viewed from the side, these hoops are bent very strongly ventrad and then caudad. Summarized, the hypopygium bears eight chitinized slender arms, all except two (which are probably homologous with the second gonapophyses) being borne by the pleurites.

Female.—Very similar to the male, but larger.

Vial No. 1.—Tokio, Japan; Aug. 1912. One ♂.

Vial No. 5.—Nishigahara, Japan; Apr. 25, 1912; 5 \circlearrowleft , 4 $\,\, \circ$.

Holotype, ♂; Vial No. 1.

Allotype, \circ ; Vial No. 5.

Types in author's collection; Paratypes in U.S. National Museum and Cornell University Collections.

G. superba differs from nubeculosa Meij. (Java). (Tijd. voor Entomol., vol. 44, p. 48, 49; fig. 36, 1911) in the unspotted wings; from metatarsata, (l.c., p. 48, fig. 35) in its closed cell 1st M₂, etc.

Gonomyia (Leiponeura) insulensis, sp. n.

Pleuræ without longitudinal stripes; vein Sc ends far before the origin of Rs.

Female.—Length, 3.9-4 mm.; abdomen, 2.6 mm.; wing, 4 mm.

Female.—Rostrum yellow, palpi brown; antennæ, segment one yellowish, remainder dark brown; front, vertex and occiput yellow, the vertex suffused with dark colored.