visibly incrassate throughout their length, pale; body piceous-black, the legs slender, dark brown throughout. Michigan... Huronicus, Csy.

Basal thoracic impressions very feeble; body smaller and slender; antennæ thinner but more obviously incrassate from base to apex, black, the antennæ and legs pale, the femora blackish. Florida (Indian River) ......sagax, Csy.

The types as described above are males throughout, having padded femora, except densus, of which the only known representative is a female. The key to the interpretation of sexual identity here assumed was fortunately given by the two specimens of Wickhami before me, and it is regrettable that a greater number of individuals are not known in other species, in order to verify or modify the conclusions arrived at from this pair. The sexual differences certainly appear to have developed a most unusual form, since femoral modifications of the kind noted in the assumed females of Vanonus almost invariably pertain to the male. The types of congener and fusciceps, following my original hypothesis, were the females of other species of the piceus group, but, upon the theory that all the individuals with padded femora are males, they could be considered in no other light than distinct species.

The generic name *Schizonotus* (Col. Not, IV., 1892, p. 708) is several times preoccupied, and I would therefore substitute *Schizomicrus*. The genus *Pseudolesteva*, Csy., (l. c., V., p. 398) is also preoccupied, and I

would therefore substitute for it the name Paralesteva.

A copy of the "Index Zoologicus," of Waterhouse and Sharp, just received, forms a very useful addition to the library, although marred by a considerable percentage of error. Referring to my own genera, for example, I find the genus "Achromata," attributed to me, should be Achromota. and, in a similar way, the genus "Megafaronus" should be Megarafonus, "Olia" should be Olla, "Pontalomata" should be Pontomalota and "Ulloporus" should be Uloporus. The genus "Eomedon," similarly assigned, was not described by me. Eulitrus, "Casey," should be Eulitrus, Sharp. I do not recollect having founded any such genera as "Sponidium" and "Typitium," which are attributed to me, and further verification is necessary. The genus Tyloderma, Say, seems to have been overlooked in all the lists that I have been able to consult; it is an important genus of Curculionidæ. The names Delius, Isoglossa, Orus and Phalacropsis, proposed by me, have been repeated by other authors, and, as these genera appear to be valid, the latter names will have to be changed. The name Ditaphrus, Csy., repeated later by Sharp, is, however, a synonym, and Sharp's name will therefore remain valid, unless it be considered better to have no two names alike, even though one of them may be a synonym, which in the writer's opinion is the preferable policy regarding genera, although unnecessary in the case of species.