

report for 1896, thus spoke in reference to secondary education: "It is to be hoped that when funds are available a scheme of secondary education will be adopted—one that will be within the reach of all scholars who may be found educated up to a maximum standard in the State Schools or elsewhere, and will enable such scholars to acquire not only the knowledge of history, politics and literature that a citizen in a free country ought to have, but also such elementary knowledge of science and such training of the eye and hand as may enable them to learn easily and quickly the principles that underlie any special industrial pursuit or profession, toward which they may have a natural bent, and in which they may find openings."

THE DAVIS SALARY SCHEDULE.*

FULL TEXT OF THE NEW LAW REGULATING THE PAY OF TEACHERS IN NEW YORK CITY.

ALL moneys raised for educational purposes in the city of New York shall be raised in two funds, to be known as the special school fund and the general school fund, respectively.)

The general school fund shall consist of all moneys raised for the payment of salaries of the borough and associate superintendents and all members of the supervising and the teaching staff, throughout all boroughs, in conformity with section ten hundred and ninety-one of this Act.

The special school fund shall contain and embrace all moneys raised for educational purposes not comprised in the general school fund.

(It shall be the duty of the board of estimate and apportionment and of the municipal assembly to indicate in the budget in raising the special school fund the respective amounts thereof which shall be available for use in the territory within the jurisdiction of each of the school boards.

The general school fund shall be raised in bulk, and for the city at

large, and shall) be apportioned to the several boroughs by the board of education, as hereinafter provided.

The board of education shall have power to take and to receive, and shall take and receive, all moneys appropriated or available for educational purposes in the city of New York, which moneys shall be paid over to said board by the comptroller on the request of said board from time to time in such sums as shall be required, and the auditor of said board shall transmit to the department of finance each month duplicate vouchers for the payment of all sums of money made on account of the department of education each month.

(The board of education shall represent the schools and the school system of the city of New York before the board of estimate and apportionment, and before the municipal assembly, in all matters of appropriations in the budget of the city for educational purposes, and in all other matters, and shall in general be the representative of the

*The matter enclosed in parentheses is the unchanged portion of the old law; the rest is new. Whatever has been omitted from the old law is not given here. This represents, accordingly, the full text of the Davis law.