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EIGHTH YEAR — FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 2, 1887. — PRICE ONE CENT

'VARSITY'S UNION DINNER.

OVER 300 UNDERGRADS AND THEIR FRIENDS MAKE MERRY.

University Confederation a Chief Topic—Speeches by Learned Judges and Wise Doctors—A Number of Guests From Sister Institutions—A Gala Night.

For years past the annual 'Varsity dinner has been an affair under the auspices of the students in the Faculty of Arts. But since last year there has been an addition by the confederation of the Toronto School of Medicine, thus renewing the Medical Faculty of the university, which was done away with nearly two score years ago. And thus it was that the annual celebration which eventuated last night was called, as per menu card, "The First Annual Banquet of the University of Toronto—Arts and Medicine." It was in short a union banquet where students in Arts and Medicine celebrated what a speaker said was "A happy marriage."

Over 300 gentlemen, mostly students, but including a proportion of distinguished guests, sat down to dinner. Students generally get the reputation of being unruly, but last night's gathering was as orderly as could be desired. As usual it was on temperance principles.

The venerable president of University College, Dr. Daniel Wilson, ably filled the position of chairman. In the vice-chairs Messrs. Phillips Stewart and J. P. Hubbard represented Arts, and Messrs. C. B. Langford and A. H. Holliday Medicine.

Among the guests were: Vice-Chancellor Mulock; Prof. Loudon; Dr. Lett, Guelph; Prof. Baker; Dr. W. T. Aikins, Dean of the University Medical Faculty; Dr. Buchan; Dr. Acheson; Chancellor Boyd; Justice Rose; Justice Falconbridge; Dr. Pickard, Thamesville; Dr. Charles O'Reilly, Superintendent General Hospital; Dr. Macfarlane; Prof. Mills, President Agricultural College, Guelph; Dr. Shannon; Dr. Dobie; Rev. Vicar-General Rooney; Dr. McAlpine, Parkhill; Rev. Dr. Sutherland, representing Victoria University; Mr. John Gillespie; Dr. Daniel Clark; Mr. N. G. Bigelow; Justice Ferguson; Mr. James McGee; Dr. Thorburn; Dr. Forest, Mount Albert; Dr. Adam Wright; Prof. Ramsay Wright; Dr. McPhedran; Dr. Ferguson; Dr. Wilberforce Aikins; Dr. McLaughlin, M.P.P., Bowmanville; Dean Geikie, Trinity Medical School; Dr. Oldright; Mr. Walter S. Lee; Dr. Thistle; Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn, M.P.; Dr. Willmott, President Ontario College of Dentistry; Prof. Keys; Mr. A. F. Pirie; Dr. Reeve; Dr. Graham; Prof. VanderSmissen; Dr. E. E. King; Mr. James Smith; Dr. G. A. Tye; Dr. Bray, Chatham, President College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; Mr. Mortimer Clark; Rev. Dr. Dewart; Mr. A. MacMurchy; Dr. D. A. O'Sullivan; Prof. Ellis; Dr. Richardson; Dr. W. W. Ogden; W. E. Eakins; Dr. John Cavan; Dr. G. A. Peters; Dr. McDonagh; Surgeon-Major Keefer; N. Awrey, M.P.P.; Dr. Stuart, Milton.

The students representing other institutions were: Mr. H. Langford, Victoria University; Mr. W. H. Chalmers, Medical Faculty, McGill University; Mr. Martin, Arts Faculty, McGill University; Mr. A. Whitney, Medical Faculty, Queen's University; Mr. W. G. Morden, Arts Faculty, Queen's University; Mr. J. D. Kennedy, Western University; Mr. W. H. Harris, Trinity Medical School; Mr. S. F. Houston, Arts Faculty, Trinity College.

Secretary Franklin McLeay read letters of regret from: Rev. Dr. Burwash, Chancellor of Victoria University; Mr. T. Dixon Craig, M.P.P.; Rev. Dr. Castle, President McMaster Hall; Rev. Dr. Cavan, Principal Knox College; Dr. Bingham, Hamilton; Rev. D. J. Macdonnell; His Grace Archbishop Lynch; Dr. J. Geo. Hodgins; Dr. R. H. Howard, Dean of Medical Faculty of McGill College, Montreal; Sir James Grant, Ottawa; Rev. Septimus Jones, Attorney-General Mowat, Hon. G. W. Ross, Hon. T. B. Pardee, Rev. Dr. Potts, Rev. Dr. Carman, Mr. Goldwin Smith, Lieut.-Col. F. C. Denison, C.B.; E. F. Clarke, M.P.P.; Wm. Ince, President Board of Trade; Hon. John Macdonald and Mr. H. W. Darling.

The toasts, and the gentlemen who responded, were: "The Queen;" "The Bench," Chancellor Boyd, Justice Rose and Justice Falconbridge; "University Federation and the Restored Medical Faculty," Dr. W.T. Aikins, Dr. Bray and Dr. J. H. Richardson; "The University of Toronto and Sister Institutions," Vice-Chancellor Mulock, Rev. Dr. Sutherland, Dr. Geikie, and Dr. Wilmott; "Graduates and Undergraduates of Sister Institutions," Messrs. James Mills, Martin, Chalmers, Longford, Whitney, Morden, Houston, Harris, Kennedy; "Toronto General Hospital," Dr. O'Reilly; "Graduates and Undergraduates of Toronto University," Dr. Waters, Dr. McGillivray, Dr. W. A. Richardson and Messrs. H. M. Wood, Ross and Grant; "The Ladies," Mr. McLeod.

Chancellor Boyd, in replying to "The Bench," referred to the fact that several of the University's past chancellors graced the Bench of Ontario. He was glad that theological colleges were affiliated with the university, and hoped that the time would come when there would be a faculty of law. He concluded with some good advice.

Justice Rose said that while he was a graduate of Victoria, he always thought highly of the Provincial University and hoped that the time would never come when the Ontario Government would neglect to aid it by all its power. He asked for a kindly feeling towards Victoria, "the smaller tree growing in an adjacent field."

Justice Falconbridge, who was introduced by President Wilson as "an old graduate, an old pupil of mine, and a new judge," was received with much applause, and one undergrad murmured, "He's a freshman judge." He spoke shortly and referred chiefly to Confederation, of which he heartily approved.

In proposing the toast of the evening, "University Federation and the Restored Medical Faculty," President Wilson said that the night's banquet had been determined upon as one to test the federation of Arts and Medicine. The question was, "Shall it be arts undergrads, or medical undergrads." The doubt was settled by his being elected an undergrad, and he humorously reminded his hearers that he should soon be 21, was thinking of growing a beard, and that he had attained that height of undergrad perfection where he scorned the opinions of dons and presidents. He spoke in this strain for several minutes, and his remarks were received with prolonged cheering. He touched on Confederation, and spoke kindly of those institutions which did not see fit to come in. He rejoiced that after thirty-five years he was alive to see the restoration of the Medical Faculty.

Dr. W. T. Aikins, Dean of the Medical Faculty, regretted that one of the medical institutions of the city had refused to confederate. Dr. Bray, Chatham, President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, and Dr. J. H. Richardson, the only surviving member of the old University Medical Faculty, also responded.

Dr. Geikie, Dean of Trinity School of Medicine, spoke humorously of the "union" as a marriage of the university with the new medical faculty and was pleased to be present at the nuptial banquet. Although his school had not chosen to be a party to the marriage, he could testify to the cordial feeling that existed between it and the university. There are now two highly competent medical schools, both working harmoniously in the one hospital. He thought the position that Trinity had chosen was a wise one, of benefit to that school and to the university faculty, because one great, large school would, he thought, be too much for one management. The secret of the present unanimity he attributed to the Central Board of the Medical Council.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland, representing Victoria University offered his congratulations on the occasion of the addition of the medical faculty, and hoped yet to see connected with it the faculties of law and theology.

The speeches were interspersed with such rousing old college songs as "Litoria," "Vive La Compagnie," "Kemo Kimo," "Mush, Mush!" and "Solomon Levi."

The arduous work of managing the affair was attended to by these gentlemen to whom is due much credit: Franklin McLeay, secretary; G. C. Biggar and J. H. Reid, treasurers; committee, F. B. Hodgins, L. Boyd, R. J. Gibson, W. A. Merkeley, F. H. Moss, C. J. Marani, C. A. Stuart, G. H. Bell, H. M. Wood, F. W. Kitchen, W. Wright, A. W. Mayburry, W. McGillivray, L. H. Campbell, and G. L. McBride.

RUSSIAN ENMITY TO GERMANY.

Hostile Comments on the Meeting of the Czar and Bismarck.

MOSCOW, Dec. 1.—Despite the order to the press of Russia not to attack Germany the newspapers continue to print hostile criticisms on the disclosures made regarding the interview between the Czar and Prince Bismarck. They say that if Bismarck is correct in stating that Russian officials misled the Czar all such officials should be dismissed, and, on the other hand, if the statement is untrue or is not proved, the German Ambassador ought to immediately receive his passports.

Bismarck Sought the Interview.

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—The North German Gazette confirms the report that Prince Bismarck wrote to Count Schouvaloff, the Russian Ambassador, asking for an audience with the Czar, and adds: "That is the customary procedure. The Chancellor would have laid himself open to a charge of neglect had he omitted seeking an audience with an honored guest of the Emperor in the usual manner. He had to fulfil a duty of honor, while the Czar was at liberty to grant or refuse an audience."

The Forged Documents.

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—The Cologne Gazette to-day returns to its forgery revelations. It states that a letter purporting to have been written by Prince Henry of Reuss, the German Ambassador at Vienna, is a forgery. The letter, it says, was among the documents which Count Schouvaloff, by order of the Czar, submitted for the inspection of Prince Bismarck. The Prince of Reuss denies having any knowledge of the letter.

The North German Gazette in the course of a political review says: "By reproducing verbatim characteristic passages of articles in the Russian press we enable Germans to see that up to the present time not even a transitory effect of the recent admonition to observe moderation is perceptible in one of the Russian papers."

THE LEAGUERS' STUBBORN FIGHT.

Lord Mayor Sullivan not Named in the Assize Court Commission.

DUBLIN, Dec. 1.—At a meeting of the corporation to-day Lord Mayor Sullivan stated that his name had been omitted in the commission which is to open the assizes to-morrow. He believed the omission to be illegal, and he intended to accompany the judges to court.

Mr. Sexton, High Sheriff of Dublin, said he would also accompany the judges, and if Mr. Sullivan was refused a seat on the bench he (Sexton) would leave the court and would decline to recognize the court's authority or any orders it might issue.

Mr. Sexton was unanimously elected Lord Mayor to succeed Mr. Sullivan. In a speech thanking the corporation for the honor conferred upon him, he said that every day developed new attacks upon the lives and liberties of the Irish people. The Lord Mayor ought to be the unflinching organ of prevalent public opinion.

Sullivan to be Tried To-Day.

DUBLIN, Dec. 1.—Lord Mayor Sullivan has applied for an adjournment until Monday of his second trial for printing reports of meetings of suppressed branches of the league in The Nation. When the case was called an adjournment was granted until to-morrow.

Disloyal Papers Freely Circulated.

DUBLIN, Dec. 1.—Notwithstanding the stringent police surveillance United Ireland and other paper which print reports of suppressed branches of the National League are freely circulated.

Harrington, M.P., Arrested.

DUBLIN, Dec. 1.—Commoner Edward Harrington was arrested to-day at Tralee for publishing in his newspaper reports of the proceedings of suppressed branches of the league throughout Kerry. He was taken before the magistrate and gave bail for trial.

THE CROWN PRINCE IMPROVING.

He Experiences No Difficulty in Respiration or in Swallowing.

SAN REMO, Dec. 1.—The Crown Prince and Princess went for a drive this morning. A German squadron, consisting of three frigates, passed close in shore at noon, and when opposite the Crown Prince's villa the yards were manned, a twenty-gun salute was fired and the bands played the national anthem.

An official bulletin issued to-day says the local affection in the Crown Prince's throat does not at the present time appear to be extending. There is no difficulty in respiration or in swallowing, and the general functions of he body continue perfect.

Denied by the Foreign Office.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The Foreign Office contradicts the statement that the Queen intends to visit San Remo.

No Proof of the Existence of Cancer.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Dr. Mackenzie receives highly satisfactory advices concerning the condition of the German Crown Prince. In view of the fact there is no actual microscopical proof of the existence of cancer, the diminution of the swelling is not without a certain degree of clinical importance.

The Jew Baiter of Berlin.

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—Herr Richter, in an article in The Freisinnige in reference to the meeting at Count Walderse's residence and Dr. Stockers' connection with the mission of the town of Berlin, reminds his readers that Dr. Stockers had combined his anti-Semitic campaign with his mission work to such an extent that many liberal church wardens had refused to allow him the use of their churches for the delivery of his speeches.

A semi-official note is published stating that the meeting at Count Walderse's had nothing to do with politics.

The Queen Congratulates the Pope.

VIENNA, Dec. 1.—The Political Correspondence referring to the statement that the visit of the Duke of Norfolk to Rome is for the purpose of bearing the personal congratulations of the Queen and the Marquis of Salisbury to the Pope on his jubilee, says the Vatican appreciates the visit as a courteous return of Mgr. Scilla's jubilee mission to England. The Pope, it says, is occupied with the welfare of Ireland equally with that of England. He desires to act as peacemaker and eventually as mediator between the two countries.

The St. Lawrence Closing Up.

MONTREAL, Dec. 1.—The cold snap has had its effect on the river, which, between the south shore and the islands at Longueuil and Boucherville, froze to the depth of about two inches last night. The Longueuil boat had in consequence to break through considerable sheet ice in order to get to her wharf to-day. Considerable ice has formed all along the river front of the city, and in some places out 100 yards from the shore.

He Will be Tried for His Life.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—A coroner's jury yesterday brought in a verdict of manslaughter against Doherty, late of Philadelphia, for shooting George E. Graham of Rochester. The police say next Monday the case will go to the Grand Jury as one of murder, because there were two shots fired by Doherty and both could not have been accidental, as the jury seemed to think.

The Archbishop of Armagh Dying.

DUBLIN, Dec. 1.—The Most Rev. Daniel McGettigar, D.D., Roman Catholic Archbishop of the Diocese of Armagh and Primate of all Ireland, is dying at Armagh.

CANADA'S PRESSING WANT

AS TOLD TO THE LABOR COMMISSION BY JOURNALISTS AND ENGINEERS.

No Technical Instruction for Workingmen—A Leaf Should be Taken From the Old Country's Book—Art Classes Should be Established by Government and Mechanics Taught Scientific Principles.

The chief feature of yesterday's proceedings of the Labor Commission was the evidence given of the imperative need of technical teaching for youths and mechanics if Canada is to retain her position amongst manufacturing nations. At length this subject was treated by Mr. John Galt, C.E., Mr. Louis P. Kribs and Professor Galbraith. The evil was admitted and suggestions made in reference to the amendment of the Public School curriculum; the formation of art and science classes, and improved technical education for workmen generally. Nine witnesses were examined during the day, one of whom showed that the major part of commodities were cheaper now at wholesale prices than five years ago; two spoke of the need of Government inspection of boilers and machinery, and two narrated the tale of the depressed condition of the harness trade.

Mr. Thomas Galbraith, commercial reporter for The Globe, gave evidence of the wholesale prices of farm produce, provisions and other commodities in the fall of 1872, 1877, 1882 and 1887. From this comparative statement it appeared the following articles are cheaper now than at the corresponding periods of the years mentioned: Wheat, flour, oats, peas, eggs, cheese, hams, dried apples, hops, cattle, hides, sheep skins, calf skins, wool, hay, apples, coffee, sugar (brown and granulated), nails, pig iron, bar iron, lead, tin, copper, coal, wood, geese and fowls. The following articles are dearer: Barley, butter, pork, hogs, potatoes, lambs and turkeys.

Mr. John Galt, civil and mechanical engineer, made an interesting statement on industrial and technical education, as carried out especially in the Old Country. He showed the necessity for this in Canada, where there was no link between the public schools and the universities, and no facilities by which working men could acquire the technical and scientific knowledge which bore upon their trades and which was necessary to make them thoroughly efficient workmen. He explained the working of the Science and Art Department in connection with the Government of Great Britain. A large sum was voted by Parliament; its schools were spread all over the country, taught by efficient teachers; students paid a nominal fee, and payments were made to the teachers on the results of examinations. The classes were held in the winter nights and were largely attended by youths and workmen. The curriculum embraced drawing, modelling, designing, mechanics, geometry and many other subjects of practical use to workingmen. Scholarships could be obtained and a youth proceed to the universities. Examples of this were given, and particulars of how similar schools had been successful in Germany and the United States, The School of Technology in Toronto did not go far enough. Shop work was necessary and practical instructors. Many of the English teachers were practical draughtsmen and managers of manufactories. The results had been most beneficial and he hoped to see similar schools established in Canada.

Mr. Louis P. Kribs, journalist, also gave an address on the same subject, which he had carefully studied, and respecting which he had written special articles in The World. Canada seemed to have discarded the apprenticeship system and we had nothing to take its place and make a young man an intelligent, practical mechanic. Thousands of boys left our public schools who did not know how to use their hands and had no the slightest knowledge of the rudimentary principles of mechanics. Mr. Kribs approved of the Kindergarten system of object lessons which was good for children up to 7 years of age, and suggested the extension of the system in every public school. He also advocated the general establishment of night schools to teach designs and applied mechanics. He instanced accidents to life and limb through lack on the part of workmen of the simple principles which should be taught in these schools—the strain of a crane, chain or rope, the power of a lever, and the resisting power of given substances. Much that was taught in schools was of no practical utility for the workingman, but that which was essentially necessary he had no chance to acquire. The iron industry of Canada would be wiped out unless technical education were given to the young men adopting that trade. Witness gave interesting particulars of technical schools which had been established in Europe and in the United States, and explained their working. England found out that she was being run out of the market in various branches of industry, and thereupon set to work vigorously to have scientific and technical colleges and schools. The Swiss were able to undersell the Yankee with "notions," simply because the Swiss were taught to be skilled in the use of tools and were good at designs. The Canadian Government should support technical schools as part of our public educational system, on the benefits of which on the citizens, the workmen and the country Mr. Kribs enlarged. The professions had special education, and why should not artisans? The latter were as steady and well conducted as any body of men, but were placed at a sad disadvantage. The percentage was very small, where men could work from plans and drawings. For technical work, Englishmen and foreigners often had to be imported.

By Mr. Armstrong: I think that all books and everything used in all schools should be free, and that the attendance of all children should be compulsory.

Professor Galbraith of the School of Practical Science explained its working, which was principally in relation to civil engineering. He had not much faith in science teaching at the public schools, unless the teachers were practically trained with this object in view. They might have technical instruction given at the Normal School where the teachers were trained, and from which they went throughout the Province. Witness advocated the establishment of night schools for technical instruction in regard to different branches of trade by those most conversant with them.

Mr. Charles R. Rundle, master plasterer, deposed to the improved position of the men as regard hours of work and pay. He was in favor of unionism and arbitration by a judge. Four or five months' notice should be given of the raising or lowering of wages.

A. M. Wickens, stationary engineer, was the first witness at the evening session. He said there was no compulsory inspection of boilers. This is a defect in the Factory Act. The failure to inspect steam machinery led to accidents. No special qualification is required for a stationary engineer. The law should fix this and enforce inspection. A technical school is much needed. Engineers got High School education in Toronto, went to the United States for technical instruction, and "then stay there." At the Boston Technical School twenty-seven Canadians passed and got high salaries in consequence. A diploma from such a technical school was "the best certificate in the world." By the present system Canada not only lost her young men, but had to send abroad to get capable men to do the work here. The Engineers' Association was making representations to the Ontario Government in reference to these matters. Experienced engineers would be glad to give instruction in technical schools, for at present pupils were paying engineers for private lessons. "Our association is practically a school of instruction; the older men instruct the younger." The wages vary from $8 to $20; $10.50 might be considered the average. The employers at the first were averse to the association, but when its objects were explained to them they approved of it. Speaking of agricultural machinery witness said more people had been killed by these being in incompetent hands than any other class of machinery. "If," said the witness, "steam thrashing machines sacrifice the lives of so many people every year it would be better to go back to the old plan of thrashing with the flail." Second-hand boilers were often put into machinery, and this was an evil which inspection would largely remedy.

William Sutton, also stationary engineer, advocated better protection for his trade. There was a danger to the public which should be guarded against. There were no less than seventy-five engines under the sidewalks, mostly run by boys who were not competent for the work.

Charles W. Barton, harnessmaker, stated that wages had decreased. There were no first-class men in Toronto; only a few second-class men, and a great number of men who worked as low as $5.50 per week. Competition kept down the wages of the employes. Wages were higher in Canada than England, but the workmen could live better on the smaller wage in the Old Country. The trade was in a bad state in this city. In summer time there was sufficient work, but the men only worked half time in winter. There had been a reduction of two hours a week this year. There was no union of either employers or men.

By Mr. Armstrong: There is an American firm in Toronto. Their men work for "almost nothing." They work very hard to knock out $1 a day.

Walter S. Hamilton, also a harnessmaker, said that a compulsory apprentice system would be a benefit to the trade. Many of the men were incompetent. Shorter hours would give more regular work and would be preferred by the men. Local organization was needed. On account of cheap prison labor, harness was sent from Montreal and sold in Toronto lower than it could be made here.

Mr. Owen Mead, permanent secretary of Metropolitan Lodge, 6534 of the Manchester Unity, I.O.O.F., deposed that no misrepresentation was made to induce men to join the society. He gave particulars of its organization and affiliation to the Order in England. It was not possible to defraud a member out of his benefit or use the funds in property speculation. If a candidate did not pass the doctor his entrance money was returned.

The commission rose till 2 o'clock this afternoon.

W. & D. Dineen, cor. King and Yonge-streets, offer special bargains in furs all through the month of December. Their stock is large, and their goods are of Number One quality. For the Holiday trade great inducements are offered. Ladies visit Dineen's fur show rooms.

THE SPANISH CORTES.

The Speech From the Throne Expresses Gratification at the People's Loyalty.

MADRID, Dec. 1.—The speech from the throne at the opening of the Cortes referred to the loyal demonstrations of the people during the recent visit of the Queen Regent to the northern provinces, testifying to the adhesion of the people to the monarchy, and said: "Internal peace is assured. The Government thus aided in executing its program of recognizing individual rights will extend the electoral suffrage and effect economic and social measures for the benefit of trade and agriculture. Foreign relations continue cordial. Under the request of the Sultan of Morocco the Spanish Government is arranging another conference of the Powers' signatory to the treaty of 1880. The rising in the Sooloo Islands has been happily quelled and the natives are now submissive to Spanish authority."

A FEARFUL DEATH.

William Marshwald of New York Dies in Hydrophobic Convulsions.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—William Marshwald was bitten by a cur in this city about the beginning of September. No bad effects were experienced by him of the wound sustained until three days ago, when he was removed to the Brooklyn hospital as suffering from hydrophobia. The physicians pronounced the case hopeless, but did not expect the patient would die as soon as he did. He did not pass to the third stage of the disease, but expired in one of those horrible convulsions of the second stage. The convulsions were so violent that the patient had to be restrained by a straight jacket. During the final convulsion several men had to hold him, and the spectacle which he presented was beyond description.

Hovenden puts in glass, 85 Bay-st. 135

Resolutions of the New York Chamber of Commerce.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—The Chamber of Commerce to-day adopted resolutions on the subject of Commercial Union with Canada and the early adjustment of the fishery question.

The resolutions declare that the chamber desires that all differences between the two countries be settled on an enduring basis of mutual interest, and that it appeared to the chamber both reasonable and equitable that American fishing vessels should be accorded the same privileges in Canadian ports that Canadian vessels are accorded in American ports. That the Chamber would welcome any arrangement for enlarged commercial relations between Canada and the United States which would seem fair and just to the contracting parties and which may contribute to the settlement of the question now under consideration, and that any difference of opinion touching rights under existing treaties or public law which may not be reconcilable after discussion or be superseded by new arrangements mutually satisfactory should be referred to friendly arbitration, both parties to be bound by the decisions.

Commercial Union Meeting at Newmarket.

NEWMARKET, Dec. 1.—Upwards of 300 of the farmers of North York assembled in the Town Hall here this afternoon to discuss the question of Commercial Union. The president of the Farmers' Club occupied the chair, and speeches were made on both sides of the question, Prof. Goldwin Smith and Lockhart Gordon being opposed by Barlow Cumberland of Toronto. Before separating the following motion was carried as representing the feeling of the majority of the meeting:

Moved by Luke Gibbons, First Vice President, seconded by R. A. Phillips, Secretary: Resolved, that this meeting views with favor the proposal for unrestricted reciprocity between Canada and the United States, and that adopting a free commercial policy between the two countries would tend to decrease the distress now experienced by the farmers of Canada, and would not lessen our loyalty to Queen Victoria or endanger British connection.

A Verdict Against the C.P.R.

MONTREAL, Dec. 1.—The case of McRae v. the Canadian Pacific Railway Company was concluded to-day before a special jury. This action was one for over $22,000 damages, plaintiff alleging that he was put off the company's cars while holding their tickets and was prevented from carrying on his business as a trader, west of Biscotasing. The company pleaded to the effect that the reason why McRae was stopped on the line was because, contrary to the laws of that section of the country, he carried on liquor traffic and was a "whisky seller," and also that the line west of Biscotasing was under construction and not open for traffic. The jury awarded the plaintiff $750 damages.

The Czar Looks for Peace.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 1.—The Ministry have asked the Czar whether, in view of the political situation, it would be desirable to hold an educational congress in 1888, or to postpone it to 1890. The Czar replied that it could be held next year. He said the political outlook was satisfactory, and there was no fear of new complications.

No Bidders for the Great Sparkler.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The Great Orange Diamond, which was found at the Cape of Good Hope, and which is ten karats heavier than the famous stone known as the Koh-i-Noor, now in possession of Queen Victoria, was offered for sale at auction in London to-day, but was withdrawn, there being no bidders.

A $10,000 Fire in Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Dec. 1.—The Asphalt Paving Company's factory was burned here this morning. The total loss is put at $10,000. Insurance in the City of London Insurance Company, $4500. The factory employed fifty hands All the stock and machinery, as well as the building, were totally consumed.

ON THE VERGE OF REVOLUTION.

Paris Wildly Excited Over the Conflicts of the Political Parties.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—The adjournment of the Chamber of Deputies until 6 o'clock was the result of a conference between the four Republican groups, who unanimously agreed to adopt an order of the day declaring that the Chamber, awaiting the communication promised from the President, would adjourn until 6 o'clock. When the session was resumed at 4 o'clock the order was submitted, and met with applause from both the Left and the Centre. It was carried by a vote of 531 against 3.

M. Rouvier then returned to the palace to communicate to M. Grevy the result of the vote. M. Rouvier has freely expressed the opinion that the President will only resign under pressure of a hostile manifestation by the Chambers.

The excitement in the city is intense. A mob has gathered in front of the palace of the Elysee and is crying for the President to resign. Troops guard the entrance to the palace. The crowds in front of the Palace Bourbon became so demonstrative that cavalry were obliged to charge them.

A number of members of the Chamber of Deputies are in favor of impeaching M. Grevy if his resignation is not announced when the sitting is resumed.

The sitting of the Chamber of Deputies was resumed at 6.30.

M. Rouvier ascended the tribune and announced that he had communicated to M. Grevy the vote of the Chamber on the order of the day. This communication, said M. Rouvier, caused the President to modify his resolution. He had never intended to enter upon a conflict with Parliament and would, therefore, send a message to the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate to-morrow informing them of his decision. M. Rouvier added that the President declined to accept the resignation of the Cabinet which, therefore, retained its functions. M. Rouvier's statement was greeted with cheers and at its conclusion the Chamber adjourned till 2 p.m. to-morrow.

M. Paul De Roulde and Louise Michel have been arrested. Crowds continued to flock to the Elysee and a revolutionary demonstration is expected.

Apology to M. Grevy.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—Paul de Roulede had an interview with President Grevy yesterday, in the course of which he disclosed the nature of the alleged Russian objections to M. Ferry becoming President. He said the grave and critical position of home affairs required that M. Grevy should retain his post. There was sure to be an insurrection if Ferry was elected. M. de Roulede apologized for his recent hostility to President Grevy, which, he said, was occasioned by the expulsion of Gen. Boulanger from the War Office. M. Grevy denied that he had manœuvred against Gen. Boulanger.

The Journal des Debats advocates the election of M. Ferry to the presidency. The party of the Right has resolved not to support any Republican candidate. Gen. Farron, Minister of War in the Rouvier Cabinet, has been appointed a grand officer of the Legion of Honor. Threats have been made of a revolutionary demonstration in front of the Chamber of Deputies to-day, but they are not regarded as serious. Extensive military and police precautions have been taken, however, to guard against an outbreak.

M. De Roulde Arrested in the Street.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—A council was held at the Elysee Palace after the second sitting of the Chamber. M. Rouvier having explained the bearing of the vote, M. Grevy turned to each minister and asked his opinion. All told him that his immediate resignation appeared peremptory.

M. Grevy replied that it was the Chamber that had brought about the existing situation and that the Chamber must bear the responsibility before the judgment seat of history.

A discussion ensued on the terms of the Ministerial declaration to be made in Parliament.

M. Grevy begged M. Rouvier not to pronounce the word "resignation" from the tribune. The use of the word, he said, would be unconstitutional, because Congress ought to be summoned immediately on the President's resignation, which was only to be announced to-morrow. He authorized M. Rouvier, however, to informally acquaint the individual deputies that his resolution was taken, and that in the presence of the votes taken in the Senate and Chamber it was irrevocable.

The Senate adjourned until 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. No doubt is now entertained that the President will resign. Congress meets on Saturday.

The plenary meeting of Republicans will be held at Versailles on Saturday morning.

When M. De Roulde left the chamber he proceeded to the Hotel De Ville, followed by a large crowd of people whom he harangued, calling for cheers for M. Grevy. The only responses to his appeal were cries of "A bas Ferry," and "Demission!" "Demission!" M. De Roulde and the crowd moved toward the Senate when the crowd was dispersed by the police. De Roulde, however, refused to go, and he was arrested and taken to the nearest station. There he strongly protested to the commissary against his incarceration, saying "you have no right to arrest me." The cry "A bas Ferry" is constitutional and legal. He was released an hour later and went immediately to the office of The Intransigeant to draw up a protest against the action of the police.

There was a good deal of rough skirmishing during the evening. Several persons sustained contusions and twenty were arrested, the crowds in the meantime vigorously denouncing the police.

"Vive La Russe."

PARIS, Dec. 1.—There was a big demonstration in front of the Russian Embassy to-day, the crowd shouting "Vive La Russe." The police dispersed the gathering.

John Harte Fails to Appear for Trial.

BELLEVILLE, Dec. 1.—John Harte, late general manager of the stove foundry, who is charged with embezzling the funds of the company, did not appear when his case was called in court here to-day. Harte, in company with his wife and child, left for the west yesterday, saying he was going to Hamilton and would be back in time for the trial. He failed to appear during the day and his bail, $2000, was estreated. Charles W. Meekin, a brush manufacturer of Hamilton, was Harte's bondsman.

The Escapades of Mr. Sim of Ottawa.

MONTREAL, Dec. 1.—Mrs. Barker of New York arrived here yesterday with a detective looking for a young man named Sim, who formerly lived at Ottawa. It appears she eloped with him, giving him the sum of $1000, being what available cash she had about her. As soon as he got the money Sim cleared out, leaving her. She traced him to this city and it is now stated that the matter was settled to the satisfaction of all concerned last night. The lady has left for the west.

A New Brunswick Vessel Ashore.

SANDWICH, Mass., Dec. 1.—The vessel reported ashore off East Sandwich is the brigantine Riberia of St. John, N.B., for New York loaded with laths and piling. The crew were saved. The vessel's keel is broken and there is considerable water in her and unless removed she will go to pieces. The cargo will probably be saved.

New Rates for the Use of Freight Cars.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—The Car Service Committee, consisting of the superintendents of the trunk lines, met to-day and adopted new rates for the use of freight cars. It is claimed that the changes in rates will result in the more prompt movement of freight cars, and hence less delay of shipment.

The Cold Snap.

During the past few days, since this cold weather set in, Strathern, 179 Yonge-street, has been doing a rushing business in stoves, which he is selling at low prices. Those who purchase their stoves and housefurnishings at Strathern's will certainly admit, that in spite of the present "cold snap," they have a pretty "soft snap." x

ORGANIZING FOR THE FRAY

MAYORALTY CANDIDATE CLARKE'S FRIENDS AT WORK.

A Good Meeting Over the Don Last Night—Ald. Rogers in St. Andrew's Ward—Mr. Defoe the Man—A Hamilton Authority on Drunkenness in Toronto.

One of the busiest men in Toronto these days is Mr. E. F. Clarke, candidate for the mayoralty. Mr. Clarke held organization meetings in St. Stephen's Ward and St. Andrew's Ward on Wednesday night, and he opened the ball in St. Matthew's Ward over the Don last night. Large and strong committees were appointed at each, and they will at once start to canvass for their candidate.

The St. Matthew's meeting last night was held in Foresters' Hall, Queen-street and Boulton-avenue. Mr. Robert Woodcock presided and among the gentlemen present were: Ald. Jones, Arthur Tiffin, Wm. Jones, Ben Tomlin, J. M. Entwhistle, James Mountstephen, Thos. Entwhistle, Thos. Joselin, David Hunter, Joseph Redford, James Bedley, James Richardson, Thomas Bedley, P. Foley, Wm. Irwin, Ed. Medcalf, E. Edwards, R. Defries, Isaac Mooney, Vernon Richardson, James Dawson, W. Brown and H. Gibbons. Mr. James Lowrie made a good secretary. Ald. Jones started off with a resolution endorsing Mr. Clarke's candidature and pledging the support of all present. The resolution was spoken to by several gentlemen and adopted by a standing vote. Mr. Clarke acknowledged it in appropriate terms and spoke on municipal affairs at considerable length. The ward was divided into districts for canvassing purposes, and the candidate was assured that his interests over the Don would be well looked after, being assured of a large majority.

Ald. Rogers in St. Andrew's Ward.

There was a large audience in St. Andrew's Hall last night on the occasion of the first concert of the Young People's Temperance Association. Although only a year old this new organization has made rapid progress and meets regularly in Temperance Hall, Bathurst-street. Mayor Howland had been announced to preside, but was unavoidably prevented. In His Worship's absence, Ald. Rogers took the chair and met with an enthusiastic reception. He delivered a brief address, eulogized temperance principles, congratulated the association on its progress, and made a passing reference to the coming election for Mayor. He expressed himself sanguine of the result of the struggle, and anticipated that on Jan. 2 he would be selected by the people as Mayor Howland's successor. Ex-Ald. J. T. Moore was of opinion that matters municipal had been going on the right lines during the last two years and hoped the citizens would keep them so by returning Ald. Rogers. Ald. St. Leger spoke to a similar effect. An enjoyable evening was spent, a well-chosen program being effectively rendered. Piano duets were given by the Misses Young and Knox and Misses Frost, comic songs by Mr. W. E. Ramsay, quartets and trios by Messrs. Young, Maddocks, Blackgrove and Marshall, recitations by Mr. George McBeth and Miss Lelan, and songs by Miss Morrell, Miss Lelan, Mr. Shields and Mr. D. Young.

Meetings To-night.

Candidate Clarke has three organization meeting to-night: In St. Mark's Ward, at Brockton Hall, Dundas-street and Brock-avenue; in St. James' Ward at 43 Queen-street east; and in St. David's Ward at St. George's Hall, Queen and Berkeley streets.

Ald. Rogers will commence his organization work to-night, his meetings being as follows: St. Patrick's Ward, Lansdowne Hall, College-street; St. Lawrence Ward, McKay's Hall, King and Sherbourne streets; St. Stephen's Ward, Jubilee Hall, College and Clinton streets.

Brother Gardener Explains It.

From The Hamilton Times.

Mayor Howland gave evidence before the Labor Commission yesterday. He is frequently described as the best Mayor Toronto ever had. Among his achievements are the discovery that somebody was stealing waterworks coal and the closing of seventy-four saloons. There must be some gain in sending the seventy-four ex-saloon keepers to work at some productive business, though it is alleged that the aggregate of drunkenness has not been diminished in wicked Toronto. The theory offered in explanation is that more people get together in each saloon when there are few places to assemble than when there are many, and owing to the prevalence of the treating custom each person takes more horns than he would take if the company was smaller.

Dan'l Defoe the Man.

From The Irish Canadian.

Messrs. Clarke and Rogers are personally above reproach—both excellent men in their way, but, as compared to Mr. Defoe, a long way behind in the matter of the Mayoralty. If long and faithful discharge of aldermanic duties be regarded by the citizens as a claim to preferment, there can be no doubt as to the coming Mayor; and we hope that, realizing their obligation, the electors of Toronto will show themselves capable of appreciating the exertions made in their behalf by Mr. Defoe by returning him in the Mayoralty contest at the head of the poll.

Boomer Rifle Association Dinner.

The annual dinner of the Boomer Rifle Association, in connection with "A" company, Royal Grenadiers, was held last night in the Albion Hotel. The chair was filled by Capt. J. J. Davidson, Honorary President. On his right were President Sergeant Mowat, Secretary-Treasurer Pte. Henderson, Lieut.-Col. Otter, D.A.G., Major Harrison, Capt. Manley, Capt. Trotter and Capt. C. W. Lee, and on his left were Capt. Boomer, founder of the association, and Ald. Frankland. The menu card was the production of Secretary Henderson, and did him great credit. Among the table decorations were three handsome centre pieces, made by the Toronto Silver Plating Company especially for the occasion. The toast list was: "The Queen;" "Our Colonel and Officers," to which Capt. Manley and Capt. Trotter responded; "Our Sister Corps," which was responded to by Capt. C. W. Lee; "Our City" found a representative in Ald. Frankland, and the "Boomer Rifle Association" elicited felicitous speeches from Capt. Boomer and Capt. Davidson. The evening was rendered pleasant by songs from Mr. Spice, G. W. Grant, Drum-Major Tilley and Capt. Manley. Letters of regret were read from Gen. Middleton, Major Dawson, Lieut.-Col. Allen, Sergt.-Major Crean, Mr. Cockburn, M.P., Capt. Delamere, Ald. Piper, Mayor Howland, Capt. Maclean, Capt. Mutton, Mr. Leys, M.P.P., H. E. Clarke, M.P.P., Col. Fred Denison and Col. Grasett. Mr. E. F. Clarke, M.P.P., intended being present, but his Mayoralty meeting in St. Matthew's Ward kept him away.

Subscriptions for the Volunteer Monument.

The Treasurer of the Volunteer Monument Committee acknowledges the receipt of the following sums:

Proceeds of Silver Wedding	$63 10
Capt. Mason, Cathedral collection	11 22
Hon. John Beverley Robinson	10 00
G. Bearsall, balance on McGill-street arch	8 25

George Griffin	$5	B. H. Bethune	1
R. Parker	3	J. Crowther	1
J. D. Armstrong	1	B. H. Dixon	1
A. H. Green	1	W. Williamson	1
James Wilson	1	Ewing Buchan	1
R. English	1	C. C. Baines	1
Fred Sole	1	Lyndhurst Ogden	1
B. Fletcher	1	E. B. Osler	1
J. G. Gibson	1	Osler & Hammond	10
C. H. E.	1	Ont. Lead & Barb	
Mrs. Webb	1	Wire Co.	10
George Baxter	1	H. K. Carrols	5
E. W. Duggan	1	A. Muirhead	1
W. McBean	1	Jas. E. Bewley	1
H. J. Stewart	1	P. G. Schofield	1
Martin McMillian	1	R. Stevens	1
Tidey & Son	1	J. Kelly	1
E. B. Dewey	1	H. Drummond	1
W. F. Britton	1	W. H. Seymour	1
A. Mossman	1	T. Phillips	1
Col. by Miss Vale	2	L. H. Pease	1
Col. by Miss Fletcher	1	Thos. Cooke	1
Allan Cassels	1	James Frane	1
H. Smallpeice	1	R. H. Bowes	1
E. W. Blackhall	1	A. J. Todd	1
Geo. Irwin	1	Maj.-Gen. Thacker	3
J. K. Carman	1	George F. Reid	1
H. M. McDougall	1	Dugald McMurchy	2
George Jaffray	1		

Barber & Ellis have contributed $10 towards the "snowball plan," which the committee intend trying in aid of the fund. The committee heartily thanks the officers and men of the Governor-General's Body Guard for their aid in both collecting and subscribing.

THE TWO NEW JUDGES.

MR. JUSTICE MACMAHON.

Mr. Justice MacMahon, recently appointed to a seat on the Bench of the Common Pleas Division of the High Court of Justice of Ontario, was formally sworn in at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The Registrar of the court read the three commissions, and Mr. Chancellor Boyd, as President of the High Court of Justice, administered the oaths There were present Chief Justice Galt and Mr. Justice Rose of the Common Pleas Division and Mr. Justice Falconbridge of the Queen's Bench Division. There was a large attendance of the Bar but no speeches were made, and the ordinary business of the court was proceeded with, the new judge taking the seat to the left of the Chief Justice and looking every inch a judge. It is expected that Mr. Justice Street, appointed to the Queen's Bench, will be sworn in to-morrow.

MR. JUSTICE STREET.

GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE.

The Opening of the New Wing Celebrated Last Night—A Good Work Being Done.

A prayer meeting was held in the new wing of the Girls' Industrial Institute, Richmond and Sheppard streets, yesterday afternoon to inaugurate the recently-constructed annex. For nearly three years the institute has been doing a good wook in educating and giving an industrial training to girls and young women, many of whom would otherwise be friendless or homeless. So numerous were the calls upon its resources that last year the accommodation was found quite inadequate. Through the philanthropy of Mr. William Gooderham this difficulty has been got over. A spacious addition has been made to the building entirely at his cost, which, it is hoped, will afford ample accommodation for all the probable requirements for some time to come.

In the evening a large number of the friends and supporters of the Institute assembled in the committee room of the new wing, and a very pleasant meeting was held, over which Mr. J. J. Withrow presided. Mr. Gooderham was present, and received the hearty thanks of those assembled for his munificence. The chairman gave some interesting particulars of the good work being done by the Institute, and the friends having partaken of refreshments the proceedings were brought to a close, all expressing themselves well pleased with what they had heard and seen.

A Railway Man Entertained.

The railway passenger agents of the Buffalo district met at the Hotel Niagara of that city on Wednesday night last and tendered to Mr. W. C. Rinearson of the Erie a complimentary banquet on the occasion of his promotion to the post of assistant passenger manager of the N.Y.,P. and O., with headquarters at Cincinnati. Mr. S. J. Sharp, the Erie's agent in Toronto, was present and says the banquet was elegant in every respect. It ought to be somewhat recherche as the tickets came to $7 each. Mr. Rinearson is recognized as an enterprising railway man and well merits his promotion.

The Central Bank Redeeming Its Notes.

Yesterday morning the doors of the Central Bank were opened, as per announcement, for the payment of the bank's notes so far as possible. The full staff of clerks was busily at work, and during the day there were many callers who exchanged their Central notes for good "stuff." At no time was there a rush. Manager Allen told The World that about $70,000 had been paid out and that the redemption of the notes would be continued from day to day so far as possible. Because of a scare article in an evening paper of Wednesday several merchants, whose deposits are at present tied up, were considering the advisability of selling at a discount, but the general opinion, backed up by Manager Allen's statement, is that the depositors as well as bill holders will get 100 cents on the dollar.

Maimed by a Gun Bursting.—Hurt by a Runaway.

While returning from a shooting expedition yesterday a young man named William Grimstead of Brantford fired his gun to get rid of the charge, when it exploded, destroying his left hand and wrist. He was brought to the hospital and his arm amputated.

A horse driven by H. W. Petrie, Brantford, took fright at the station to-day, and running away threw Mr. Petrie out, breaking his leg.

This is the special season of the year when an accident insurance policy is required. Write the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Company for particulars.

An Old Man from Belleville.

Matthew Mangen, an old man from Belleville, complained at Police Headquarters last night that he had been robbed of $100 whilst seeing the sights on Wednesday night. According to Mangen's story he was relieved of his money by John Tinsley as he was leaving a disreputable house on Edward-street. Yesterday afternoon, as Mangen was making inquiries concerning his loss he ran across Tinsley, whom he accused of the theft. Tinsley resented the accusation and knocked the old man down. Mangen's description of his assailant led to Tinsley's arrest. The prisoner lives at 42 Centre-street.

The Complaint Against Lawyer Meek Dismissed.

A paragraph appeared in The World columns last week in reference to a complaint made by the Trustees of the Toronto General Hospital to the Benchers of the Law Society, charging Mr. Edward Meek with not having giving information (it was supposed he possessed) about the will of the late R. B. Butland. After a careful and lengthy investigation by a committee of the Benchers the charge has been dismissed.

A Coming Blizzard.

The weather bureau has settled down to business for the winter. It has constructed a twenty by forty degree blizzard in Manitoba, which will enjoy itself for a spell in Toronto by nipping the fingers of improvident persons who neglect to provide themselves with quinn the shirtmaker's winter gloves.

W. & D. Dineen, cor. King and Yonge-streets, offer special bargains in furs all through the month of December. Their stock is large, and their goods are of Number One quality. For the Holiday trade great inducements are offered. Ladies visit Dineen's fur show rooms.

Widening of Bloor-street West.

At the meeting of property owners fronting on Bloor-street, held at the Real Estate Exchange yesterday morning, it was decided to petition the City Council to widen the street to 80 feet from Brunswick-avenue west to High Park.

Presentation to "Uncle" Pearson.

Mr. Pearson, better known as "Uncle," was last night presented with an address by the staff of the ready-made clothing department of Thomas Thompson & Son, on the anniversary of his birthday.

An Octogenarian Preacher.

Yesterday Rev. Robert D. Mackay of this city attained the rank of an octogenarian. He is still hale and hearty, and has just returned from a summer's charge of a Presbyterian pulpit in one of the western counties.

THEY DO NOT WANT ADVICE

THE FISHERY COMMISSIONERS WILL NOT RECEIVE DEPUTATIONS.

The Chamber of Commerce of New York Adopts Resolutions Favoring the Early Adjustment of the Fishery Question and on the Subject of C.U.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The new tariff bill is outlined in the papers to-night. The most important part as far as Canada is concerned is the addition to the free list of salt, copper, anthracite and bituminous coal, iron ore, lead ore, wool, timber and lumber.

Secretary Bayard has intimated to the parties connected with the fishing interests that the Plenipotentiaries can receive no deputation on the subject at issue during the progress of the negotiations. This would seem to indicate that the presence of Messrs. Cartwright, Davies, and Fielding would not contribute greatly to the information at present possessed by the Commissioners.

SELECTING AN ENGINEER.

A Host of Applications Before the Waterworks Committee—Left to Experts.

Chairman Boustead presided over a special meeting of the Waterworks Committee yesterday, convened for the purpose of selecting one of thirty-seven candidates for the position of mechanical engineer of the department. These members were present: Ald. Johnston, St. Leger, Swait, Galley, Ingham, Gillespie, Carlyle (St. Andrew's), Ritchie, Rogers, and Hill.

The chairman proceeded to read the testimonials of the candidates.

Ald. Carlyle suggested that the matter of testimonials should be referred to a sub-committee, by whom five or six names would be selected.

Ald. Rogers advocated the appointment of a committee of experts.

Mr. N. Clarke Wallace, M.P. for West York, advocated the claims of Mr. David Todd, Woodbridge, but Ald. Carlyle strongly objected to such a course, on the ground that if every one of the candidates did likewise the room would be full of speakers.

Mr. Wallace will write what he has to say in Mr. Todd's favor.

After some talk it was decided to proceed with the reading of the testimonials—some couple of hundred in all. One of the candidates, Alex. Dixon, Camden East, forwarded his photograph. He had interviewed some of the members, who declared that he stood 6 ft. 3 in.

Ald. Gillespie: It is quality we want, and not quantity.

Ald. Frankland strongly recommended Mr. Laughlan Murphy, of the S.S. Montreal. He said that Hon. Edward Blake took a great interest in the applicant. He (Ald. Frankland) had crossed the Atlantic several times with Mr. Murphy, and always heard him spoken of most highly. It was not for him to speak for a gentleman who had been crossing the Atlantic for the past eighteen years; his testimonials would speak for him. A man regularly crossing such a sheet of water as the Atlantic ought to know something about water and waterworks. [Laughter.]

The list having been gone over, these names were reserved for consideration: Edward Jones, Chatham; H. Nuttall, Toronto; John Williams, Toronto; W. E. Lidney, Frankfort, Ind.; Alex Dickson, Camden East; Laughlan Murphy, SS. Montreal; W. T. Brown, Toronto; J. C. Ferguson, Toronto; C. F. Hanson, Toronto; John Doran, Toronto; J. D. Banks, Toronto; R. W. Hamilton, Brooklyn, N.Y.; Alex Stuart, Toronto. These names were struck off the list: W. E. Redway, Toronto; Charles Hood, Toronto; James P. Roberts, Lowell, Mass.; J. V. Doherty, New York; Wm. Baxter, Toronto; George Fielden, Dundas; George Ostrout, Deseronto; Wm. Black and E. S. Kelby, present waterworks employes; H. J. Orpen; Wilson Lavery, Dundas; David Todd, Woodbridge; E. Barnes, Toronto; Thomas R. Alison, Hamilton; William Pearce, Toronto; Nichol McNichol, Hamilton; A. S. Adams, Newton, Mass.; George Whyte, Toronto; Thomas Dell, Toronto; J. H. Barker, San Francisco, Cal.; Alex E. J. Whitney, Leadville, Col.; Charles Toeuse, Pittsburg, Pa.; Alonzo E. Collins, Milwaukee, Wis.

After a great deal of discussion it was decided to leave the matter of selection to two experts—Mr. J. Kennedy, Montreal, and Mr. John Galt, Toronto—with Superintendent Hamilton. This recommendation will be made to the Council on Monday night.

W. & D. Dineen, cor. King and Yonge-streets, offer special bargains in furs all through the month of December. Their stock is large, and their goods are of Number One quality. For the Holiday trade great inducements are offered. Ladies visit Dineen's fur show rooms.

A Good Example to Others.

The Ontario Industrial Loan and Investment Company has decided to deed to the city a strip of land 1500 feet long by 100 feet wide in the neighborhood of College-street, along Garrison Creek, for the new drive, forming part of the proposed park system. Mr. Bickford will do the same.

Chamberlain Coming to Toronto.

The National Club has invited the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain to be its guest at a dinner in his honor. It is likely that he will accept, but no date has yet been named.

The Imperial Federation League.

Mr. Dalton McCarthy has resigned his position as president of the Imperial Federation League.

The World Congratulates the Colonel.

Col. G. T. Denison was yesterday married to Miss Mair, a young and beautiful heiress of Perth.

When Greek Meets Greek.

Mr. William Houston was introduced to Dr. Wild at the university dinner last night. Said the Doctor:
"I've been reading your erratic productions."
And to him the polymath:
"I've been noticing your vagaries." And they both laughed.

Personal Mention.

Surgeon-Major Keefer of the Bengal Army, an old graduate of Toronto University, is in the city on a year's leave of absence.

Registered at the Hotels.

Mr. Frank Madill, M.P. for North Ontario, is at the Queen's.
Judge Senkler of St. Catharines is at the Queen's.
Mr. J. F. Slater of Brantford is at the Palmer.
Mr. A. Caven of Stratford is at the Palmer.
Mr. A. DeLalt of Quebec is at the Palmer.
At the Albion: J. Mahood, Utterson; J. Hooper, M. Creelman, Montreal; E. Friesman, St. Catharines; Geo. Everall, Beeton; D. Crosby, Burlington; A. Dustin, Kalamazoo; J. O'Reilly, Detroit; H. Jones, Mount Forest; J. Baker, Letitz, Pa.; M. Hunter, Hamilton; D. McTavish, Chatham; W. McWhinny, Waterford; G. Lewis, W. Smuch, Ayr; W. Porter, Guelph; J. Walker, Almonte.
At the Grand Pacific: Miss Wood, Quebec; Ernest H. Adams and family, New York; Andrew Leitch, Hamilton; A. F. Simmons, Buffalo; Louis Simons, Meaford; James Jenkins, Montreal; Stephen Smibe, Quebec; Adam Pound, Elmira; Geo. Thomas, St. Mary's; Geo. James, Almonte.

The Danger of Writing Poetry With an A[xe].

From The Hamilton Spectator.

Kernighan, the Khan of Rockton, cut his f[...] with an axe the other day and has been confi[ned] to the house ever since.

The Spiciest in Canada.

From The Kincardine Review.

The Toronto World is the most spicy paper [in] Canada.

Higher Temperatures.

Weather for Ontario: Fresh to str[ong] southeast and south winds; [part]ly cloudy or cloudy weather with light snow or rain; higher temperature.

Steamship Arrivals.

At New York: State of Indiana, from Glasgow.
At Southampton: Saale, from New York.
At Queenstown: Adriatic.

Sir Charles at Washington.

Sir Charles Tupper is the centre of attraction at Washington. Witty, genial and polite he is the most popular member of the Commission. He wears Canadian clothing from head to foot. By the way, C. H. Tonkin, 718 Yonge-street, North Toronto, can supply gents' fur hats at a much lower price than any down town house. See his stock. x