

## 2 CITIES-ON-STATE LINE. MUST DIVIDE BUFFALO

MUSKOGEE, Va., May 19.—How to divide the city of Bristol, Va., which is situated on the state line between Virginia and Tennessee, is a question that is being discussed by the city fathers of both cities. The city of Bristol, Va., is situated on the state line between Virginia and Tennessee, and the city of Bristol, Tenn., is situated on the state line between Tennessee and Virginia. The city of Bristol, Va., is situated on the state line between Virginia and Tennessee, and the city of Bristol, Tenn., is situated on the state line between Tennessee and Virginia.

Grand Trunk Railway traffic earnings for the period ending May 14, 1921, were \$1,765,926; in 1920, \$1,664,627; an increase of \$98,299.

# Complete June List Now on Sale Columbia Records

## Song Hits

I Can't Keep Still To-night, Comic Song	Billy Williams	R-4042
Blame It On to Poor Old Father, Comic Song	Billy Williams	\$1.00
My Father was Born in Killarney, Comic Song	Billy Williams	R-4043
She Does Love a Little Bit of Scotch, Comic Song	Billy Williams	\$1.00
Put a Bit of Powder on It Father, Comic Song	Billy Williams	R-4044
Spooning with My Girl, Comic Song	Billy Williams	\$1.00
Cohen and the Houseboat—Part I. Monologue	Joe Hayman	R-4050
Cohen and the Houseboat—Part II. Monologue	Joe Hayman	\$1.00
Scandinavia (Sing Dose Song and Mak' Dose Music)	Al Tolson	A-3382
Funeral Blues (Eat Custard and You'll Never Break a Tooth)	Blossom Seeley	\$1.00
I Used to Love You But It's All Over Now	Frank Crumit	A-3388
No Wonder I'm Blue	Frank Crumit	\$1.00
Just We Two	Howard Marsh	A-3387
Rose of Athlone	Howard Marsh	\$1.00
Make Believe	Nora Bayes	A-3392
Now I Lay Me Down to Sleep	Nora Bayes	\$1.00
Mary and John	Edwin Smalle	A-3394
Nobody's Rose	Edwin Smalle	\$1.00
I'm Gonna Jazz My Way Right Straight Thru Paradise	Mary Stafford and Her Jazz Band	A-3390
Down Where They Play the Blues	Mary Stafford and Her Jazz Band	\$1.00
Pu' on de Golden Sward	Harry C. Browne and Male Quartet	A-3386
Get Yo' Ticket	Harry C. Browne	\$1.00
Rescue the Perishing	Henry Burr	A-3385
Sweet Hour of Prayer	Henry Burr	\$1.00

## Dance Records

Nestle In Your Daddy's Arms—Fox-Trot	Art Hickman's Orchestra	A-3391
I Spoiled You—Fox-Trot	Art Hickman's Orchestra	\$1.00
Siren of a Southern Sea—Fox-Trot	Art Hickman's Orchestra	A-3387
Day Dreams—Fox-Trot	Art Hickman's Orchestra	\$1.00
Mazie—Medley Fox-Trot	Yerkes Jazambina Orch.	A-3393
Two Sweet Lips—Medley Fox-Trot	Yerkes Jazambina Orch.	\$1.00
Toddle—Fox-Trot	Paul Biese Trio	A-3383
Beela Boela—Song One-Step	Paul Biese Trio	\$1.00
I Lost You—Fox-Trot	The Happy Six	A-3384
Yokohama Lullaby—Medley Fox-Trot	The Happy Six	\$1.00
Over the Hill—Song Waltz	The Metropolitan Dance Players	A-6183
Dreamy Hawaii—Medley Waz	The Metropolitan Dance Players	\$1.65
Bright Eyes, Xylophone Solo	Jess Libonati	A-3389
Underneath Hawaiian Skies, Xylophone Solo	Jess Libonati	\$1.00

## Opera and Concert

Love Sends a Little Gift of Roses	Charles Hackett	79518
Pale Moon (An Indian Love Song)	George Meader	A-3380
My Little Home on the Hill	George Meader	\$1.00
Believe Me, If All those Endearing Young Charms	Pablo Casals	79155
Turkey in the Straw	Percy Grainger	A-3381
The Gum-Suckers March	Percy Grainger	\$1.00
Canto Amoroso	Duci de Kerekjarto	79457
		\$1.00

Hearts and Flowers, Key of "G" Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra under the direction of Eugen Ysaye  
Love in Idleness (Serenade) Key of "C" Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra under the direction of Eugen Ysaye

Tropical Dance No. 4 Haytian Orchestra, conducted by Justin Elie  
Voodoo Scenes (Priestess Dance) Haytian Orchestra, conducted by Justin Elie

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## MEIGHEN GOVT. SERVILE TOOL OF THE MOST SINISTER FORCES DECLARES LIBERAL LEADER

Policies Directed by Influences Which Have No Thought Or  
Care For the People's Interests—Government Is in  
the Hands of a "Ring" That Shackles Its Freedom  
of Action.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, May 19.—"The Government of Canada today is not a free agent," declared Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Liberal leader, this afternoon. "Its members do not in truth constitute the real Government of the Dominion. In word and act, the Government is the visible expression of influence and forces which dictate the policies, and in a large measure are controlling the destinies of Canada today—forces and influences which constitute the real but invisible Government of the Dominion. Were I to adopt the language of the right honorable the prime minister, and apply to him and his associates the terms which in his gratuitous and vituperative manner he applied to a highly responsible and respected group of members of this House, I would speak of him and his associates as the servile tools and minions of those sinister influences and forces. And I would say, 'Judge not that ye be not judged, for with what measure ye mete it shall be measured unto you again.'"

The address of the Liberal leader was among the most effective which he has delivered in his political career, and the applause at his conclusion lasted for several minutes. He ridiculed the excuses which the Government had given for failure, after constant promises, to revise the tariff in the interests of the consumer, and to the end that the cost of production should be reduced.

Revision Postponed.  
In the speech from the throne his excellency had declared that "My advisers are convinced of the necessity for a revision of the customs tariff." But in his budget the minister of finance had declared that owing to the emergency legislation in the United States such revision was to be postponed.

"Since when," asked Mr. King, "have honorable gentlemen opposite reached the decision that the Canadian tariff shall be conditional upon that of the United States? There are two alternatives: either one of which the Government must accept. Either the Government does not want to revise the tariff, or after having decided to do so, its intentions have been frustrated by the subtle, or shall I say sinister, influences and forces which are the real but invisible Government of this country."

To Thwart Trade.  
The aim of the "invisible" but real Government of the Dominion, declared Mr. King, was "to thwart trade and eliminate competition." It is the aim of the Dominion Government, he said, to "thwart trade and eliminate competition." It is the aim of the Dominion Government, he said, to "thwart trade and eliminate competition." It is the aim of the Dominion Government, he said, to "thwart trade and eliminate competition."

tion have become intimately interwoven, and whose combined strength constitutes the power behind the throne. Fortunately, Mr. Murdoch was not one of the spineless and time-serving characters it was hoped he would prove to be."

Reads the Letter.  
Mr. King read part of Mr. Murdoch's communication to the prime minister. Mr. Murdoch had referred to the protection of the public against what he termed the super-organization of modern business. It is the few wealthy men responsible for this super-organization who constitute the ring that controls the Government of Canada today," said Mr. King. "That shackles its freedom of action, and compels the Government on a basis of extortion to do its bidding. It is the favored position of those privileged few that the Government is striving in all its measures to advance and to protect. Could anything be clearer? There are the specially favored interests on the one side; the Government they're protecting, and willing servants on the other."

Under Indictment.  
"Think of the Government permitting itself to lie under the shadow of such an indictment. Mr. Murdoch's charges were made on the eve of prorogation a year ago. The Government has taken no steps to free itself from all those representations imply. Why has Mr. Murdoch not been summoned to appear before some committee and prove the charges he made? There is only one reason. The Government knows them to be true, and any investigation would be letting in more light. The very actions of the Government, the minister of finance had declared that owing to the emergency legislation in the United States such revision was to be postponed."

Lack of Sympathy.  
The Liberal leader contended that the prime minister in his speech had not made a "single expression or revealed any human feeling or sympathy with the needs of the people. Why," he said, "from beginning to end it was one long plea for protection, not protection for the consumer, which is what we need, but more and more protection for the wealthy few and interwoven financial, manufacturing, transportation and distributing interests with which they are associated."

Attacks Directors.  
The Liberal leader attacked the (Canadian National) directors as being connected with companies which sold large quantities of material to the National Railways. It was human nature that these men could not forget their own companies when the railway needed material. That was the situation as it existed today, and was a very serious one. There were huge expenditures and colossal deficits. Mr. King read the list of names of directors which have been

mentioned before this session, and the names of the companies with which they were connected. Then he asked significantly, could interlocking of directorates be carried to a degree of greater perfection?

Reason For Deficits.  
"Just think of it, Mr. Speaker, all these vast concerns and many more, to all intents and purposes represented by this little circle of favored individuals who comprise the board of directors of the Government railways and merchant marine, who have a free hand in the disbursing of millions upon millions of the public money with a guarantee that no information will be given to the people through their representatives as to how or to whom the money was distributed. Need we look further for an explanation of the size of deficits and the enormous taxation to which the people are subjected to pay the deficits? Could a more powerful combination of business interests be imagined?"

Defines Position.  
For the Liberal position on the tariff Mr. King referred the House to the amendment. The first clause of the amendment he maintained was to the effect that the existing financial requirements of the country demanded a customs tariff. "So long as you realize the necessity of a customs tariff, you cannot have free trade. The tariff is, as this amendment states, a tax on imports and a tax on exports. The obstruction to trade, the obstruction may be made to serve principally one or two purposes. It may be made a means of raising revenue or it may be made a means of affording protection to some industry within the country. Usually it serves both purposes in the same measure. The art of statesmanship in the imposition of taxes lies in making taxation light in circumstances existing national needs. The issue so far as the Liberal party is concerned in this country has never been between free trade and protection. It has been between a tariff imposed primarily for purposes of protection and tariff imposed primarily for purposes of revenue."

A Wrong Principle.  
"You cannot have tariff on the principle of free trade, as the prime minister says. The principle of free trade means the absence of all tariff. There are two tariffs. The one is a tariff based on the principle of protection, based on the other is a tariff based on the principle of revenue."

Mr. King again accused the prime minister of misrepresentation of the Liberal attitude. He challenged the work of the prime minister or the minister of finance to point to a single sentence of his which justified their allegations. He quoted from a Globe report his attitude, paying attention to the heading, "Revision of Tariff," and the heading, "Consumers and Producers." That policy was true to the Liberal platform, and in accord with the amendment submitted to those. He quoted again from his article in MacLean's magazine, "Revision of Tariff," in which he stated for the Liberals: "We believe that the home and its needs should be the first consideration."

Are Evolutionists.  
"When I venture to assert that in revising the tariff care will be taken on the position and needs of all the industries in the country, or when the amendment asserts that in all readjustment of the tariff that may take place, regard must be had to existing conditions of trade and changes made in such a manner as will cause the least possible disturbance of business, the prime minister immediately says that we belong to his school—that we are evolutionists. May I reply that in tariff matters we are evolutionists, not revolutionists, and our aim is to proceed in a manner which will inspire and retain confidence, and at the same time bring enduring results."

Economy Essential.  
"Until economy and retrenchment are practiced revisions of the tariff will be of little avail in restoring tax revenue. To curtail is advisable, but to stop there is not enough. It is a mere lopping-off of the branches, while the tree is decaying at the heart and rotting at the base. We must go deeper than those surface indications. It will avail little to discuss the budget as long as this organization of business, this combination of financial, manufacturing, transportation, and distributing interests, the granting of government credits to help political favorites is permitted to continue. What is needed is to break this selfish combination of political autocrats and industrial plutocrats which has grown and developed during the war, and fastened itself like an octopus upon the neck of our government. What is the use of discussing the budget until that combination is broken up, and the light is let in. The breaking of this combination is, however, a task which lies beyond the powers of this House. With the weapon of closure which the Government does not hesitate to use, we of opposition are powerless. That combination will be broken only by the people of Canada. It is their fundamental right, and in the interests of Canada, present and future, it should be no longer withheld. Loud and resounding applause followed the Liberal leader's eloquent address."

Poor Business Methods.  
Donald Sutherland (Oxford South) resumed the debate on the budget in the House this afternoon. He said that the condition of the National Railways was due to political parties trying to secure prestige through the adoption of means that a business management would not condone. The Government should immediately see that a change was made in the freight rates. The increase was not a benefit to the railways, but, on the other hand, business had fallen off to such an extent that no one could predict the result. This was one of the outstanding matters of importance directly affecting the people. The profits of industry and agriculture, if there were any profits, were simply turned over to the railways in freight rates.

party he should have given his constituents an opportunity to express their opinion.  
Mr. Crerar, continued Mr. Sutherland, had assumed the role of a Moses called upon to go out and save farmers from the oppression under which they labored. This was his stock in trade at various by-election meetings where he appeared. He had become minister of agriculture on October 1917, and on October 25 he felt sufficiently accustomed to the official harness to make a move for the poor down-trodden farmers. During sleepless nights he evolved a policy by which certain people might be licensed. They would come to the honorable member for Marquette (Mr. Crerar) also president of the United Grain Growers, Limited, and minister of agriculture before they could do business. The license they secured, incredible as it might seem permitted packing companies to take in dairy products and adulterate them. And today this adulterated product continued on the market notwithstanding the fact that in earlier days one of the great aims of Canadian producers was to establish and maintain a high standard of purity in butter.

Adulterated Milk Feed.  
Mr. Sutherland declared further that the adulteration of milk feeds had progressed to a far greater extent as a result of Mr. Crerar's activities than ever before, with consequent beneficial effect upon the stock-raising industry in Canada.  
Turning to deal with the retirement of Mr. Crerar from the Government Mr. Sutherland remarked that in September, 1918, United States Grain Growers, Limited, had increased Mr. Crerar's salary from \$10,000 to \$15,000 per annum as a mark of the valuable services he had rendered. On June 4, 1919, Mr. Crerar had resigned over the budget; and had described that budget as "protectionist." Yet that budget had contained tariff reductions; and had been described in the House by Dr. Michael Clark as "a budget towards free trade."

Was Significant.  
During the same session the general manager of United Grain Growers, Limited, giving sworn testimony before a committee of the House, stated that the company had recently purchased largely of agricultural implements. He had been asked whether, in view of the reduction in the duties upon agricultural implements, the company had not suffered a heavy loss, and he had replied that they were expecting a deduction in duty and had a lot of the implements in bond. "With the president of the company and in the pay of the company a member of the cabinet," said Mr. Sutherland "with full continued on Page Thirteen."

## TO BE DYSPEPTIC IS TO BE MISERABLE

The poor dyspeptic suffers untold agony after every meal, and anyone who has dyspepsia knows what joy it would give to eat three square meals a day and not be punished for it after. Nearly everything that enters the weak stomach acts as an irritant, and even the little that is eaten causes such torture and is digested so imperfectly that it does little good.  
Before you can eat heartily, and not pick and choose your food, you must put your stomach into such a condition that it will manufacture its own digestive ferments.  
For over forty years Burdock Blood Bitters has been toning up and restoring weak stomachs to a normal healthy condition so that the food no longer causes distress, but is thoroughly digested and assimilated, and enables one to partake of all the wholesome food required without fear of any unpleasant after effects.  
Mrs. Alice Beckwith, Fesserton, Ont., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from indigestion and dyspepsia for several years. I could not eat anything without almost dying from the pain in the pit of my stomach. Seeing Burdock Blood Bitters highly recommended, I tried a bottle, and can gladly say it relieved me. I can eat anything now, and am in perfect health."  
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Be suspicious of any tenderness or bleeding of the gums. This is usually the first stage of Pyorrhea—an insidious disease of the gums that destroys the teeth and undermines bodily health.

Gradually the gums become spongy. They inflame, then shrink, thus exposing the unenameled tooth-base to the ravages of decay. Tiny openings in the gums form gateways for disease germs to enter the system.

Medical science has traced many ills to these infecting germs in the gums weakened by Pyorrhea.

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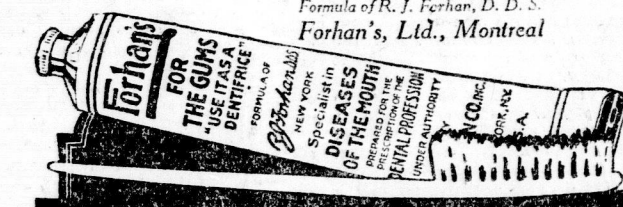
So watch carefully for that first tenderness or bleeding of the gums. Try Forhan's immediately. It positively prevents Pyorrhea (Riggs Disease) if used in time and used consistently.

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