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Land For The Settler

160 acres of land convenient to Railways in Northern Ontario's great Clay Belt for each settler. The soil is rich and productive and covered with valuable timber. For full information as to terms of sale and homestead regulations, and for special colonization rates to settlers, write to

DONALD SUTHERLAND, Director of Colonization, Toronto, Ontario

HON. JAMES S. DUFF, Minister of Agriculture, Toronto, Ontario

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Land Agency, or Sub-Agency, for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions as to father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts, a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$5.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-empted six months in each of three years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra).

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right may pre-empt a pre-emption, may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$1.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$200.

W. W. COBY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

HORTICULTURE

Cultivated Raspberries

Mrs. Chas. Coughlin, Elgin Co., Ont.

It has been remarked on many an occasion that the more land a farmer has, the smaller is his garden patch. The truth of the remark has been borne out fairly well in my observations of farms that I have known. It is a mistake to do without a good garden and why so many will do with out good garden stuff, grown right at home, has always been a mystery to me. Perhaps the reason that gardeners are so often neglected is to be found in the indifference on the part of the women folk. Some women I know have been so used to going out to the woods, or along fence-rows, hunting for wild fruit that they overlook, or do not know of, the possibilities of growing better fruit right at home with less labor. I shall make special reference in this letter to raspberries. What is true of them so far as labor and the fruit is concerned, will apply to a greater or less extent to any other fruit that may be grown in a farm garden.

REMOVING OLD CANES

The berry bushes are planted out in short rows four feet apart. At such times as the men folks find it convenient in winter time or in early spring while the frost is in the ground, the old canes are broken out. These break off readily, and a man with leather mitts on can do the work without inconvenience from thorns. The growing canes, or those that have life in them, are thinned out to a moderate stand and the tops of those left for the coming crop cut off about four feet from the ground.

About once every two years, or as

FARM FOR SALE

I offer for sale my farm in Sophiasburg, Prince Edward County, Ont., 300 acres, possession given any time. Will be sold in bloc or in 100 acres each. This farm is in highest state of cultivation; 200 acres seeded down, including over 60 acres in alfalfa; about 30 acres are now sown in Al order with fall wheat; 5,000 apple trees bearing; large first class dwelling house, 3 tenant houses, 3 large barns; new carriage house and garage. All in first class order. One mile from Demorestville. County roads; good school and churches; on rural mail delivery route; near to 3 cheese factories, and steamboat landing. This farm is suitable for grain or stock; plenty of water. There is a canning factory in Al order on farm, ready for operation. The taxes are very low in Prince Edward County, less than \$100 for 100 acres of valuable farm. Reasons for selling, wishing to retire from business. For further particulars address Mrs. Demorestville, P.O., or E. M. Young, Pictou—Wellington, Ontario.

THE ONTARIO PROVINCIAL WINTER FAIR

GUELPH, ONT.

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Large Prizes and Classes for **Beef Cattle, Dairy Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry, Seeds, Judging Competition and a HORSE SHOW**

Entries close November 15th. Single Rate Rates on the Railways. **\$16,000.00 in Prizes**

For Prize List apply to the Secretary, J. BRIGHT, Pres. A. P. WESTERVELT, Sec. Myrtle Station Toronto

often as it is required, the men folks bring a couple of loads of wet strawy manure and mulch the patch quite thickly between the rows and close up to the canes. This mulch prevents all weeds and grass from growing so that there is no need for cultivation. There is always lots of moisture in the ground under this mulch and the success of this method of caring for the patch is vouched for in the splendid large berries that we have to pick.

I would advise anyone who lives on a farm and who has never grown berries in the garden to plan at once to have some plants set out. It takes too much time altogether for any busy woman to go hunting over the country for wild fruit. It is much better to grow it in the garden at home.

Markets and Prices for Apples

A. McNeill, Chief, Fruit Division, Ottawa

Great Britain is in a receptive mood for apples. The same may be said of Germany and the continent generally. A correspondent familiar with Can-

has passed into the hands of the dealers. Prices have varied from \$1 a barrel to \$2 a barrel on the trees. The quality of the apples is variable. There is a large quantity of fruit of the lower grades and a smaller quantity of very high class fruit. The proportion of high class fruit was probably never greater than this year. A large number of orchards of medium quality have sold at \$1.25 to \$1.50, firsts and seconds on the trees. Several cooperative associations have sold, the general basis being about \$3.25 a barrel, for firsts and seconds covering the whole output. Where the associations have sold special varieties in solid carload lots, Baldwins have been bringing \$2.75 to \$3.25 a barrel; \$4 a barrel has been obtained for fancy carloads of Spys. In district 4, \$3.50 has been paid to growers for firsts and seconds, solid carloads of McIntosh and Snows. These figures constitute almost record prices at this season of the year.

A disturbing element with reference to Ontario apples is the fact that a large number of the orchards of On-



There is a More Profitable Way of Cultivating Fruit

Cultivated raspberries should be found in every farm garden. Too much time is lost in going off to the woods and fence corners to pick wild fruit. Any lack in favor of cultivated berries is more than made up by the more fleshy, larger sized cultivated fruit.

adian conditions and with ample opportunities to investigate in Belgium, are excellent, harrington of course, the want of direct transportation facilities. Several shipments went to Norway and Sweden last year and gave general satisfaction. South African buyers are already collecting a cargo. Dealers from the United States have already made some purchases. The large cities of the Northwest are receiving this year large quantities of fruit from British Columbia, and for the first time possibly the fruit of Ontario and British Columbia have come into serious competition. In addition there have been large consignments of fruit from Oregon and Washington. Up to the present time the markets are absorbing all that is offered. The excellent commercial conditions that exist in Canada as a whole warrant the assumption of good local market conditions.

The greater part of the Ontario crop for distant markets and export,

ario—and these mostly on the sections where least care is taken—have been bought by the lump and at a comparatively low figure. These apples—most of which are evaporating stock—will find their way to the markets later in the season, displacing the higher grades to a greater or less extent. Our correspondents report a very large number of orchards bought this year by the lump.

The prices obtained for early apples, both in Great Britain and the Northwest, have been exceptionally good this year. The exports from Canada to Great Britain, up to the middle of September, have been much greater than in previous years. Canadian evaporators have been paying on an average from 30 to 40 cents a cwt. or 50 to 75 cents a barrel for "peelers' stock"—Fruit Crop Report.

I have taken Farm and Dairy for a number of years and like it very much. It is a good farm paper.—Mrs. Geo. Colm, Peel Co., Ont.

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