



SHOPPING

SATISFACTION

That's What You Get at This Store

Everything you need or want—and plenty of it.

Prompt Service — Courtesy — Full Stocks

Right Now

Is the time to select your smart summer styles.

Right Now

Our goods may be purchased at the smallest possible prices.

Right Now

Shrewd people are purchasing material and using New Idea Patterns. Being their own dressmakers saves about half. New Idea Patterns with the chart makes an amateur soon a professional. See the pretty styles at 20c.

Right Now is Harvest Time

We know the busy times with farmers. Phone your wants to this store and see how well we serve you. We prepay all postage.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

"GLENCOE'S BEST STORE"

This Store

is the local headquarters for the New Season's showing of



à la Grâce

Corsets

Come and see them next time you are passing.



The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Glenora, Ontario. Subscription—\$1.00 per year in advance. Single copies—10c. Advertising—See page 2 for rates. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1919

Motorists should remember that the new law which permits increased speed in both town and country calls also for reduced speed at corners and crossings. It would be well for the motorists to make a note of the latter fact.

The peace treaty was signed by the Germans on June 28 and they started to make threats immediately thereafter. How many people are there in the world, we wonder, who feel confident either that the world war is really ended or that there is good ground for the belief that a permanent condition of world peace is at hand?

Political affairs in Canada are now about as badly mixed as every other kind of affairs. A permanent Union Party formed at Ottawa leaves the "straight-line" Conservatives without a home. The Liberals who have their party temporarily on the concession issue are between the devil and the deep sea. The prohibitionist Liberal party in Ontario has chosen as leader a representative elected by the liquor interests. We are all dressed up and we don't know where to go.

A Dominion-wide campaign against the mail-order houses of Toronto and Montreal is now receiving the attention of wholesale and retail merchants and manufacturers and may be officially launched at a convention being promoted for Ottawa in July or August. The idea is for manufacturers and jobbers to put a line of goods on the market that will enable the small merchant to undersell the mail-order octopus and at the same time give sterling values. The big association will keep up an elaborate advertising campaign until the buyers are thoroughly educated on the subject and learn that they are not only getting better goods at lower prices but building up their own town and increasing the value of their town properties and farms.

Send in the news. Yes, all the news that is fit to print—real estate transfers, business changes, accidents, births, marriages, deaths, wedding anniversaries, church and society news, in fact, any event of general interest has always a news value and will be appreciated by The Transcript as well as its readers. Even if you are not a regular correspondent, but

are in touch with a phone, just call us up, and we will arrange the particulars you give us, or write them down and send 'em to us at the earliest possible moment. Remember that news is news only so long as it is new. Every correspondent should sign communications, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. If you have anything of interest let us know now. Our phone number is 15.

Children playing on the street are taking long chances from passing automobiles. Parents cannot be too careful in this matter. A driver never knows just what a child will do, and most of them will take every precaution, but at the same time a wrong move of a child may cause a fatality, even if the car is not moving more than four miles an hour. Then again, the child often flirts with death by seeing how close he may let the auto come to him before moving. The public highway is not a proper playground.

SUMMER DONT'S

Here are a few DONT'S which should help you keep well and healthy during the vacation and the hot weather, as just announced by the health department:

Don't go to a summer resort that has an unsafe water supply.
Don't go to a summer resort that uses milk that is not known to be clean or where the milk is not pasteurized.
Don't go to a summer resort where the toilet facilities are open to flies and otherwise unsafe.
Don't go to a summer resort where they dump their garbage in the open so it can be a breeding place for flies.
Don't go to a summer resort where flies are numerous and screens are few.
Don't stay out in the hot sun too long without shading from the sun with an umbrella.
Don't get bathing water in your mouth while bathing.
Don't bathe in dirty water or near where drains or sewers empty.
Don't get sunburnt. Get tanned by slow and short exposures to the sun.
Don't eat much meat in hot weather—eat more fruit and vegetables.
Don't drink ice water when you are warm or overheated.
Don't overload your stomach at any time.
You will be less liable to get sick if you read and heed these suggestions, declare the health officials.

WHENCE DID DEMAND COME?

A shoe manufacturer told the cost of living committee that a good serviceable shoe should retail for \$8. Such a shoe would have cost \$4 before the war; but for ladies' shoes, he declared, the sky was the limit, all depending on the kind of shoe that was wanted. It might be interesting to inquire who was primarily responsible for the sky-limit in ladies' shoes. Did the demand for such shoes come spontaneously from the women, or did the manufacturers create the demand by putting the shoes on the market?—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

SPOOFED AGAIN

One day I met a maiden fair. With golden locks beyond compare. I wrote an ode upon her hair. Entranced quite, by her tresses rare. Her guileless heart did me ensnare. I lost my heart, but didn't care. I called one fatal morning here. She lived to lay my secret bare. All unannounced by trumpet's blare. To go again I'd never dare. For when I met her on the stair. Her charming tresses were not there. She'd left them hanging on a chair. Somewhere.

WATERING FARM HORSES

Walter Moore, a well-known writer, says:—"It is a common thing for farmers to work their horses in the hayfield from morning to night, watering them only at noon. This is done even on days of excessive heat. The driver usually has two or more refreshing drinks in the middle of the morning and again in the afternoon, but the horses, who are equally as thirsty, go without. This want of water is not only distressing, but it causes the horses to drink to excess at noon, which often results in colic, and always tends to produce a distended stomach, or what farmers call a 'hay belly.' Farmers who would treat their horses humanely should take water into the field for them in hot weather."

A THRIVING INFANT

The policy of protection to overgrown infants got the worst black eye it ever did by the testimony of the business men who are making three hundred per cent. profit, and most of it being for dividends on stock that has never been paid for. A husky child like this is able to make its own way in this wide world.—Guelph Mercury.

MALES NEPOTERATE

Canadian girls need not feel discouraged by the fact that so many of the soldier boys found wives "over there." According to the Canadian Year Book for 1918 the male population of Canada is over 400,000 more than the female, or for every 1,000 females there are over 1,125 males. The disparity is especially marked in the Western Provinces. The last census showed that the number of females per 1,000 males for each province was: British Columbia, 468; Manitoba, 622; Alberta, 673; Saskatchewan, 688; Ontario, 942; New Brunswick, 996; Nova Scotia, 961; Quebec, 980; Prince Edward Island, 991.

Blank oil leases for sale at The Transcript office.
A Standard Medicine.—Parmele's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

EUPHEMIA

Harvesters here appreciate the cool weather after the hot wave. Crops are good, especially wheat. If the weather continues favorable, this week will see it all safely stored. The oil drillers are busy on the McTaggart farm but have not gone deep enough yet to pass opinion on the prospects.

The Kaske boys, Harry and Joe, of Washington, D. C., are spending their holidays at their grandfather's, Joseph Waltherworth's, Mrs. Kaske, who was enjoying a week's furlough from the navy department, has returned to her duties. She enlisted for service during the war, but expects soon to be released.

J. C. Alexander and L. McTaggart, who were cutting John Wall's hay on shares, left their mowers by the roadside one evening. On going back next morning they found that some sneak thief had extracted the contents of their tool boxes.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan King of Mosa were recent visitors at Mrs. Dan McTaggart's.

A happy event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Evans recently, when their youngest daughter, Edith, was united in marriage to Willis Page, a young blacksmith of this place.

Everyone is "diggin' in" these days. Corn never looked better. Another gas gusher has been opened up.

Shetland picnic is the talk these days. Road work is everywhere in evidence except down at the west end where fellows were exempted. Why so?

Florence on a Saturday evening looks like Dundas street, London, on fair week.

Great "spec" for some fellow at present who can dig up a road scraper with a self-binder attachment for harvesting the oats.

How is it that sheep killed by dogs are worth more dead than alive? Politics, spontaneous combustion or something started a prairie fire near Smith's Falls, and although a volunteer army of sixty "fire eaters" soon was on the job, yet a hay loader, a field of hay, some wheat, a wagon, many rods of fence and some "Old Chum" were burned.

KNAPDALE

Robert Plaine called on friends in this vicinity on Wednesday last. Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pack of London visited at M. C. McLean's last week.

Stuart Nisbet spent part of last week at A. B. McLaughlin's. A good number from here attended the farmers' picnic at Strathroy July 1st and all report a good time.

John McLaughlin, who recently returned from overseas, is renewing old acquaintances here.

On Friday, June 27th, the pupils and parents of S. S. No. 9, Mosa, met at the schoolhouse, to do honor to their teacher, Miss Olive Pack. Jessie Mitchell read a nicely-worded address and Martha Livingston on behalf of the pupils presented her with a beautiful pearl and sapphire ring.

Ross Dyke spent the 1st of July in Petrolia.

Ross Dyke, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. McLean and Hector motored to Watford and spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh R. McAlpine visited at A. B. McLaughlin's on Saturday.

Peter Munro, lately returned from overseas, was a caller at M. A. McIntyre's last Sunday.

CRINAN

A very interesting and rare event took place at Crinan Thursday noon when the entire family of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Stalker met in reunion at the old home. There are now members in the family, all living, their ages averaging 68 years. They did not all meet for over 31 years, but circumstances seemed to favor a meeting at this time.

A nephew, Campbell Broadfoot, a veteran of the late world war, returned from France last week. His mother, a member of the family, met him in Toronto and with him visited the home of Rev. Dr. Stalker, who has been pastor of a church in Calumet, Mich., for 27 years, with Mrs. Findlay, arrived on the morning train in time to meet the rest of the family, most of whom reside in the vicinity.

Richly-laden tables were set under the shade of the big trees that stand on the beautiful lawn that surrounds the old home, at which the family with their descendants, fifty in number, and a few intimate pioneer friends, sat down for dinner. An interesting program was then rendered at the call of J. J. Stalker, who acted as toastmaster, consisting chiefly of brief felicitous and reminiscent talks by those present.

A very pleasing part of the program was the presentation to Campbell Broadfoot of a beautiful gold watch and purse as a token of esteem and pleasure over his safe return after serving his country and the cause of freedom faithfully for four years. He was gassed once and his body in places severely burned, but on account of the mask he wore and careful treatment his life was spared and he was soon perfectly restored. He received the military medal for bravery.

His brother (another nephew of the family), First Lieutenant D. J. Broadfoot, made the supreme sacrifice for the cause for which the Allies contended, the cause of humanity and world freedom. He was a brave soldier and took part in many of the great battles of the war, for which he received the military medal. He fell at the battle of Lens, leading his men in a charge to take a difficult position. He was a young man of great promise, athletic in body and mind, of fine character, and a graduate of the University of Manitoba.

What a tremendous loss this country has sustained through the death of such young men, the flower of the nation!

Campbell goes back to his law studies in Winnipeg.

Wedding cake boxes at The Transcript office.
Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it. Germany's chickens are coming home to roost. They went away as fighting cocks.

TUBER DISEASE DANGER

Blackleg Decreases Potato Yield Thousands of Bushels.

Raising Pork Is a Profitable Side-line on the Dairy Farm — Expert Advises One Brood Sow for Each Ten Cows on Average Farm.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

BLACKLEG of potatoes is a disease that has been causing heavy losses to potato growers in many districts during the past few years. As the name of the disease implies, there is a blackening of the lower parts of stems of the potato plant affected. Accompanying the discoloration there is a soft rotting condition followed by shrinkage and death.

The disease is usually first noticed in the young growing crop when the plants are from four inches to a foot high. In looking over a field in which the disease is present, it will be seen that the tops of certain plants have lost their bright dark green appearance, having faded to a more or less dirty yellowish or brownish color. These tops will be somewhat limp and drooping, and in some cases where the disease is well advanced will have dropped right over. If a careful examination of the lower stems of these affected plants is made it will be seen that they are blackened and soft rotting. This blackening and soft rotting is more noticeable below the soil than above it. By carefully removing the soil from around an affected plant the blackening and soft-rotting can usually be traced to the seed tuber. As a rule in such cases the seed tuber will be found to be in a soft-rotting, slimy condition, the soil immediately beneath it being in a wet, puddled condition due to the wetness from the soft-rotted seed tuber. In such cases the disease in the plant has developed from an affected seed tuber and passed on to the young growing stems, causing them to discolor and rot and eventually to fall over dead or dying.

Sometimes all the stems in a hill will be affected and the whole plant die down. Sometimes, however, only a few of the stems will be affected and the remainder will appear to develop normally. If the season is a dry one a number of tubers may be produced on such plants which may mature and appear alright at harvest, but if the season is a wet one the disease will spread to the tubers and cause them to rot in a soft, slimy condition before harvest, or if they are harvested before the rot is very noticeable in them, they are liable to rot in storage or to carry the disease over to the next season.

It is tubers from such affected plants which are mostly responsible for carrying the disease over from season to season and spreading it from district to district. Such tubers, if used for seed purposes, will give a considerable percentage of blackleg-affected plants. Consequently, the greatest care should be taken in the selection of seed tubers. If any indication of rot, either wet or dry, is found on a tuber, or any brown discoloration of the potato tissue when cut into, it should be discarded and not used for seed purposes.

Though spraying with Bordeaux Mixture will help to control fungus diseases, such as late and early blight of potatoes, it is of no use in controlling blackleg. Blackleg is a bacterial disease that gets into the plant either from an affected seed tuber or from the soil. It works from below upward and by the time it gets much above the ground it will usually have killed the plant. Consequently, spraying the tops of potatoes will not prevent the disease.

To prevent the disease developing, plant only sound, healthy, well-selected seed and do not plant on land that has produced blackleg plants the previous season. From D. H. Jones, O. A. College, Guelph.

How Many Pigs to a Cow?

Pigs and cows work very well together as the hog is one of the most economical meat producers on the farm, and does especially well on dairy by-products—skim milk, buttermilk and whey.

The number of pigs per cow will depend on the kind of dairying the farmer is engaged in. If selling milk for direct consumption, for the milk condensery, or for the powder milk factory, there is no by-product, hence it is doubtful if hogs, under these conditions, will pay at all, especially with an uncertain market. Whey, from the cheese factory, will not support so many pigs per cow as will skim milk and buttermilk from the farm dairy, or creamery.

On the average, we recommend one brood sow for each ten cows supplying milk to a cheese factory, and one sow for five or six cows where cream or butter is sold from the farm. If a sow reared 13 or 12 pigs each year, this would work out at from one to two pigs per cow on a dairying farm. There are times when a much greater number than this would be on the farm, as the pigs would be in various stages of maturity. The farmer and successful pig-raiser aims to keep up a regular procession of pigs from the sow to the bacon factory. This plan tends to stabilize markets, prevents the glut which frequently demoralize the bacon business and causes farmers to stay in the hog game, instead of playing "in and out" which is not good for any business.—Prof. H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

THE WESTERN FAIR

LONDON, ONTARIO

SEPTEMBER 6th TO 13th, 1919

This is the Great Agricultural Exhibition of Western Ontario

Exhibits the Very Best	Two Speed Events Daily	Attractions Johnny J. Jones Better Than Ever Midway Exposition
------------------------	------------------------	--

PLENTY OF MUSIC FIREWORKS EVERY NIGHT
PURE FOOD SHOW TRACTOR DEMONSTRATIONS

Auto Entrance corner Dundas and Egerton Sts. Usual Entrance at the Gates.
Grand Stand 50c and 25c.

Prize Lists, Entry Forms and all information from the Secretary
LT.-COL. W. M. GARTSHORE, Pres. A. M. HUNT, Sec.

N. & A. M. GRAHAM

GLENCOE, ONT.


Our reputation for fair dealing and reliable goods, coupled with the De Laval record of service and durability, has made the De Laval Cream Separator the leader in this community.

NO farmer is rich enough to feed high-priced butter to his hogs or his calves in partially skimmed milk.

It's a waste of money and food that your pocketbook, your neighbors, your country, all condemn.

But it's a waste that is going on today wherever an inferior or half-worn-out cream separator is being used, or the wasteful "gravity" method.

Why not put a stop to this needless waste with a De Laval Cream Separator?

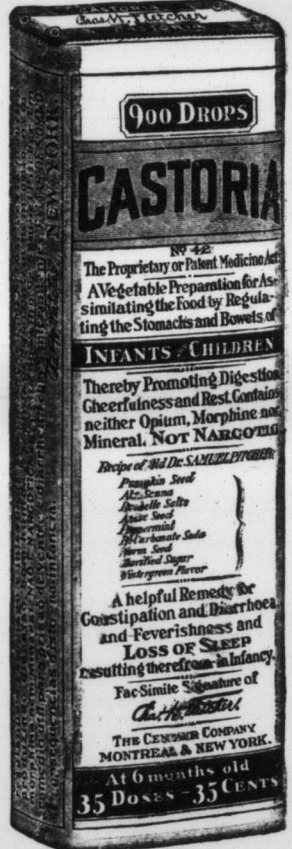


You can't afford to do this

There is no other separator that can compare with the De Laval in clean skimming, capacity, ease of operation, freedom from repairs, and durability. It's the world's greatest cream saver.

Come in some day and talk it over

SOONER OR LATER YOU WILL BUY A DE LAVAL



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

NOTE HEADS, BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, MEMOS, STATEMENTS.

ENVELOPES, CIRCULARS, CATALOGUES, BOOKS, LABELS, SHIPPING TAGS

The Transcript Press

Printers to Particular People

PROGRAMMES, BUSINESS CARDS, VISITING CARDS, WEDDING STATIONERY

DODGERS, POSTERS, SALE BILLS, DATE LINES, SCORE CARDS, ETC.