

l hernia; com-  
lomen.  
hernial sac, and  
ic artery and of

## PRACTICAL ANATOMY.

### JUNIOR CLASS.

1. Give the names of the parts found on the external wall of the Ischio-rectal fossa, with their relative position and usual depth from the surface.
2. Give the extent and position of the artery of the bulb.
3. At what point does the Urethra pass through the triangular ligament?
4. What portion of the rectum is in actual contact with the peritoneum?
5. Describe the vesical fold of the pelvic fascia, and name the ligaments it forms.
6. Name the parts found on the lateral surface of the urinary bladder, and give their relative positions.
7. Give the attachments of the lesser omentum, and name the parts found between its layers.
8. Give the relations of the vertical portion of the duodenum.
9. Give the relations of the left kidney.
10. Give the relations of that part of the brachial artery which corresponds to the middle third of the arm.
11. Describe the differences which exist between the right and left lungs.
12. Describe and give the boundaries of the opening through which the femoral artery passes into the popliteal space.
13. Give the origin, course and termination of the right subclavian artery.
14. Give the relations of the third portion of the above-named artery, and state what parts you would have to remove to expose it.
15. Give the origin, course and termination of the longitudinal sinus, and state to what part of the cranium it corresponds.
16. What parts are found passing through the substance of the parotid gland?