

culties of Law and Medicine, with the same support which is granted to corresponding Faculties in the other Colleges, and also that it should be placed as to University powers on a par with them.

(3) Such exercise should be limited to conferring degrees on such of their students as may have passed the prescribed examinations in the University of Upper Canada, except in the Faculty of Divinity.

(4) The number of the members of the Senate should be determined by the number of affiliated Colleges, one-third to be heads of such Colleges, one-third to be elected by the graduates of each College, and one-third to be appointed by the Provincial Government.

In connection with these answers, the Senate would further beg to suggest that in any new arrangement of the proposed University of Upper Canada, a Convocation should be created composed of the graduates of the Provincial University, with such powers as the Legislature may think fit to confer upon the said Convocation, and especially with that of the election of the Chancellor of the University.

The plan of which these replies are the basis thus emanates from the University which, it is alleged by the opponents of the measure, it is the object of the supporters of the plan to impair and spoliolate. It is very unlikely indeed that the University Senate and the University College, which by its President has signified its

concurrence in the answers, would be parties to suggest a scheme, the object or tendency of which is to undermine and destroy. We presume that most unprejudiced people will rather accord to the University Board and the distinguished Professors of University College a desire to rid themselves of adverse circumstances, and to see the Institutions, in which they are manifestly concerned, placed on a footing which will conduce to the more satisfactory working of them.

For ourselves we appreciate the enlightened and liberal spirit which the University and College authorities have displayed. Their desire obviously is to see the erection of a great Provincial University for Upper Canada, having affiliated to it all fully equipped Colleges in the country, the authorities of which will accept a common curriculum of study, and a common standard of learning, as the basis of their educational system and the conditions on which University honours shall be conferred. In the lucid and able defence before us very much is said to good purpose in condemnation of the existing system and in support of the proposed plan, but we must defer further reference till next number.

News of our Church.

USNABRUCK CONGREGATION.

We have received from James Croil, Esq., Session Clerk of Onatruck, extract minutes of two meetings of session held on the 3rd and 10th of May; from which we learn that the members unanimously recognized the duty of aiding the Temporalities Board in the existing emergency, and expressed regret that the congregation could not contribute to the scheme at present. The reasons assigned are the failure of the crops, the large expenditure on a new church and manse, and the collections recently paid in on account of the Synodical Home Mission Fund. The hope is expressed that the time may soon come when the congregation will be able to assist in this work. The session disapproved very much of the permission granted by the Board to subscribers to pay in to the Contingent Fund any portion of their subscriptions to the Synodical Home Mission Fund.

PRESBYTERY OF MONTREAL.

The May meeting of this Rev. court,

was held on Wednesday the 6th. It was attended by the following members: the Rev. James Black, *Moderator*, the Revs. Dr. Mathieson, William Simpson, Alexander Wallace, Frederick P. Sym, William Snodgrass, James Patterson, William Masson and William Darrach, Ministers, and Alexander Ross, Elder.

A commission from St Matthew's Church, Montreal, in favor of Mr. J. Melville, was read and sustained.

The Rev. Mr. Cochrane, ordained Missionary recently arrived from Scotland, was introduced to the Presbytery by Mr. Snodgrass. The usual documents, a commission from the Colonial committee of the Church of Scotland, a Presbyterial certificate from the Presbytery of Glasgow, and an extract of ordination were produced and read. The Presbytery were much gratified at seeing Mr. Cochrane, and in the prospect of his labouring within their bounds.

The Rev. Mr. Inglis, assistant in St. Andrew's, Montr. al. having applied for a Presbyterial certificate, the clerk was