INDIA RUBBER GOODS
Of Every Description.
TORONTO RUBBER CO.
T. McILROY, JR., & CO
88 King-Street West. Factories—Port Dalhousie

The Toronto World.

REMOVAL
C. S. GZOWSKI, Stock Broker
Has removed from 24 King-street East to the London and Canadian Chambers,
130 BAY-STREET.

TWELFTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 16, 1891 ONE CENT.

NEWS FROM BEYOND THE SEAS

AN ENTIRE FISHING FLEET SUPPOSED TO HAVE BEEN LOST.

Another Rascally German Banker—Bismarck Will Not Attend the Reichstag—The Devonshire Election Results in a Decided Gladstonian Victory—A Celebrated Explorer Reported Massacred.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Intense anxiety prevails among the relatives and friends of the crew of the Bright line sea fishing fleet, all the vessels of which were at sea when the recent storm burst upon the English Channel. Not one vessel of the fleet has returned to port since the gale began, and it is feared the whole fleet may have been overwhelmed by the terrible force of the hurricane.

BANDITS AFTER BULLION.

Brigands Raid a Village But Secure Little Booty.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 15.—Advices received in this city state that a party of brigands recently made a raid upon Samsoun, a village of Trebizonde, and plundered the house of Arnaud, a director of the tobacco regie. M. Arnaud and his wife and son were brutally treated by the robbers, who secured a small amount of booty and then departed into the country. The object of the bandits was to secure a considerable amount of bullion which had been sent to Samsoun for the purpose of establishing there a branch of the Ottoman Bank. This treasure was consigned to an agent of the bank whose name also was Arnaud, and the gang mistook the house of the director of the regie for the one occupied by the agent of the bank.

ANOTHER RASCALLY BANKER.

Confessing to the Embezzlement of a Large Sum.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—Herr Mass, the head of a banking and exchange firm at Charlottenburg, a suburb of Berlin, surrendered himself this morning to the police of this city and confessed that he had misappropriated a quantity of securities deposited with him by various customers. The total amount of his embezzlements will be exceedingly large. The members of the aristocracy lost heavily by the failure last Saturday of the banking house of Friedlander & Sommerfeld. Mass' embezzlements, though not positively known to affect the aristocracy to such an extent as Wolff's affected them, are certain to attract the attention of the Emperor. The money appropriated by Mass to his own use includes the sum of 20,000 marks which had been subscribed toward the fund for the erection of a church in memory of Empress Augusta, grandmother of the present Emperor. Ten thousand marks which were to have been devoted to the Prince Frederick Charles Institute have also disappeared. In addition to these 30,000 marks Mass has succeeded in making away with 400,000 marks deposited in his bank by 150 artisans and small traders.

Mass gave as his reason for surrendering himself to the Berlin police, instead of to the Charlottenburg authorities, that he held a high place in society and was ashamed to tell the police of the latter place of his crimes. His sense of shame, however, may have been quickened by the knowledge that his poor depositors would not have taken their losses with calmness.

Foreign Money Markets.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—During the past week discount was quoted at 3 for three months and 2½ for short. There was no demand. Money is plentiful. The condition of the money market here in the immediate future depends chiefly on financial situation in Paris. Financial houses there are overloaded with stocks, upon which it is impossible to realize. The Stock Exchange during the week had an experience of severe depression, chiefly due to the situation in Paris. There were symptoms yesterday of a reaction.

A Panic in Austria.

VIENNA, Nov. 15.—There was a wild panic on the bourse on Saturday in consequence of a report printed in The Tageblatt to the effect that Emperor Francis Joseph had stated that the European situation was critical. Owing to this rumor rentes fell 3 per cent. within an hour, while Austrian credit shares dropped 10 and Nordbahn 70 florins. Other stocks shared in the fall and altogether the general decline was such as might occur on the eve of war. Finally the Abendpost, acting under the instructions of Prime Minister Von Taafe, issued a statement denying there was any truth whatever in the report concerning the Emperor's alleged utterances. Upon this denial being made the market recovered rapidly and public confidence was in a measure restored.

May Have Been Massacred.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—A startling rumor ran through Paris yesterday. It was to the effect that M. De Brazza, who left secretly for Africa at the head of the new expedition, had been massacred. The Minister for the Colonies on being asked in regard to the report, said: "We have heard nothing." Wishing to see for himself what was going on in the unknown regions which lie between the seventh and tenth degrees north latitude and the eleventh and sixteenth degrees longitude, M. De Brazza left Banghi some time ago with 350 men intending to push as far as Lake Tchad. He was convinced he would find the murdered body of Lieut. Crampt on his route. He took the initiative of his expedition himself, and if anybody living could attain the object aimed at it is certainly De Brazza.

"The district is inhabited by murderous Arabs, fanatic foes of civilization. On leaving this region he meant to visit Baegama, where a great deal is going on, of which we knew nothing. Another explorer, Lieut. Meising, is now at Yulow, near Lake Tchad, ready to brave all risks. In his letter he writes: This is an affair of honor to me. I will die or I will raise the French flag on the shores of Lake Tchad. A third French expedition, led by Chef De Battaillon Monteil of the Marines, is also marching towards the lake. The starting point of this force was Senegal. By last reports to hand two-thirds of the journey had been accomplished."

"Have you any news of the German expedition?" enquired the correspondent.

"Yes," replied the minister, "we know that one German force is crossing the Cameroon country and making direct for Lake Tchad. It will probably meet with insuperable difficulties in the mountains. Another expedition has taken the same route as De Brazza, the Bugami route. The Germans have bought 500 slaves in Dahomey to act as escorts." "And what of Touat?"

"There is no news for the moment," said the minister. "We have confined ourselves to fortifying our Algerian outposts, and despite all contrary reports we have no intention of sending an expedition to Touat."

A Unionist Defeat.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The election to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons for the South Malton division of Devonshire was held yesterday and resulted in a victory for the Liberal candidate, George Lambert. The campaign in the division has been an exciting one, many of the meetings having been broken up by gangs of roughs, who are charged with being in the employ of the candidate against whose interest the meeting was being held. The candidate of the Liberal Unionists and Conservatives, who stood against Mr. Lambert, was Charles W. Buller, a cousin of Sir Redvers Buller, and an Irish landlord. The vote stood: Lambert 4222, Buller 3010. At the preceding election the vote stood: Lord Lymington, Liberal Unionist, 6401, W. H. Walker, Gladstonian, 2352.

This great Liberal gain of 2901 votes and the return of a Gladstonian to fill the seat previously occupied by a Unionist has caused great rejoicing among the supporters of the Liberal leader. Many messages and letters have been sent to Mr. Gladstone congratulating him upon the success of Mr. Lambert.

Famous Model Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Madame Bartholdi, mother of the well-known sculptor and designer, died in France a few days ago at the age of 90 years. She stood for the model of Bartholdi statue of liberty enlightening the world, which now occupies a prominent position in the harbor of New York. Daniel C. French, the New York sculptor, has just arrived in Paris to fill an order for the Chicago Exposition. It will be a colossal statue of the republic, a female figure 60 to 80 feet high. The American sculptor MacMonnies is working in Paris on an immense fountain for the Chicago fair. It will be the central decoration of the exhibition grounds and will consist of thirty gigantic figures.

An Italian Wreck.

ROME, Nov. 14.—A fast train bound from Rome for Turin collided to-day with an ordinary passenger train from Genoa for this city. The scene of the accident was at the Galera station. The trains crashed together with terrific violence, causing a wreck that blocked the line for hours. Three persons were killed and seven injured. Among the injured are five persons who are severely hurt and little hope is entertained for their recovery. The accident was due to the fact that the signals for the running of the trains were disregarded.

A Military Sensation.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—A sensation has been caused in military circles at Chalon-sur-Saone by disclosures affecting the characters of a number of officers and men belonging to the corps of the army stationed there. The disclosures were made public by the arrest of two officers and six men belonging to the Chasseur regiment in camp at Chalon-sur-Saone, who were taken into custody on charges of conduct unbecoming officers and soldiers, and subversive of the discipline of the army. These are the technical charges, but the offences of which the prisoners are accused are mostly immoral.

Bismarck Will Not Attend.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—In connection with the approaching opening of the Reichstag, which assembles on Tuesday next, Prince Bismarck said to a friend who met him at Wurtemburg: "Tell my electors I cannot attend the Reichstag yet; moreover, there is no urgent necessity for my presence in the Reichstag at the present time."

An Historic Woman's Death.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—The Gaulois announces the death of Baroness Von Waldersee, the morganatic wife of Louis, Duke of Bavaria. She was Fraulein Mendel, and until her marriage in 1887 was one of the best known artists of the Munich comic stage. To marry her the Duke renounced his right to succession to the duchy in favor of his brother Charles.

Italy's Royal Exhibition.

ROME, Nov. 15.—The National Exhibition was opened at Palermo to-day in the presence of the royal family and an enormous concourse of citizens, including many persons of distinction.

Chat from Over the Sea.

Prince George of Wales is seriously ill with enteric fever. According to the latest bulletin the Prince's condition is favorable.

A Panic in Austria.

VIENNA, Nov. 15.—There was a wild panic on the bourse on Saturday in consequence of a report printed in The Tageblatt to the effect that Emperor Francis Joseph had stated that the European situation was critical. Owing to this rumor rentes fell 3 per cent. within an hour, while Austrian credit shares dropped 10 and Nordbahn 70 florins. Other stocks shared in the fall and altogether the general decline was such as might occur on the eve of war. Finally the Abendpost, acting under the instructions of Prime Minister Von Taafe, issued a statement denying there was any truth whatever in the report concerning the Emperor's alleged utterances. Upon this denial being made the market recovered rapidly and public confidence was in a measure restored.

Attempted Train Robbery.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 15.—An attempt to rob the Missouri, Kansas and Texas southbound train, No. 3, at South Canadian, I.T., was frustrated by the officials of the railroad company last night. A telegram was sent to Muskogee notifying the officers that the Dalton gang were seen in the vicinity of South Canadian hiding in the river bottom. An extra was run ahead of the regular train, and guards placed in the postal and express cars. It is believed that one or two of the gang got on the train at Muskogee and signalled the robbers not to attempt the robbery as the train was guarded. Officers have been put on the trail of the outlaws.

LADIES' FURS.

Desirable and Seasonable Articles Just Made Up and For Sale by Dineen at Very Reasonable Prices.

Beaver Capes and Muffs.
Alaska Sable capes and muffs.
Persian Lamb capes and muffs.
Grey Lamb capes and muffs.
Mink and Seal dolmans.
Seal capes and muffs.
Seal jackets and mantles.
Fur-lined circulars.
Bear skin and Sable boas.
Gents' fur-lined coats.
Gents' fur coats.
Gents' fur caps and gloves.
Ladies' storm coliars, etc.
Dineen's store is on corner King and Yonge-streets.

White Star Liner Ashore.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The White Star line steamer Tauric left here bound for London last Saturday at 4 o'clock, with a cargo of 800 cattle on board. Four hours later she went ashore on Romer's Shoals in the lower bay. Four tugboats went to her assistance, but up to a late hour to-day she was still aground.

The Tauric is of 3750 gross tonnage and was built about one year ago at Belfast, Ireland, and cost $800,000.

specialties.

Ladies' ¾ coats.
Sealette.
Mantle cloth.
Eider-down quilts.
Black silks.
Table linens.
Table cloths.
Napkins.
Handkerchiefs.
Railway rugs.
Carriage rugs.
At N. Rooney's, 62 Yonge-street. 136

Personal.

Arthur L. Jarvis, Ottawa, is at the Walker.

H. S. Cox, in advance of "Jed Prouty," is at the Palmer.

Will J. Forestall, representing the St. Croix Soap Company, is in the city.

William Smith, Deputy-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, arrived in the city yesterday and is stopping at the Walker.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen paid a visit to the hospital yesterday afternoon, calling at the various wards and speaking words of cheer to the invalids.

Thomas Ganthier, Col. S. S. C. Stevenson and T. A. Trenholme, a deputation from the Montreal Fair Association to confer with the Chicago World's Fair management, passed through Toronto yesterday.

Mr. James Bonner has returned from a business trip to New York, where he has been making extensive purchases of novelties in men's furnishings for the holiday season. These additions to his stock will make it one of the most varied in Canada.

CANADA HAS A GREAT FUTURE

THE EARL OF ABERDEEN THINKS SO AND GIVES HIS REASON.

Difficulties There Are, But They Can All Be Overcome—Patriotic Were the Utterances at The National Club's First National Evening of the Season—The Earl's Faith in British Columbia.

The first national evening of the season of the National Club was ushered in Saturday night under auspicious circumstances. The gathering was a notable one. Right Hon. the Earl of Aberdeen was the guest of the evening. G. R. R. Cockburn, M.P., H. Cawthra, J. D. Montgomery, N. Merritt, H. Marryatt, T. Moberley and S. B. Brush were also present at the club's invitation.

President Barlow Cumberland had on his right the Earl of Aberdeen, on his left Prof. Clark of Trinity College. These also occupied seats around the festive board: Capt. Mutton, Andrew Darling, A. A. Howland, Hugh Blain, Lieut.-Col. G. T. Denison, D. E. Thomson, T. G. Blackstock, Sherman E. Townsend, John Akers, Robert Patterson, Edward T. Carter, A. Pardoe, Dr. Kennedy, W. K. McNaught, George Dunnett, James Short McMaster, W. Knox, G. B. Smith, M.L.A., J. E. Thompson, A. A. Allen, J. B. Miller, W. C. Matthews, J. A. Blaikie, E. Burke, John Catto, W. W. Copp, J. Jackes, E. H. Jackes, H. Cooper, W. H. P. Clement, J. D. Montgomery, J. Gray Gibson, W. McPherson, J. T. McKay, Dr. Hall, Col. Charles R. Pope, U. S. consul at Toronto.

Canada's Future the Central Thought.

The menu was in the club's best style, recherche was the arrangement, national the sentiment, patriotic the speeches, and jovial the coterie. Unbounded faith in Canada's future was the centre about which everything gravitated.

The hands of the clock in the dining hall indicated 9.15 when President Cumberland arose to announce the first toast. Turning to the Earl, he remarked: "Here in Canada, my lord, we are at home and so we are glad to see you. Canada we toast the Queen. [Cheers.] Gentlemen, fill your glass and drink to the health of Her Majesty."

The injunction was obeyed with alacrity and the National Anthem sung with gusto.

In proposing the health of the Earl of Aberdeen, the visiting chairman said: "On behalf of the club I give you a hearty welcome. Let me say, sir, that you find yourself among men who are all thorough Canadians. This club, in the words of one less a writer than Lyman Beecher, was formed by men who are partakers of the common sentiment that there should be framed in Canada a unity that did not believe in being absorbed by the United States."

He Was Well Received.

The Earl of Aberdeen, in rising to respond, was greeted with loud and prolonged applause. He said he appreciated the generous manner in which his health had been drunk. "And no wonder," he continued, "for such a greeting from so representative a body of Canadians is certainly something which any man may remember with pride. I only wish that I could return a worthy acknowledgment in response. I can only say that if anything would stimulate anyone to endeavor to speak upon such topics as would interest you it would be the indulgent remarks of your president."

Continuing, he referred to his recent trip across the continent by the Canadian Pacific Railway, and said that a person must be dull indeed who could not offer something in the way of a description of the country through which he had passed. "Of course, gentlemen, I appear in one respect simply as an ordinary traveler and not as a globe-trotter."

He Spoke as a Farmer.

He spoke as a specialist from an agricultural point of view. "I can speak as a Canadian farmer," he continued, amid cheers, "having invested to some extent in Canadian lands. Last year I bought a small piece; this year a large. I am not a capitalist nor the son of a capitalist. Of course in passing over the continental highways, this being my second visit, I appreciated what I saw more than at the first. It was impossible not to be stimulated by the unlimited fields of waving golden grain which stretch across the prairie. I pressed on my return trip with the army of teams engaged in the fall plowing. I may say without any hesitation that I was certainly struck with the signs of increased development and stability and the growing confidence on the part of those living in the Northwest." [Hear, hear.]

Mixed Farming Advocated.

Proceeding he entered into an advocacy of mixed farming, holding that it was not wise to depend wholly on the grain crops, bountiful as they may be. "The farmers should go more into cattle-raising and dairy products," he added. He spoke in the flattering terms of British Columbia's capabilities for fruit growing. "I have left some money behind me," he continued. "This shows I have faith in the country." He said that in order to encourage small fruit farming he was cutting up his land in British Columbia into small lots, and he held that a good living could be made off a 50-acre fruit farm.

He animadverted on the dairying industry and pointed out that while 42 per cent. of the cheese imported into Great Britain was Canadian, of the butter only two per cent. was Canadian. He held that there was no good reason why this disparagement should continue. To secure the desideratum as well as larger profits for the Canadian farmer he advocated co-operation to secure not only an excellent article of butter but a uniform make as well.

Not the Time to Despond.

Referring to the Dominion he was confident it had a great future. "I know there are difficulties in the way," he continued, "but I hold that they are of a sort that can be overcome. [Cheers.] The tree which survives the storm is all the stronger. This is not the time for despondency or faint-heartedness. [Prolonged applause.] What I say is the plain, unvarnished statement of one who has a firm belief in this country. [Applause.]

Referring to trade matters he said he could not help thinking that the aim should be to secure as great freedom of intercourse as possible, not only with the United States but with the Mother Country as well. [Hear, hear.] "I do not see," he added, "why such a thing should be regarded as utopian. I look for the time when there shall be closer relations between all the great English-speaking people." [Hear, hear.] He looked upon Canada as the link that was to bring about the desideratum.

Canada the Link of Peace.

Concluding, he said: "Canada is the greatest of British colonies. But she is more. She is a growing nation. [Loud applause.] It is her destiny, and not only will she be a great nation, but one of the most potent factors in promoting the peace of the world." [Prolonged applause.]

The U.S. Consul's Views.

The moment the Earl had taken his seat there were cries of "Pope! Pope!" which would not down until C. R. Pope, U.S. consul, rose to his feet. Then the cries turned to cheers. The Colonel was in one of his dry, humorous modes. It would be utterly impossible for him to make any reply to the references about the United States. He was debarred by the position he held. He could, however, say that he was much pleased to hear the remarks of the honored guest of the evening. There had been such a magnificent recognition of the resources of Canada and showed that he had been a keen observer. "I am too full for utterance," continued the colonel amid uproarious laughter, as he leisurely ran his eyes over the guests. "I have been filled up with more agriculture than ever before. [Laughter.] He congratulated the Earl upon the magnificent estates he held in British Columbia, "for," he added, "this is certainly a great country."

Big Enough Without Us.

Then, striking an attitude, he concluded: "We are big enough on the other side as we are. [Hear, hear.] We don't want any more. If we did want any more there is no better people in the world that we would like to take in than you. [Laughter.] But we are so big we can afford to leave you alone." [Applause.]

The toast "Parliaments of the Dominion and Provinces" followed, and G. R. R. Cockburn, M.P., and G. B. Smith, M.L.A., responded.

"The Chairman" was proposed by the Earl of Aberdeen and Mr. Cumberland responded in felicitous terms, thanking them on behalf of himself and the members of the club, for he was, he said, "but the spokesman of their thought and the representative of their belief."

It was 11.25 p.m. when Capt. Mutton led the singing of "God Save the Queen."

THE CARTHUSIAN MONKS.

Memorable Visit Paid by the Queen Regent of Spain.

MADRID, Nov. 15.—The Queen Regent has returned to Madrid, gratified at the signs and expressions of regret at her departure from San Sebastian. On the day before her summer sojourn ended she paid a memorable visit to the Carthusian Monks of Miraflores, near San Sebastian. Crowds of curious people followed her to the monastery. According to an ancient custom the gates of the old building are opened to the public only during the visit of a member of the reigning family. Decades have often passed by during which no layman or prince saw the interior of the interesting monastery. Its gates are always sealed the moment the royal guest departs.

The monks will long recall with pleasure and gratitude the Queen's visit. As is well known the Carthusians take the vow of eternal silence upon entering the monastery's walls. The Regent, however, telegraphed to the Pope, asking that the monks be allowed to speak during her sojourn among them. His Holiness granted the request, and for four hours the Carthusians "unsealed their tongues."

Among the members of the order presented to Her Majesty and the little King Alphonse was Peter Juan, who is now 92 years old. The aged monk was much affected by the presence of his little master. He drew him to his breast, kissed him again and again and cried from sheer joy. The King was startled at the unusual exhibition of affection, but overcame his fright and allowed the ancient recluse to fondle him. He had seen, he said, in his early youth Charles IV., but he had not dreamed that God would spare him to look upon Alphonse XIII.

"Son of noble kings," said the Pater, as he bade the royal visitor adieu, the tears streaming from his faded eyes, "may God lead thee in paths of virtue to the greatness and glory of our beloved Spain. I shall not see thee again. My bones will soon rest in the earth and become dust out of which we are born. Remember the words of an old man. Become a good Spaniard and thou wilt be adored by the noble subjects. I bless thee as one who daily awaits death. Farewell, my son. Heaven guard thee!"

As the old man finished his words he bowed his head in prayer. The Queen was so moved by the unexpected but earnest benediction that she stooped to kiss the hands of the holy father and begged him and his companions to pray for the welfare of herself and child. She left the monastery, declaring that she would never forget the happy moments she had spent within its time-stained walls.

All in the Family.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—For many years Mr. George Freeman has lived on and worked his own farm of 100 acres in London Township on the north side of the Thames, near the waterworks. He died a short time ago, leaving his property to his second wife, to whom he had been married over 20 years. They had one daughter, who was drowned near the waterworks dam, and there was a son, William, by the first, who went up to Muskoka about the time of his father's second marriage and settled near Huntsville. But to put it shortly, after her husband's death Mrs. Freeman began to manifest an interest in her stepson William and went up to Huntsville to see him. They returned to this city a few days ago as man and wife, having been married up there with all ceremony.

Chronic Derangements of the Stomach, Liver and Blood, are speedily removed by the active principle of the ingredients entering into the composition of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. These Pills act specifically on the deranged organs, stimulating action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease and renewing life and vitality to the afflicted. In this lies the great secret of the popularity of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills.

A Quebec Centenarian Dies.

QUEBEC, Nov. 15.—Mr. Louis Miqui, the old sexton of Lorette Church, died suddenly aged 115.

Hand-knit underwear will wear longer, shrink less and be more comfortable than anything else shown at White's, 65 King-street west.

Local Jottings.

Lawrence Nash is sojourning at Police headquarters charged with stealing a roll of cloth from Wm. Myers, 310 Queen east.

Mr. Frederic Boscovitz's lecture-concert entitled "A Dream of the Rhine" will be delivered this evening at the public hall of the Education Department.

Joe Lyner, 8 Mill-street, is under arrest on two charges. One is for assault on Henry Simmons and the other for highway robbery on a German named Henry Kunkal.

A bed in the house of John Watson, 294 Adelaide-street west, lay so near the stove that at 7.30 last night it took fire and gave the firemen a run. Damage $10.

The World learns that School Trustee Kerr, at the meeting of the committee to investigate the charges against Ex-Caretaker Trowbridge, did not say that Principal Harlton would have to be discharged. What he said was he would have to be changed to another school.

John Haywood, 115 Lisgar-street, 9 years old, and John and Edward Whelpdale of 171 Lisgar-street, aged 8 and 12 respectively, were arrested on Saturday by Constable Hodge charged with stealing wood from the Grand Trunk yards.

Henry McLaughlin, who lives at 78 Teraulay-street, had his leg broken on Saturday evening at the corner of Bay and Queen-streets. He was under the pleasing influence, and all he remembers is that a gang of toughs jumped and knocking him down fractured the limb.

Albert Scinoch, 145 Eastern-avenue, was arrested on Saturday evening by Detectives Alf. Cuddy and Davis on a charge of feloniously wounding John H. Tossack. Scinoch and Tossack were in a saloon in Queen-street east on Thanksgiving night. The prisoner wanted to fight Tossack, and when the latter refused to battle with him, his warlike companion made a rush at him, stabbing him twice and inflicting two serious wounds.

The employes of Charles Stark waited upon the boss at his home, 64 Bloor-street east, on Thanksgiving Day and presented him with an address expressing their appreciation of him and congratulation on the increasing prosperity of the establishment. Mr. Stark in reply reciprocated their kindly feelings and credited their faithful services with a great deal of the prosperity of which the address spoke.

The ex-members of the 10th Batt. Royal Grenadiers held a very successful meeting Saturday in Temperance Hall, President Allen in the chair. Three new members were initiated. The house committee appointed at the last meeting reported progress. All ex-members of the battalion are cordially invited to the meetings, which are held on the second Friday of each month in Temperance Hall. Lieut. Macdonald of old No. 2 Co. was elected vice-president.

Lodge Mercantile No. 81, S.O.E.B.S., met in Shaftesbury Hall last Saturday evening. The regular business having been brought to a close, the members adjourned to supper, after which speeches, songs and recitations were the order of the evening. Messrs. Mason, Smiley, Rubbra, Ayre, Micklethwaite, Hodgert, Humphrey and Race contributed to the evening's amusements. H. K. Cocklin recited his latest poem that appeared in The World the other day entitled, "The Last of the Waterlovers."

At the meeting of the Canadian Institute on Saturday night W. J. Smith read a paper on the formation of the Niagara River, in which he attacked the theory of all other scientists as to the way in which the gorge has been formed. He believes that it has been created by fracture, not by erosion. The following arrangements were made for this week: Monday evening, the Biological section will meet, when the report of the Botanical sub-section will be presented by Mr. D. W. Armstrong. On Thursday evening at the meeting of the Historical section Dr. W. Cannifi will read a paper on "Pioneer Medical Men of Upper Canada." At the regular meeting of the Institute on Saturday evening a paper on "Dene Roots," by Rev. A. G. Mouce, C.M.I., will be read.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

New Constitution to Be Adopted and Printed in Several Languages.

TOLEDO, Nov. 15.—Yesterday the K. of L. convention was in closed session some hours considering changes in the formula by which new members are instructed in the work of the different assemblies. Among the important matters settled have been those covered by the adoption of the following resolutions:

That any member of the order opposing or denouncing outside the assembly room any of the principles of the order shall be charged with violation of his obligation and on being found guilty shall be expelled.

That a committee of three shall be appointed by the general master workman to consolidate and codify the constitution, the general master workman to be ex-officio chairman of the committee; the constitution to be approved by the general executive board, printed and submitted to all locals in the order at least two months before the next general assembly, for their adoption or rejection.

The convention has acted favorably upon applications for printing the constitution in the Italian, Swedish, Slavonic, Bohemian and other tongues. It is already printed in German, Polish and French, as well as English.

THE CITY'S POPULATION.

The Dominion Statistician and Chief Grasett on the Recent Census.

Subjoined are two letters which have reference to a recent World editorial on the result of the police census-taking in Toronto. With reference to Chief Grasett's request it may be said that the cases will be furnished him:

The Dominion Statistician Speaks.

Editor World: I think you wrong in your conclusion that the police census of Toronto shows the Dominion census of your city to have been short by over 7000 persons. You must remember that seven months intervened between the two census-takings, and that the natural increase of the city of Toronto is at least 8500 per annum, which would give an additional population for the seven months of 5000 persons. To arrive at the 8500 I have taken the actual increase during the past ten years. But as everybody knows, this plan gives the extreme minimum, because Toronto increased from 1885 to 1890 much faster than from 1880 to 1885. The average annual increase of the 1885-90 period was much more than 8500. It is plain, therefore, that in giving the figures for the seven months at 5000 I am giving the lowest possible increase. Probably 6000 of an increase for seven months would be nearer the mark. Add to this natural increase the floating population taken in the police, but not in the Dominion census, and you have pretty good proof that the Dominion census of April last was an accurate census, if judged by the results of the recent "take." If the police census is accurate, then the Dominion census erred by giving Toronto too large a population. If the Dominion census is accurate, then the police census errs by not giving the city as large a population as under the de facto system there really is.

GEORGE JOHNSON.

Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa, Nov. 14.

The City's Census.

Editor World: I have read your article in to-day's World headed, "Only Half a Success," commenting on the census and the manner in which it was taken. The inference to be drawn from your remarks so far as the police are concerned is somewhat ambiguous.

In one paragraph you say that because the police did not leave a card at one house and fail to take it up at another the work was done "in a slipshod manner and is practically worthless." In the next paragraph you say "the miscount is not to be found in the incompetence or carelessness of the police." How do you reconcile these two statements? It would seem that you are under the impression that cards were essential to a true count. In this, however, you are mistaken. While the police delivered a card at every house and endeavored to collect it again by repeatedly calling back several times when necessary, the cards in some few instances were not forthcoming, having been either mislaid or wilfully destroyed. In such cases the information sought for was obtained verbally, either from a member of the family, a servant, an employe or a neighbor.

The police returns are in such a shape that they can be referred to in a moment to find the numbers recorded opposite any house in the city, so if you will have the goodness to let me know the numbers of the houses referred to in your article I can tell you what report the police have made of them.

I do not of course claim absolute correctness for the police census, but I have every reason to believe that the constables acting as enumerators made a personal canvass of every house throughout the entire city, and obtained the number of people who slept in each on Sunday night, November the 1st, either by means of the cards or in the manner already referred to.

H. J. GRASETT, Chief Constable.

Toronto, Nov. 13.

Bathes in a Coffin.

WAYNESBURG, Pa., Nov. 15.—Joshua Coleman, a rich Green County farmer, had a presentiment that his death was near at hand. He made his will and had a coffin sent to his house. The members of his family didn't grieve enough over the prospect of his death to suit Coleman and in his wrath he resolved to live in order to spite them. He has had the coffin lined with zinc and now uses it for a bath-tub.

Off On Her Fifth Wedding Trip.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., Nov. 15.—Frank Alex, 27 years old, was married last Thursday to Mrs. Robert Kirkpatrick, a widow of 80 summers and a bank account of $50,000. The couple have gone to Hamilton, Canada, on a wedding tour. This is the fifth bridal tour Mrs. Alex has taken.

Excursion to Washington, D.C., on Nov 23, '91, via Erie and Lehigh Valley Railways.

Something every person should see is the grand scenery along this picturesque route, which is unsurpassed in the United States; now is the time to visit the South, while the flowers are all in bloom and the weather warm; don't miss this grand opportunity and only cost you the small sum of ten dollars for the round trip. Suspension Bridge to Washington; tickets will be on sale at Suspension Bridge, and good to return up to Dec. 3, inclusive; train will leave Suspension Bridge at 4.40 p.m. For further particulars apply to S. J. Sharp, 19 Wellington-street east, Toronto.

Catarrh—Hay Fever—Catarrhal Deafness

A New Home Treatment has been discovered whereby the worst cases are permanently cured by a few simple applications made forcibly by the patient at home. Send stamp for circular. J. G. Dixon & Co. 245 West King-street, Toronto.

For coughs, colds, sore throat, etc., try Watson's Cough Drops. 135.

Taps From the Telegraph.

J. S. Phillips of Toronto was thrown from his rig while driving from Dundas to Hamilton Saturday and painfully hurt.

United States authorities captured Amos Moynahan and Martin Healy, white men and residents of Windsor, charged with smuggling Chinamen into the States.

Captain Grady of No. 1 fire company was killed and two other firemen injured by a fire in the big job printing establishment of Short & Farman, Cleveland, last night. The loss is $208,000.

Services to the memory of Charles Stewart Parnell were held in the New York Academy of Music last evening. Chauncey Depew was the orator of the evening.

The ship Sarah of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, with sugar from Manilla to Vancouver was totally wrecked off Carmenah Saturday. Four lives lost. Tug sent out from Victoria. Remainder of the crew at lighthouse. Carmenah is near Vancouver Island.

DRUNKENNESS AS A DISEASE

ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INSTITUTION FOR ITS TREATMENT.

The Deer Park Sanatorium—Opened With Fair Prospects—A Number of Philanthropists Interested in It—Victims of Narco-Mania Will Also Be Received—Its Operations Will Be Watched With Interest.

An event which marks an epoch in the history of Toronto's many philanthropic institutions took place on Saturday afternoon. It was the formal opening of Deer Park Sanatorium, a private retreat for the subjects of inebriety or narco-mania. For several years past much has been written on the question of inebriate hospitals or asylums, as they are often termed. Their utility, as proved by experience in the United States, was generally admitted, but it took long for the project in Ontario's capital to assume definite form. To the late Ald. Gillespie is due the lion's share of the credit for the work which took practical shape on Saturday. He was the means of forming an association, which was incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies' Act and licensed by the Government of Ontario, whose object is to provide a retreat for that unfortunate class who are victims to over-indulgence in alcoholic and other stimulants. The company's capital is $50,000, with which sum an admirable sanatorium has been established in the northern suburb of Toronto. The site is Deer Park, one of the most healthful districts and easily accessible. The scenery is delightful and all the surroundings are of the kind likely to prove most beneficial. The sanatorium is situated in ample grounds and the institution has been thoroughly equipped and admirably furnished. The board of management believe that the sufferer from the insatiable craving for alcohol and other narcotics is the victim of disease. Hence it has been their aim to make the institution a place where every means known to medical science shall be employed, a place where not only physical health may be restored but a home where moral character and Christian principles will be established and instilled. In order to effectively carry out these objects a prolonged residence is deemed necessary, the minimum, except in special cases, being three months.

Those Who Will Manage.

The officers of the institution, nearly all of whom were present on Saturday, are: President, G. Homer Dixon, Consul-General of the Netherlands; Hon. Charles Drury, D.W. Alexander, vice-presidents; John A. Carlaw, treasurer; N. W. Hoyles, Q.C., Hon. S.H. Blake, Q.C., W. G. Storm, C.E., Henry O'Brien, Stapleton Caldecott, Robert Killaly, Hume Blake, George Foster of Brantford, George E. Hague of Kingston, E. R. C. Clarkson, board of directors. The medical superintendent is Dr. C. Schomberg Elliot and the consulting physicians Drs. W. B. Geikie and Charles O'Reilly.

Under such auspices it was no matter of surprise that the inauguration was successful. The ladies and gentlemen were escorted over the institution by Dr. and Mrs. Elliot, and universal were the terms of praise of the arrangements. Then there was the formal opening, consisting of devotion, music and speeches. Mr. Alexander presided with much efficiency. Rev. Thomas C. Des Barres, rector of St. Paul's, Bloor-street, offered the dedicatory prayer.

Mr. Robert Kilgour narrated the origin and objects of the institution. He said there is only another similar place in Ontario, an institution which was that lunatics as well as inebriates are admitted. He bespoke the sympathy and co-operation of the citizens.

Rev. Dr. Thomas of Jarvis-street Baptist Church gave an address full of hearty good wishes for this new philanthropic work. The need of the sanatorium was shown by the many men in good positions in Toronto who had to betake themselves to similar institutions in the United States.

The Mayoralty Candidate.

Mr. James Beaty, Q.C., made an admirable speech. He disclaimed being an extreme man, but was in favor of temperance. When he was M.P. he introduced a bill to establish inebriate institutions on somewhat similar lines to the Deer Park Sanatorium, but owing to the opposition of extreme temperance advocates and extreme liquor men the measure was defeated. Dr. Beaty then discoursed on one of the planks of his mayoralty platform, viz., that place reformatory institutions established by law. He stated his general agreement with the letter which appeared in The World signed "A Sufferer." Still he believed there is ample room for such institutions as the Deer Park Sanatorium, and he wished Dr. Elliot and the managers every success.

Rev. Dr. Parsons gave many examples of beneficial treatment of inebriates at a Boston and other places in the United States. Some of his stories were very touching as to the demoniacal power of drink, and how the brightest intellects had been dethroned by it.

Dr. C. S. Elliot was grateful for the co-operation shown in this new and much-needed institution. He was sanguine of its success.

Between the speeches there were musical selections.

Rev. J. M. Cameron of East Presbyterian Church pronounced the benediction.

Description of Building.

The sanatorium is situated on the north side of Heath-street, midway between Yonge and Avenue-road. The building is 112 long by 50 feet wide, and consists of basement, ground floor and first and second floor and a tower. Every modern device for securing perfect circulation of fresh air, warmth and the best hygienic conditions has been employed by the architect, Mr. George R. Harper. The total cost, including building and site, is $30,000. There is every prospect of a useful career for the latest addition to Toronto's many philanthropic institutions.

The contractor for the whole of the work was Mr. Edwin Bradshaw, builder, Toronto, who has pushed the work ahead with remarkable rapidity. The sub-contractor for plumbing, gasfitting and steam heating and ventilation (under Mr. Bradshaw) was Mr. W. J. Burroughes.

The Borwicke Baking Powder is absolutely pure, proven by the Dominion Government. "Why buy alum baking powder containing in many cases nearly 10 per cent. of sulphuric acid, which is a deadly poison and which will eventually destroy your liver and kidneys? The Borwicke is as cheap and warranted to be a pure cream of tartar powder containing not one grain of anything injurious."—Medical Health Magazine. 135

Kicked by a Horse.

PALMERSTON, Ont., Nov. 15.—Yesterday morning Frank, the 5-year-old son of James Hood, sixth concession, Wallace, received a kick on the head from a horse fracturing the skull. His recovery is doubtful.

**It never fails. Adams'