

OLIVE BRANCH FAILS TO WORK WITH SHOPMEN

The Conferences Initiated by Railroad Labor Board Brings No Results

BROTHERHOOD FACES REBELLION

Disorders in Connection With Strike Largely Confined to South and Southwest

[Associated Press by Leased Wire] Chicago, July 15.—The peace dove, which yesterday flitted between separate gatherings of railroad executives and leaders of the striking shop crafts today bore a somewhat wilted olive branch which Ben W. Hooper, chairman of the United States Railroad Labor Board, hopefully tried to freshen.

Mr. Hooper announced that he had encountered "fundamental" difficulties in his efforts to bring about peace. Although more parleys in prospect the situation gave promise of a new approach to a settlement, or at least to negotiations out of which some agreement might be reached to meet on common ground.

Rails heads and strike leaders moved close enough together to meet in separate rooms at the same hotel, where Mr. Hooper was at least somewhat conversed in his peace mission. Neither side, however, made enough concessions to provide substantial optimism.

Face Rebellion in the Ranks. E. F. Grable, president of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees and Railway Shop Laborers, who faced rebellion in the ranks of his organization, left Chicago for Washington with the avowed intention of fighting every move of the "red flag" element in the ranks. He declared that no strike action by maintenance men would be sanctioned by him unless the men are "coerced" into it by railroads, attempting to force maintenance men to perform duties usually done by shopmen on strike.

Disorders in connection with the strike were largely confined to the south and southwest. Additional troops were despatched to various points. Bloodington and Clinton, Ill., the scenes of early disturbances, remained quiet, with civil authorities augmenting police forces by extra duties in preparation for taking over the situation following the departure of state troops.

While President Harding and his cabinet discussed the rail and coal strikes, postal authorities took preliminary steps to transport mail by commercial aircraft, power boats and motor cars, if rail service becomes hampered to the point that the mails are seriously threatened.

"BOOTLEG QUEEN" FOUND MURDERED

The Motive of Murder Thought to Have Been Revenge for Proposed Betrayal

Baltimore, Md., June 15.—A woman whose body was found among the bushes lining the golf course of the Rolling Road club, near this city, has been identified as Camilla Farraco, who was known as "the bootleg queen" of Fairmont, W. Va. Revenge for her proposed betrayal of the bootleggers after a quarrel with her lover, who is said to have been a leader of the gang, is given as the motive for the murder, which was brutal in the extreme.

Motor Trucks Will be Used To Transport Mail in the U. S.

U. S. Postmaster General Makes Arrangements for Delivery of Mail in Districts Affected by Inability of Railroads to Operate Lines

[Associated Press by Leased Wire] Washington, July 15.—Inauguration of the use of motor trucks to transport the mails due to the inability of railroads to move mail matter on account of the shopmen's strike was announced today by Postmaster General Work, who said it had been determined to use motor transportation between Bedford and Swift city, Indiana, between which two points all mail trains had been annulled.

Fighting Now in Progress at Sligo And in Limerick

Government Forces Capture Important Post Near Limerick

CITIZENS FLEE SLIGO DISTRICT

Dublin Prison Guards Forced to Fire on Prisoners.

[Associated Press by Leased Wire] Dublin, July 15.—Fighting has been in progress in Limerick since 7 o'clock Tuesday evening, says a report on operations in the province given out by the National Army headquarters.

The position of the government forces in Limerick is stated to be satisfactory. On Wednesday they captured an important post, killing one man and taking thirteen prisoners. The Republicans hold all the barracks in Waterford and have mined the roads leading to the city. They are also said to be concentrating on Castlebar and Foxford, in County Mayo.

People Flee to Ulster. Belfast, July 15.—News slowly filtering through from the zones of military activity indicate that fighting has been going on in Sligo intermittently for the last ten days. All business there is at a standstill, the majority of the people having fled to other parts of the country and many to Ulster.

At Collooney, a small Free State force is attempting to drive out a large body of Republicans, but thus far have met with little success.

Trouble in Dublin Prison. Dublin, July 15.—The great burst of gunfire in Mount Joy prison which caused a sensation throughout the city yesterday was caused by the efforts of the prison authorities to put an end to the signalling going on between the Republican prisoners and their adherents on the outside, says an unofficial statement given out today.

When the prisoners were ordered to retire from the windows and cease their signalling they refused, says the statement, whereupon they were given the ultimatum that if they did not comply within a half hour they would be fired upon. The guards were privately instructed to give three warnings and then to fire in the air.

The prisoners retired after the first volley, but hurled bricks and other missiles at the guards. Two prisoners suffered slight flesh wounds.

TRIBUTE TO WORTH OF LORD HALDANE

Lawyers Engaged in Cases Before Privy Council Regret His Ill-Health

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire] London, July 15.—At a dinner given here last night by Hon. P. C. Larkin, the Canadian High Commissioner, to the lawyers engaged in cases before the Privy Council the guests adopted a memorial to Lord Haldane expressing regret that ill-health will prevent him from attending the remaining Canadian appeals on the Privy Council list. A memorial states that the bench and bar of Canada recognize in Lord Haldane a worthy legacy of the great men who before his time sat on the woolsack and recognize that he has a special claim on their admiration and affection.

UNIQUE RECORD

Port Dalhousie, Ont., July 14.—This town has established a record such as is not often made. Town Clerk Wallace reports that during June not a birth, marriage or death was recorded.

Censorship Severe At the Irish Capital

[Associated Press by Leased Wire] Dublin, July 15.—An indication of the severity of the censorship now in force in the Irish capital is furnished by the current issue of Voice of Labor, official newspaper of the transport workers' union, which appears with 13 blank columns out of a total of 32. An editorial note explains that in view of the censorship the paper is unable to express labor's full views on anything touching the military or political situation.

FOOD SHORTAGE THREATENS IRISH

Serious Privations Through Commandeering of Food for Use by Insurgent Troops

London, July 15.—A serious food shortage threatens the civilian population in the areas occupied by the Republican military forces in Ireland, according to statements from Free State sources. From Wexford, Limerick, Waterford, Tullow, in County Carlow, and several other places, come stories of serious privations, ascribed mainly to the commandeering of food supplies for the use of the insurgent troops. These supplies, it is said, have been seized without the least regard for the needs of the people and without compensation to the owners.

The Republicans are declared to be living on the country in the manner of the invaders of feudal times, thereby creating a spirit of intense bitterness against themselves. Stoppage of communications through the destruction of bridges and removal of rails is said to be adding considerably to the suffering of the population, and supplies can reach even those districts where the insurgents are not immediately operating. The great Southern & Western Railway is reported cut in twenty-two places.

WOULD LIFT BAN ON INDIAN WHEAT

Post Accuses Canada and U. S. of Squeezing British Consumer

[John MacCormac's Special Cable to The Montreal Gazette and The Daily Gleaner, registered in accordance with the Copyright Act.]

London, July 15.—The Morning Post today calls upon the Government to release the Indian wheat surplus for consumption in the Mother Country, and says that the unwisdom of letting Britain be in an address on "Effect of Planetary Influences" made the statement that he believed that the position of the planets at the time a human being was born would have to be considered in the diagnosis by doctors of any case which came under their notice. He said that he had some misgivings in taking the stand he did, that what he had to say was not orthodox, that he knew it was extremely radical, that it would be considered unscientific, an exploded theory, but he did believe that the old science of astrology linked up with the discovery of members of the Russian theory of blood reaction showed clearly the correct diagnosis.

ALLEGED PLOTS AGAINST SOVIET

Thirty Four Members of Russian Revolutionary Party Undergoing Trial

SHIPPING TIED UP BY COAL SHORTAGE

[Associated Press by Leased Wire] Cleveland, July 15.—A threatened tie up of part of Great Lakes shipping within the next three or four days were predicted today by local dock operators because of the shortage of coal for fueling steamers, due to the railway shopmen's strike. Docks on this side of Duluth have only a four day's supply, it developed today. Operators say they have been unable to replenish their supplies on account of serious congestion which they are holding exists on the railways, which being non-union coal to this territory.

GRAIN CROP OF SASKATCHEWAN FAIR TO GOOD

Plenty of Moisture Has Assured Reasonably Satisfactory Conditions

ESTIMATES OF AREAS OF PRINCIPAL CROPS

The Area Planted to Potatoes in Canada Show a Slight Decrease

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire.] Regina, Sask., July 15.—Crop conditions fair to good are reported in many sections of the province in telegrams received by officials of the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture yesterday. Plenty of moisture indicate present conditions are reasonably satisfactory.

Areas Under Principal Crop. Ottawa, July 15.—A revised estimate of the areas sown to the principal grain crops, hay and potatoes, has been issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Wheat, both fall and spring, is reported as occupying 22,628,900 acres, a decrease of 632,324 acres, of 3 per cent, as compared with 1921.

The area under oats is reported as 17,188,500 acres, an increase over last year of 239,741 acres, or 1 per cent.

Barley is reported as 2,732,000 acres, a 2 per cent decrease, from 1921, and clover, of 1 per cent loss, mixed grains 865,650 acres, or 1 per cent more.

Rye continues to expand, the estimated area for this year being 2,480,000 acres, or 35 per cent more than in 1921. The area under hay and clover is returned as 10,858,100 acres and of alfalfa as 268,000 acres, in both cases an increase of 2 per cent.

The area planted to potatoes is estimated at 693,600 acres, a decrease of 1 per cent.

Fell From Window To Instant Death

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire] Ottawa, July 15.—Seized with a fainting spell, Miss Marion Fraser, clerk in the Canadian Auditor General's Department, fell through an open window on the seventh floor of the Transportation Building here this morning to instant death.

THE PLANETARY INFLUENCES ON MAN

Osiepath Says Position of Planets at Time of Birth Must Be Considered

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire] Calgary, Alta., July 15.—Dr. E. D. Plummer, D. O., at the convention of osteopaths here yesterday in an address on "Effect of Planetary Influences" made the statement that he believed that the position of the planets at the time a human being was born would have to be considered in the diagnosis by doctors of any case which came under their notice. He said that he had some misgivings in taking the stand he did, that what he had to say was not orthodox, that he knew it was extremely radical, that it would be considered unscientific, an exploded theory, but he did believe that the old science of astrology linked up with the discovery of members of the Russian theory of blood reaction showed clearly the correct diagnosis.

ALLEGED PLOTS AGAINST SOVIET

Thirty Four Members of Russian Revolutionary Party Undergoing Trial

[Associated Press by Leased Wire] Moscow, July 15.—The trial of the thirty four members of the Russian Revolutionary party, charged with plotting against the Soviet government and various Bolshevik leaders, is now entering its final stage. The work of taking the minor evidence was concluded Thursday and the first of the actual details of the alleged plots were introduced. Meanwhile word has been received here that groups of Social-Revolutionists, turning themselves the most important in the Urals, have proposed a conference for the purpose of liquidating the party and joining its efforts with the Soviet regime.

Germany's July Payment Of Reparations Handed in

[Associated Press by Leased Wire.] PARIS, July 15.—Germany's July payment of 32,000,000 gold marks for reparations, which the Reparations Commission recently refused to cancel, was to be deposited some time today, principally in British and Belgian banks, according to unofficial information reaching the Reparations Commission. Formal notice of the receipt of the money, however, is not expected by the Commission until Monday. The payment is due today, July 15.

Important Matters to Come Before League of Nations at London Meeting Next Week

An Unusually Impressive Array of Ministers and Diplomats to Attend

BALKAN NATIONS TO SEND DELEGATES

Reduction of Armaments and the Disputes Over Boundaries to Come Up

[Associated Press by Leased Wire] London, July 15.—For the first time since its organization, the Council of the League of Nations is to meet in London. The sessions, which are expected to last ten days, will be held in St. James' Palace, beginning on Monday of next week, and will be attended by an unusually impressive array of ministers and diplomats.

The Earl of Balfour, Great Britain's acting Foreign Minister, will preside, and France will be represented by former Premier Viviani; Italy by the Marquis Imperiali di Francavilla; Belgium by Paul Hymans, former Foreign Minister; Japan by Viscount Ishii, Ambassador to France; Spain by J. Quinones de Leon, Ambassador to London; Brazil by Domitio de Gama, Ambassador to Great Britain, and China by her charge d'affaires here, Jugo-Slavia, Austria, Rumania, Hungary, Bulgaria and Albania are sending delegates to defend their interests in the various problems scheduled to come before the meeting. Among the twenty-two items on the agenda are the reduction of armaments, treatment of minorities, traffic in women and children, the reparations from Asia Minor, the Asian traffic, disputes over boundaries and incursions of bandits, discussion of the Palestine, Syrian and other mandates, epidemics and the situation in the east Mediterranean.

The Council has received two substantial gifts of money, from the American Relief Administration and the American Red Cross, for the relief and evacuation of the Russian refugees now in Constantinople and will endeavor to obtain a like amount from the League members.

Rate of Exchange On Freight to U. S.

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire] Ottawa, July 15.—The Railway Commission announces that the rate of exchange in connection with the shipments of freight between points in Canada and the United States from July 15 to July 31 inclusive will be one per cent, and the surcharge on said freight will be one half of one per cent. The rate of surcharge on international passenger business will be based on one per cent exchange.

THE DIPLOMATIC UNITY OF EMPIRE

London Paper Discusses Appointment of Canadian Minister to United States

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire] London, July 15.—Here is an illustration of the way in which the Lloyd George government tampers with the constitutional fabric, "exclaims the Saturday Review with reference to the visit of the Canadian Premier, Right Hon. Mackenzie King, to Washington, "to discuss the appointment of a Canadian Minister to the United States."

The Saturday Review says the Dominion Parliament recently voted money for the creation of the post and continues: "We suppose that the matter, which has provoked differences among the Canadians themselves, must now be regarded as settled, in a statement made in 1920 it was alleged that the proposed arrangement denoted no change in the diplomatic unity of the Empire, though obviously it does."

"It is an entirely new departure," the Review adds, "and in our view it is unwarranted because a Canadian commercial attaché on a permanent staff at the Washington Embassy would meet the case perfectly well."

THE MANITOBA ELECTION HELD TUESDAY NEXT

Premier Norris Winds Up Campaign of Six Weeks and Will Take Rest

NO AMALGAMATION WITH THE FARMERS

Conservative Candidates Attack the Winnipeg Progressive Party

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire.] Winnipeg, Man., July 15.—"If the farmers of Manitoba want responsible government, why don't they join with me," asked Premier Norris at the final Liberal rally here last night, at which he declared there was no possibility of the United Farmers and the Liberals getting together, because the Winnipeg Progressive Party was opposed to the income tax and legislation that had been passed for the benefit of the farmers. The Premier wound up a campaign of six weeks and will now rest until the election next Tuesday.

While Premier Norris was defending his seven years' administration and emphasizing the progressiveness of his legislation, the Conservatives were attacking the newly formed Winnipeg Progressive party. At a party rally, Colonel Arthur Sullivan, Conservative candidate, charged that R. W. Craig, K. C., former Conservative supporter, was a "political renegade and an ingrate" and that J. H. Ashdown, formerly a strong Liberal, had organized the Progressive party in an attempt to wreck the Norris government for failing to withdraw the income tax bill from the last legislature.

Both Craig and Ashdown were leading organizers of the Winnipeg Progressives, whose urban campaign is linked up with the E.F.M. in the rural constituencies.

Colonel Dan McLean, another Conservative candidate, continued the attack against the farmers. After referring to the financial condition of the province, he said it would be worse if the farmers assumed power, as they had more than doubled the provincial debt in Ontario in two years, raising it from \$97,000,000 to \$204,000,000. He forecast the disappearance of the unemployment situation if the Conservatives were returned to power.

Premier Norris did not break any new ground, dealing at length with the charge of extravagance. He said there was a cry of reduced expenditure, but none of the opponents of the administration had the courage of saying where the cut should be made, especially if they were addressing the people in rural districts of the province.

Colonel Sullivan said the Progressive party was formed upon the personal ambition of Mr. Craig. He declared that although Mr. Craig had been befriended by Sir Rodmond Roblin, former Premier, and appointed crown prosecutor, he had opposed against his "benefactor," accepted a brief from the Norris government, which succeeded Roblin, to prosecute members of the former administration and received \$25,000 for it. Now he had turned against the Norris government and sought to wreck it.

ONTARIO WOMAN INSTANTLY KILLED

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire] Mount Albert, Ont., July 15.—Mrs. Smith, an aged resident of this district, was instantly killed last night when she was struck by an automobile driven by her grandson, Harold Broderick. Another grandson, Geo. Broderick, was also in the car. The lights of the automobile were out. Mrs. Smith, who was over 70 years of age and deaf, had gone out to the lane to watch for her grandsons' return.

Canada Postal Department Introduces Four Cent Stamp

This Stamp is Intended for Use of All Mail Addressed to the British Isles—Letters to France Must Bear a 10 Cent Stamp for the First Ounce

[Canadian Press by Leased Wire] Toronto, July 15.—The postal department has greatly reduced the number of square inches of mucilage to be moistened per person per annum by introducing a four cent stamp. This stamp, of a deep mustard or chrome color, is intended for use of all mail addressed to the British Isles. Letter writers with linguistic accomplishments and French friends will, however, find frequent correspondence costly for letters to "La Belle France" must bear a 10 cent stamp for the first ounce and a five cent stamp for each additional ounce.