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PROBS.—FAIR

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BRITISH ROYALTY HAS A BUSY DAY IN PARIS

Reception to King George Splendid Tribute to Entente Cordiale.

RECEPTIONS, REVIEW AND BANQUET THE FEATURES

While King Reviews Troops the British Foreign Minister and French Premier Hold Informal Consultations.

Paris, April 23.—It was an extensive programme that the British royal visitors to Paris carried through yesterday, but every stage was marked by fervent enthusiasm and spontaneous outbursts of cordiality which afforded a splendid tribute to both the strength of the entente cordiale and the personal esteem in which the people of France hold the English sovereigns.

The reception of deputations, a military review, a musical reception and a banquet at the British embassy, followed by a gala performance at the opera filled in an epoch making day.

At the Hotel de Ville King George made his first speech, in French, referring to Paris as a city for which his father always had a particular predilection. The forenoon was devoted to the reception of deputations from the British communities in Paris, which brought before His Majesty the commercial, philanthropic and patriotic organizations of the British colony.

The British chamber of commerce were thanked by the King for their share in promoting and maintaining relations between the two countries, as well as promoting trade relations between France and the British dominions.

The chief feature of the day was the great military review held at Vincennes during the afternoon. The Vincennes parade ground presented a most imposing sight as numerous regiments marched past the royal stand. White themes, spectacular scenes have been enacted. Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign minister, has been engaged with Premier Doumergue of France in formal deliberations, although, according to an authorized statement, there is no question of any Anglo-French agreement, new formal Anglo-French agreement, but rather an amplification of the existing relations.

"WHITE PAPER" DETAILS THE ULSTER PLAN

Startling Disclosures in Document Produced by Asquith Concerning Recent Military Movements.

London, April 23.—The new white paper promised by Premier Asquith covering the recent military movements in Ulster which were disclosed last night makes further startling disclosures. It is divided into three parts, covering correspondence between the war office and Sir Arthur Paget and other officers relating to movements of the troops, communications between the admiralty and the fleet, also a statement by the admiralty, giving a detailed account of an interview with the principal officers.

In this statement the commander-in-chief for Ireland admits that he alone is responsible for the misunderstanding which arose. The correspondence shows that instructions were issued by the admiralty to the vice-admiral commanding the third, battle squadron to proceed to Lamlash on March 19th, but according to the premier's statement in the House of Commons this order was given without his knowledge and was countermanded. The Dublin correspondent of the Morning Post asserts that Sir A. Paget's resignation is imminent.

BLOODSHED AND ARSON THE FEATURES OF THIRD DAY IN WAR OF COLORADO MINERS

Trinidad, Colo., April 23.—Six mine employees dead and two missing; three men, two women, and a baby reported to be entombed in a burning mine; several mining camps destroyed and others riddled with bullets; less than two hundred militia men and company guards confronting an army of striking coal miners estimated by strike leaders at more than four hundred, this was the situation when the sun set on the third day in the Southern Colorado labor war.

A party of militia men hastily sent from Ludlow in steel cars reinforced the guards and after heavy fighting the strikers were driven back.

Denver, Colo., April 23.—The entire enlistment of state militia, including all branches of service, was ordered to mobilize at the two armories in Denver tonight to await further orders for service in the Trinidad strike district.

AN UNKNOWN STEAMER IS CAUGHT IN ICE

Steamer Minto Goes to Relief of Tramp Hemmed in by Ice Near Cape Jack.

Charlottetown, April 23.—Steamer Minto, instead of coming here today as usual from Pictou, left that port this morning to the relief of an unknown steamer caught in the ice ten miles north of Cape Jack. She is a large tramp steamer bound up to Miramichi for load of pulp wood. Up to dark tonight the Minto was within five miles of the other steamer. She expects to reach the latter in the morning.

FOR PROTECTION OF CANADIANS IN MEXICO

Premier Borden Says Steps Will Be Taken to Secure Life and Property During Present Hostilities.

Ottawa, April 23.—Premier Borden stated in the House of Commons this afternoon that the Canadian government will take steps to insure the safety of lives and property of Canadians in Mexico during the present hostilities.

EXPLANATION FROM PAGET NECESSARY TO SATISFY THE PUBLIC

General Impression is That Statement of Ulster Council is Substantially Correct.

London, April 23.—The Times' military correspondent says that Sir Arthur Paget's position has been much shaken by the statement of the Ulster Unionist council. Although it is understood that the accuracy of certain parts of the statement is denied by Paget's staff, the general impression is that the statement is substantially correct. There is natural ground for suspicion, adds the correspondent, that such a vast deployment of naval and military forces as that arranged against Ulster should have been arranged on a basis of verbal instructions only. The cabinet are clearly making great efforts to retain him in office, but the general commander-in-chief in Ireland will probably realize that in order to make his own position tenable, his version of his speeches to the officers must be given to the public without delay.

REBELS AND FEDERALISTS MAY UNITE AGAINST U. S.

Carranza, Leader of Constitutional Forces, Regards Seizure of Vera Cruz by American Naval Forces as Act of Hostility Against Mexican Nation.

WARNS AMERICANS TO WITHDRAW TROOPS FROM CITY AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.

More Bombarding by American Warships Yesterday—Rear Admiral Sends Message to Help Restore Order—Mayor Refuses to See Messenger—Figures Show Six Americans Killed and Thirty Wounded in Seizure of the City.

Washington, April 23.—General Carranza's note to President Wilson, declaring the seizure of Vera Cruz by American forces a violation of the national sovereignty of Mexico, inviting the United States to suspend hostile operations and withdraw its forces, and suggesting that the constitutional government should receive demands for reparation of offenses committed by Huerta stirred the Mexican situation to a new and acute crisis late tonight.

Washington, April 23.—News that General Carranza, constitutional chief, had regarded the seizure of Vera Cruz by the American naval forces as an act of hostility to the Mexican nation, fell like a bombshell in official circles tonight.

President Wilson had especially disclaimed any act of hostility to the Mexican people, particularly General Huerta as the object of the American operations to secure reparation for offenses at Tampico and elsewhere against the American flag. Consequently the Washington government had hoped the constitutionalists would remain silent and not interfere themselves in the imbroglio.

Secretary Bryan had not received the text of the Carranza letter up to a late hour tonight, but indirectly was acquainted by one of the constitutionalist representatives here of the substance of it.

Carranza pointed out that the seizure of Vera Cruz would be regarded as a hostile act by the Mexican people and that it was advisable for the United States to withdraw its troops from Vera Cruz just as soon as was practicable.

Carranza agreed with President Wilson.

Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria.

Vienna, April 23.—The condition of Emperor Francis Joseph has improved to such an extent that the attending physicians consider all danger past.

Should hostility on the part of the constitutionalists crystallize, plans of the army will be changed. There were reports during the day that joint army and navy already had recommended the restoration of the cargo on arms. Action by Congress approving the president's course in using the army and navy in view of the situation he had presented in his message, and the receipt of details of the fighting at Vera Cruz were the chief developments of the day.

Officials expressed themselves as greatly pleased with the promptness of Rear Admiral Fletcher's forces in taking possession of Vera Cruz and restoring order there. Future steps were uncertain. The president determined that his course shall be gradual. No orders have been issued to seize the customs house at Tampico. It is the purpose of the administration to keep order in Vera Cruz and await the full effect of Huerta's of the first act of reprisal.

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Found Deplorable Conditions at Kingston

Royal Commission's Report Shows Bad State of Affairs in Some of the Departments—Recommends Segregation of Prisoners into Classes and Closer Supervision of All Penitentiaries.

Ottawa, April 23.—The royal commission appointed by the government last year to investigate certain conditions in the department in connection with the administration of Kingston penitentiary and to make recommendations for the care of criminals, today published its report to the public today by Hon. C. J. Doherty, minister of justice.

The commission found that in certain departments, conditions in the Kingston penitentiary were deplorable, were, to use the words of the report, "a twentieth century reproduction of the unsanitary and filthy conditions of the 'old days' and a 'crime against humanity'."

The report deals in a comprehensive manner with the whole question of prison economy and bears a score of recommendations are made with a view to a more humane and Christianlike treatment of prisoners. The principal recommendations are:

Closer supervision of all penitentiaries by a permanent commission; more extended powers for the parole boards; the segregation of prisoners into classes and better provisions for discipline, and the mental and moral training of prisoners during their term of incarceration.

The commission found that the charges of political partisanship in connection with the administration of the institution were not borne out by evidence. It further found that the charges against Deputy Warden O'Leary, namely, that he favored Roman Catholics as against Protestants was without reasonable foundation.

The report goes at length into the question of segregation of various classes of criminals, pointing that the placing of youths in association with old criminals only hastens their downfall.

The report also declares that "the industrial conditions in the penitentiaries are a disgrace to the Dominion."

With regard to inside work, the commission heard the evidence of organized labor on the subject. The labor representatives did not object to prisoners being employed on work for the state as long as they did not compete with free labor but urged that the state should pay them wages and the commission agreed with this opinion.

FRANCIS JOSEPH, EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA.

Vienna, April 23.—The condition of Emperor Francis Joseph has improved to such an extent that the attending physicians consider all danger past.

CANADA'S TRADE COMMISSIONER AT GLASGOW

Frederick H. Dane Appointed to Post—Position Has Been Vacant For Some Time.

Ottawa, April 23.—Frederick Dane, formerly commissioner of the T and N. O., the Ontario government railway has been appointed Canadian Trade Commissioner at Glasgow, Scotland. There has been a vacancy at Glasgow for some time. He will take up his duties at once. The salary is \$3,000.

WANT CHEAP POSTAL RATE CONTINUED

Newspapers in London Urge Government to Meet Canada's Request Regarding Cheap Rates for British Magazines.

London, April 23.—The British postmaster-general received today a deputation representing every newspaper interest here who appealed to him to meet the Canadian government in order to maintain the present cheap rate for British magazines for Canada.

Mr. Hobhouse thought the trade ought to meet the post office in some way, and the suggestion will be considered before another meeting is arranged.

A WESTERN MARKET FOR EASTERN CATTLE

Regina, April 23.—The live stock branch of the Department of Agriculture has received applications for \$45,000 worth of cattle, sheep and swine, to be supplied to the settlers, partly for cash and partly on credit. Such stock as cannot be purchased in Saskatchewan to meet the demand will be brought in from the east.

DELIVER MAIL IN BOATS IN SHERBROOKE, P.Q.

St. Francis River Overflows its Banks and Several Towns Are Flooded—Train Held up by Floods.

Sherbrooke, Que., April 23.—Towns located along the banks of the St. Francis river have been flooded by a rapid rise of the water consequent on the thaw. Mail is being delivered by boat in some parts of this city. A Portland Montreal train was held up by floods at Stratford, Vermont, yesterday and the passengers had to be transferred to another train.

THE APPEAL COURT.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, April 23.—The Court of Appeal resumes here tomorrow to take up the May Queen Steamship Company case.

E.N. NESBITT CAN'T SEE IT THE WAY HIS PARTY DOES

OPPOSITION STILL PEEVED OVER C. N. R.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Asks for Information as to Expected Legislation Dealing With MacKenzie and Mann Road.

Ottawa, April 23.—Because the opposition considers that it should receive notice of the form the expected legislation for aid to the C. N. R., is to take before morning sittings of the house should begin, these were today postponed from next Monday to an indefinite date.

Premier Borden moved a resolution in the house to have morning sittings beginning next Monday. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, however, stated that there was a persistent rumor that the government would introduce important legislation in regard to the Canadian Northern. If this were the case, it would not be opportune to have morning sittings until the opposition had had time to study the proposed legislation.

"Without committing myself, as to the reports the leader of the opposition has referred to," replied Sir Borden, "there will undoubtedly be further legislation which has not appeared on the order paper and in view of this I will not press my resolution today."

Hon. Charles Murphy inquired when information would be brought down as to Canadian Northern bond issues and was assured it would be ready shortly, while Hon. W. T. Whitby told Mr. MacLean the supplementary estimates would be brought down in the near future.

SAY WILSON IS COMMITTED TO WAR IN MEXICO

London Papers of Opinion It Will Be Impossible Now to Localize Fight Against Huerta.

London, April 23.—The editorial view of a majority of the London papers is that the United States is now committed to war with Mexico and that it will be impossible to localize the war against Huerta.

The Daily Chronicle says: "We cannot suppose that President Wilson is asking his countrymen to spend money and shed their blood merely to replace a villain like Huerta by a villain like Villa."

All the papers recognize the magnitude of the possibilities opened up by the happenings at Vera Cruz. The Morning Post assumes that President Wilson, who has carefully studied the problem, has not yet fully revealed his plans.

The Daily Mail Mexico City correspondent says the cabinet has decided to promulgate a general amnesty measure so that all Mexicans may be united in defense of their country.

NICE OF LATE DUKE OF FIFE MARRIES

London, April 23.—The marriage was celebrated at Brompton Oratory this morning, according to Roman Catholic church rites, between Count Dino Stada, Edmonton, and Miss Marie Delsile, niece of the late Duke of Fife.

NOVA SCOTIA GOVERNMENT LOAN GOES BEGGING IN THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 23.—The tone on the stock exchange yesterday was dull and gloomy. New world stocks such as American, Canadian and Mexican falls suffered a sharp fall and there was also further dribbling liquidation in the case of gilt edged stocks and home rails.

Consols weakened as a result of the seizure of Vera Cruz which took the market by surprise. Underwriters of the new Nova Scotia government loan were left with \$2 per cent. of the issue on their hands. It is now quoted at one per cent. discount. Scrips of the Dominion of Canada and Montreal loans declined one-eighth.

Canadian Pacific was one of the most unsatisfactory features of the day dropping 2 to 2 1/2. There was a depressed feeling in evidence for traction securities but little variation in prices.

Grit Member for North Oxford Balks on Free Implements Question.

TROUBLE IN THE RANKS OF THE OPPOSITION

None Willing to Move Amendment, Laurier Himself Will Have to—Decay of Party More Evident Each Day.

Ottawa, Ont., April 23.—The decay of the opposition has not been so apparent since they were defeated in 1911, as during the present debate on the budget. All session they have shown themselves indecisive, heartless and despondent, but today they are in the throes of political decay.

When the budget debate started, A. K. MacLean talked for hours but moved no amendment. He found it hard to swallow some of the free trade doctrines of his leader and the majority of his party. He declared himself in favor of free food, free wheat and free agricultural implements, but he refused to move any amendments which would pin him down to these views.

Speaker after speaker followed but no amendment came and now we're told that Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself will have to move the amendment tomorrow night and that a vote will be taken soon. The troubles within the party on the free trade principles of a few of the leaders of the opposition are apparent and today the fact was in the air when E. N. Nesbitt, the Liberal leader for North Oxford, announced that he was in favor of free agricultural implements. He said he would reduce the duty seven per cent, that is two per cent. more than the government has done, but as to cutting the duty off altogether he would not consent to that. The Liberal free traders have avoided speaking in the debate for the most part, but the important point is that for weeks his budget debate has been in progress and the Liberal party is so decadent that they have been unable to move one single amendment as yet. The like of it is not remembered by any living parliamentarian. The Liberal party indeed has fallen upon evil times. They are at war with themselves.

Premier Borden, who returned to the capital today after a fortnight's rest in the South, told Mr. Edmund Frouke, of Fredericton, at the opening of the Commons today that the government had received a copy of the resolution of the Vancouver County Orange Lodge in reference to home rule. He thought that if the minister had been called upon to express any opinion in regard to the contents of that resolution.

The Minister of Militia told Mr. J. H. Sinclair that the total cost of armories and drill halls throughout Canada, built or building, from October 10, 1911, to December 31st, 1913, was \$1,963,000.

The budget debate was resumed by E. W. Nesbitt of North Oxford, who criticized the Finance Minister for his loans during the past year. He thought that if the minister had been more energetic in curtailing his expenditure he would have got along with considerably less borrowing.

Mr. Nesbitt said that if the late Liberal administration had done no more than to give the farmers free corn, free binder twine and free wire fencing they would deserve credit. But they had done much more for they had introduced the British preference. It was not possible, however, to change nature by tariffs. It was natural for Canada to trade with the United States. "No matter what we do," he said, "we will naturally follow the Yankee."

Dealing with the new steel duties, he said that the changes had undoubtedly been made at the solicitation of the steel corporations. But if the industry were suited to this country the millions that had been paid in bounties should have been sufficient to firmly establish them. He thought that corporations of all kinds should be made to submit their prospectuses to some competent authority.

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