

## WAS TOO MERCIFUL

It Was the Late Shah's Clemency That Brought Upon Him His Assassination.

His Murderer Was a Criminal Whom He Pardoned Several Times and Pensions.

The Act Was the Result of an Old Conspiracy Commenced in Constantinople.

Teheran, May 4.—It has been definitely ascertained that the assassin of the late Shah of Persia, Nasr-ed-Din, is Mollah Reza, a follower of the well known agitator, Sheikh Jem Aladdin, who was exiled in 1891, after having been convicted of high treason. Reza was also pardoned subsequently. After his release he continued his attacks upon the government, was again imprisoned and once more released, and actually granted a pension by the Shah. In spite of the clemency shown him, Reza continued his agitation against the government, and when warned that he would again be arrested suddenly left the city. He was next heard of in Constantinople, and instructions were telegraphed to that city to have the Persian agitator closely watched. A Russian agitator from Constantinople advised the government here that Reza was corresponding with Sheikh Jem Aladdin, and it is there that the plans for the assassination of the Shah are believed to have been laid. About two months ago Reza quietly left Constantinople, and for some time all trace of him was lost, but recently his presence has been known to the police authorities, who are now blamed for not having caused his arrest. They excused themselves on the ground that the late Shah's clemency to the assassin was exercised under the belief, founded on the report of physicians, that Reza was of unsound mind and not responsible for his actions. Consequently it was believed that if he was taken into custody once more it would only have been to be released again by the Shah's orders. The police therefore contented themselves with watching the Persian agitator.

Since his arrest for the murder of the Shah Reza has been closely questioned by the judicial authorities. At first he professed to have acted entirely on his own account and in the interests of his people, to whom, he claimed, reforms to which they were justly entitled had been refused. Later, however, the prisoner confessed that the assassination of the Shah was the outcome of a deliberate and long planned conspiracy, and that he was chosen to do the deed. He added that he waited for two months for a favorable chance to show the Shah, which confirmed the authorities in their belief that the conspiracy was hatched in Constantinople, as it is about two months since Reza left that city for Teheran. The assassin also admitted upon many occasions that he succeeded in approaching the Shah without serious disguises, but that it was not until Friday last that he was near enough to fire the fatal shot. The murderer is believed to have a number of accomplices. He has already admitted that there were eight persons in the conspiracy. Two of these, it is believed, are the prisoner's nieces. Both are domestics, employed until made prisoners in the harem of the Shah. Reza confessed that the girls kept the conspirators posted regarding the movements of the Shah. Friday, the morning after the assassination was informed that the Shah intended to visit the shrine of Sultan Abdul Hazziz. Reza then decided to make another attempt to get near enough to his majesty to shoot him with a revolver.

Reza informed the authorities that he intended to commit suicide by blowing up the shrine with dynamite. He also told that he had killed the Shah, but, he added, he was seized and disarmed before he could carry out his intentions. The enthronement of the new Shah, Mozaffer-ed-Din, at Teheran on Saturday, was accomplished without any disorder being recorded. His majesty started shortly after for the city to attend the funeral of his father, whose body has been embalmed and will be interred at Koom. The new Shah has also been proclaimed here by the chief priest by order of the grand vizier, who has guaranteed to maintain order pending the arrival of his majesty. Telegrams announcing the allegiance of the governor, the prince's ministers and officials, are being received from all parts of the country.

The new Shah's elder brother, Massoud Mirza, governor of Isfahan, was one of the first to profess allegiance to the new Shah. No ground whatever has been found for the report that he was in any way connected with the fatal conspiracy. Massoud Mirza, in fact, sent a second telegram congratulating the Shah upon being notified that he was confirmed as governor of Teheran. The grand vizier has also been confirmed, with the exception of some disturbance upon the part of the troops at Shiraz, who asked for arrears of pay, there have been no disorders, and none are apprehended.

The prisoner, later, made a full confession, admitting that the conspirators also planned to murder the grand vizier. It is also believed that the plot was more widespread than Reza even knew, and it is admitted that some time must elapse before all the facts of the case are made public.

**PROPERTY TRANSFERRED.**  
Ballington Booth Squared Up Everything Before Leaving.

New York, May 4.—An important announcement to the Salvationists and their friends was made by Brigadier General Ballington Booth, who left for the west yesterday, the command-

der, Ballington Booth, of the American Volunteers, formally transferred to all the property of the Salvation Army in the United States. There was no friction in the matter at all. The preliminary legal steps and other preparations for the actual transfer had been going on for some time, and all that was necessary was to go through the formality that completed that transaction. The property includes the fourteenth street headquarters building and every item of property which stood in the name of Ballington Booth and was acquired by the Salvation Army when he was formerly commander. Ballington Booth made no objection to signing over the property.

## GLADIATORS WON.

Victoria Loses the First Baseball Game of the Series to Portland.

Amities and Wellingtons to Play at Caledonia Grounds Next Saturday.

Portland, Ore., May 4.—The opening game here of the new Pacific league was played yesterday at Portland field on muddy grounds with threatening weather and a slim attendance. The Gladiators won, the Chappies being turned down by a score of 10 to 4, and the bleachers were satisfied. Considering the condition of the field, it was a fine article of ball that was put up, and made the fans begin to hunger for the time when the field will be dry and fast and the race for the pennant close. Those who saw it were satisfied with the game, which was played under very unfavorable circumstances, and the outlook for the season. Had it been certain that the game would have been played there would have been at least two thousand people in attendance. Both Balz and Darby pitched good ball yesterday, but they had to use plenty of rosin. Balz had better control, though, than the Chappies' twirler. Whalen, the Chappies' first baseman, showed himself a hard hitter and good fielder. But yesterday was hardly the kind of day to show up the men owing to the condition of the field. The postponed game between the Chappies and the Gladiators is to be played off this afternoon, weather permitting.

**LEAGUE STANDING.**

	Won.	Lost.
Seattle	1	0
Portland	1	0
Tacoma	0	1
Victoria	0	1

The interest taken in the American national game this season augurs well for the permanency of the support that will be accorded to it in this city, and the game between Saturday and the Wellington nine and the local amateur ball tossers, the Amities, although it can hardly be expected to excite the enthusiasm from the cranks which a professional game invariably draws, will nevertheless be watched with great interest by all those who take a legitimate pride in the exploits and skill of their fellow townsmen. The Amities, it is true, did not make a remarkable showing against the professional team in their first game of the season, but their work was good enough to elicit from their opponents, eminently qualified to give a valuable opinion, that the Amities were one of the best amateur teams west of the Rockies. As amateurs their work was hampered, and if they succeed in defeating during the season the nines picked from the neighboring cities of this province they will have deserved the good will of Victoria. Ball playing requires practice, and under the guidance of their new manager, Mr. C. N. Gowen, every member of the team has been compelled to put his shoulder to the wheel to get into shape. Practice, practice, practice, is his cry all the time, and before the season is over the improvement made by them will show what a good live manager can do with a team whose personnel consists of material as good as the Amity men. Many a valuable pointer they have gained by watching the practice work of the professional players and commencing with next Saturday, they will in all likelihood go through the season with an unbeaten record, thus securing for Victoria the double championship of the Northwest, amateur and professional.

**ATHLETICS.**  
San Francisco, May 2.—The University of California athletic team will leave on May 9 on their eastern tour. They will play Union college May 16, Cambridge May 23, Inter-collegiate and Pennsylvania May 30 and June 3, respectively, and in the western inter-collegiate events at Chicago on June 6th.

**THE WHEEL.**  
San Francisco, May 2.—The national bicycle racing circuit of 1896 was inaugurated in Oakland yesterday in connection with the floral carnival. The attendance was over 12,000, and the track, which was a mile track, was very rough and a strong wind blew in the face of the riders on the home stretch. The professional race brought out a dozen men hailing from all parts of the country, but the honors fell to the California boys. The two mile handicap was won by John Edwards, of this city, and the mile open by Wilbur J. Edwards, Santa Jose, who easily defeated Clinton P. Coulter. There was an exhibition mile ridden on the sextuple in 1:58, which, considering the condition of the track and the heavy wind, was remarkable time.

There were about 25 present last evening when the Victoria Wheelmen's Club celebrated the opening of the new rooms. An informal musical programme, in which Mr. J. Dobson, Miss Penwell, Mr. Kent, Mrs. J. Kent, and Mr. Powell took part, was gone through with, and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

**THE TURE.**  
Chicago, May 4.—News has been received of the death in Philadelphia of William H. Doble, the oldest driver of trotters in the world, and father of a family of nine, and chief among whom is Budd Doble, who has driven two different horses to the champion record, William H. Doble was 78 years old. He was the first man to drive a trotter better than Dexter's record of 2:17 1/4. He beat it with Goldenrod Maid.

## ROBINSON REPLEATES

The Governor of Cape Colony Denies All Knowledge of the Transvaal Raid.

And Mr. Chamberlain in the House of Commons To-Day Publicly Exonerates Him.

Friends of Hammond Getting Up a Congressional Petition in His Favor.

Cape Town, May 4.—A dispatch received here from Mafeking, in King Khama's country, announces the arrival of 300 troops under Col. Plumer, forming the first detachment of the relief corps bound for Bulawayo. This body of men has now accomplished about one-third of the journey to the beleaguered town.

London, May 4.—At the request of the house of state for the colonies, in the house today, Mr. Henry Labouchere agreed to postpone until Thursday all questions regarding the publication of the Pretoria cryptograms, and in regard to the action which the government proposed to take towards the British Chartered South Africa Company and its directors.

Washington City, May 4.—P. W. Jewell and wife, of Johannesburg, and Attorney G. F. Slow, accompanied by the president Saturday regarding the case of John Hays Hammond. Mr. and Mrs. Jewell are going direct to Cape Town to intercede with the president in behalf of Mr. Hammond, and will carry a congressional petition started by Senator Stewart. The Jewells said to the president that the first thing that President Kruger would ask would be if they had seen the president of the United States, and they had. Mr. and Mrs. Jewell are well acquainted with President Kruger and wife. President Cleveland was much interested in what they had to say, and expressed appreciation of their coming with affairs arising his country. He also expressed the hope that the mission of Mr. and Mrs. Jewell will be successful.

Mr. Chamberlain, replying to a question, said he had received a telegram from the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, with reference to the cryptograms, as follows: "I cannot state too explicitly, I never received from any one the slightest hint of what was about to occur, and the news of the invasion of Dr. Jameson came like a bolt out of the blue sky. Should there be any insinuation to the contrary, I rely upon you to protect my character in my absence." Mr. Chamberlain added that he had explicit confidence in the statement of Sir Hercules Robinson, and he, Mr. Chamberlain, never for a moment believed the rumors.

When Mr. Chamberlain was questioned about the cryptogram from Johannesburg urging that the raid be postponed until Cecil Rhodes had pledged the imperial government not to assert authority over the Transvaal in the event of success, Mr. Chamberlain replied that Mr. Rhodes had no authority to pledge the imperial government, and he was not aware that Mr. Rhodes had done so.

**COMPETITOR'S CAPTURE.**  
Thirty Members of the Expedition Succeeded in Escaping.

New York, May 4.—A dispatch to the World from Havana says:

Consul General Williams has not yet obtained a list of the five prisoners captured in the American schooner Competitor. Laborde and Milton are American citizens.

The former wrote a letter to Mr. Williams, asking him to come and see him, but neither Williams nor Laborde's lawyer has yet gained access to him. The prisoners are at the arsenal undergoing examination before the judge of instruction preliminary to a summary naval court martial. The whole proceedings will not last more than one or two days.

Under the treaty American citizens caught with arms in their hands are entitled to be represented by counsel. The Spanish authorities say that the Competitor was ordered to show her colors and to land her arms. The vessel had been thrown overboard. The question of piracy may be raised, otherwise the prisoners are ordinary prisoners of war.

Six of the party were shot by the marines of the Mensagera. One of the killed is said to have been Quesada. According to the list found on the Competitor there were forty-three members of the expedition. Two were captured on land on their way to Havana. This makes seven prisoners altogether. The Spaniards found a printed proclamation to the people, signed by Laborde. Thirty members of the expedition escaped. Their leader's name is Monsos.

**YET ANOTHER RAILROAD.**  
Subjected to Foreclosure Proceedings by the Mortgage Bond Holders.

Philadelphia, May 4.—Judge Acheson, in the United States circuit court on Saturday, signed the decree of foreclosure of the Philadelphia & Reading railway company, and the Reading coal and iron company.

**AFTERMATH OF SPECULATION.**  
Heavy Law Suit in Spokane For Compensation and Damages.

Seattle, Wash., May 4.—Papers in a sensational suit in the United States supreme court have been served. The suit is by T. G. Deltman, a prominent real estate dealer of Spokane, against the Northern Pacific railway company. In his statement of claim he tells in full

the story of some gigantic frauds practiced by the late Paul Schulz in connection with the sale of lands adjacent to Spokane. Deltman asks for the return of \$32,000, of which he says he was deliberately defrauded; for \$114,000 damages which he claims to have suffered by reason of false representations, and a further sum of \$50,000, which he claims was paid out on promissory notes signed on behalf of the road.

**SHE HORSEWHIPPED IAGO.**  
Guy Lindsey Belabored by a Woman He Ceased To Love.

Columbus, O., May 4.—In the theatre of Othello, by the Louis J. James company, at the High street theatre, on Saturday night, James' leading man, Guy Lindsey, was horsewhipped on the stage in full view of the audience by a woman who leaped at the moment from one of the boxes, while he had been standing speechless on the stage, while Lindsey, recognizing his assailant, rose to his feet, stammering to James, "This is Georgia, St. Louis," while the audience was wild with excitement.

Without the least interference being made the woman continued to belabor Lindsey about the head and shoulders. Finally some one ran the curtain down and a policeman rushed in and pressed the woman under arrest. The play proceeded with the rest of that act omitted. After the play Lindsey said he had known the woman for some time, and at one time they were quite friendly. He had been annoyed by her and was unable to get rid of her attentions. She said Lindsey was formerly her lover and that he had arranged to be married, but the time was never set. Under the influence of his mother and brother he had discarded her. His people were very aristocratic and did not like her because she was a country girl originally. She scorn had so enraged her that she had come directly from St. Louis to administer this flogging. She showed a number of letters written to her by Lindsey, the earliest of which were full of love, but the later ones telling her they must break off their relations.

## IT IS BELIEVED

That Pope Leo Has Urged Spain to Accept American Mediation in Cuban Affairs.

Establishment of Autonomy Would Not Be Playing Into the Insurgents' Hands.

New York, May 4.—A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says:

Despite denials from official circles that the Pope, through the nuncio here, has urged Spain to accept American mediation in Cuban affairs, there is an impression, especially among military men and Cuban representatives, that the report is true.

It is considered certain here that the explosion in the governor-general's palace in Havana was caused by separatists. Those in Cuba, and also those in Paris, have made no secret lately of their intention to try to put General Weyler out of the way.

Senor Arilla, president of the Planters' club, of Havana, on landing at Havana, made this statement:

"It is a great mistake to suppose that the early establishment of autonomy would be playing into the hands of the rebels. The Cuban planters believe Spain could have saved herself any sacrifice of men and money if the home rule law had been put into force twelve months ago.

"Public opinion in Cuba is almost unanimously in favor of the reforms, if sincerely carried out. Only the union constitutional party in Havana is opposed to the reforms, and that is because of the expense of Cuba and Spain oppose home rule. All the planters and agriculturists would welcome reforms which would reconcile insular and peninsular prejudices and interests and convince the colonies that the home government really intended to give the West Indies decent reforms.

"Spain will undoubtedly triumph, but if the war is prolonged Cuba is sure to be ruined. When it can no longer meet its financial engagements, the Spanish treasury must then undertake to meet them."

A special from Rome to the Herald says:

Nothing is known at the Spanish embassy here regarding the alleged mediation of the Pope in the Cuban question. Cardinal Galimberti is seriously ill, suffering from an affection of the larynx.

A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says:

Antonio Maceo is anxious to cross the straits and unite with General Gomez. He is said to find it difficult to find provisions in Pinar del Rio sufficient to supply his army. It was proposed that the men who are natives of the province, mainly whites, surrender their horses to the men he took there, thereby all of whom are negroes, and also give them nearly all their scant supplies and ammunition, as hard fighting is expected in crossing the trocha. Objections were made on every side, and no attempt was made to carry out the plan.

Maid, May 4.—Senor Mera, deputy for Cuba, speaking at Seville, declared that Spain's natural policy was an alliance with France and America. "The Cuban war, he said, if prolonged, meant ruin for Spain, and there would be renewed struggles unless reforms for Cuba were conceded. Local autonomy, he said, was indispensable.

**CASE OF A FILIBUSTER.**  
Washington, D. C., May 4.—In the supreme court today the solicitor general moved to advance for hearing this term the case of Weiberg v. the United States, convicted of aiding a military expedition in aid of Cuba in violation of the neutral laws, and stating that the expedition of the case was desired by the president and secretary of state. The motion was resisted and the case went over until to-morrow.

## SIMPLY A CONTROLLER

That, the Imported Premier Thinks, Is Good Enough for British Columbia.

To Compensate for It He Makes His Son Also Subordinate to a Cabinet Minister.

Sir Mackenzie's Lonely Outgoing From "Nest of Traitors" Into Private Life.

Ottawa, May 4.—Orders in council were passed by the new government on Saturday making Col. Prior controller of inland revenue and John F. Wood controller of customs. They are both appointed under the old statute as subordinates of the Hon. Mr. Ives, minister of trade and commerce.

An order in council was also passed making Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper solicitor-general.

Colonel Lamont, secretary of war of the United States, was here to-day on his way up the Gatineau on the lookout for some good fishing.

When the experimental shipment of lobsters is being conveyed to the Pacific a consignment of live tommy cod will be sent to the Territories and be placed in one of the saline lakes there as an experiment.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell left on Saturday for Belleville. His leave taking was a very lonely affair, as only three of his friends saw him off.

Chief Justice Allan, of New Brunswick, has resigned.

C. M. Beecher, of New Westminster, has interviewed Sir Charles Tupper. Hon. Mr. Foster and Hon. Mr. Prior to urge that some protection be granted to the lumber industry on the Pacific coast.

Hon. Mr. Daly will fulfil an engagement to address the Sons of Ontario at Chicago next Wednesday.

Mr. Metcalfe, M. P., will be warden of the Kingston penitentiary.

Liberal stock in this province has gone up with a bound now that Sir Oliver Mowat has entered the field and joined Mr. Laurier.

**IT SUITS HILDRETH EXACTLY.**  
The Twenty-Fifth Psalm Fully Expresses His Feelings.

Rome, N. Y., May 4.—Members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union visited the boy train wreckers in jail yesterday, when the boys joined heartily in singing "Where He Leads Me I will follow." Hildreth read the 25th Psalm, and said it expressed his feelings exactly. The jury attended the Universalist church in the forenoon and the Presbyterian church in the evening.

The court convened at 9:30 this morning. Detective Latham, of the Central railroad, told of Arnot's fleeing Hildreth exactly, giving him the subsequent arrest of Hildreth by Latham and Officer Keating. The officer was shown the hat containing Hildreth's name, and he identified it. It was said that in the police station Chief Hagerty said to Hildreth: "Now, boy, you have been in bad company. Tell me the story truly, and if there is any sympathy you will probably get it." Then it was told how Hildreth related all to the chief, implicating himself and three companions, Bristol, Hubbard and Platon, in the wrecking of the train, which corroborated the detail testimony of Chief Hagerty as to the confession of Hildreth, and that he wanted to make a statement. He said he did, knowing it was to be used against him. Hildreth told the clerk how the plan was made, that it was done for the purpose of robbing the dead passengers, and all other details connected with the wreck.

**MGR. SATOLLI DECLINES**  
To Accede To the Wishes of Catholics in Connecticut.

Danielson, Conn., May 4.—The French Canadians here, in the fight for a priest of their own in St. James' Catholic church, have for the second time appealed to Cardinal Satolli. His reply was forwarded through the bishop of the priest and read publicly at mass on Sunday by Father Saquet. In the letter the cardinal says that he has the trouble to inform himself of the particulars of the affair since he last treated it, and he found that he had nothing to add to what he wrote last year. He said that the course taken had been far from commendable and little in keeping with Catholic Christian life, and concluded as follows: "I can only say your duty now is to show yourselves good Catholics, submit to the government of your bishop, attend strictly to your own affairs, return to the church as Catholics, where you will find peace, and success will follow."

Leading Canadians state that they will send a delegate to Rome in spite of this decision.

**DO NOT DREAD DIPHTHERIA**  
Any More, for the X Rays Will Kill the Bacteria.

Chicago, April 30.—An X ray will kill bacteria of diphtheria. The electrical department of the University of Missouri, at Columbia, announces that after extensive experiments, diphtheria germs had been killed by the Roentgen light. Professor Harry Preston Pratt and Professor Hugh Wightman, of Chicago, first gave to the scientific world the positive assertion that disease germs in the human body could be killed by the use of X rays, and this confirmation of their own pioneer work was extremely gratifying.

But a week ago they gave the result of their experiments which were received with some doubt by eastern scientists and with much skepticism in Chicago. To the doctors and scientists who criticized the possibility of the Chicago discovery being true, the confirmatory report of the University of Missouri will come as a surprise.

Professor Roentgen himself when told by cable of the Chicago investigation and the result, replied that he had expected the experiments to result as they did. The X ray, he said, was a germicide. The University of Missouri joins Chicago in sustaining the discovery. The following gives the details of the university's work:

"The Roentgen ray will cure diphtheria by killing the bacillus which causes that disease. This is the discovery which the electrical department of the University of Missouri announces to-day. Experiments have been carried on for some time in the electrical laboratory to test the effect of the famous ray upon the diphtheria bacillus.

"The germs were prepared by Professor Hickman of the bacteriological department and subjected to the influence of the rays for two hours.

"The microscopic examination showed that the diphtheria bacillus had almost entirely disappeared. The arrangement of the testing apparatus is different from the ordinary method. Further experiments will be made at once. If they continue successful the cure of diphtheria by the application of the Roentgen rays to the afflicted throat will become part of medical practice."

**THE STANFORD ESTATE.**  
A Big Inheritance Tax—The University Bequest Paid.

San Francisco, May 4.—Mrs. Jane Stanford, an executrix of the estate of Senator Stanford, has been ordered by Judge Coffey to pay into the city treasury the sum of \$235,750, the amount assessed against the estate for the collateral inheritance tax. The attorneys for the estate have given notice of appeal to the supreme court.

Mrs. Stanford on Wednesday last turned over to the trustees of Stanford university \$2,500,000, the amount of Senator Stanford's bequest to Stanford university. The amount given to the trustees by Mrs. Stanford was in railroad bonds, which pay interest at the rate of \$10,000 a month. It costs \$5,000 a month to run the university, and Mrs. Stanford will make up the deficit from her personal estate. The great ranches, which also belong to the university, do not do more than pay expenses, and the institution will probably derive no income from them for several years.

**THE DRUMMER WAS DRUNK.**  
And Hasn't Been Seen Since the Big Cripple Creek Fire.

Cripple Creek, Colo., May 4.—It is stated that a shoe drummer, supposed to represent the Standard Shoe company, of Cincinnati, while stopping at the Portland hotel, was seen to enter his room in an inebriated condition half an hour before the big fire started and has not been seen since. Two of his trunks, marked "S. S. Company, Cincinnati," which were saved from the building, have been chained. The rains will be searched to-day.

**TURKISH PRESS CENSORSHIP.**  
Newspapers in Constantinople Suffer Severe Official Restrictions.

Constantinople, May 4.—The newspapers here were authorized to announce the death of the Shah of Persia without stating the cause. One newspaper states that the Shah was out for a walk, felt unwell, and died suddenly. Some apprehension is felt here in official circles owing to the fact that the assassin formerly lived in this city, from which place he is believed to have fled with Sheikh Jem Aladdin, who is credited with having planned the murder of both the Shah and the Grand Vizier of Persia.

**CANADIAN CATTLE TRADE.**  
Home Government to Further Investigate Pleuro-Pneumonia Question.

London, May 4.—Mr. Walter Long, president of the board of agriculture, answering a question in the house of commons to-day, said that in spite of the request of the government of the Dominion of Canada, the home government would make further investigation into the subject of pleuro-pneumonia in Canadian cattle, and that the government could not alter its decision until such investigation had been held. The government would not appoint a commission for that purpose.

**MOTHER UPCHURCH BURIED.**  
Impressive Funeral Services Over the Remains at St. Louis Yesterday.

St. Louis, Mo., May 4.—The funeral of Mother Upchurch, widow of the founder of the A.O.U.W., took place yesterday at the A.O.U.W. hall. The body was brought from Steelville, Mo., and escorted to the Masonic hall by a guard of select knights of the A.O.U.W. Grand Marshal John A. Martin conducted the services and there were present a large number of friends and relatives of the deceased. At the conclusion of the services the body was escorted to Bellefontaine cemetery for interment by select knights in full uniform of the members of the grand and supreme lodges.

**ANOTHER LITTLE WAR ENDED.**  
Insurgents in Nicaragua Surrender to President Zelaya.

Managua, May 4.—The president of the rebels, Gen. Baca, sent a committee of foreign merchants of Leon to President Zelaya and to the American minister Lewis Baker, who arranged for terms of peace. President Zelaya demanded an unconditional surrender. This was finally agreed to, and the government troops with flying colors entered Leon today and took possession of the insurgents, who surrendered all of their ammunition. The rebel leaders, their president and their various ministers left the country to save their lives. Minister Baker has officially notified the United States minister Baker that the war was ended, and that peace has been established. The port of Corinto will be opened to commerce in a few days. It is expected that the American cruiser Alert will sail north soon.

Washington City, May 4.—According to a telegram from Managua, Nicaragua, received from private sources, the rebellion which has raged in that country for the past four months was brought to an end by the surrender last night of the rebel forces, whose quarters were at Leon. There are hints that further trouble may ensue, however, unless considerable concessions are made by President Zelaya to the Conservative element. During the rebellion, which was caused by the demands of a large element in the Liberal party now in power, upon President Zelaya, which he refused to concede, the Conservative element by the president, exacting certain conditions as the price of their support.