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the diftrict of Quebec, previous to making obfervations upon the proceedings held fubfequent to the 23d of June, in order to remove the prejudices which that narrative, fo unfeafonably made, may have excited in the minds of the public, and the better to enable Lord Dorchefter, or others, to whom it may be fubmitted, to form an adequate opinion of the nature and motives of this inveftigation, think it incumbent on them to ftate, as concifely as poffible, the events that have taken place in the province fince the conqueft of it, at leaft as far as they relate to the laws and adminiftration of juffice in it.

Though Canada was conquered by his Majefty's arms in the fall 1760, Administration in England did not interfere with the interior government of it till the year 1763. It remained during that period divided as formerly into three districts, under the feparate command of military officers, who established in their respective districts military courts, under different forms indeed, but in which, according to the policy observed in wise nations towards a conquered people, the laws and usage of Canada were observed as the rule of decision.

His Majesty, with a view to encourage settlers from Europe and America to resort to Canada,