The growth of the industrial interests of the country may be followed in the subjoined table.

,	1871.	1881.	1891.
Number of establishments	 	49,923	75,768 \$ 353,836,817
Capital invested	 \$ 77,964,020 (389,820,100 fr.)	\$ 165,302,623 (826,513,115 fr.)	(1,769,184,085 fr.)
Number of employes .	 187,942	254,935	367,865
Wages paid	 \$ 40,851,6\); (204,255,(95 fr.)	\$ 59,429,002 (297,145,010 fr.)	\$ 99,762,441 (498,812,205 fr.)
Cost of raw material	 \$ 124,9%7,846 (624,539,230 fr.)	\$ 179,918,593 (899,592,965 fr.)	\$ 255,983,219 (1,279,916,095 fr.)
Value of products	 \$ 221,617,773 (1,108,088,865 fr.)	\$ 309,676,068 (1,548,380,340 fr.)	\$ 475,445,705 (2,377,228,525 fr.)

In 1894 British Columbia had 770 establishments with an output valued at 11,999,928 dollars (50,999,640 francs); Manitoba 1,051, with an output of 10,155,182 dollars (50,575,910 francs), and the Territories 575, with an output of 1,827,510 dollars (9,456,550 francs).

British Columbia had 59 establishments each producing to the value of 50,000 dollars (250,000 franes) and over, against 45 establishments in 1881, and 48 producing to the value of 100,000 dollars (500,000 franes) and over against 4 in 1881.

· Manitoba had 39 establishments each producing to the value of 50,000 dollars (250,000 franes) and over, against 15 in 1881, and 16 establishments whose output was 100,000 dollars (500,000 franes) and over, against 5 in 1881.

The Territories had 7 establishments each producing to the value of 50,000 dollars (250,000 francs) and over, there having been none in 1881: of these 5 produced to the value of 400,000 dollars (500,000 francs) and over.

Of the total number of establishments in Canada, 1,675 had an output of 50,000 dollars (250,000 franes) and over; 899 of 50,000 to 400,000 dollars (250,000 to 500,000 franes); 776 of 400,000 dollars (500,000 franes), and two produced 1,000,000 dollars (5 million franes) and over.

In 4891 there were 25,552 persons engaged in steam railway employment, of whom 4,204 were locomotive engineers and firemen. There were 15,417 miners, of whom 5,660 were in Nova Scotia, and 4,591 in British Columbia; 12,519 lumbermen and raftsmen, of whom 1,512 were in Nova Scotia, 4,240 in New Brunswick, and 4,419 in British Columbia, and 27,079 fishermen, of whom 14,478 were in Nova Scotia, 2,926 in New Brunswick, and 5,798 in British Columbia.

Statistics of development in other directions can be given for a date considerably more recent than that of the last census, and the following for the year ended on the 30th of June 1894 will furnish suggestive information almost up to the present date.