

The specimen on which Linnæus based his original description, is of the low, trailing form, and I believe is now in the British Museum.

WM. BRODIE.

NOTES FROM MUSKOKA.

Botrychium ternatum intermedium GRAY.—This is somewhat rare in this locality, and found only when sought in secluded places, under cover of bushes generally, always in damp, mossy ground. The largest specimen I have found (September 28, 1892) measures 9' in height; the average is about 6'. The spores ripen about the end of September.

Ophioglossum vulgatum L. P.L. 12735. On September 28, 1892, I found a small patch of this plant growing among raspberry bushes, on the south side of a rocky hill. There were about a dozen plants growing close together, and averaging 8' in height. I secured three, the remainder being yellow and in various stages of decay. Last year I looked for them, but there was not half the number. I know that no one had removed them.

Habenaria tridentata Hook. P.L. 10079. On June 20, 1892, I found about half a dozen specimens growing on the margin of an ice-cold spring, in a dark cedar swamp. The largest among them measured 7' in height, the smaller ones 4' to 5'. These are the only specimens I have ever seen.

Habenaria orbiculata Torr. P.L. 10072. This is exceedingly rare; indeed, I only know of five specimens having been found in this vicinity, three of which I collected myself. These I have found in dry, shady woods, occupying a space clear from other small herbage. I have one before me now, which measures 14' in height, and bears twelve perfect blossoms. The leaves are $4\frac{3}{4}$ ' in diameter.

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