

# The Huron Signal

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

AT THE OFFICE:  
NORTH-STREET, GODERICH.

It is a wide-awake local newspaper, devoted to county news and the dissemination of useful knowledge.

**RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:**  
\$1.50 a year; 75c. for six months; 40c. for three months. If the subscription is not paid in advance, subscription will be charged at the rate of \$2.00 a year.

**ADVERTISING RATES:**  
Legal and other casual advertisements, 5c. per line for first insertion, and 3c. per line for each subsequent insertion. Measured by a standard scale.  
Local notices in non-parial type 5c. per line.  
Local notices in ordinary reading type 10c. per word.  
Business cards of six lines and under \$5 per year.

Advertisements of Lost, Found, Strayed, Situations Vacant, Situation Wanted and Business Chances Wanted, not exceeding 8 lines non-parial \$1 per month.  
Houses on Sale and Farms on Sale, not to exceed 8 lines, \$1 for first month, 50c. per subsequent month. Larger ads in proportion.  
Any special notice, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual or company, to be considered an advertisement and charged accordingly.  
These terms will in all cases be strictly adhered to.

Special rates for larger advertisements, or advertisements for extended periods, made known at the office of publication.

## JOBBER DEPARTMENT.

A full equipped Jobbing Office is carried on in connection with the ordinary newspaper business, where first-class work is turned out at reasonable rates. Everything in the printing line can be done on the premises from an illuminated poster to a visiting card.

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It is in the mild September, and a fall overcoat is not out of place.

What's the matter with Mr. Hugh Macdonald that his father doesn't get a baronetcy?

Some of the good people in the vicinity of the warlike editors ought to sit upon the bellows and blow the excitement of discussing the retaliatory measure of President Cleveland continues. The editor of the London, Eng., Standard and Sam Hughes, of the Lind say Warbler, should be taken in hand at once or they will get us into international difficulties. Rather than have trouble, we would suggest that the two editors named, be put into a hall with old Senator Riddellberger and John Finerty of Chicago, and allowed to settle the difference between them.

The latest freak of tariff stupidity came to light recently when one of the Canadian Wimbledon team undertook to bring from the Old Land a trophy which he had won. He was stopped at the Canadian customs house and made to pay \$25 in hard cash for the privilege of bringing home the trophy. Several of the team who arrived with him had also won prizes, but as these were in cash, no action was taken by the customs officer. To be consistent the tax collectors at the port of entry should have levied tribute on all the prizes won at Wimbledon, or on none at all.

The elevation to the position of baronet, which was recently the portion of Sir Charles Tupper, once more makes Sir John Macdonald take second place amongst the titled ones of Canada. His first superior was Sir George Cartier, who received the baronetcy because he would not take the inferior title. The title of baronet is hereditary, and descends to the eldest son in the direct line of issue, and Thibault, in his "Life of Sir Charles Tupper," states that when the Colonial Secretary, objected to confer the title upon Sir George Cartier, on the ground of its hereditary, the astute Sir Charles Tupper pointed out that Sir George was an old man without a son, and for that reason the honor would not become a fixture. Sir Charles Tupper, however, has no lack of male issue, and the name is likely to be perpetuated in Young Charles Tupper when the elder is gathered to his fathers. For

THE S. S. CHARLES TUPPER.  
A - Young Charles Tupper  
B - Sir Charles Tupper  
C - Sir Charles Tupper  
D - Sir Charles Tupper  
E - Sir Charles Tupper  
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Y - Sir Charles Tupper  
Z - Sir Charles Tupper

LAST session the duty on small fruits was remitted by the Government, and some of the Ministerial crabs attempted to claim credit for the action. Recently a duty was put upon the fruit crates and baskets, and although the amount thus collected is small, the inconvenience and annoyance incident to its collection is great. Either the Government was right in placing fruit on the free list or they were not. If right, then the imposition of the duty on the boxes is wrong. If the tax on the boxes is right, then the Government might as well have retained the original duty on the fruit. The paterfamilias of the later phase of taxation was not guessed at, until Mr. John Charles Rickett, of Lincoln, published a statement that the little scheme had developed in his brain. The hero of the Louis Sanle episode has surely dropped down to small deals if he wants credit for the imposition of the tax on fruit baskets.

## THE RETALIATION ACT.

A number of our contemporaries, Reform and Conservative are in a state of mind because President Cleveland has seen fit to send a message to Congress asking for powers of retaliation against Canada, should the laws that now prevail in the matter of the fisheries be enforced by the latter.

Last year an effort was made to straighten out the anomalies which exist on the fisheries question, and an arrangement was come to between the plenipotentiaries who had the matter in hand. The treaty agreed to was recently submitted to Congress, and was refused ratification by the Republican majority in the Senate, on a purely partisan vote. President Cleveland's message for retaliation was then prepared and submitted, but at the time of writing it would seem that the additional powers asked for by the President will not be granted by the Republican majority in the Senate.

That is the substance of the case in a nutshell, and why our conferees should be eloquently wrathful over the matter is something we cannot understand. If the old treaty worked against the interests of the American fishermen, and Brother Jonathan was getting the worst of the bargain, it was right and proper that a new one should be arranged. This was the opinion of the British and American Governments when the Fisheries Commission was appointed last year. If, after a new treaty had been agreed to by the Commissioners, it was rejected by a majority of the Senate, on purely partisan grounds, small blame can attach to the President if he seeks other methods to neutralize the efforts of his opponents to make party capital out of the rejection of the treaty.

At present Canada is all right and its interests cannot be materially interfered with, but a hot pot has been set a-bubbling over on the other side of the line, which will not cool off until after the Presidential election. President Cleveland has shown that he is able to checkmate the plans of his opponents, and that on no occasion and under no circumstances will he hesitate to do so.

But there is another phase of this question to which we would like to direct the attention of our readers. Away back in 1878 the cry, "Canada for Canadians," was raised by the Conservative party, and the leaders and rank and file have almost shouted themselves hoarse from that day to this. Now, if the worst results possible were to obtain from the President's retaliatory message, a system of non-intercourse commercially would prevail between Canada and the United States. In that case Canada would be for Canadians, and the statesmen and their followers who raised the shibboleth would have reason to rejoice that at last a system of exclusion prevailed that would certainly give them complete control of their own markets, so far as non-intercourse with the States was concerned. If a prohibitory tariff is right which keeps out a large portion of necessary articles, that local manufacturers may be secured from foreign competition, surely non-intercourse commercially between Canada and the United States ought not to vex the spirits of the restrictionists.

If the present discussion of the question of retaliation does nothing more than open the eyes of the restrictionists on both sides of the line to the fact that the interests of the two countries run on similar lines, and that the closer the commercial relations between them the better will it be for both, we will not have cause to regret the action of President Cleveland in making his retaliatory message a subject for debate at the present juncture.

## HE HAS THE RIGHT END.

During his recent successful northern tour Mr. Thurman, the Democratic candidate for Vice President of the United States, confirmed himself almost exclusively to a discussion of the tariff, and satisfactorily showed that the keeping up of the war-tax was inimical to the interests of the tillers of the land. This is how he deals with one phase of the question, and it applies to Canada as well as to the States:

"I have heard in a long political experience a great many attempts to humbug the people, but of all the attempts that ever I have seen or heard the pretension that a protective tariff is for the benefit of the laboring man is the greatest humbug. What is a tariff? It is a tax; a tax levied by the general government upon the commodities that the laboring men as well as other men use. It is a tax that takes a hold of everything from the crown of your head to the soles of your feet; that taxes your hats, your coats, your vests, your breeches, your boots, your shoes; that taxes every implement which you use in your mechanical and agricultural operations. And now to tell me that to take a laboring man and tax him from the top of his head to the soles of his feet, to tax him on everything that he uses in his trade, and to tax him heavily, is a benefit to him, seems to me to be nothing else than absurdity."

The Queensland ministry have resigned.

The aged scientist Chevreul, who has just passed his 102nd birthday, is failing, and it is not expected that he will live through the winter.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

President Cleveland's Bold Move Commented Upon.

The Rejection of the Chinese Treaty—The Pension Bill—Democratic Chairman Bureau and the Capital—The Senate's Substitute for the Mills' Tariff Bill.

From our own Correspondent.

Washington, Sept. 31, 1888.

The rejection by the Chinese Government of the new Chinese treaty, which was recently ratified by the Senate, has created even a ripple upon the surface of affairs here. No official notice of the rejection has yet been received by the State Department, but the news is considered authentic. Senators and representatives from the Pacific coast, who are more directly interested in the question of Chinese immigration than those from other sections of the country, express no regret on account of the rejection, as the most of them believe that legislation furnishes the best remedy for the evil. It is extremely probable that as soon as the official notice is placed before Congress both parties will begin a headlong race to see which can get up the most stringent measure to keep out the Chinese. The opinion seems to be general here that the rejection of the treaty was brought about through British influence. Mr. Cleveland's good luck has not attended him in his treaties. One week he has a treaty with England rejected by the Senate, and the next the treaty with China, which had been accepted by the Senate, is rejected by the Chinese.

Mr. Cleveland and his fishing party slept in tents during their three days' stay in the Virginia mountains. The wrangling which has been going on in the House over the new Congressional Library building is deprecated by all good citizens. This is a great and wealthy country and it can well afford to erect a magnificent building for this, the largest collection of books upon this continent.

"Sunset" Cox says that New York will surely go Democratic this time. Of course, Mr. Cox does not speak entirely without prejudice.

The cotton-bagging trust has been looked into by the House committee on manufactures, but the conclusion the committee has reached has not yet been announced.

When the bill to pension Mrs. Gen. Sheridan was introduced in the House it was not thought that a single member would object to its passage, but when it was called up Friday evening by Representative Bingham, Mr. Chadler, of Indiana, objected to its consideration, and later, when it was attempted to make an arrangement to have the bill voted on Saturday, Mr. Killgore, of Texas, objected, and stated that his reason for objecting was his opposition to the passage of the bill at the time.

One cent letter postage may be a long way off, but it's coming. A bill has been introduced in the House making letter postage one cent an ounce.

Chairman Karnum of the Democratic National Committee was here for two days last week. He called on the heads of nearly all the departments, and the cause of his visit created no end of rumors. He said he merely called to pay his respects to the gentlemen he visited. This was true, probably, as far as it went.

Senator Cullum made a speech in the Senate charging that the employees of the Chicago postoffice were regularly assessed for political purposes. Senator Vest retorted by sending to the Clerk's desk and having read several letters from Mr. Cullum to Mr. Dudley, while that gentleman was Commissioner of Pensions, asking leave of absence, with pay, for a pension examiner, in order that he might go on stump in Illinois.

The Senate's substitute for the Mills bill is to be reported on the 10th inst., the Republican caucus having settled all the points of difference. Sugar is to be cut 50 per cent, and lumber and wool are to be let alone, except that 1c. a lb. is to be added to the duty on fine wool. These were the only two items upon which there was a difference of opinion. Some say that the Republicans will not attempt to pass this bill at the present session, but every Republican Senator states positively that the bill has to be passed if they have to remain in continuous session in order to do it.

The bill giving aid to those who served ninety days of longer, and who were discharged on account of disease contracted in the line of duty, the same bounty to which they would have been entitled if discharged for wounds, has been favorably reported to the Senate.

A manufactory has been established in the town of Buffalo, N. Y., for the manufacture of dynamite. A diver has been engaged to search for them.

A lady named Morgan, of New York, was out in a boat near Gananoque when the boat capsized, and she lost two diamond rings, valued at several thousand dollars. A diver has been engaged to search for them.

## REV. B. J. WATERS.

Before Leaving for the West He Receives a Presentation and Address.

On Friday evening last a deputation from the congregation of St. Peter's church waited upon Rev. Father Waters previous to his departure for his new parish, Corunna, Lambton county, and presented him with a well filled purse, and the following address. The address was read by Mr. P. O'Dea and the presentation was made by Mr. J. S. Macdougall:

DEAR FR. WATERS.—Our visit is a sad one. We come to say goodbye, and although you have been with us nearly 9 years, a year we believe longer than any of your predecessors except the lamented Fr. Snyder, still we would wish to have you 9 more, or during your life; but the nearest friends must part and we must submit to the authority of Holy Church. However, we are pleased to know that you will be near us, and we hope you will come occasionally to see us. We will always look on you as our good kind priest, and will never forget your generous fatherly care of our poor. We present this purse to you, dear Father, and ask you to accept it not for its paltry value, but as an evidence of the good will of all your people. We know we can rely on the continuance of your prayers for us in your new parish, and we will ever pray for you, and our little children, whom you loved so well, will join us in asking the Almighty to bless and spare you, and grant you the length of days. On behalf of the parishioners of St. Peter's church, Godrich.

J. S. MACDOUGALL.  
P. O'DEA.  
R. MACCORMAC.  
D. CURRY.

The rev. gentleman, who was much affected by the token of good will and affection on the part of his parishioners, replied as follows: Dear friends—your visit is indeed a sad one to me, for although going to a mission where the adherents of our church are far more numerous than here, and where, in a financial point of view, it might be considered better, still having been with you so long, and liking the people and the town, and liking many very dear friends among my separated brethren, whom I always respected for their charity and nobility of character, I feel that although I have been with you now nearly nine years, I would really like to remain with you for the rest of my life. When I took charge of the parish of Godrich I was told by my predecessor that you were a good kind people. I have found his statement in this regard to be correct. You were obedient and exemplary, and always ready to endeavor to help my every effort in the advancement of the church. You were kind and sympathetic, and I shall remember you and yours, and pray God to shower his choicest blessings on you and your children. Do teach your little children to pray for me, for if the prayer of the just man pierces the clouds, surely the prayer of the innocent child will reach the throne of God, and be heard by Almighty God, who loves them so tenderly. I have no adequate words to thank you for your many kindnesses to me in the past, and the present kind address and the liberal token of esteem with which you have accompanied me, make me feel that the one who is always almost sealed when the heart is full. I thank you all from the bottom of my heart.

## WIDE AWAKE.

In the September *Wide Awake*, Rev. H. G. Ladd, President of the University of New Mexico, describes the Ramona Industrial School at Santa Fe, and the Ramona Memorial Hall, a beautiful school for Indian girls which is being built as a monument to "H. H." The *Wide Awake* children are invited to build the Refectory in the school, giving 25 cents a week for a year. This dining-hall is to cost a thousand dollars, and is to be known as the WISE AWAKE REFECTORY. The names of the "Refectory Thousand"—the givers are to be hung in the hall, and are also to be printed in *Wide Awake*. D. Lothrop Co., Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM BRYCE, TORONTO.  
We have received from the publisher a copy of an interesting novel, entitled "A Mere Child," by L. B. Walford, author of "Mr. Smith," "The Baby's Grandmother," "Nan," etc., etc. The book is of Wm. Bryce's Canadian copyright edition, and is on sale at the bookstores, price 25c.

## DUNGANNON.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in Erskine church here on next Sabbath, the 9th inst., service commencing at half past 10 o'clock. Mr. Moore, a teacher in the high school, Godrich, and a student of divinity, is expected to assist on that occasion. There will be a preparatory service held in the church on Friday the 7th, commencing at 4 o'clock p.m.

Any person desirous of having his life insured can do so by applying to Mr. W. Lane, at Dungannon, agent for the North American Life Assurance Co., which is said to be doing a good, safe and reliable business with those who avail themselves of the benefits to be derived from said company.

A meeting of the directors of the Ashfield and Wawanosh Agricultural Society has held in this village on Saturday afternoon, the 1st, when it was decided to hold the annual exhibition at Dungannon, on Friday the 28th day of September. There will be upwards of two hundred dollars distributed in prize money. We hope the weather will be favorable, and that it will be successful, if not more so than on former occasions.

The municipal council of West Wawanosh will meet in the town hall on Saturday, the 15th day of September.

We regret that Mrs. Davidson, relict of the late Robt. Davidson, has been in a very poor state of health since the decease of her husband. We hope that through the blessing of Providence, she may soon recover and be able to resume her household duties.

Mrs. Hagoza of this village is visiting her son and other relatives at Wingham, Tecumseh, and other points.

The West Wawanosh Mutual Fire Insurance Company held its monthly meeting in the courtroom here on Tuesday, the 4th inst. Chas. Girvin, Esq., presided over the meeting. The company is still further prospering by an increase of policies being issued. There was quite a number of persons present on that occasion.

Mrs. Young who resides with her son, Matthew Young, con 2, W. Wawanosh, held last week at Toronto.

# J. A. REID & BRO.

—ARE OPENING OUT A—

LARGE AND CHOICE STOCK

—OF—

New Fall Goods!

Look out for new Advertisement next week.

Balance of Summer Goods away below cost.

J. A. REID & BRO.

Goderich, Sept. 7, 1888.

## THE EDITOR'S TABLE.

A Word or two About New Publications That Have Come to Hand.

THE CANADA METHODIST MAGAZINE.  
There are no less than five illustrated articles in the September number of our only Canadian literary monthly. The engraving, which are a specialty of this magazine, are of very superior merit, especially those on "Round About England," describing chiefly the antiquities of York and other places in the far north North Riding, and the very fine engraving of the accompanying "Landmarks of History." A touching "In Memoriam" of the late Senator Ferrier, by the Rev. Hugh Johnston, with portrait; also a brief sketch of the "Forward Movement" of Methodism in England, with portrait of the Rev. Hugh Price Hughes street preaching, will be read of much interest; also the graphic sketch of life and adventure in the land of the Pharaohs. The writer carried his camera to the top of the pyramids, and to their rocky heart, but in one place he had too much light and in the other too little notwithstanding the incandescent magnesium wire supplied by the Arabs. Great attention will be attracted by a sermon preached by the "Old Man Eloquent"—the revered and beloved Dr. Douglas, who is at once the Nestor and Apollo of Canadian Methodism—it is a gem of loftiest eloquence and tenderest feelings. There is also a captivating and most readable story by that popular writer, Rev. J. Jackson Wray, on "Squire Harness of Crowthorpe Hall"—a Yorkshire story. Our serial story will excite as usual interest as it draws to a close, and the selections of "The Higher Life" make this a valuable number. The Rev. E. Barras, M.A., gives very important information of the English, Irish, and our own Eastern Confessions. Price 2c a year; \$1 for six months; 20c a number. Toronto, Wm Briggs.

PERSONAL.—B. K. Allen has returned from his second trip across the deep waters of the Atlantic, after an absence of seven weeks, purchasing three entire horses and having a successful visit to the Old Country.

Mrs. Allen, spent last week in Brucefield, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Chas. Mason.

Our architect and staff are hard at work building the new school house which is to be ready at New Year. Since he started to build two new scholars made their appearance in the new section which promises, we think, to have no shortage of attendance, and the trustees may have to advertise for two teachers instead of one when they start the new school.

Several of our residents took in the excursion to Port Huron and Toronto.

George R. Watson, who has been a resident here for some months, suffering from liver complaint, went to Toronto for medical treatment for it a few weeks ago. Hemorrhage set in, and he died on Tuesday morning last in his 36th year. Deceased was a resident of Godrich for many years, and brother of Mr. Dixie Watson, formerly of Godrich, now of Regina, N. W. T., and nephew of Mr. R. Williams of this place.

## Leoburn.

The leap year dance that was held at Mr. Mathew Foley's farm, Marlewood, on Friday last week, was socially and pleasantly enjoyed by all present, and the bachelors with their fair friends busy to thank the board of management, Misses Foley, M. Bugie and Annie Burrows for their kindness and attention to all their guests, which made the party the gem of the season. A. Thurlow, J. Taggart and F. Hawkins being the violinists.

During the last three weeks in August no less than five girls were born in our section. We think that the neighborhood can beat the Warton record, noticed by THE SIGNAL a few weeks ago. If in after years wives in that part of the world should be scarce, we think Leoburn could supply the want.

PEA CUTTING CHAMPIONS.—Mr. Sharkey and Alex. Birney, who are on the staff of the Park Farm, Butternut Row, could be counted on to win the prize in three days. This is the best record of pea-cutting we have heard of in the harvesting season of this year, and is far ahead of the big pea-cutting made in 1883 by two local champions who gave a challenge to two Kintal champions for a test of muscular power with the scythe, but the Kintal men couldn't come our way. Michael and Alexander did this work in the time noted, and can do it again in 1889.

No. 5 S.S. BROOMING FAMOUS.—Regarding the item last week in your Town Topics, about the young author and editor Miss Linfield, it is only just to say that she also graduated from No. 5 school section, Colborne, under the tuition of R. E. Brown. That school has already produced a promising young medical, a rising chemist, its present faithful teacher P. Stuart, and the well-known T. C. Wright, now a trusted employee of A. & S. Nordheimer, Toronto.

## Saltford.

Miss M. McIntyre, who has been visiting in Kincardine for the last few weeks, returned home last week.

Mr. Robt. Ellis returned from his trip to the Old Country, last week.

Mr. R. Shultz, formerly of South Carolina, left here for Toronto, last week.

Lord Hartington will visit Belfast on October 19, and address a public meeting.

Emperor William has expressed a desire to visit President Carnot on his way to visit Queen Victoria.

The Manitoba Legislature was prorogued Tuesday by Lieut.-Governor Schultz with appropriate ceremonies.

At a representative meeting of citizens of St. John, N. B., Wednesday morning, it was decided to hold an exhibition next year.

New England genius, wearing a gay cocked hat and trundling a wheelbarrow on which stands an antique plow decked with flags, is journeying from Oregon, Mass., to Carbon, Me. He says that the plow is the oldest in Massachusetts—over 200 years old. He takes up collections in those who gather to see him and the plow and thus lives.

## BELIEF OF

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