

which the Court may award as hereinbefore last mentioned. 4, 5 V. c. 25, s. 20.

**15.** Any person 1. Who is found by night armed with any dangerous or offensive weapon or instrument with intent to break or enter into any dwelling house or other building whatsoever, and to commit any felony therein, and 2. Any person who is found by night, having in his possession, without lawful excuse, any picklock, key, crow, jack, bit, or other implement of house-breaking, or any match or other combustible or explosive substance, and 3. Any person who is found by night, having his face blackened or otherwise disguised with intent to commit felony, and 4. Any person who is found by night in any dwelling house or other building whatsoever with intent to commit any felony therein, shall respectively be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be imprisoned in the Penitentiary for two years or in any other prison or place of confinement with or without hard labor for any time less than two years. 18 V. c. 92, s. 28.

Persons found at night armed with intent to commit burglary or other felony.

A misdemeanor.  
Punishment.

**16.** The time at which the night commences and concludes in any offence against the provisions in the last section mentioned, shall be the same as in cases of burglary. 18 V. c. 92, s. 42.

The night defined.

#### 4. PLACES OF PUBLIC WORSHIP.

**17.** Any person who breaks and enters any Church or Chapel, and steals therein any chattel, or having stolen any chattel, money, or valuable security in any Church or Chapel breaks out of the same, shall be imprisoned in the Penitentiary for any term not less than two years, or be imprisoned in any other prison or place of confinement for any term less than two years, 4, 5 V. c. 25, s. 13,—6 V. c. 5.

Breaking into and stealing in churches, &c.

Punishment.

**18.** Any person who wilfully disturbs, interrupts, or disquiets any assemblage of persons met for religious worship, by profane discourse, by rude, or indecent behaviour, or by making a noise, either within a place of worship or so near it as to disturb the order or solemnity of the meeting, shall, upon conviction thereof before a Justice of the Peace, on the oath of one or more credible witnesses, forfeit and pay such sum of money, not exceeding twenty dollars, as the said Justice may think fit, and costs, within the period specified for the payment thereof, by the convicting Justice at the time of the conviction—and in default of payment, such Justice shall issue his warrant to a constable to levy such fine and costs within a time to be specified in the warrant, and if no sufficient distress can be found, such Justice shall commit the offender to the Common Gaol of the District, County or Division wherein the offence was committed, for any term not exceeding one month, unless the fine and costs be sooner paid. 4, 5 V. c. 27, ss. 31, 32.

Disturbing persons assembled for religious worship may be summarily convicted ;

And fined.

And if fine not paid may be committed.