

U. S. CABINET AND JAPANESE COLONIZATION

A Third Attempt Will be Made Shortly to Settle Differences Between California and Japan.

JAPS OBJECT TO MORE STRINGENT LEGISLATION

Claim Proposed Laws Are Discriminating and Confiscatory and Would Not be Acceptable.

Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Co. Washington, July 7.—The Wilson administration, it has become known, will make no effort for the third time in its career to prevent tension in American-Japanese relations over the question of Asiatic colonization on the Pacific coast.

Theoretically, the first step by the government was the receipt of the letter from Governor Stephens of California, which was made public on June 22, yet officials actually have begun to prepare the case to be presented to the people of California from an international standpoint.

The seeming mystery in the failure of the letter of the California governor to reach the State Department has been explained by the intimation that Governor Stephens held it in order to take up the matter personally with Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State, during the latter's presence in San Francisco for the Democratic National Convention.

The meeting between Mr. Colby and Governor Stephens, although it may serve to clarify the situation, by enabling the Secretary of State to get the viewpoint of the citizens of the Pacific coast while imparting the obstacles which stand in the way as Washington sees it, cannot result in any decision as to this government's attitude.

Decision in the matter rests ultimately in the hands of the President and his cabinet, and officials so far have hesitated to even discuss the possibilities of the situation because it has never been broached at a cabinet meeting.

The California viewpoint as it will be presented to Secretary Colby, and members of the House immigration committee, who are to give hearings on the subject along the coast, will be that the Japanese have consistently found ways and means of evading the present immigration laws, and that the increase of Japanese population in California is becoming a menace to the life of the state.

The apparent desire for legislation in California, in fact, goes beyond the question of the land law but before the voters and calls for additional restrictive action by the government to prevent the entry of any Japanese in the future.

The position of Japan, as learned in diplomatic circles here, is that the Japanese, while willing to recognize the exclusion act, cannot without protest sanction additional legislation regarded in Japan as discriminatory and confiscatory. The letter of Governor Stephens has created a storm in Japan that finds reflection in all of the press. Comment varies in tone, but is unanimous in condemning the contemplated action of the citizens of California. The Yozasu, one of the most violent, is quoted in cable advice as saying that "the anti-Japanese fever in America is rising more and more and the pressure of tyranny and persecution is daily increasing."

The Tokio Nichi Nichi says: "Despite the efforts of non-mindful Americans like Mr. Vanderbilt and his company, who recently visited this country, to promote Anglo-American friendship, the anti-Japanese agitation in California is gathering more force than ever. The Californians would do anything if only to shut out the Japanese, and the fever is spreading to Washington and the Pacific coast states, although the malady is nowhere so virulent as in the state just named. California would ignore treaties and agreements and rob Japanese of everything. The state is putting a blot on the good name of America and forcing a serious development between America and Japan. If California is to pass the bill now being promoted by anti-Japanese leaders to rob Japanese of everything, life would become impossible in California for Japanese. Cannot California be persuaded to respect treaties and how to dictate of reason and justice?"

The Chou, in an editorial, says: "The anti-Japanese agitation is a calendar affair in California. Only it may be more violent this year than at other times, owing to the fact that it may be dragged into the presidential and congressional election campaign."

ANNUAL REPORT

WHALEN P. AND P.

Montreal, July 7.—Annual report of the Whalen Poly and Paper Mills Limited, for fiscal year to February 29th, 1920, shows gross earnings \$4,619,734.67 against \$4,066,206.99, and net profits are shown at \$521,764.17 against \$387,729.61, the latter amount being a deficit.

Current assets are \$1,655,019 against \$1,163,749 for 1919; current liabilities were \$1,012,890 down from \$2,184,424 the previous year; total assets were \$14,220,831 as compared with \$16,918,006 the previous year. The net earnings were \$878,459.26 against \$137,814.77 the previous year.

EAMON DE VALERA TO BECOME PROF. OF MATHEMATICS

New York, July 7.—Appointment of Eamon De Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," to the chair of higher mathematics at Maymouth College, Ireland, by Most Rev. Denis Mannix, as President of the institute before going to Australia as Archbishop of Melbourne, was announced here today. Archbishop Mannix will be the guest of honor at a public reception at Madison Square Garden on Sunday evening, July 18, at which Archbishop Hayes of New York, will preside.

RECORD IN ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP TRAVEL

Four Stowaways Found in Coal Bunkers of C. P. O. S. Liner Tunisian.

EIGHT BRIDESMAIDS WORE CRINOLINES

Montreal, July 7.—What is regarded as a record in the history of Atlantic steamship travel has just been achieved by four stowaways on board the C. P. O. S. liner Tunisian, which docked here today. They were not discovered until after the ship had left Quebec, fifteen days out from London and La Havre. They were two Frenchmen and two Poles who admitted boarding the ship at La Havre. Their hiding place was in the coal bunkers, and the men presented a fearsome appearance when they finally came out. Stowage passengers kept the men supplied with food during the passage.

Before being handed over to the immigration officers the men were given a bath. They will be returned to Europe by the first available boat.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Prince Calmet Man in Party When His Railway Coach Topped Over.

London, July 7.—Official accounts reaching here from Melbourne, Australia, telling of the escape of the Prince of Wales in his recent railway accident, say that the heir to the throne had an extremely narrow escape from serious injury or death. Only the bed clothes broke the Prince's fall when his coach was overturned. An adjoining car caught fire, and the Prince crawled through the window—the calmest person in the entourage.

"Anyhow," he remarked, "I have done, at last, one thing that wasn't on the official programme."

LARGE PASSENGER LIST FOR OLYMPIC

Famous Liner on First Eastern Trip Since the War to Carry 2,245 from New York.

New York, July 7.—(Canadian Press)—The largest number of cabin passengers leaving the port for Europe on one steamer this year, 2,246 in all, will sail for Cherbourg and Southampton on the big White Star Liner Olympic tomorrow. There are 730 passengers in the first class and 516 in the second class, with 1,000 additional in the third class, at a total of 2,246.

This is the Olympic's first east-bound trip since she was refitted for passenger service. During her stay in port the big British ship has been visited by a large number of local marine men who declare that in the matter of comfort and luxurious furnishings she represents the last word in ocean travel.

WORKING TO FORM A COALITION

Against Norris Gov't in Manitoba—Conservatives, Farmers and Independents in Deal

Windsor, July 7.—Although R. G. Willis, Conservative leader, invited all members elect, who had contested the elections as opponents of the Norris Government to a private conference last night, only eight Conservatives attended. In addition nine party workers were present. At the close of the meeting Mr. Willis declined to make any statement as to the proceedings, but it is understood that the prospects for a coalition with the Farmers and Independents was one of the matters discussed.

EVERYBODY DOING IT IN UNITED STATES

Duluth, Minn., July 7.—(Cable)—Police John Murphy and Frank Bradley, Deputy United States Marshal, were arrested today by representatives from the United States Marshal's office in St. Paul on warrants charging complicity in bringing liquor from Canada to Duluth.

NEW GLASGOW HAD SERIOUS FIRE YESTERDAY

Plant of Maritime Bridge Company, Leading Industry of Place, Wiped Out by Flames.

TWO HUNDRED OUT OF WORK

Extent of Financial Setback Not Known at Present—May Not be Rebuilt.

New Glasgow, N. S., July 7.—At eight o'clock tonight New Glasgow had one of the most serious industrial fires of years when, in a few minutes, flames swept the main workshop of the Maritime Bridge Company into a mass of ruins. The fire started in the northern end of the large building where the riveting shop is located in a wooden annex. A strong wind was blowing from the south and the flames, with incredible rapidity, worked back against the wind through the long shop. The roof of the whole structure was of wood but the walls, for the greater part, were concrete. So quick did the flames spread that almost before the alarm had ceased sounding the main building was doomed.

When the fire fighters reached the scene, which they did with commendable speed there was no possible hope of saving in any way the larger building, and all efforts were then bent towards saving the power house, carpenter shop and offices. As a consequence the damage to these was not great, but the main building, down the plant is but a skeleton of what it was prior to the fire. Just what damage was done to the machinery in the plant cannot be ascertained and the place cool out, and at midnight it was still a mass of seething flames.

Origin a Mystery

There is no idea as to how the fire originated, as the men had all gone home, and the plant was in charge of the night watchman. However, one man or a hundred would have been powerless to save the property. A large picnic was in progress a couple of hundred yards away, and while the men there gave every assistance with the fire equipment of the plant the flames beat them to it.

The fire was a very spectacular one and thousands of people flocked to the scene. Industrially the fire is indeed a serious one, as the Maritime Bridge Works was one of the most important employment agencies in the district. It has been a busy shop and had a large volume of work on hand. At present there were only about one hundred men on the job, and the work on the arrival of the Dominion Bridge Company, and the annual directors' meeting was to be held tomorrow, the members of the directors being being now on the way here from Montreal. Instead of the compact and efficient plant that they inspected a year ago, the result of tonight's conflagration has left them with a mass of smoking ruins. It is impossible at this time to give any estimate of the loss or the probability of rebuilding.

STUCK TO HIM IN ADVERSITY

Sought Others for His Affection in Prosperity—Pathetic Note Found on Woman Suicide.

New York, July 7.—The body of a well dressed woman was found today in Central Park Lake. A card on her person said: "I am the wife of Daniel M. Bedell, and you will find him at the Republican Club, 741 Fifth Avenue or 21 Chambers Street. I stuck to him in adversity, but when prosperity came, he sought others."

Mr. Bedell, former alderman, insurance broker, and organizer of the American Junior Naval and Marine Sports, could not be reached today at his office, Fifth Avenue home, nor Republican Club, where it was said he had left an out-of-town address.

U. S. INDICTS BIG PROFITTEERS

Federal Court Says Swift & Co., Armour Co. and Others Must Answer for Wrongdoing.

Boston, July 7.—Indictments charging profiteering in food were reported here today by a federal grand jury against E. C. Swift and Company, Armour and Company, N. E. Hottel and Company, and the Independent Sausage Company, of this city. The indictments are the first to be returned in New England by a federal grand jury for alleged food profiteering.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK RECORDED AT WASH.

Washington, July 7.—A pronounced earthquake was recorded today at the Georgetown University seismological observatory. The disturbance began at 1:50 o'clock and continued until 2:04 o'clock, reaching its height at 2:05 o'clock. The centre of the disturbance was calculated at 1,200 miles from Washington, probably in the Central or South America.

SIR ROBERT'S MANTLE FALLS UPON MEIGHEN

Minister of the Interior Requested by Governor General to Form a New Administration.

ROWELL, BURRELL RESIGN FROM GOVT

Former to Return to His Private Practice and Latter to Become Librarian of Parliament.

Ottawa, Ont., July 7.—(By Canadian Press)—The resignation of Sir Robert Borden as prime minister will take effect on Saturday. He will be succeeded by Hon. Arthur Meighen, minister of the interior, who has undertaken the formation of a new administration. Official announcement to this effect was issued from Government House at eleven o'clock tonight.



HON. ARTHUR MEIGHEN Who Will Succeed Sir Robert Borden.

The announcement reads: "The formal resignation of Sir Robert Borden will be tendered to His Excellency the Governor General on Saturday next, the 10th instant, and will be accepted by His Excellency with great regret. His Excellency has entrusted to the Hon. Arthur Meighen, minister of the interior, the formation of a new administration and Mr. Meighen has undertaken that duty."

Two Retirements

There are to be two retirements from the cabinet. Hon. N. W. Rowell, president of the Privy Council, is returning to private practice. Hon. Martin Burrell, minister of customs, is to become librarian of parliament. The two retirements, it is said, are not due to the change in leadership. Mr. Burrell has for some time expressed a desire to return to private life. Mr. Rowell's resignation is based on the point that a new party being created, and an administration formed to represent that party, he is entitled to ask "an honorable discharge."

NEW PARTY ACTIVE IN SYDNEY, N. S.

Enthusiastic Convention Places Strong Ticket in Field for Provincial Election.

Sydney, N. S., July 7.—At a largely attended convention of the Liberal-Conservative party, held in Alexandra Hall, today, the following candidates were nominated to contest this constituency in the forthcoming provincial election:

Mayor Alexander McCormick, Sydney Mines; Major Charles B. Smith, late of the C. B. F., and now a member of the firm of Langille & Smith, Sydney; Mayor Evan McK. Forbes, Glens Bay; Neil H. McArthur, Glens Bay.

This ticket is admittedly one of the strongest ever placed in nomination for legislative honors in this country. The convention was splendidly successful from every point of view.

WATCHING MOVES IN MEXICO

Washington, July 7.—Revolutionary movements in various parts of Mexico were reported in advices received at the State Department from United States officials in that country. The movements, apparently, are unrelated and of minor importance, but are being carefully studied by department officers.

INCREASE PAPER PRODUCTION

Three Rivers, July 7.—The new mill which the Alternation Paper Company of America is constructing here will be put into operation about November 1st with an estimated output of 80 tons of sulphite pulp daily. It is not expected that newsprint will be produced here until the fall of 1921. Rivers, will run as an independent.

GERMAN PLAN NOT AGREEABLE TO THE ALLIES

Their Plan, However, Opens the Way to Discussion and Diplomats Are Hopeful of Agreement.

LLOYD GEORGE GETS SCRAPPY

Curt Retort Given Him by Head of the German Delegation Yesterday.

Spa, Belgium, July 7.—(By The Associated Press)—The German plan for progressive demobilization to 100,000 men in fifteen months was presented to the representatives of the Allied governments here this afternoon and was declared unsatisfactory to the Allies. The Associated Press is informed by a prominent member of the conference, it will be examined seriously, however, and acted upon after the experts report tomorrow.

The impression in Allied circles tonight is far more favorable than yesterday, the presentation of the German plan opening the way for discussion and removing the danger of a rupture.

Dr. Simons, the German foreign minister, gave it as his opinion that the crisis had not yet passed. The only moment when there was any bitterness shown at this afternoon's session was when Premier Lloyd George said rather emphatically: "You only have to make a law to reduce your army and execute it."

Curt Reply.

To this Simons replied: "I wish to remind the honorable gentlemen that there are parts of the British Empire in which there are laws concerning the keeping of arms by subjects, which the British Empire is unable to enforce."

The Allied demand is for immediate destruction of the cannon which the Allied commissioners in Germany have under guarantee, together with 50,000 machine guns. Germany desired to destroy the guns at the rate of one a month. The Allies hold that this is not sufficiently rapid and express fear that the machine guns will fall into the hands of insurrectionists. The military experts of both Germany and the Allies began an examination of the German plan immediately after adjournment of the conference at seven o'clock this evening.

Official Communique.

The official communique issued after the session of the conference today says that General Von Zech, German chief of staff, submitted a detailed note on Germany's position regarding war material and asked for a delay of fifteen months to comply with the treaty requirements.

Premier Lloyd George, on behalf of the Allies, declared this impossible since it was known that thousands of guns, machine guns and rifles were in the hands of the German population and a million men were under arms under various pretexts.

The communique says that the experts would meet tonight to verify General Von Zech's figures and that the Allies would announce their final decision tomorrow.

The German minister of defence, Herr Gessler, during a recess of the conference, said to the thousands of the press men: "If we are compelled to disarm them it must be done, but we will not be responsible for internal order in Germany."

CANT AFFORD TO LOSE GOOD MEN

Board of Education Hesitate to Accept Resignation of A. S. McFarlane.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, July 7.—At the meeting of the Board of Education this afternoon in the board room of the Education office, the resignation of A. S. McFarlane, as instructor of physical drill in the Provincial Normal school was received and, after being considered, was held over, as the board were of the opinion that they should not lose the services of such an efficient instructor. The members of the board present were: Hon. W. E. Foster, Premier; Hon. Robert Murray, Hon. P. J. Veniot, Hon. Dr. Smith, Hon. J. F. Tweeddale, Hon. J. P. Byrne, Hon. C. W. Robinson, Dr. C. Jones, and Dr. W. S. Caster, the Chief Superintendent.

WILL OPPOSE INCREASED RATES

Toronto, July 7.—From a statement by Mayor Church it is evident that the Bell Telephone Company of Canada will meet with strong opposition in its efforts to increase the rates in that city.

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PREPARING TO ORGANIZE THIRD PARTY AT CHICAGO

Chicago, July 7.—Several members of the executive board of the committee of 48, arrived today to perfect plans for the convention Saturday which will prepare for the organization of a third political party, according to leaders in the movement. A. W. Ricker, manager of the Chicago headquarters, said today that credentials had been sent in for more than 700 delegates, according to latest information from New York.

ST. JOHN WOMEN AMONG SPEAKERS

At Second Day's Session of the St. John Presbyterian in Conference at Sussex.

Special to The Standard. Sussex, July 7.—The second session of the Presbyterian opened this morning at 9:30 a.m. with Miss Robinson, of Sussex, leading the devotional exercises. The Secretary's reports were read, followed by an able address by Miss Sinclair, Mrs. B. Walker read an interesting paper. The next speaker was Miss Murphy, who spoke on the work in connection with the children. Miss Jamieson gave her report on the Deaconess Committee after which Miss Gillen moved that the St. John Presbyterian place itself on record as being emphatically in favor of prohibition.

The afternoon session was presided over by Mrs. Gough, of Scotch Mills. An interesting paper prepared by Miss Parkins, of Moncton, was read by Miss McNaught. Mrs. Sears, of Norton, gave an address dealing with her work with the Indians of South America.

Rev. A. V. Morais presided at the evening session. After an address by the chairman, Mrs. Jamieson, of St. John, spoke on home mission work. Mrs. Graham, of Hampton, told of her work as pastor's assistant in Montreal. Mrs. McFarlane, of St. John spoke of visiting different stations in Trinidad and of the work done by the Missionaries. Mr. H. Y. Choo, of Korea, who did missionary work in Millbank, was the next speaker. He gave much interesting information of that nation which is four thousand years old. The closing session will open tomorrow morning.

YORK COUNCIL HEARS DELEGATION

Unable, at Present Time, to Undertake Creation of a War Memorial.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, July 7.—At the afternoon session of the York County Council the hearing of a delegation from the Victoria Hospital Board was the first matter of business. The speakers on the delegation were P. J. Hughes, president of the Board; Dr. W. C. Keirstead, C. A. Simpson, Dr. W. H. Irvine, and others. Following a report of the Municipal Commission on the petition of the War Memorial Committee for co-operation in the erection of a war memorial for the fallen heroes in the great war was discussed at length, and the Council finally decided to inform the Memorial Committee and the City Council that, at the present time, such a scheme could not be undertaken, as the Council felt they were overburdened with demands.

CANADA CEMENT TO CLOSE PLANT

Suspension of Work Which Will Throw 700 Out of Employment, Forced by Coal Shortage.

Ottawa, July 7.—Owing to the scarcity of coal, the plant of the Canada Cement Company at Hull may close this evening and may not reopen until belated shipments of fuel arrive. The cement plant has been operated at one half capacity since Spring and it was stated this morning that the coal now on hand was only sufficient to keep the plant going until this evening.

Several hundred employees will be out of work as a result of cessation of operations.

DIGBY LIBERALS NAME CANDIDATES

Three Cornered Fight Expected to Take Place in That County.

Special to The Standard. Digby, N. S., July 7.—Digby Liberals today decided to put in the field their old and tried standard-bearer, H. W. B. Warner and J. Willie Canada. Both men have a splendid record in Provincial politics, and this record will no doubt work to their advantage on the 27th.

It is very likely a three-cornered contest will result in this county, as the Conservatives will likely bring out candidates tomorrow, and the United Farmers will hold a convention on Monday. There are also rumors that W. J. Foley, of Salmon River, will run as an independent.

JAPAN TAKES POSSESSION OF SIBERIAN PORT

In Reprisal for Massacre of Japanese Subjects by Bolsheviks Have Seized Nikolaievsk.

CHINA DECIDES TO TRADE WITH RUSSIA

Will Appoint Consul General at Moscow and Send Delegation to Siberia.

By ROGER A. BURR. Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Co. Peking, July 7.—Japanese forces have seized the Siberian port of Nikolaievsk in reprisal for the massacre there of Japanese troops and civilians by Bolsheviks. The Chinese Government, in accordance with its general policy of promoting relations with Russia, has decided to establish a consular general at Moscow and a commercial delegation at Verkhneudinsk, Siberia.

By GLENN BABB.

Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Co. Tokyo, July 7.—Japan's new Siberian policy was announced in the Diet yesterday, when Premier Hara and Foreign Minister Uchida made statements. In view of the massacre of 700 Japanese at Nikolaievsk in the period from March to June, Japan has decided to occupy Nikolaievsk and such points in the province of Saghalien as may seem necessary pending restoration of a legitimate government from which an indemnity can be collected. Transbaikalia, having been completely evacuated by the Czechs, Japan announces her intention to withdraw all troops from those provinces. No mention is made of Semenov, the reactionary leader, now supported in this region by the Japanese. Japan will continue to occupy the Vladivostok and Habarovsk districts owing to the menace to Korea of unrest in this region, also owing to the large number of Japanese residents there and because Habarovsk is of strategic importance, being on the line of communications with Saghalien. In view of these conditions, Japan is compelled to maintain troops there until opened to maintain troops. M. Uchida's speech placed the blame for failure to reach a settlement on Tsingtao, on China's refusal to open negotiations, repeating that Japan was ready at any time to negotiate. He reviewed at length the Japanese consortium situation, emphasizing that Great Britain, France and America had acknowledged Japan's special position vis-a-vis China for securing her own national defense and safeguarding her economic interests. Uchida's statement appears to confirm the belief that Japan and America differ in their interpretations of the consortium agreement reached by Mr. Lamont here in April.

SHERIFF RELEASES S. S. NEW YORK

Was Held at Kingston Pending Settlement of Claims for Repairs.

Kingston, Ont., July 7.—The steamship City of New York was released today by Sheriff Dawson, acting Deputy Marshal of the Marine Court, the owners having settled an account of approximately \$400, due the Colonial Shipbuilding Company for repairs. The vessel was held on a week ago at the order of T. A. Stone, by the order of the court for the wages of the crew, as well as for the first mentioned account.

GOOD NEWS FOR NEWLY WEDS

Yes, Sir, we mean just that, for we intend to present "The Standard" for a period of three months absolutely free of charge to any newly-married couple residing in the Province of New Brunswick. All you have to do is to call at The Standard office or write us a letter letting us know your double started out on life's battles in double harness, and The Standard will be delivered to your home immediately. We are doing this merely because we hope that all along life's journey you may have the best of everything, and we want to start the good work by giving you the best newspaper printed in this part of the country. It is our wedding present to you. The June brides are to be considered as newly weds.