

GOVT PLANS TO FIX PRICE AND QUALITY OF SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS

Believe It Inadvisable at This Time to Open a Wholesale Dispensary Under Government Management—Hope, by Order in Council, to Satisfy Public and Physicians on Quality and Price.

Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, Oct. 2.—Premier Foster tonight gave out the following statement:

"The government of this province has had under consideration for some time the best method to be adopted whereby those requiring spirituous liquors, from time to time for medicinal purposes prescribed by physicians, could obtain such at more reasonable prices than have prevailed, and which would, at the same time, ensure a better quality for the purpose named than in some cases has been dispensed.

"It was thought that a wholesale dispensary, controlled and managed by the government, might be established whereby only those liquors of the best quality would be imported and sold to the retail vendors, and, at the same time, sold at fixed prices which would place the various kinds of liquors in the hands of the retail vendors at a less profit than now. Because, however, of the uncertain conditions at present prevailing, it was not only to the holding of a public sale, which must necessarily take place shortly, but, also, to the Dominion government's order-in-council, which is now in force under the war-time measures act, which order prevents the importation or shipment of liquor from one province to another, and which, unless supplied by Dominion legislation, must necessarily expire with the declaration of peace, it is felt that until those two important questions are determined, the government cannot wisely define their policy, or embark on such a radical change as the establishment of a government dispensary would entail.

"Until these questions are decided, the government has come to the conclusion that it will be much better to endeavor to control the quality and

THIN PEOPLE NEED BITRO-PHOSPHATE

Increases Weight, Strength and Nerve Force in Two Weeks' Time in Many Instances.

The average person is beginning to realize more and more that the lack of physical strength and nerve exhaustion (frequently evidenced by excessive thinness) are the direct cause not only of the failure to succeed in life's struggle for the necessities of existence, but also for the handicap in one's social aspirations. Compare the thin, sickly, angular frame with the well rounded form which is usually accompanied by the bloom of health and attractiveness.

Millions of people are conscious of this handicap as evident from the continual appearance in newspapers and magazines of many suggestive proposals of various remedies in food or medicine or exercise, either of which might or might not be appropriate for a given case.

Authorities, however, agree that healthy nerve tissue is absolutely essential to a strong, robust body and mind. Weak nerves, which indicated by a multitude of different symptoms, more immediately and generally result in lack of energy, sleeplessness, irritability, depression, etc., which conditions gradually consume the healthy flesh, leaving ugly hollows, a flat chest, bony neck and scrawny arms and legs.

Our bodies need more phosphorus than most of them are able to extract from the foods we eat nowadays, and many opinions affirm that there is nothing which may be taken into the human system that so effectively supplies this deficiency as the pure organic phosphate known as bitro-phosphate and sold by good druggists everywhere.

The essential phosphoric food elements in bitro-phosphate assimilated by the nerve cells should soon produce a pleasing change in nerve energy and hence increased vitality and strength. With the burdens of nervousness, sleeplessness, lack of energy, etc., lifted, normal weight with its attractive fullness and ruddy glow of health replaces the former picture of skin and bones. Miss Georgia Hamilton, who was once thin and frail, reporting her own experience, writes: "Bitro-phosphate has wrought a magic transformation with me. I gained five pounds and never before felt so well."

CATION: Although Bitro-phosphate is unexcelled for the relief of nervousness and attendant disorders, owing to its tendency to increase weight, one should watch the scales while taking it unless it is the desire to put on flesh.

the price through an arrangement with the wholesale and retail vendors, in an effort to obtain the ends desired, a conference has already taken place between Premier Foster and the wholesale vendors, at which it was proposed that the Lieutenant-Governor-in-council should set the price, or in other words, the advance over cost, that will accrue to them and, in turn, will make an arrangement with the retail vendors for the handling only of liquors supplied through this method, and the amount of what might be termed a reasonable and fair profit for the retail vendor over and above the wholesale price set by the government-in-council.

"It is anticipated that this control, together with a system of checking and recording importations and sales, will have considerable beneficial effect, of which the public and physicians regarding the prices charged and quality of liquor supplied will be at least temporarily overcome. A definite policy, based upon a plebiscite, can be determined upon. It is further proposed that publicity to the prices set by the government-in-council be made through the press, showing that the prices at which standard brands of liquor may be purchased from the retail vendors for legitimate use supplied only by medical prescription."

National Before Party Service Constituted The Keynote of Unionist Caucus

(Continued from page 1)

(By Canadian Press.)
Ottawa, Oct. 2.—An official statement, covering the proceedings at the Unionist caucus held today, was given out tonight. It is as follows:

"Mr. Hume Cross presided over a caucus of government supporters this morning, at which there was a very full attendance. The proceedings were characterized by great earnestness and unanimity. Sir Robert Borden addressed the caucus for about an hour and pointed out, in the first place, the platform, consisting of twelve articles, which was submitted to the people of Canada on October 15, 1917, and upon which the government received its mandate from the people. He emphasized the fact that in the policy then outlined there were included not only the government prosecution of the war, but many other subjects. Among them were civil service reform and the abolition of patronage, the extension of the franchise to women, adequate taxation of war profits, effective arrangements for demobilization, care and vocational training of returned soldiers, for assistance in enabling them to settle upon their land and for adequate pensioning. Besides this, the policy included the development of transportation facilities, co-operative management of the various systems, the encouragement and development of ship building, and the investigation of the possibilities of air service. It also embraced effective measures to prevent excessive profits and included the general development of the various resources of Canada, their conservation and utilization for the advantage of the people, adequate consideration of the needs of the industrial population, and the maintenance of good relations between employers and employees.

"The Premier strongly emphasized the fact that the record of the government in the fulfillment of its pledges to the people were unequalled in the political history of this country. He then proceeded to elaborate, at considerable length, the policy which should direct and control the administration of public affairs during the lifetime of the present Parliament. He invited the close and earnest consideration of the supporters of the government to the programme then outlined, and he suggested that at a later date a caucus should be held at which the opinions of the members of the party, after due consideration, should be expressed upon the programme which submitted for their consideration. The proposals of the Prime Minister were received with enthusiastic approval."

MONCTON WANTS PROVINCIAL HOME FOR GIRLS THERE

Committee Appointed to Intercede With Gov't at Its November Meeting.

Special to The Standard.
Moncton, Oct. 2.—At a meeting held in the mayor's office this evening, a committee appointed to decide upon whether the proposed home for girls should be civic, provincial or municipal, passed in favor of provincial. A motion also passed in favor of the establishment of a detention home with a probable capacity of about fifty women and girls, the same to be non-sectarian.

A committee composed of Mayor Price, Ald. H. H. Egan, Mrs. M. F. Keith and Mrs. W. A. Ferguson was named as a delegation to meet the provincial government at their November meeting in order to discuss the situation with the executive. The officials and executive of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association arrived here this evening from St. John, and were met by Mayor Price, members of the city council, president Bell of the Board of Trade, and other members of that body. They will be given an auto drive, Friday morning, and will hold a short session in the City Hall. A civic luncheon will be tendered the visitors at 1.30.

Speculation Was Track Necessity

Pari-Mutuals Systems Said to be Superior to All Others for the Good of Racing.

Toronto, Oct. 2.—Several spirited verbal tiffs between the various witnesses called by the racing interests and Mr. Raney, representing the Social Reform Association, enlivened the morning proceedings of the second day's session of the racing inquiry here today. Secretary W. P. Fraser of the Ontario Jockey Club refused to allow Mr. Raney to inspect the books of the club and accused the latter of a breach of confidence when allowed to do so on an earlier occasion. Mr. Henderson Bond, manager of Mrs. Livingston's Coburg Farm, stated that if the closure on racing was made permanent, breeding operations at this extensive establishment would be discontinued. Mr. Francis Nelson, well known sporting writer and racing judge, said during the course of his examination that racing alone could not succeed without systematic betting, and that it was a national industry which required a big supply of funds to enable it to continue. Crowds on race tracks were the most orderly in the world, and the existence of betting did not attract unruly elements.

The Pari-mutuals system he considered superior to any other form of speculation as it gave better racing and made higher purses possible. Betting at half mile tracks was necessarily inferior to that at a mile track. Its patronage was entirely local. The witness did not think that four tracks were too many for Toronto but that there were too many at Windsor for the benefit of racing. He would admit that the owners of the Port Hope track were professional racing men from the United States. On the contrary Mr. Madigan, the principal owner, was a British subject and the discontinuance of racing had affected the enjoyment of many people, and that the O. J. C. meetings were social events of the greatest importance.

As he says in a recent Ministry of Reconstruction pamphlet, "There is no other industry of the size to be considered in the same class as housework. A house has more odd jobs, more interruptions, and more incessant cares than any other occupation. None can be more worthy of the attention of the science of cooking."

He has investigated the cost of energy expended in the kitchen in producing afternoon tea for five people. He has found that in running about the maid covers 350 feet apart from stretching for the tea caddy, stooping for the tray, and reaching half bent, for the boiling kettle, says The Toronto Telegram. Now that servants are scarce a mistress who has to do the work herself has discovered that the energy spent produces too small a result at too great a cost of time for well. He asks: For instance, is it worth while to have afternoon tea for five at a cost of 350 feet of running about the kitchen, and in technical largon as well as thirty-five minutes of the maid's time? A little study in re-employment reduced the running about in the kitchen on the same operation to 50 feet.

Most housewives will scoff at the suggestion that making tea for two could occupy thirty-five minutes of a girl's time. But the costings expert, who has found that most women, and indeed most men, do not do a technical largon as well as thirty-five minutes of the maid's time? A little study in re-employment reduced the running about in the kitchen on the same operation to 50 feet.

The pamphlet suggests that in instead of keeping the tray in the cupboard, the silver in the dining room, the tea caddy on the shelf high up, and running about collecting paraphernalia generally, the really scientific housewife would have a table on wheels, an electric stove, and cakes, milk and tea in get-along spots; 350 feet can thus be reduced to 50 feet.

Even worse is the case of the garden path, too narrow to allow the coal man's cart to enter. The result is that the cart waits outside that the coal is carried on the man's back, 1,000 hours of labor are wasted every 100 years, and the cost of coal goes to 24 cents.

"The total cost of a house and garden is not the purchase price or cost of building. It includes the cost of wasted energy imposed by its defect of plan."

For example, a house at \$4,000 wasted the whole of one man's time. This represents \$200, the interest on \$2,000 of War Bonds. Thus the house really cost \$6,000. The fact is that the cart waits outside that the coal is carried on the man's back, 1,000 hours of labor are wasted every 100 years, and the cost of coal goes to 24 cents.

Spain Suffers Many Casualties From Heavy Floods

Cartagena Receives the Heaviest Damage, the Inhabitants Spending a Night in Terror.

Madrid, Oct. 2.—Many casualties have resulted, it is feared, from the floods caused by excessive rains throughout the country, particularly in the city of Cartagena, the inhabitants of which spent a night of terror last night, owing to the inundation of the lower parts of the city. The town was in complete darkness owing to the interruption of gas and electric light service. The inhabitants, who had taken refuge in the upper floors, crowded the windows and balconies, appealing for help. The mounted police did their utmost to rescue them, having their horses neck deep in water, but were obliged to abandon their efforts in consequence of the rising water.

First reports gave twenty-two casualties in Cartagena and it is feared that there are many more victims. Damage from the floods is widespread throughout the province of Murcia. In Valencia, a town of some 200,000 inhabitants is stopped. Telegrams and telephones are down. No newspapers are published in many places.

OBITUARY
Martin Ogeveall.
Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, N. B., Oct. 3.—Martin Ogeveall, of Waterville, Sunbury Co., dropped dead at his home today. His death is said to have been the result of his over-exercising himself while fighting the fire at Oromocto on Tuesday. He was 48 years old.

Y. W. P. A. Session Held Last Evening

Interesting Address Delivered by Mrs. Richard Hooper—Reports Received and Considerable Business Transacted.

A concise and interesting address on the obligations of the vote was given by the Y. W. P. A. by Mrs. Richard Hooper at the Y. W. P. A. meeting last evening. A justice of the peace was present to register all who wished to be on the voters list.

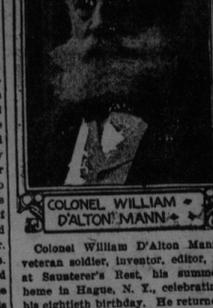
Miss A. L. Brock presided and the secretary read their fee and signified their desire to continue to belong to the association. The Treasurer Miss H. Short reported \$1,215. Satisfactory reports were received from the Usher, Thrift Stamp and East St. John Hospital committees. In reference to the secretary, Miss Marion Terry, the latter, a link was received from the Provincial Red Cross Hospital committee, Mrs. Frank Patheweather, complimenting the Y. W. P. A. on the excellent work done at this institution.

Final arrangements were made for the rummage sale. Three new members of the executive were elected—Miss Beatrice Frink, Miss Norma Thompson and Miss Irvine—and these will take the place of those members who have resigned, viz. Miss Helen Church, Miss Bernice Climo and Miss Hazel Delmestrad.

The meeting ratified the action of the executive in consenting to cater for the dance to be given by the 3rd Garrison Artillery, and committees were formed for the refreshments and decorating, with Miss Charlotte Dodge as general convener. Others on the committees are Miss Marion Terry, Miss Eileen Kemp, Miss Farwell, Miss Upham, Miss Rotta McNeil.

Miss Winifred Upham was appointed general convener in charge of the contest at the Seaman's Institute. On motion it was decided to vote \$10 each to the Children's wards at East St. John and at the General Public Hospital, the funds for the latter to go to the Women's Hospital Aid. A social evening will be held shortly and Miss Brock spoke of a suggestion box which will be placed for the purpose of receiving suggestions or criticisms for the betterment of the association.

REACHES FOURSORE MARK



Colonel William Dalton Mann, veteran soldier, inventor, editor, is at Sauter's Rest, his summer home in Hague, N. Y., celebrating his eightieth birthday. He returned recently from Detroit, where he had been attending the annual reunion of the Custer Cavalry Brigade, of which he is the only surviving colonel. Notwithstanding his four score years, Colonel Mann is quite as active and vigorous as most men of forty. He attributes this largely to having spent his summers on beautiful Lake George for the last thirty years, fishing, tramping over his farm and horseback riding.

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Only Two More Days To Register Women
So Far the Response of the Women Has Been Small—Booths Are Available in All Sections of the City.

The registration of women has been going along slowly during the last few days. The women of St. John have shown a disposition to ignore to a great extent the matter of qualifying as voters. Booths have been opened in different parts of the city, but the women have not responded to the call as it was thought they should. In order to vote in provincial elections the women must have their names in by October 5. Every opportunity is being given the women to have the right to vote and it is expected that the large number will register during today and tomorrow.

Catarrh Of The Stomach Is Dangerous

"Thousands Have It and Don't Know It," Says Physician. Frequently Mistaken for Indigestion—How To Recognize and Treat.

"Thousands of people suffer more or less constantly from farmed, coated tongues, bad breath, sour burning stomach, frequent vomiting, rumbling in stomach, bitter eructations, gas, wind and stomach acidity, and call this indigestion when in reality their trouble is due to gastric catarrh of the stomach," writes a New York physician.

Catarrh of the stomach is dangerous because the mucous membrane lining of the stomach is thickened and a coating of phlegm covers the surface so that the digestive fluids cannot mix with the food and digest them. This condition soon breeds deadly disease in half a dozen months.

Overcoats, Suits and Fall Raincoats have just come in—a "look in" might be profitable to us both.

DEATHS.
HAMILTON—At her residence, 6 Chipman Hill, one 2nd inst., Margaret S. Hamilton, daughter of the late J. A. Harvey and Annie Hamilton, leaving one sister to mourn.
Funeral on Saturday, 4th inst., from Trinity church. Service at 2.30 o'clock, standard time.
WHITE—At his residence, 263 Prince William street, on Thursday, October 2nd, 1919, Frank Skinner White.
Notice of funeral later.

A Ray of Light.
New York Herald: Representative Cooper, of Ohio, himself a member of a labor union, did his country and the union a real service in his speech making a strong appeal to American labor to wake up and realize that "they are being led by men who destroy sacred American institutions."

WHEN we say that these are genuine Scotch Tweeds—imported by Fit-Reform directly from Scotland—haven't we said all that can be said about the sturdiest and—to many men—the most likable Suits and Overcoats that can be made?

And these new Tweeds have gained added charm from being shaped into Suits and Overcoats by the master hands of the Fit-Reform tailors.

If you have a preference for Tweeds, either in Suits or Overcoats, let us show you the novelties we have imported in genuine Scotch Tweeds.



Fit-Reform HUNT'S CLOTHING STORE, 17-19 CHARLOTTE STREET.

Falling Leaf Time Is Fall Clothes Time

—and a mighty good time to consider GILMOUR "Ready" clothes.

These clothes—in view of the unusual conditions now existing—are better values than we can now obtain. They are made by the best manufacturers in Canada—from good cloths carefully selected by ourselves—in medium up-to-date styles.

Overcoats, Suits and Fall Raincoats have just come in—a "look in" might be profitable to us both.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

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WHO WILL LOOK AFTER THE IMMIGRANTS FOR IMMIGRATION

Meeting of the Women's Caucus Discusses the Question of Mrs. H. Lawrence Appointing Immigration Committee.

Are we to have a Hostel for House hold helpers coming as immigrants to this country, and if so who is going to run it? This was the question discussed at some length at a meeting of the Women's Canadian Club held last evening in the German street Institute. Mrs. William Dennis, of Halifax, was the speaker, and while her address most of the attention was directed to the subject of information and facts, the discussion which followed brought out some very interesting and surprising announcements from those present who spoke with authority. Mrs. R. T. Hayes and Mrs. David McLellan were on the platform.

Mrs. G. A. Kurling presided and spoke of the necessity of the annual meeting, asking for the appointment of a nominating committee. Ladies appointed on this were Mrs. Anglin, Mrs. Jenner, Mrs. T. H. Carter, Mrs. Bonnell, Miss Tingley, Miss Homer, Miss Annie Scamell.

Mrs. Kurling referred to the conference to be held at Winnipeg, of the Education of Women to Citizenship, and asked if any delegate from the club could attend. Before introducing Mrs. Dennis, the president told of the coming to Canada of large numbers of women and asked representatives of local societies to tell what had been done so far in the way of immigration work. Mrs. J. S. Flagg spoke for the King's Daughters who have been faithfully looking after women arriving from Great Britain and other lands for the past fifteen years. Mrs. Owens told of the St. Monica's Society, both at West Side and the work of their committee, and Mrs. Lawrence spoke of the work of the Salvation Army and the port chaplain who were others looking after arrivals at this city.

Mrs. Dennis, who is president of the Local Council of Women of Halifax, and is a member of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, began by saying that she was not a speaker, but that her well thought address proved that this statement was not wholly true. She referred to the splendid war work of St. John women in Red Cross, Field Comforts, and especially in the coming of dependents at the port with Halifax, she said, we had the privilege of being the last to say good-bye and the first to welcome the Canadian soldiers. The cry for help held worker is universal all over the world. In the East and West the need is the same. In England the women who have helped in the war are looking for employment. There is the demand, there the supply. Household workers are what Canada wants, and while the West does not want them before the next arrival the East would accept them immediately. It is not a special case, but could be worked out satisfactorily.

The chief difficulty in previous years was that the selection on the part of the Immigration Department was many unfortunates. The government, Mrs. Dennis went on to say, learnt many lessons from the war, and one is that women can do many more things than they are expected. The government is now aware of itself of the services of women solve this problem of immigration as the woman is now a specialist on the board. The government called together at Ottawa a conference of the heads of several National Societies, I. O. O. F., National Council of Women, Y. W. C. A., Federated Women's Institutes and other organizations to consider the formation of a National Council of Home Workers. This council met in Ottawa and recommended several measures to the department.

First, that a most careful selection be made on their side of all women, and that those desiring to come be instructed just what wages they would receive, and what position they would have in the country.

Second, that a careful inspection be made as to the mental, moral and physical standing of those desiring to come.

Thirdly, that the bonus system agents be done away with as immediately.

To Relieve Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness and Head Noises. Persons suffering from catarrhal deafness, or who are growing hard of hearing and have head noises will be glad to know that this distressing affliction can usually be successfully treated at home by an internal method. In many instances has effected complete relief after other treatments have failed. Sufferers who can scarcely hear have had their hearing restored to such an extent that the tick of a watch was plainly audible even or eight inches away from the ear. Therefore, if you know someone who is troubled with headaches or catarrhal deafness, put this formula and hand it to them. You may have been the means of bringing some poor sufferer perhaps from total deafness. The prescription is prepared at home and is made as follows: Second from your druggist 1 oz. Mint (Double Strength). Take one home and add to it 1/2 pint of hot water and a little granulated sugar; until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day. Parmit is used in this way not only to reduce by tonic action the inflammation taking place in the Eustachian Tubes, and thus to equalize the pressure on the drum, but to counteract any excess of secretions in the middle ear, and the result is given as nearly always quick and effective. Every person who has catarrhal any form, or of depressing humors, sing sounds in their ears, should use this recipe a trial.