

Evacuation by Russians of Radom in Poland to the South of Warsaw Is Reported From Berlin

NOT GUILTY VERDICT IN CASE MRS. JOHNSON

Jury Out Only Five Minutes—
Downing Sentenced to Ten Years in the Penitentiary.

Special to The Standard.

Hopewell Cape, June 1.—Sensational proceedings marked close of the trial of Mrs. Johnson yesterday when the jury after they had been out only five minutes returned with the verdict not guilty. Mr. Justice Crockett sentenced Jethro Downing to ten years in the penitentiary.

Court opened yesterday at nine-thirty o'clock, Daniel Mullin, K. C., appearing for the crown, Mr. Hanington for the defense. The first witness called was Geo. R. Rideout, chief of police, Moncton, who at the time of Downing's arrest was sworn in as a special constable to make the arrest and to search the Downing premises. The witness produced a bundle of letters, correspondence from the prisoner to Downing found in the Downing premises which were identified. Mr. Rideout also gave evidence concerning certain statements made by Mrs. Johnson in regard to her relations with Downing. Mr. Hanington objected to the letters being received as evidence, and also claimed that the verbal statement should not be revealed, as the statements were made under the protection of the court. Both were ruled out.

Some fourteen witnesses were examined and Mr. Hanington objected that none of their evidence in any way implicated Mrs. Johnson in the charges set out in the indictment against her. At the noon hour Mr. Hanington asked the judge to be allowed to retire as he had important cases in the county court at Dorchester that afternoon at two o'clock. He asked that Mr. A. W. Bray be allowed to further defend the prisoner. This was granted. At the afternoon session Dr. Murray of Albert was sworn and described the effect of Paris green on the body and the swallowing of ground glass. He was cross-examined by Mr. Bray and at this stage of the court Mr. Bray asked that the whole evidence be withdrawn or that the jury bring in the verdict not guilty on the evidence on record.

Mr. Mullin opposed this, stating that he had some evidence to go to the jury and that he had one new witness to call, a Mrs. Bowdler of Sussex. The judge decided to grant Mr. Bray's motion, on the ground that there was no evidence before him tending to implicate Mrs. Johnson in any plot against her husband.

The judge therefore addressed the jury as follows: "Gentlemen of the jury, I feel it my duty to inform you at this stage that I consider there is no evidence before the court which can sustain any of the counts in the indictment against the prisoner. I therefore instruct you to retire and bring in a verdict of not guilty. The jury retired and after five minutes returned to the court. Wm. F. Wilson, the foreman, stated that they found Mrs. Johnson, the prisoner, not guilty. His Honor admonished Mrs. Johnson telling her under the evidence given that he deemed her under the baneful influence of Jethro Downing and that under his influence had done the things which had brought her to her present position. The judge continued and said that her future life should be an honorable and upright one and he declared the prisoner free. On motion of Mr. Mullin the prisoner, Downing, was brought into the court. The judge said: "You have been found guilty of a jury of your countrymen. The evidence disclosed in your case a circumstance the most fearful disclosed in an court in the Province of New Brunswick. Your relations with the woman have been criminal in the extreme. You have managed to get hold of her life and honor and made her entirely your creature. One of the counts is so bad that it would send you to jail for life, but I will be lenient with you, considering you are a cripple. I think it my duty to sentence you to ten years in the penitentiary."

Mr. Mullin asked for a reserve case on Mrs. Johnson and gave his reasons in detail. This was refused by the judge and court adjourned.

EDMONTON TROOPS TO BE REVIEWED AT OTTAWA

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, June 1.—General Hughes announced that the 46th Edmonton Regiment will arrive here tomorrow on its way to Valcartier. The battalion will be inspected in Ottawa by the Minister of Militia and reviewed by the Governor General.

ENEMY USING POISONOUS GASES AGAINST RUSSIANS

No Important Change in Region of Shavli—Petrograd Report Says 238 Officers and 10,442 Men Captured by Russians in Three Days.

Berlin, June 1, via London, 8.30 p. m.—According to an unofficial report from Piotrkow, Russian Poland, the Russians have evacuated Radom, in Poland, to the south of Warsaw.

Petrograd, June 1, via London, June 2, (2.33 a. m.)—An official communication issued this evening, says: "In the region of Shavli there has been no important change. West of the village of Kurkovianny the fighting continues on the front of Travliany Gailiaki. We captured, Monday, after a bayonet fight, the latter village, which was strongly organized and which the Germans defended stubbornly."

"On the left bank of the Vistula, Monday night, the enemy developed a very active artillery fire on the whole front north of the Pilica river. Toward four o'clock in the morning, the enemy, spreading a cloud of smoke and making an extensive use of deleterious gas, attacked with considerable forces, our position on the Bura river near Brohow, Sochaszew and Koslow, and displayed special tenacity on the Lower Rawa river, in the sector marked by the villages of Mizerka, Volla and Szidowska."

"Despite the expenditure of an enormous quantity of asphyxiating gas, the odor of which was percept-

ible thirty versts (about twenty miles) behind our front, all the enemy attacks were repulsed."

"In Galicia, the enemy, after preparations made during the preceding days, opened, on Sunday, a violent fire and delivered a series of attacks against our front west and northwest of Przemyśl, defined by the line of Forts from No. 7 to No. 11. During Sunday night the enemy succeeded in approaching to within 200 paces of some of these sectors and attacked, and event broke into the precincts of Fort No. 7, around which surged an obstinate fight, which lasted until 2 o'clock on the afternoon of Monday when the enemy was repulsed, with enormous losses."

"The remnants of the enemy who had entered Fort No. 7, numbering 23 officers and 600 men, were taken prisoners."

"On the front above the Dniester the enemy, consisting mainly of Germans, threw their reserves into battle in the region close to Stry. The result of the fighting here is not yet known."

"On the River Sviza our troops continue their success. Of the prisoners taken here, those counted between May 28 and 30, while on their way to the rear, numbered 238 officers and 10,442 men."

CROP OUTLOOK IN THE WEST IS VERY BRIGHT

Growth Ten Days Ahead of Last Year—Moderate Rain-fall This Month Will Ensure Heavy Crop.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Ont., June 1.—Mr. W. D. Scott, superintendent of immigration, who has just returned from a trip through the west states that the growth is ten days ahead of last year and the grain is uniformly even.

The best and heaviest rainfall has occurred in last year's drought area, and only a moderate rainfall this month will ensure an early and heavy crop all over the west.

He states that the only immigration encouraged at the present time is agriculturalists with considerable capital. The immigration at present is confined to well-to-do Americans who, in considerable numbers, are buying up land in the west.

Mr. Scott remarked upon the large acreage of prairie land which is being broken for seeding next season.

SAYS RESPIRATORS DO NOT PREVENT GAS POISONING

Toronto, June 1.—That the respirators, or "muzzles" as the British "Tommies" call them, fail to save the men in the trenches from gas poisoning is the assertion of a non-commissioned officer in the British army, who writes to his uncle, Rev. A. Logan Gaggie of Toronto. He says:

"The wind being favorable, and the gallant Wurtembergers being in a domestic frame of mind, they 'turned the gas on.' All donned the 'efficiency antidote,' (a chemically treated pad of cotton wool four inches square.) Eyes began to water and smart uncomfortably, and the fog rolled on. In case my writing is not sufficiently descriptive, just ask your wife to throw a handful of chloride of lime in your face. That should give you a fair idea of the preliminary stages of the gas trouble. And the fog rolled on. Breathing became difficult. Bloodshot eyes shot rapid, pathetic questions. Why does Corporal Jones turn blue in the face? Why does Tom Brown suddenly snatch the pad from his lips, and, screaming through himself down in the trench? Alas, it is all too soon apparent that the 'muzzle' is not antidoting a pennyworth. And then the debacle."

SWEDISH STEAMER CARRYING SUPPLIES GERMAN WARSHIP?

Reported the Pan Seen Transferring Cargo of Rifles to German Torpedo Boat.

Copenhagen, via London, June 2, 3.19 a. m.—The Swedish steamer Pan, which sailed from here a few days ago with a cargo of rifles, bound for Bulgaria, is reported to have been seen near Falsterbo, transferring her cargo to a German torpedo boat.

The Danish government held up this shipment for several months owing to a doubt as to its bonafide destination, but permitted it to proceed Saturday on the alleged promise of the captain and the owners of the vessel that it would be taken direct to Dedagatch.

The government has ordered an immediate investigation into the matter.

ST. JOHN MAN TAKES BRIDE AT FREDERICTON

Leo J. Gallagher and Miss Frances Fraser Married in St. Dunstan's Church Yesterday.

Fredericton, June 1.—A pretty wedding took place at St. Dunstan's church this afternoon, when Miss Frances M. Fraser of this city, was united in marriage to Mr. Leo J. Gallagher of St. John. Rev. F. L. Carney, pastor, performed the ceremony in the presence of a large congregation.

The bride was given away by her brother, Gunner Percy Fraser, of the 28th Battery of Field Artillery, who wore his service khaki. She was supported by Miss Marjorie Gallagher of St. John, a sister of the groom, and the groomsmen were Mr. Thomas Mowry, also of St. John. The bride's dress was of white duchess satin, with dozens of real lace and a court train. She wore a tulle veil with real orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of roses and lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid's gown was of pink embroidered marquisette, and she wore a hat to match. After the ceremony the bride and groom held a reception at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Daniel Elliott, corner of St. John and Brunswick streets. The happy couple left this evening by C. F. R. for New York via Penobscot route. The bride is one of Fredericton's most popular young ladies and has a host of friends in this city. The groom is inspector of shells at St. John and after the honeymoon will reside there.

COMMANDER OF ITALIAN CAVALRY.



CONTE DI TORINO
Conte di Torino, cousin of the King, is in command of the justly famous Italian cavalry. He has shown great military ability, and it is expected he will distinguish himself in the war with Austria.

ROUMANIA UNDECIDED

Italy Awaits Entry—Reported Negotiations in Progress Between Roumania Government and Great Britain.

Rome, via Paris, June 1.—The Rome papers and people are absorbed in the question of the possible entrance of Bulgaria and Roumania in the war. There was a firm conviction among the people generally that Italy had only to declare war against Austria to bring in Roumania, but a week has passed and Roumania shows no disposition apparently to depart from her neutrality.

It is explained here in certain authoritative circles that Roumania is still negotiating with Great Britain, France and Russia for recognition of her claims. Late advices are to the effect that Russia especially is not inclined to give way to what she considers rather exaggerated demands, particularly in view of the fact that Italy is now at war, and this has already relieved the German and Austrian pressure, chiefly in Galicia.

Will at New River

Threatened by Fire

Fire in a sawdust pile at the New River Lumber Company's mill threatened to destroy the mill property last night. The employees of the mill fought the flames, but had great difficulty in saving the company's property. At an early hour this morning the fire was still burning.

Doctor Said Only Hope Was in an Operation

Was Skeptical When He Began the Use of Dr. Chase's Ointment—Relief Came Quickly.

Here is a plain, honest statement in regard to Dr. Chase's Ointment. Between the lines of this letter you can read the gratitude which its writer feels. One does not suffer from annoying, distressing piles for ten years without appreciating a cure when it is obtained.

Almost every mail brings the report of someone who has been cured of piles by the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Such statements are never used without the permission of the writer, and until we are satisfied that the cure is genuine and the writer a person of responsibility.

You may believe in operations for piles, and think there is no other cure. Write to Mr. Ingles, enclosing stamp, and he will gladly verify his statement. He will tell you that the pain, the expense, the risk of an operation are quite unnecessary. That relief and cure come with the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Mr. Ernest W. Ingles, Penitentiary, B. C., writes: "I suffered from piles for

ARRIVAL OF WARSHIPS SAVED THE SITUATION

London, June 2.—Advices from Mitylene, according to an Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, say that Allied troops recently were on the point of being surrounded by several companies of Turks, who succeeded in breaking the British lines between Mezentre and Kalitopou, when Allied warships hurried to the scene and by their timely arrival dispersed the Turks, killing the greater part of them.

Feeling in Spain

Running High Since

The War Broke Out

Madrid, via Paris, June 1.—Feeling between the anti-Germans and pro-Germans in Spain runs high. Two editors, Senor Blanco, whose tendencies are favorable to the allies, and Senor Borrás, who is pro-German, fought a duel today with sabres. Both men were wounded.

Hon. Mr. Flemming Much Improved Yesterday

Friends of Hon. J. K. Flemming will be pleased to learn that a report from Woodstock last night stated that his condition was much improved and an operation will not likely be necessary.

White Tagel Hats

With Black Hatters' Plush Crowns and black tagel on outer edge of brim.

White Tagel Hats

With black silk velvet on top of brim

Black Tagel Hats

With black silk velvet on top of brim

Black and White Tagel Hats

Black Tagel Hats

With white tagel edge.

Just From New York.

Marr Millinery Co. Limited.

OFFICIAL REPORTS

FRANCE

Paris, June 1 (10.28 p. m.)—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"Very spirited actions have extended in the sector to the north of Arras and we have realized new progress."

"Notwithstanding several violent counter-attacks the enemy has not been able to dislodge us from the trenches conquered by us in the wood adjoining the road from Aix Noullette to Souchez. We have also maintained our gains to the northeast of the Chapel of Lorette."

"The violent engagements of which the sugar refinery at Souchez had been the centre for two days, has ended to our advantage and we have occupied the refinery. During the course of the night the enemy re-captured it, but at daybreak we drove him out and we remain masters of the position in spite of all counter-attacks. We have inflicted heavy losses on our adversaries."

"In the Labyrinth to the southeast of Neuville we continue to carry on by one of the German works. We have made important progress in the northern part of that fortified system and have taken about 150 prisoners. All the ground gained has been conserved."

"In the outskirts of Le Prete forest, after a violent bombardment, the enemy has re-taken from us some portions of the trenches which we had gained the day before yesterday. We have strengthened all the rest of our gains."

AUSTRIA

Vienna, via Amsterdam and London, June 1.—The following official communication was issued today:

"East of the San our troops were attacked Monday night along the

REV. DR. BRUCE TAYLOR

GOING TO THE FRONT

Montreal, June 1.—Rev. Dr. Bruce Taylor, pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Montreal, was granted six months leave of absence by the Montreal Presbytery today in order that he may go to the front as chaplain of the 42nd Highlanders.

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"On the Lower San, below Slonawa, Russian attacks also failed. On the north front of Przemyśl Bavarian troops stormed three defences of the forts, capturing 1,400 prisoners and 28 heavy guns."

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Captured Pr

Wrought

and Bayon

ment of 3,

Fighting o

London, June 1.—A captured fortnight ago, says that the defence of their Gallipoli Peninsula was over forty thousand.

This information is an official statement. The statement follows: "Regarding the Gallipoli Peninsula, Turkish losses in the Gallipoli Peninsula have been heavy. The Twentieth almost annihilated, of all the officers captured. Almost equal the losses borne by the regiment."

"The losses in the Gallipoli Peninsula have been very heavy and being filled by naval forces from the military sea every military class the same unit."

"The attacks on Gallipoli in May were early in May were operations for the Twentieth. Gen. Von Sanders to ty magazines, with and by night, they umn. Repeatedly t by the searchlights close formation and at point black ca guns and rifle fire, could be collected of originally 3,000 men."

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