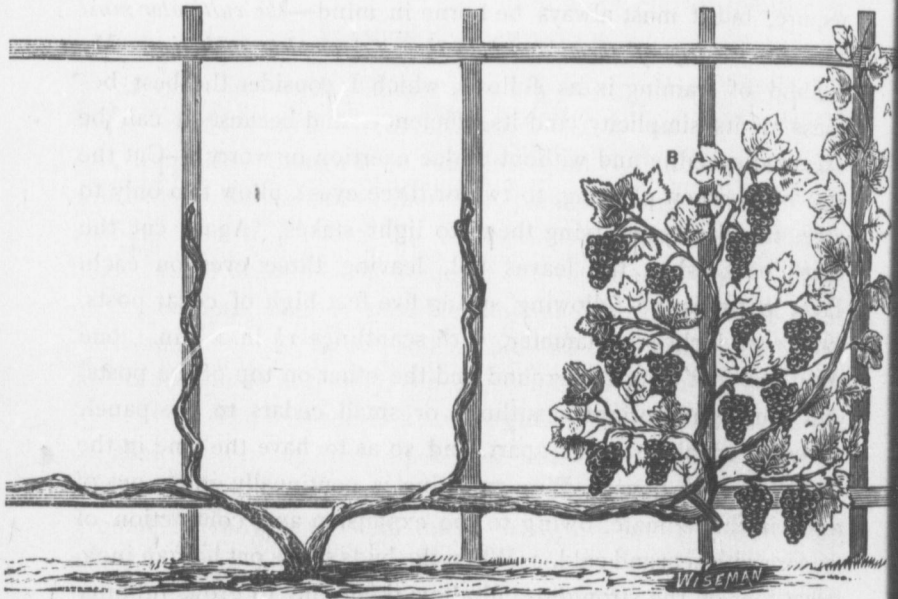


take the place of the damaged ones and thus sustain the vine. When the leaves fall, cut back the two upright canes to two eyes each and the horizontal canes at the outside upright poles in the panel. The third year, trim a cane to each of the upright poles; pinch back the fruit branches, leaving one leaf over the second bunch of fruit, treating the laterals and tendrils as before directed. In the fall, again cut back the upright canes to half the height of the trellis, and cut off all other branches, leaving the vine as per diagram.



a, Next year's bearing cane.
b, When bearing.

Regarding cutting, here note the necessity of making clean cuts about a quarter of an inch over a bud, so that the wound will heal easily. Butchering the vine will soon result in the decay of the wood. Remove all loose bark from the old wood: it harbors the flea, beetle, spiders and other insects.