Recommendation #23

It is recommended that where there is an HRO, that the SRSG and their political staff be fully briefed on the specific human rights mandate of the HRO. p.58

Recommendation #24

It is recommended that all UN CIVPOL be fully briefed on their human rights role, the functions of the HRO if there is one, and the options available to CIVPOL in carrying out their human rights role.

p.59

Recommendation #25

It is recommended that an HRO take advantage of the particular capacity and skills of UN CIVPOL, including at times the investigation of alleged violations, or the gathering of human rights intelligence.

p.59

Recommendation #26

It is recommended that HROs with an investigative mandate, include serving or retired CIVPOL investigatory experts as part of their investigation staff, and that these experts receive training to adapt their skills to UN human rights investigations.

p.59

Recommendation #27

It is recommended that the Force Commander and all military peace-keepers be fully briefed on their human rights role, the functions of the HRO if there is one, and the options available to UN military in carrying out their human rights role.

p.61

Recommendation #28

It is recommended that where relevant, that an HRO take advantage of particular capacities and skills of UN military peace-keepers including human rights monitoring, assessing command responsibility for violations, assessing combat activity such as shelling or sniper fire, and various degrees of military intervention to protect potential victims.

p.61

Recommendation #29

It is recommended that HROs be fully aware of the operation area activities of relevant human rights NGOs and the ICRC so as to better coordinate the activities of the HRO with those potential field partners.

p.63

Recommendation #30

It is recommended that UN human rights entities such as treaty bodies, special rapporteurs, independent experts, working groups, or other ad hoc UN human rights bodies, play an independent role in advising HROs on the human rights situation in relevant countries, and in monitoring HROs' actions to address those situations.

p.65