

depression across the base, the metanotum with a triangular carina at its basal middle, the legs honey-yellow, the posterior pair with a reddish tinge, the collar, the metapleura and the petiole of the abdomen clothed with a whitish pubescence; the antennæ are 14-jointed, much longer than the whole insect, the scape and pedicel being testaceous, the flagellum being black, with the joints long, nodose-pedicellate and with whorls of long hair; the wings are subhyaline, ciliated, the marginal fringe long.

Type.—No. 8127, U. S. N. M.

Manila. Two specimens received from Father Brown. This is the first species in this family to be recorded from the Philippines. The wings may be *clear* hyaline, as the specimens were in alcohol, and the slight dusky appearance of the specimens may be due to dust.

#### Family LVIII.—FIGITIDÆ.

Subfamily Eucoilinæ. Hexamerocera, Kieffer.

*Hexamerocera Philippinensis*, new species.—♀. Length, 0.9 mm. Polished black and shining, impunctate, the mandibles testaceous, the legs, including the coxæ, wholly brownish-yellow; the antennæ are 13-jointed, with the six last joints enlarged, oval, brownish, the scape and pedicel being reddish, the basal joints of the funicle being more yellowish; the first joint of the funicle is about thrice as long as thick, those beyond small, moniliform, but slightly increasing in size to the club, the scutellum at the sides and the metathorax are finely rugulose; the cup of the scutellum is oval, with a few punctures on its disk; the abdomen has a thick hairy girdle at its base. Wings hyaline, ciliated, the veins yellowish, the marginal cell closed.

Type.—No. 8128, U. S. N. M.

Manila. Described from a single specimen received from Father Brown. This is the first Eucoiline to be discovered in the Philippines.

#### Family LXVII.—ENCYRTIDÆ. Oencyrtus, Ashmead.

*Oencyrtus papilionis*, new species.—♀. Length, 0.7 mm. Head and thorax æneous black, the head in front with a bluish tinge, the abdomen testaceous, the antennæ and the legs, including all coxæ, pale yellowish. The wings are hyaline, the veins yellowish, the marginal vein punctiform, the stigmal vein short, ending in a minute, rounded knob. The flagellum is subclavate, thickened towards apex, the first three or four joints a little longer than thick.

♂.—Length, 0.6 mm. Differs in having the head and thorax dark blue, the eyes very large, whitish, the abdomen smaller and triangular in