

Deilinia glomeraria Grote.

In a letter, with regard to the species of *Deilinia* described in the March number of *Papilio*, Mr. G. R. Pilate says: "I have the male of *giomeraria* and it is not different from the female, the antennae are not pectinated. I find I have no males of *septemfluaria*. They are both common insects early in the spring, before the leaves are out, but are difficult to catch, as they are disturbed by the slightest noise and fly with the wind, which generally blows pretty hard at that time of the year. I have seen them go up out of sight." Dr. Packard, to whom I submitted these species, stated that he thought he had seen specimens of *giomeraria* from a different locality, but neither species is apparently included in his work on the family.

ON SOME NEW SPECIES OF CHALCIDIDÆ FROM FLORIDA.

BY WM. H. ASHMEAD, JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.

Group Eurytomides.

Eurytoma vagabunda, n. sp. - Q. Length 10 inch. Deep black. Head and thorax coarsely punctate; antennæ 8-jointed, black and pubescent; eyes black; thorax black, very coarsely punctate, collare transverse quadrate, parapsidal grooves indistinct, scutellum hardly separated from the praescutellum, convex, narrowing but rounded posteriorly; metathorax coarsely punctate; abdomen black, smooth, and highly pollined, peduncle short, a series of very fine punctures along the basal margin of 2nd, 3rd and 4th segments, only perceptible with a high power, tip pubescent; wings hyaline, iridescent; veins slightly yellowish, no stigmal spot; legs reddish yellow, tibiæ slightly paler, feet pale.

Captured on Spanish Bayonet (Yucca sp.)

DECATOMA FLAVA, n. sp.— & and Q. Length .12 to .15 inch. Head, thorax, abdomen, antennæ and legs a bright greenish yellow; head and thorax rather coarsely punctured; ocelli brown, eyes light brown with